ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Monday, November 17, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Deaths" and "In Memoriams" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Branch Offices, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ARMSTRONG.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at 3, Wilbraham-place, S.W.1, to AGATHA MARY (*née* Hough), wife of JAMES SEPTIMUS ARMSTRONG, East African Medical service—a boy.

BAKER.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 13, High-street, Highsted, Oxford, to Mr. and Mrs. J. N. L. BAKER—a daughter.

BARKER.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at a nursing home, Sheffield, to SHEILA (*née* Barnes), wife of CAPTAIN HENRY S. BARKER, R.A.—a daughter.

BEAUCHAMP.—On Nov. 13, 1930, to Mr. and Mrs. GUY BEAUCHAMP, The Grange, Chilcompton, near Bath—a son.

BROWN.—On Nov. 1, 1930, at Mackay, Queensland, the wife of GUY L. BROWN, of a daughter.

BUDGETT.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 27, Welbeck-street, to ENID (*née* Cook), wife of MAURICE HASWELL BUDGETT—a daughter.

FRINK.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Thurlow, Suffolk, to JEAN, wife of H. R. C. FRINK, 4th/7th Dragoon Guards—a daughter.

HAIR.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at Wakefield, to LUCY, wife of GILBERT HAIR—a son.

KERRISON.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at Wroxham, Norfolk, SUSIE, wife of CAPTAIN R. G. KERRISON, late Royal Artillery, of a son, who did not survive his birth.

LAWRENCE-EVANS.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Mill House, Mitcham Common, Surrey, to BARBARA, wife of L. G. LAVINGTON EVANS, I.C.S., Government of India F. and P. Department—a son.

LEEKE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Broken Hill, Northern Rhodesia, to the REV. C. H. and MRS. LEEKE (*née* Lamb)—a daughter.

MARSHALL.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Horetta, Austenway, Gerrard's Cross, to JESSIE GWENLLIAN MARSHALL (*née* Morrison), wife of L. S. Marshall—a son (DANIEL STUART).

RYDER.—On Nov. 13, 1930, to NANCY and D. C. D. RYDER, Bo Peep, Shepherds-avenue, Worksop—another daughter.

VANDERFELT.—On Saturday, Nov. 15, 1930, at Twohalfpence, Cookham Dean, Berks, to MARGOT (Dereham), wife of HUGH GODFREY VANDERFELT—a daughter.

VERNEY.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at Milford House, Lennox-gardens, to JOYCE, wife of CAPTAIN GERALD VERNEY, Grenadier Guards—a son.

WOOD.—On Nov. 9, 1930, at Mardan, India, N.W.F.P., to PATRICIA, the wife of CAPTAIN EDWIN KYRE WOOD, Guides Cavalry—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

MAHER : FITZGERALD.—On Nov. 12, 1930, at the Church of SS. Peter and Paul, Boherlahan, by the Very Reverend Canon John Dunphy, P.P., with Nuptial Benediction, the Reverend Thomas Fitzgerald, brother of the bride, PATRICIUS JOSEPH MAHER, youngest son of the late Nicholas Maher, J.P., of Ballymore House, Goolds-cross, Co. Tipperary, to CARRIE, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. FITZGERALD, of Synone, Cashel, Co. Tipperary and London.

OAKLEY : PURVES BOYES.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at St. John's Presbyterian Church, Kensington, by the Rev. W. A. L. Elmslie, D.D., Westminster College, Cambridge, FRANCIS WALTER OAKLEY, Barrister-at-Law, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Oakley, 23, Nevern-square, Earl's Court, to HELEN, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. W. PURVES BOYES, Kensington.

WILLIAMS : FERNIE.—On Nov. 12, 1930, at St. Mary's, Antingham, Norfolk, JOHN PENTON, only son of DR. and MRS. C. W. WILLIAMS, of Smallburgh, to CHRISTINE MARY, elder daughter of LT.-COL. and MRS. RALPH FERNIE, of Antingham.

DEATHS

BAKER.—On Nov. 14, 1930, after a short illness, WILLIAM VICTOR LAWRENCE BAKER, Hon. Canon of St. Albans, Vicar of Southill, Bedfordshire, aged 70. Funeral at Southill, 2.30 p.m., to-morrow (Tuesday).

BEAMISH LANE.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at Kledford Cottage, Short Heath, Farnham, Surrey, EDITH MAUD BEAMISH LANE, widow of HENRY.

BISHOP.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at 64, Kensington-mansions, S.W., HENRY, dearly loved husband of ADA Bishop, aged 72. Funeral at Brookwood Cemetery to-morrow's (Tuesday), train leaving the Necropolis Station, 121, Westminster Bridge-road, at 11.40 a.m. Service at Brookwood Cemetery 12.30 p.m. Flowers to 121, Westminster Bridge-road.

BOND.—On Nov. 15, 1930, DOUGLAS VALE (PIM), beloved husband of MILLIE BOND, of The Barn, Bisley Camp, Surrey, aged 66 years. Funeral at Brookwood Cemetery at 3 p.m., Wednesday, Nov. 19.

BOURNE BENSON.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 8, Brunswick-square, Hove, JAMES BOURNE BENSON, M.D., the beloved husband of Eva E. Bourne Benson, in his 83rd year. Funeral service at St. John's Church, Hove, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11 o'clock. Interment at Hove Cemetery.

BROWN.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 27, Belsize-avenue, Hampstead, MARY, widow of ARTHUR BROWN, of Bristol. Service, St. Stephen's, Hampstead, 11.30 to-day (Monday).

CHESTON.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at 40, Sussex-square, Brighton, AMELIA, widow of CHESTER CHESTON, aged 76 years. Funeral arrangements later.

COLBOURNE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Torquay, EMILY FLORENCE, beloved wife of ROBERT JAMES COLBOURNE, of "Winster," Torquay formerly of Loughton Spa).

COPE.—On Nov. 15, 1930, ANNE, wife of H. G. COPER, of Junipers, Milford, Surrey. Funeral at Milford Parish Church on Wednesday, Nov. 19, at 2.30 p.m.

CRUIKSHANK.—On Nov. 11, 1930, at Sunbury-on-Thames, the Rev. JOHN WILLIAM CRUIKSHANK, lately Vicar of Burstow, aged 67.

DOUGLAS.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at a nursing home at Brighton, MARY RACHEL DOUGLAS, widow of James William Douglas and daughter-in-law of the late Sir James Douglas, K.C.B., in her 76th year.

DUSGATE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, suddenly, at 21, Cadogan-gardens, ROSE ADA, widow of RICHARD DUSGATE DUSGATE, of Fring Hall, Norfolk. Funeral at All Saints' Church, Fring, near Docking, Norfolk, on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m. Flowers may be sent to Fring Hall.

EGERTON.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at Silverdale, Robertsbridge, GEORGINA RENIRA EGERTON, aged 77. Funeral at 2.45 to-morrow (Tuesday) at Mountfield Church.

FARRER.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at "Ivydene," Crescent-road, Crouch End, FREDERICK ROBERT, eldest son of the late JOHN FARRER, aged 56. Funeral service at Christ Church, Crouch End, at 11.30 to-morrow (Tuesday). Interment at Highgate Cemetery at 12.

FORESTIER.—On Nov. 14, 1930, very suddenly, at 7, Albyn-park, West Dulwich, AMEDEE FORESTIER, aged 78 years. Funeral at Elmers End Cemetery, Beckenham, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock.

FRAZER.—On Nov. 15, 1930, EWAN RICHARDS FRAZER, M.B., B.Ch.Oxon., of 37, Lennox-gardens, London, and late of Frampost, East Grinstead, beloved husband of Jessie Seymour Fraser and son of the late Hon. John Fraser, of Sydney, Australia. Burial at sea. No mourning, by his request. No flowers.

GATTIE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 76, Crystal Palace Park-road, Sydenham, CARLOTTA GATTIE. Cremation at West Norwood Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m. No flowers.

GEE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Bexhill-on-Sea, after a brief illness, ERNEST MACKWORTH GEE, M.P.S. (formerly of 93, Walsham's, Kings Norton). Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday) at Bexhill-on-Sea.

GINGELL.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at Moor Farm, Midhurst, LIEUT. FREDERICK GINGELL, late Essex Yeomanry. Service 2 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday), Congregational Church, Midhurst. Interment, Bexhurst Hill, Essex.

GODDE-SMITH.—On Nov. 6, 1930, RACHEL, widow of DR. MARTIN GODDE-SMITH and daughter of the late WM. JOHN BOVILL, Q.C.

GREENLAND.—On Nov. 16, 1930, ANNIE CULLERNE GREENLAND, dearly loved wife of Charles Francis Greenland, of Fernhurst, 35, West-hill, Sydenham, S.E.26.

GREGORY.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at 62a, Eaton-place, S.W.1, ELIZABETH MARY MARGARET (BETTY), dearly loved elder daughter of the late HUGH GREGORY, aged 68.

HADCOCK.—On Nov. 14, 1930, HERBERT FREDERICK HADCOCK, of Sanderstead, Surrey, and London Stock Exchange. Funeral at Old Sanderstead Church, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m.

HALSEY.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 11, Bisehlome-road, Lincoln, KATHARINE MATILDA, widow of CHARLES HARRISON, M.D., in her 86th year.

HODGSON.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at Wilton Lodge, Canterbury, MARY, second daughter of the late Robinson Hutter, of Ingoldby, Kent, and for over 50 years beloved wife of the Rev. R. G. HODGSON, in her 77th year. Funeral Wednesday, 2 p.m., first part in the Cathedral Nave, second part at St. Martin's.

HOWARD.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Hove, suddenly, in a nursing home at Manchester, fortified by rites of Holy Mother Church, MOLLIE ETHEL HOWARD, dearly loved wife of Alexander Howard, of Parrs House, Didsbury-road, Heaton Mersey, Manchester, aged 42 years. R.I.P. Requiem Mass at St. Mary's Church, Heaton Norris, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 10 a.m., followed by interment at the Southern Cemetery, Manchester.

HYAMS.—On Nov. 14, 1930, suddenly, AUBREY HYAMS, 25, Palace-gate, Kensington, aged 80. Funeral leaves above address at 10.30 a.m. to-morrow (Tuesday) for Willesden Jewish Cemetery. No flowers, by request.

JEFFERY.—On Nov. 16, 1930, CUTHBERT JOHN JEFFERY, of 1, Lindum-terrace, Manningham, Bradford, eldest son of the late John Rust Jeffery, in his 64th year.

JONES.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at 35, Redcliffe-crescent, Hendon, REBA, widow of RICHARD JONES, late of Adelaide and Oswestry. Funeral private. No flowers, by her request.

JOSEPH.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Bad Cross Hospital, Brighton, after 14 years' illness, FRED BERNARD JOSEPH, husband of Rosamond M. Joseph, and late Lieut. and I.O.M.A.O.D., aged 55.

LEATHER.—On November 14, 1930, at Minehead, SUSAN LORENZA, widow of JOHN HENRY LEATHER, of Lark Hill, Cockington and Minehead, in her 79th year. Interment at Minehead Cemetery to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m.

LEWIS.—On Nov. 11, 1930, suddenly, at Suva (Fiji Islands), HARRY H. LEWIS, late of London.

LEWIS.—On Nov. 13, 1930, suddenly, PERCY GETHING LEWIS, late of 20, Cathedral-road, Cardiff, dearly loved fiance of Violet Goodie, 29, Palace-gate, W.8.

DEATHS (continued)

LYON.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Bengeo School, Hertford, COL. RALPH EDWARD LYON, C.B., V.D., late Housemaster at Malvern College, aged 65. Funeral at Bengeo School Chapel to-day (Monday) at 2.45 p.m. The 1.20 p.m. train from King's Cross to Hertford North will be met if friends will kindly communicate.

MacDONALD.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at St. Annes, Harpenden, JAMES MACDONALD passed peacefully in his sleep, aged 75. Funeral to-day (Monday) at Harpenden Parish Church, 11.30 a.m.

MACPHERSON.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Fairfield, Pilton, Barnstaple, EMMA HENRIETTA MACPHERSON, widow of Iver Macpherson, late of Newcourt, Topsham, Devon, and Suntikoppa, Coorg, S. India. Funeral at Northam on Wednesday next, at 12 noon. (Indian papers, please copy.)

MARGETSON.—On Nov. 15, 1930, STEWART MARGETSON, of 12, Hyde Park-place, and Allen Solly and Co., Ltd., 14, Moor-lane, E.C., dearly loved husband of Fanny M. Margetson, aged 86. Funeral (private), 3 o'clock, to-morrow (Tuesday), at Hampstead Cemetery, Fortune Green-road, Finchley-road. No mourning.

MARTELLI.—On Nov. 12, 1930, after much suffering patiently borne, FRANCIS MARTELLI, of 27, Buckhurst-road, Bexhill, only son of the late Rev. Thos. Chessher Martelli, aged 73.

MEARS.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 71, Glaslyn-road, N.8, MARJORIE (MADGE), only child of the late DR. MEARS, of North Shields. Funeral the Crematorium, Golders Green, to-morrow (Tuesday), 11.30.

MERTON.—On Nov. 16, 1930, after a very short illness, at 15, St. Mary Abbot's-place, W.8, ANTONIE ROSALIE MERTON, widow of Zachary Merton, passed peacefully in her 69th year. Cremation at Golders Green on Wednesday at 11.30 a.m. No flowers or mourning, by request.

MONCKTON.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at his residence, 1, Charles-street, Berkeley-square, W., HENRY PERCIVAL MONCKTON, F.R.I.B.A., F.S.I., son of the late Walter Monckton, J.P., of Ightham Park, Kent, in his 74th year. Funeral arrangements later.

MUSKER.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at 82, Antrim-mansions, N.W.3, ARTHUR MUSKER, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., beloved husband of Gertrude Musker. Cremation at Golders Green to-day (Monday) at 11.30 a.m.

NEVILLE.—On Nov. 15, 1930, EDITH HILDA, wife of LESLIE ROBIN NEVILLE, of 14, Hampstead Hill-gardens, late of Coulsdon. Service at Golders Green Crematorium on Wednesday, Nov. 19, at 11 a.m. No mourning.

PEARCE.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 'Lupin Lodge, Barnfield, Urmston, COMMANDER WILLIAM PEARCE, Royal Navy (retd.), aged 72 years. Interment at Chester General Cemetery to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m.

PEEK.—On Nov. 16, 1930, at Fraser Heath, Boxhill-road, Headley, Surrey, MABEL, the beloved wife of SYDNEY BARTON PEEK, and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Stephens, of Guernsey.

POWELL.—On Nov. 15, 1930, LUCY CAROLINE, daughter of the late ARTHUR CROFTS POWELL. Funeral Dorking Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), noon.

PRIQUINS.—After a brief illness, RUTH CHURCH, beloved wife of ROBERT HUTH PRIQUIN, of Lindrick, Mon.

RANDALL.—On Nov. 13, 1930, peacefully, ANNIE THERESA RANDALL, widow of William George Randall, of the Admiralty, in her 91st year.

RITHERDON.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at Warwick Lodge, Sydenham, KATE ELIZABETH, widow of GENERAL AUGUSTUS RITHERDON, aged 84.

SMITH.—On Nov. 14, 1930, at 34, Spencer-road, Wandsworth, MARY SMITH, widow of Robert Smith. (Foreign papers, please copy.)

STEVENS.—On Nov. 13, 1930, RICHARD STEVENS, J.P., of "Maywood," Beckenham, aged 94. Funeral at Beckenham Parish Church to-day (Monday), at 3 p.m.

STONE.—On Nov. 15, 1930, LUCY MAY STONE, the youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Stone, of "Fersside," Weybridge, in her 45th year. Service at St. Mary's, Oatlands, Surrey, at 2.15 p.m. on Nov. 20. Interment, Walton Cemetery. Friends will kindly accept this, the only intimation.

STRONGE.—On Nov. 11, 1930, at Nice, WALTER CECIL STRONGE, second son of the late Charles Walter Stronge, C.B.

SYMONDS.—On Nov. 15, 1930, at Meadow Brow, Alderley Edge, Cheshire, WILLIAM NORTH SYMONDS, aged 58. Service at St. Philip's Church, Alderley Edge, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30, and afterwards at the cemetery.

VIVIAN.—On Nov. 13, 1930, at Foxboro' Hall, Woodbridge, MAJOR GUY NOËL VIVIAN, O.B.E., beloved husband of Norah Vivian. Funeral at Bawdsey Parish Church, at 2.30 p.m., to-day (Monday). Train leaves Liverpool Street Station 10.3 a.m. arriving Woodbridge 12.41 p.m., where cars will meet train. Return train, 4 p.m. Memorial service 12 noon the same day at Guards Chapel, Wellington Barracks.

WALKER.—On Friday, Nov. 14, 1930, JANE, beloved wife of PERCY WALKER, "Sunnyside," Torquay, late of Blackheath, London.

IN MEMORIAM

IN ACTIVE SERVICE

BUCKINGHAM.—In constant memory of MAJOR A. W. BUCKINGHAM, Gordon Highlanders, killed at Ypres, Nov. 17, 1914.

DRAKE.—In ever-loving remembrance of LIEUT. R. F. DRAKE (BOB), 10th Royal Hussars, killed near Ypres, Nov. 17, 1914.

DWYER.—In proud and ever-loving memory of CHARLES HENRY, "Beloved Captain," 10th Batt. Worcestershire Regt., Grandcourt, Nov. 17, 1916.

FORSTER-BENSON.—In loving memory of LIEUT. ROBERT RANDLE HORATIO, Royal Engineers, First Field Company, R.E., killed in action near Klein Zillebeke, Ypres, Nov. 16, 1914.

HOOD.—In ever-treasured memory of our dearly beloved eldest son, ROBERT VERNON ELWOOD, 2nd Lieut., R.F.C., who died from injuries received while flying at night on Nov. 17, 1917, aged 18½.

HENDERSON.—In loving memory of CAPT. C. F. PERCY HENDERSON, R.F.A., M.C., Chevalier Légion d'Honneur, killed in action on the Somme, Nov. 17, 1916; and also of his brother, LT.-COL. G. L. PIERCY HENDERSON, late R.A.F., M.C., A.F.C., killed in flying disaster, July 21, 1930. Deeply mourned.

LONGCROFT.—To the honoured memory of CAPTAIN HUNTLY WARWICK NICHOLSON, 1st Battalion, The Cheshire Regiment, killed in action, the first Battle of Ypres, Nov. 17, 1914, the dear eldest son of Fleet Surgeon and Mrs. Howard Nicholson.

"All the days that are ordained for me, shall they be."

SAUNDBY.—To the tender memory of WILLIAM SPENCER FITZROBERT SAUNDBY, The Green Howards and R.F.C., missing in Flanders, Nov. 17, 1916.

ANDREWS.—In ever-loving memory of our father, JAMES ANDREWS, M.D., who entered into rest Nov. 17, 1922.

BAKER.—In honoured memory of WILLIAM BAKER, M.A., LL.B., who devoted the last 15 years of his life to the care and education of destitute children as Honorary Director of Dr. Barnardo's Homes, 31,000 children were rescued during that period. He passed to his rest Nov. 17, 1920.

CARSBERG.—In loving memory of WILLIAM R. CARSBERG, who passed, after an operation for appendicitis, in Patagonia, Entre Rios, Argentina, Nov. 16, 1929.

DENT, LOUISA (LILY).—In ever-loving memory of "DARLING GRANNIE" on her birthday, Nov. 16.—RENÉE, RONNIE, and PAT.

DODD.—In memory of our darling Mother, MARY DODD, on her birthday.—LENA, EILENE.

FITZMAURICE.—In ever-loving memory of SIR MAURICE FITZMAURICE. Passed over Nov. 17, 1924.

GRIFFITHS.—To the dear memory of JOHN G. GRIFFITHS, C.V.O., who died Nov. 16, 1922.

GRIFFITHS.—In affectionate remembrance of JOHN GEORGE GRIFFITHS, C.V.O., Nov. 16, 1922.

HARDINGE.—To the dear memory of my beloved brother, WILLIAM MONEY HARDINGE, Nov. 17, 1916, with his sister's faithful love.

HARRISON.—In ever-loving memory of ERIC, husband and father, who passed on Nov. 16, 1919.—E. and T.

HATELY.—In constant and ever-loving memory of PAULINE (our BUNTON).—MUM and DAD.

LEIGH KING.—In ever-loving memory of my mother, EMILY LEIGH KING, who died on Nov. 16, 1928; and of my father, GEORGE LEIGH KING, who died on March 29, 1919. Rest in peace.

MELOLA.—On Nov. 16, 1915, PROFESSOR RAPHAEL MELDOLA, D.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S. In loving memory.

MILNE.—In grateful and loving memory of ALICE EMILY, youngest sister of the late Colonel Burne, of Loynton Hall, Staffs; at rest Nov. 17, 1927. Also of her husband, FRANK ALEXANDER MILNE, of Summerhill, Barnet; at rest Feb. 5, 1930.

"By the Grace of God they served their generation."

O'FARRELL.—On Nov. 16, 1924, at Avenel, Eastbourne, FREDERICK MATTHEW O'FARRELL. R.I.P.

"Remembered."

ROLPH.—In loving memory of CAPT. W. I. ROLPH, late A.S.C., died Nov. 16, 1920.

SMITH.—In ever-loving memory of FREDERICK SMITH, of Hitchbury, who died Nov. 16, 1921, deeply mourned by his widow and daughter.

FUNERAL

LEWIS.—The funeral of PERCY GETHING LEWIS will take place to-day (Monday) at St. Mellon's Church, leaving Paddington 8.55 a.m., arriving Cardiff 11.48 a.m.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL COURT of the MEMBERS of KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON, will be held in the Council Room of the College, on TUESDAY, December 2nd, 1930, at 5 p.m.

HOSPITAL NURSES

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PERSONAL

S.C.—Only if K. does.—J. T.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

H.R.H. The DUCHESS of YORK, President, will hold a STALL at the CHRISTMAS PRESENTS SALE at the ROYAL SCHOOL OF NEEDLEWORK on TUESDAY, December 2nd, 2.30 to 6.30. Admission 2.30-4 o'clock, 5s.; 4 o'clock-6.30, 2s. 6d.

ELY CATHEDRAL.—The POST of ORGANIST is NOT VACANT.—For information apply to The Chapter Clerk, Ely, Cambs.

YOUNG BACHELOR DOCTOR living in country 60 miles London OFFERS HOME to GENTLEMAN, aged 20-30, in return for light secretarial duties and companionship.—Box C.182, The Times, E.C.4.

BRITISH SOCIETY for the STUDY of SEX PSYCHOLOGY.—MEETING at Caxton Hall, Westminster (Room 1), on Thursday next, November 20th, at 8.30 p.m., when Dr. Lyttelton, D.D.E., will speak on "Traffic in Women and Children." For information and application for membership apply Secretary, B.S.S.P., 4, Bloomsbury-square, W.C.1.

MENTONE.—Dudley LITTLE HOUSE with Garage: newly built, charmingly furnished; suitable for two; gas and electricity; one bed room (double bed), bath, and w.c., one salon (settee bed), tiny dining room, kitchenette. Rent £3 a week for three months or longer. Plate and linen.—Apply Friend, Petitonne, Route du Castellar, Menton, France, A.-M.

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MINIATURE SOLDIERS.—OFFERS DESIRED for the PURCHASE of unique collection of about 60,000, with several thousand wagons, pontoons, &c., covering the military history of mankind, collected by the late C. A. Lamb, Esq., Barrister. The collection was exhibited in 1901 at the Crystal Palace, and seen by the late Lord Roberts and Lord Roberts. Might be purchased for exhibition purposes. For particulars and to view apply Capt. C. A. Lamb, Upholland, Wigan.

FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, SOUTH KENSINGTON, six months or year; two reception, three bed, and one dressing room; bath; telephone; 5½ guineas.—Tele. Frobisher 3240, or write Box J.1352, The Times, E.C.4.

"OUR DUMB FRIENDS' LEAGUE" GRAND CHRISTMAS FAIR, Royal Horticultural Hall, Vincent-square, Westminster, Wednesday and Thursday, November 19th and 20th. Admission 1s. All Animal Lovers should attend.—Secretary, O.D.F.L., 72, Victoria-street, S.W.

THE BLUE SKIES and GOLDEN SUNSHINE of SOUTH AFRICA will be among the objectives of travel this winter. Special Excursion Fares.—Descriptive programme, Blue Cape Gold Tours," post free on request to Director, South African Government Travel Bureau, 73, Strand, London, W.C.2.

GRAFTON-STREET, BOND-STREET.—FIRST and SECOND FLOORS of one of these magnificent houses to be LET at most reasonable rent. No premium. Lift; would suit professional man or high-class dressmaker or milliner.—Write Box V.435, Willing's, 86, Strand, W.C.2.

YOUR DISCARDED CLOTHES or anything else for the JUMBLE SALE, December 2, will be gratefully received by the DOCKLAND SETTLEMENTS, 3a, Shandy-street, Commercial-road, E. We collect if necessary. Telephone, Grosvenor 2044.

CAR ENTHUSIAST, not under 40 (single), REQUIRED as driver of high powered car; chauffeur kept; well educated gentleman essential; knowledge languages preferred.—Write Box 8859, The Times, E.C.4. Wigmore-street, W.1.

ENTERPRISING YOUNG MAN, foreign, 'varsity education, requires position, Christmas or December, any sort, anywhere.—Write Box J.1370, The Times, E.C.4.

NORFOLK BROADS.—Charming BUNGALOW for SALE, FREEHOLD; 225ft. lawn frontage R. Bure, Wroxham; five bed rooms, bath room, &c.; boathouses, garage.—Inquiries write Box J.1371, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be OPENED SHORTLY, attractive S.W.7 Kensington House, facing gardens, in Unfurnished WHOLE-FLOOR SUITES; from £145 per annum; service optional. Suites can be specially arranged to tenants' taste.—Write Box J.1286, The Times, E.C.4.

"I CAN IMAGINE no better place for a man with a little capital than a farm out here. Now is the time for him to start, as cheap land values are bound to rise again eventually."—From a young farmer settler in South Africa to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association. 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

£1 WEEKLY.—Well-to-do young riding-crazed lady willing to undertake the house duties for two ladies having riding school.—Selby, Wadhurst, Sussex.

MISS A. MACNAUGHT, Diplômée (Cordon Bleu), Edinburgh, receives Resident Pupils; Domestic Duties, Asplics; dinners cooked, carved, and served; cooking lessons given in own kitchen or otherwise; outside catering.—7, Charlwood-street, S.W.1.

Well-known ART PUBLISHERS have a VACANCY for a COUNTRY REPRESENTATIVE.—Write, stating previous experience, in confidence to Box J.1373, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, SIX SILVER SOUP PLATES, 18 SILVER MEAT DISHES, Gadroon pattern, date 1830 to 1840.—Send full particulars to Box 1708, L.P.E., 112, St. Martin's-lane, W.C.2.

WORLD SPORTS.—Mr. Fassbind, Proprietor of Terrace Palace Hotel, Engelberg, will be in London until November 20 and can be interviewed by appointment at the Cafe de Progrès, Piccadilly-circus, where communications may be addressed. Special terms for parties in January and February.

YOU WISH TO SPEAK IN PUBLIC? Then join the Speakers' Class of the Clerkenwell Union, 58, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Booklet free.

SMALL COUNTRY RESIDENCE with 20 ACRES of GRASS LAND North Bucks. For AUCTION Dec. 1st, with small Lease.—Apply Lyttelton, D.B.E., will please.

THE AT TIMES West End Office, 72, Regent-street, A.W.1, facilities are provided for readers to obtain advice and assistance in drafting advertisements for every requirement.

RIVIERA.—FLAT to be LET, FURNISHED; clean, charming, and comfortable; sun at every window; ante room, salon, dining room, kitchen, two bed rooms (one double), bath room, two w.c.; gas, electricity, and English fires; £5 a week. Apply Charles, Chalet Manuels, Route da Castellar, Menton, France, A.M.

BABY GRAND PIANO, Blüthner; walnut waxed finish; perfect condition; owner going abroad. Price £200 cash; sacrifice.—Write Box B.1560, The Times, E.C.4.

OWNER-DRIVER wants medium-powered SECOND-HAND SALOON CAR; good condition; no dealers.—Write Box J.1348, The Times, E.C.4.

RIVIERA.—Gentleman, 35, motoring (32-h.p. car) to Riviera, stay until spring, desires meet GENTLEMAN interested guif, SHARE TRIP and EXPENSE.—Write Box H.1875, The Times, E.C.4. Regret no car.

LADY must SELL her beautiful AMBER NECKLET, containing perfect specimens of insects in each bead; £5.—Write Box B.1555, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARMINGLY Furnished Service Flat; three rooms, bath; 7gns.—Kerr. 10, Manchester-street, W. Wel.3857.

SUNNY SPAIN.—Lady recommends good English Nursing Home in Seville; chronic cases; paying guests also taken.—Apply Matron, Calle Inglesa, Hervion Seville.

PRINCESS will RECOMMEND to AUSTIN 16 Saloon, comfort and efficiency; Town 5s. hour; country 6d. mile.—Yelf, 29, Collingham-gardens, S.W.5. Flax. 6969.

KEEN TRAINED EDUCATIONALISTS, anxious to uphold efficiency of private school work and impart all-round home and school cultural training, STARTING PREPARATORY SCHOOL early January, 50 boys of Quakers; boys and girls; ideal position; health, individual care; moderate fees.—Write Box J.1375, The Times, E.C.4.

ITALIAN RIVIERA.—Delightful small VILLA, FURNISHED and with linen and china, to be LET for four months; maid left; three beds; ideal situation; 4 guineas.—Write Box B.1006, The Times, E.C.4.

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AT SAVILE-ROW.—A WORSTED LOUNGE SUIT BUILT for you by EMMS from 10gns. Appointments write or telephone EMMS, Ltd., TAILORS and REPORTERS, 56, MAKLBOROUGH-STREET, W. Gerr. 2356.

DON'T forget to send Christmas Presents to friends abroad; you appreciate it so much in their loneliness.—Write for Fortnum and Mason's Export List and mailing dates, 182, Piccadilly, W.1.

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£170, including ship, hotels, private car and 11 days' Ceylon tour.

Apply P. & O. Passenger Offices, as below.

P. & O.

Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'seilles
Maloja	21,000	Browning	—	Nov. 21
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	Nov. 21	Nov. 28
Comorin	16,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
†Rajputana	17,000	Cadiz	Dec. 5	Dec. 12
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Rajputana	17,000	Parking	Dec. 19	Dec. 26
Malwa	11,000	Brittan	Dec. 26	Jan. 2
†Mantua	11,000	Bignell	Jan. 2	Jan. 9
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Thornton	Jan. 16	Jan. 23
Rawalpindi	17,000	Stringer	Jan. 23	Jan. 30
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	Jan. 30	Feb. 6
Mooltan	21,000	Morton	Feb. 6	Feb. 13

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

From London and Marseilles.

Maloja	21,000	Browning	—	Nov. 21
†Modavia	17,000	Allin	Nov. 28	Dec. 4
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Mongolia	17,000	Rhodes	Dec. 26	Jan. 1
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16
†Cathay	15,000	Niven	Jan. 23	Jan. 29
Mooltan	21,000	Morton	Feb. 6	Feb. 13

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

"One Class" Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

*Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 21	—
Nagoya	7,000	Cochrane	Dec. 19	—
Nowshera(cargo)	6,000	—	Jan. 2	—
†Nankin	7,000	Tickell	Jan. 16	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
Kashgar	9,000	Sedell	Dec. 11	—
Khiva	9,000	Dawson	Dec. 26	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Dec. 26	Jan. 2
Khyber	9,000	Bedwell	Jan. 8	—

Taking Passengers † for Malta. ‡ for Port Sudan. ‖ Taking also Tourist Saloon Passengers.
¶ Not calling Southampton. * Calling Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) and KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	Antwerp.
**MUNDUA	7,275	Nov. 29	Dec. 6	Dec. 8
†CHAYFIELD	6,060	Dec. 20	Dec. 24	Dec. 27
†KENYA	10,600	Jan. 3	Jan. 16	Jan. 18
DUMANA	8,427	Jan. 28	Feb. 6	Feb. 8

* Cargo steamer. † Calls Southampton.
‡ Calls Cutch Mandvie.

COLOMBO, MADRAS AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
MANELA	8,302	—	Nov. 22	Nov. 29
MERKARA	8,284	Nov. 28	Dec. 6	Dec. 6
MARCHA	8,278	Dec. 10	Dec. 20	Dec. 27
MANORA	7,929	Dec. 24	Jan. 3	Jan. 10

PORT SUDAN, ADEN AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
MODASA	6,070	—	Nov. 21	Nov. 29	—
MADURA	7,275	Nov. 29	Dec. 10	Dec. 17	Dec. 19
MATIANA	9,087	Dec. 27	Jan. 7	Jan. 16	Jan. 24
MALDA	9,066	Jan. 24	Feb. 4	Feb. 13	Feb. 21

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,

Manager, F. H. Grosvenor.

P. & O. House, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.
City Office, 5, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.
Strand Office, Passage and Freight (A. P. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2; Paris, Société Française P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines; Monte Carlo, Cie. Fse. P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.

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B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi), Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line), Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

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Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	LONDON to SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	Dec. 10
RUAHINE	11,000	Dec. 10
TUAHINE	11,000	Dec. 10
RANGITATA(new motor vessel)	17,000	Jan. 16
RANGITANE(new motor vessel)	17,000	Feb. 13

† Cabin and 3rd Class Passengers only.

Apply to Dir., N.Z. Shipping Co., Ltd., Agents: 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 5230); or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd., (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 6724).

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LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.

By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From †San Francisco.
NIAGARA	Dec. 10	—
MONOWAI	—	Dec. 24
AORANGI	Jan. 7	—
MAKURA	—	Jan. 21

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington, to Sydney.

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FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.

Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons	London.	Plymouth.	L'pool.
†BARADINE	13,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 22	—
BARRABOOL	13,000	Jan. 16	Jan. 17	—
BALRANALD	13,000	Jan. 30	Jan. 31	—
BALLARAT	13,000	—	—	Feb. 21

†Carrying HIS MAJESTY'S MAILS and calling at Aden. Also TOURIST SALOON BOOKINGS for

Ship.	Tons	London.	Marseilles
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	17,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 1
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	17,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 1

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 14-15, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

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Vessel.	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORMONDE	15,000	Dec. 6	Dec. 12	Dec. 14
ORSOVA	12,000	Dec. 20	Dec. 26	Dec. 28
ORONTES	20,000	Jan. 3	Jan. 9	Jan. 11
ORONSAY	20,000	Jan. 17	Jan. 23	Jan. 25
ORAMA	20,000	Feb. 3	Feb. 9	Feb. 11
ORFORD	20,000	Feb. 14	Feb. 20	Feb. 22
OTRANTO	20,000	Feb. 28	Mar. 6	Mar. 8

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Steamer.	Tons.	Destination.
†City of Hongkong	9,678	Dec. 11 Karachi and Bombay
City of Sparta	5,415	Dec. 20 Colombo and Calcutta
City of Poona	7,488	Jan. 5 Bombay and Karachi

Calls (b) Port Sudan. (d) Direct from Marseilles.

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13,714 miles 25 Days in South Africa, £82 16 0.
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91 Days Round Voyage, 13 Days in India £130.
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From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
EGYPT, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

ANGKOR ..... Dec. 4 and Dec. 18 ..... PORTHOS
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
EX CHANCELLOR ..... Dec. 12 ..... EX CHANCELLOR
PIRAEUS, ISTANBUL, IZMIR, & BEYROUT.
PIERRE LOTI ..... Dec. 4 and Dec. 18 ..... LAMARTINE
EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEYROUT.
ANGKOR ..... Nov. 25 and Dec. 2 ..... CHAMPOLLION
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N.Y.K. LINE.

(JAPAN MAIL.)

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	M'seilles.	Naples.
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 28	Nov. 30
YASUKUNI MARU	11,500	Dec. 5	Dec. 11	Dec. 13
HAKONE MARU	10,500	Dec. 19	Dec. 26	Dec. 28

Also calling at Gibraltar.

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Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Gloucestershire	13,000	Nov. 14	Nov. 22
Cheshire	13,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 6
Yorkshire	13,500	Dec. 12	Dec. 20
Leicestershire	12,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 3

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Chapel-street, Liverpool; or 7, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1; Tele., Regent 8000, 8097.

SHIPPING (continued)

NORTH ATLANTIC SAILINGS

UNITED STATES

TO NEW YORK.

Nov.	Steamer.	From	Line.
19	HOMERIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
22	AQUITANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
22	ADRIATIC ..... d	Liverpool	White Star
22	MINNETONKA ..... e	London	A.T.L.
22	CALEDONIA ..... e	Glasgow	Anchor
22	WESTERNLAND ..... b	Southampton	Red Star
22	LANCASTRIA ..... e	Southampton	Cunard
26	OLYMPIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
26	TRANSYLVANIA ..... f, c	Glasgow	Anchor
28	ASCANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
29	SAMARIA ..... f, e	Liverpool	Cunard
Dec.			
3	MAJESTIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
3	BELGENLAND ..... b	Southampton	Red Star
5	AURANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
6	BALTIC ..... f, c	Liverpool	White Star
6	MINNEWASKA ..... b	London	A.T.L.
9	MAURETANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
12	ASTONIA ..... b, c	Southampton	Cunard
13	BRITANNIC c	Liverpool	White Star
13	CARINTHIA c	Liverpool	Cunard
13	CALIFORNIA c	Glasgow	Anchor
13	PENNLAND ..... b	Southampton	Red Star
16	OLYMPIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star

† Also calls BOSTON. b Via Cherbourg. c Via Belfast. d Via Belfast and Glasgow. e Via Queenstown. f Via Moville. b Via Boulogne.

CANADA

TO HALIFAX, N.S.

Nov.	Steamer	From	Line
22	ADRIATIC ..... ss	Liverpool	White Star
22	WESTERNLAND ..... ss	Southampton	Red Star
22	LANCASTRIA ..... ss	Southampton	Cunard
28	ASCANIA ..... ss	Southampton	Cunard
Dec.			
5	AURANIA ..... ss	Southampton	Cunard
12	ANTONIA ..... ss, a	Liverpool	Cunard
13	CARINTHIA ..... a	Liverpool	Cunard
13	PENNLAND ..... ss	Southampton	Red Star

TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.

Nov.	Steamer	From	Line
20	DUCHESS OF YORK ..ss	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
28	DUCH. OF RICHMOND ss	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
29	MONTCLARE ..... ss	Southampton	Can. Pac.
Dec.			
4	DUCHESS OF ATHOLL ss	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
13	MONTCALM c	Liverpool	Can. Pac.

ss Via Belfast and Glasgow. a Via Cherbourg. c Via Belfast. ‡ Via Queenstown.

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CARRYING CABIN AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN CLASSES ONLY.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"DE GRASSE" (c)	Nov. 19	Nov. 27
"AVELOSSA STAR" (c)	Nov. 26	Dec. 2
"ILE DE FRANCE" (e)	Dec. 3	Dec. 9
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	Dec. 10	Dec. 18
"PARIS" (c)	Dec. 16	Dec. 22
"DE GRASSE" (c)	Dec. 23	Dec. 31

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S.S. "FLANDRE" ..... Dec. 1
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" ..... Dec. 29
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H. A. P. A. G.

(HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.)

SOUTHAMPTON TO NEW YORK

HAMBURG	.. .. ..	Nov. 21
DEUTSCHLAND	.. .. ..	Nov. 28
NEW YORK	.. .. ..	Dec. 5
ALBERT BALLIN	.. .. ..	Dec. 12

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†NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First Class fare from £35)		Nov. 18
ROTTERDAM (First Class fare from £42 10 0)		Nov. 29
S.S. STATENDAM (First Class fare from £51 10 0)		Dec. 6

† Calling Halifax.

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Next Sailings from Dover:—

M.V. "COLOMBIA"	Nov. 29
M.S. "VENEZUELA"	Dec. 13
S.S. "COSTA RICA"	Dec. 27

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA

S.S. "CUYPER"	Nov. 26
S.S. "VAN RENSSELAER"	Dec. 17
S.S. "NICKERIE"	Jan. 7

For passage rates and full particulars apply to:—
Phs. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 18-19, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. (Phone, Regent 4529.)
Or to CITY OFFICE: 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone, Monument 0021.)

CLAN LINE.

CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.
Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd.
CLAN OGILVY ..... Nov. 27 ..... —
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES AND BEIRA.
Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACFADYEN ..... Dec. 10 ..... —
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES AND MAURITIUS.
Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACFADYEN ..... Dec. 10 ..... Dec. 10
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.
(Also Porebandar if sufficient inducement.)
Glasgow, M'chester, Birkenh'd.
CLAN MATHESON ..... Nov. 19 ..... —
MARMAGOA, TELLICHERRY, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALLEPPEY, TRIVANDRUM, TUTICORIN, AND CHITTAGONG.
Glasgow, Birkenh'd, London.
CLAN BUCHANAN ..... Nov. 19 ..... Nov. 24 ..... Nov. 28

For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to CAYZER IRVINE and Co., Ltd., Glasgow, Liverpool; or to E. E. KYNASTON and Co., Manchester.

FABRE LINE.

MARSEILLES to WEST AFRICA.

Dakar, Conakry, Sierra Leone, Tabou, Grand Bassam, Accra, Lome, Cotonou, Douala.
November 25th.—s.s. "TOUAREG."
December 10th.—s.s. "CANADA."
December 23rd.—s.s. "HOGGAR."
January 7th.—s.s. "MADONNA."
Full particulars of accommodation and fares from:—

JAPP, HATCH and CO., Ltd.,
166 Piccadilly, London, W.1. Tele., Gerrard 4434.

ROTTERDAM LLOYD. EGYPT, CEYLON, SUMATRA, SINGAPORE & JAVA.

FORTNIGHTLY MAIL PASSENGER SERVICE from MARSEILLES.
via TANGIER, GIBRALTAR & MARSEILLES.
Through Tickets via Java to
AUSTRALIA, CHINA & JAPAN.

Apply U.K. Agents, Escombe, McGrath & Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3; West End Agency, American Express Co., 6, Haymarket, S.W.1.

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.

TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.

Ideal Fortnightly Voyages with stop-over privileges if desired. £257 10s. First Class; £152 8s. Special Class.

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26,000 Miles of Cruising. 19 Luxurious Liners Sailing Westwards with 22 Ports of Call in 13 different lands.

For accom. and full particulars apply:—C. L. Duff and Co., General Agents, 22, Billiter-st., London, E.C.3 (Phone, Mon. 0221), or to Principal Passenger Agencies.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES

FROM SOUTHAMPTON FORTNIGHTLY

TO ALGIERS AND GENOA

By the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the

NEDERLAND Royal Mail LINE

S.S. PRINS DER NEDERLANDEN ..... 20th Nov.
M.S. J. V. OLDENBARNEVELT ..... 4th Dec.

D. H. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agent for Great Britain, 60, Haymarket, S.W.1. Gerr. 5633-4-5. Or Local Travel Agencies.

Cie. de NAVIGATION MIXTE

(Cie. Touache).
Weekly Cruises to the BALEARIC ISLES.

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DEAN & DAWSON, LTD.,

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SUNNY WEST INDIES.

Full details of Sailings, &c., all Lines, and particulars of Hotels willingly sent on request:—

J. D. HEWETT & CO.,
11, (Lower) REGENT-STREET, S.W.1 (Regent 7607), and 101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3 (Avenue 9870).

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA BY THE ROYAL MAIL LINE.

PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO AND BUENOS AIRES.

Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton	From Liverpool.
*ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Nov. 20	—
†DARRO	11,484	—	Nov. 22
*ALMANZORA	15,551	Dec. 4	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	Dec. 6
*ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Dec. 18	—
DESNA	11,483	—	Dec. 20
DEMERARA	11,484	—	Jan. 3
*ARLANZA	14,622	Jan. 16	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE

TO

WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

	Via France. Spain.	
CHILE		PERU
BERMUDA		PANAMA
HAVANA		CANAL

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORCOMA	11,580	Nov. 27
ORITA	14,298	Dec. 11
OROPESA	14,057	Jan. 15
ORBITA	15,495	Jan. 29

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.

R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS." CHRISTMAS CRUISE TO MEDITERRANEAN, &c.

From SOUTHAMPTON, DECEMBER 19.
19 Days. Fares 38 Guineas and upward.

WEST INDIES CRUISE.

From SOUTHAMPTON, JANUARY 23.
45 Days. Fares 97 Guineas and upward.
LATEST "ATLANTIS" FEATURE.
9 HOLES MIDGET GOLF COURSE.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

SOUTH AMERICA by BLUE STAR LINE

BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS

to

LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

	From	Due
"ALMEDA STAR"	London	28 NOV.
"ANDALUCIA STAR"	and	10 DEC.
"AVELOSSA STAR"	Boulogne	24 JAN.
"AVILA STAR"		16 JAN.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.

ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.

STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £60.

CHRISTMAS SUNSHINE CRUISE TO MEDITERRANEAN

By the World's Most Delightful Cruising Liner,

"ARANDORA STAR,"

With Perfect Cuisine and Service.

DEC. 19TH for 19 DAYS to
CEUTA (for TETUAN), PALERMO, NAPLES, VILLEFRANCHE (for MONTE CARLO), MALAGA.
38 Gns. and Upwards.

SPECIAL 46 DAYS'
WEST INDIES CRUISE, JANUARY 24, 1931.

For all sailings and "Arandora Star" Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone, Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co., and Tourist Agents.

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.

ONE CLASS ONLY.

Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Jervis Bay	14,150 tons from Southampton	Nov. 28
Largs Bay	14,184 tons from Southampton	Dec. 10
Moreton Bay	14,130 tons from Southampton	Jan. 7

Fares from £38 to £52.

ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.

Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.; 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; or principal Booking Agents.

NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" & "TAMAROA"

(oil burners.)

SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE

Royal Mail House, 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO

SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.

A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(3) S.S. EURIPIDES	From Liverpool	6th DEC.
(1) S.S. NESTOR	" Liverpool	3rd JAN.
(2) S.S. CERAMIC	" Liverpool	24th JAN.

(1) First Class only. (2) Cabin Class only.
(3) First and Third Class.

For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool, 10; 21, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 14, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

ALFRED HOLT and Co., Liverpool.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS, AND CHINA.

PATROCLUS	6 Dec.	ANCHISES	14 Feb.
ANTENOR	20 Jan.	PRIAM	28 Feb.
HECTOR	31 Jan.	SARPEDON	28 Mar.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES.
Fns. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd.
Special Winter Return Fares (valid £48, Colombo £95, The Straits £112 10s.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.3, or Principal Travel Agents.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL to BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
*CIRCASSIA ..... Nov. 26 *CASTALIA ..... Jan. 14
†‡BRITANNIA ..... Dec. 5 *‡TUSCANIA ..... Feb. 10

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† First Class and Third Cabin Passengers.
‡ Calls Marseilles Jan. 16. ** Calls Marseilles Feb. 16.
Vessels reconsigned by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

From LIVERPOOL, Feb. 10. MARSEILLES, Feb. 16.
Carrying FIRST Class and THIRD Cabin Passengers.
ANCHOR LINE, 40, PRINCES-STREET, EDINBURGH, E.C.3; and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

HENDERSON LINE.

GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL.
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and KOSSEIR to MASSAWAH.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.
Sails Liverpool. Sails Marseilles.

"PEGU"	21st Nov.	29th Nov.
"BURMA"	5th Dec.	13th Dec.

Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; F. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
*WINDSOR CASTLE	—	Nov. 21
†GUELPH CASTLE	Nov. 27	—
†BALMORAL CASTLE	—	Nov. 28
†MONTGOMERYSHIRE	Dec.	—

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Cargo only via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.
Special Christmas and New Year TOURS to SOUTH AFRICA
at reduced return fares by Mail Vessels sailing 5th and 19th December, 1930; 2nd and 30th January, 1931.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, London, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall-mall, S.W.1.

SOUTH AFRICA & CEYLON.

REDUCED TOURIST FARES BY ALL LINES.
Full details in programme, free on application.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1. Gerr. 2004-5.

WINTER CRUISES to JAMAICA.

The Land of glorious sunshine. Return fare from £50.
Regular fortnightly service from London by Steamers of JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE.
First-class accommodation and cuisine. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, Surgeon, Stewardess.
Through Bookings to Belize, Nassau, Bermuda, &c.
For Sailings and Illustrated Booklet, &c., apply Kaye, Dupuch and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 4567); or to Hickie, Borman, Grant and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 2004.)

Winter in the
BRITISH WEST INDIES.

"The Islands of Sunshine."
Barbados, Grenada, Trinidad, Demerara.
Six Weeks' Round Voyage £67.

HARRISON LINE.

S.S. INANDA and S.S. INGOMA

Sailing from London.

For full particulars apply to:—C. JOS. and JAS. HARRISON, Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; or J. D. HEWETT and Co., Ltd., 11, (Lower) Regent-street, S.W.1.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.

OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton.	
HAVANA		
VERA CRUZ	RIO PANUCO	Nov. 27th
TAMPICO	RIO BRAVO	Jan. 7th
GALVESTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,	
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.	

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIA STORE DEPARTMENT, Belvedere-road, Lambeth, London, S.E.1, invites TENDERS for:—
3,000 casks of Portland Cement, to be delivered c.i.f. Rangoon.
Tenders to be submitted direct to New Delhi, India, to arrive not later than 16th December, 1930.
Forms of tender available from the above at a fee of 5s., which will not be returned.

TOURS

COOK'S AND WAGONS-LITS WORLD TRAVEL SERVICE

(WITH OVER 300 OFFICES.)

SUGGESTIONS FOR WINTER SUNSHINE TOURS.

SOUTH AMERICA.—Round South America by 15,500 ton liner, sailing Jan. 6, 81 days.

INDIA. British Empire Trade Exhibition at Buenos A

FOREIGN RESORTS AND HOTELS

3 lines 8s. (minimum)

BOMBAY. GRAND HOTEL. Latest and most comfortable in Bombay. Built on modern European sanitary principles.

FRANCE

CANNES. HOTEL DU PARC. M. ELLMER, Proprietor.

CANNES.—HOTEL BRISTOL. Central situation. Sunny garden and terrace.

CANNES. HOTEL SUISSE. Central position, opposite sea.

CANNES. HOTEL BEAU-SEJOUR. First-class. Moderate. No luxury tax.

CANNES.—CHATEAU ST. GEORGES, Route de Frejus. Newly furnished. Up to date. Park on Sea. Pension from 50frs., including tax.

CORSICA. ILE ROUSSE (five hours from Nice).—NAPOLEON BONAPARTE'S. 150 rooms, with bath and telephone. Park 100ha. Golf 18 holes; tennis. Casino.

HYERES. COSTEBELLE HOTEL. 100 baths. Golf 18 holes, five tennis, one squash rackets court, eight croquet, all in Hotel grounds.

LA CROIX (VAR).—THE GRAND HOTEL. Up to date, lovely quiet situation; very good food; 60 to 100 frs. Special terms top South rooms for long period.

MENTONE. GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE. Fine family Hotel, next Casino; full South; large gardens, tennis. Terms from 75frs.

MENTONE. HOTEL DES ANGLAIS. First-class. Residential Hotel. Sea front. Open all the year round.

MENTONE. HOTEL IMPERIAL. Affiliated to the Ritz-Carlton Hotel Group, London. 15 minutes from Monte Carlo.

MENTONE.—"HOTEL PRINCESS"; small but of the best. West Bay, lovely coast views; charming garden; all modern comforts. Managing Director A. Stiffa.

MENTONE.—Hotel Menton & Midi; first-class family hotel; sea front; fine suites; near Casino and gardens. Telex. Menton-Midi.—Managing Prop. G. de Smet.

MENTONE.—HOTEL MEDITERRANEE. — First class. 150 rooms. Central, in large garden. Full South. Suites. Modern. All comforts. Terms moderate.

MENTONE.—PALAIS DES FLEURS HOTEL.—Ideal situation on sea front; garden and terrace; full South; latest comfort. Pension Frs.40. Best cooking.

MENTONE.—Central, quiet, and English. The HOTEL DES AMBASSADEURS tariff will interest you. —Sewell, new proprietor.

MENTONE.—ORIENT HOTEL. Quite central, in large and lovely garden, full South; beautiful, spacious; one of our finest Hotels.

MONTE CARLO.—ROYAL HOTEL. First-class family Hotel; full South; garden. Pension from 80frs. Now open.

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MONTE CARLO.—HOTEL WINDSOR. High-class family Hotel; full South; garden; spacious lounge and bridge room.

MONTE CARLO.—HOTEL PRINCE DE GALLES. Beautiful situation; large garden; magnificent views; strictly first class. Pension from 80frs.

MENTONE.—HOTEL BELLEVUE and ITALIE. Situated in own garden, occupying whole hillside, within five minutes centre of town. Inclusive early season terms from 10s. daily.

MENTONE.—ALEXANDRA HOTEL. Now open. Beautiful sunny garden; tennis. The best Home Palace. 'Phone every room. Pension from 60frs. incl.

NICE.—HOTEL WESTMINSTER, Promenade des Anglais. Rooms at Frs.50, with pension from Frs.100.

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ST. RAPHAEL. HOTEL BEAUSEJOUR. Full South. On Sea Front. All comforts. 50 to 70 frs.

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BORDIGHERA.—HOTEL-PENSION JOLIE. First-class Hotel; hot and cold running water; lift. Terms 35-45 lire. Maccaferri, Proprietor.

CANNERO (sunny, healthy winter spot on Lake Maggiore, away from cold winds).—HOTEL ITALIE; first class; quite comfortable; inclusive terms from 8s. per day.

LEVANTO (Riviera), ITALY.—GRAND HOTEL. Lovely spot. English management. All comfort. Inclusive terms £2 per week.

DRY, SUNNY, WINTER CLIMATE. GOLF.

MERAN. ESPLANADE HOTEL. FROM 35 LIRE.

OSPEDALETTI The sunniest and smartest resort on the Riviera. HOTEL HARBOR, from 40 lire. Running water, lifts, central heating. Special diet dishes if required. English doctor in church. Motor omnibus between Bordighera (golf) and San Remo (concerts, &c.).

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Most central position. The unique hotel of high luxe and every modern comfort at PERA. Splendid position, with luxurious private baths and drawing rooms; hot and cold running water and telephone in all rooms. Lift, central heating; quiet, convenient, open for long stays.—Address, Istiklal Caddesi, 245, Pera, Istanbul. Ask for prospectus.

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3 lines 3s. (minimum); Agencies 2s. per line (minimum 4 lines)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

A BACHELOR or Married Couple.—Ideal FURNISHED SUITE; 2½gns. Colonel just vacating.—5, Minsterpool, N.W., near bus and Met.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 22-23, Gloucester-gardens, W.2. Comfortable BOARD RESIDENCE. Bright 45s.; inclusive food. Padd. 4230.

A Bare Minute Selfridge's.—Modernised house; ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLAT; constant hot water. —Welbeck 2083.

123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

A Bare Minute Paddington, Hyde Park. Ideal Residence for COLONIALS and VISITORS to LONDON. Breakfast and dinner only from 2gns. Large doubles now available. Bed and breakfast from 6s. 6d. Padd. 8585.

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A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATIONS.—Beautifully decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two billiard tables, card room, music room, 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, slot meters); 18 bath rooms; continental breakfast; excellent food; moderate inclusive terms (no lunch), from £2 7s. 6d. per week bed, breakfast, and bath from 30s. 6d. per week.—Apply Sutherland House, 33-34, London-st. 'Phone, Padd. 6770.

35, EMPEROR'S-GATE, S.W.7.

A Beautiful private Furnished DOUBLE SUITE, ground floor; central heating, in luxurious house; also bed-sitting room, double and single; excellent service and catering as desired. Western 2503.

SAYES COURT.

2 and 4, INVERNESS-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.

A Beautiful and Comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL. Personally recommended for excellent table and service; English meat; constant hot water, gas fires bed rooms; minute's walk of Kensington Gardens; central all parts. Inclusive from 3gns. Park 2640.

QUEENSBOROUGH HOUSE,

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A Beautiful and most attractive RESIDENTIAL, noted for cleanliness, excellent cooking, and best Empire food; gas fires in all bed rooms; comfortable public rooms. Inclusive terms from 3gns. Park 3536.

A Beautifully appointed RESIDENTIAL CLUB offers unequalled facilities for BOARD-RESIDENCE; hard court tennis, bridge, and dancing; cleanliness and good catering; attractive bed rooms, lighted throughout; hot and cold running water. Terms extremely moderate. Omnibuses pass the grounds and Tubes to all parts.—Apply Manager, West Side Club, Eaton Rise, Ealing, W.5.

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TWO MINUTES LANCASTER-GATE STATION. TELEPHONE: PADDINGTON 5095.

A Beautifully FURNISHED RESIDENCE for business and professional men offer bed-sitting rooms, fitted running hot and cold water and gas fires; ample bath rooms; terms, including breakfast, baths, light, boots, and attendance, from 2 guineas; comfort assured. Inspection invited.—41, Sussex-gardens.

60, NEVERN-SQUARE, S.W.5.

A Beautifully Furnished PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL; quiet, comfortable, central (close Earl's Court Station); gas fires in all bed rooms, open fireplaces in public rooms; constant hot water; full board single 3gns. to 4gns. weekly; double 5½gns. to 7½gns.; nightly 8s. 6d. —H. C. Broun, Proprietor. 'Phone, Frobisher 6740.

A Beautifully FURNISHED FLATLETTE from 37s. 6d., including breakfast, light, baths; private telephones; hot and cold water basins; gas fires.—25, Stanhope-gardens, adjoining South Kensington Station.

LONDON

NEW MANSION RESIDENTIAL

38, 39, and 40, LANCASTER-GATE, HYDE PARK. Facing due South.

A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTABLISHMENT overlooking beautiful Kensington Gardens, central for everywhere. Gas and electric fires. Hot and cold running water in every bed room. Only the best English food served. Reduced winter terms.

FULL BOARD FROM £2 12s. 6d. WEEKLY OR 10s. 6d. DAILY. BED ROOM, TABLE D'HOTE BREAKFAST, BATH, BOOTS, AND ATTENDANCE, 7s. 6d. PER DAY. Telephone, Padd. 1009.

87, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

A Quiet atmosphere, good food, fires, constant hot water, and general comfort assured; single from 3gns., double 6-7gns. (one own bath).—Kens. 4044.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 30 bed rooms, with running hot and cold water; gas fires; billiards; 2½gns. —27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4162.

1, CLEVELAND-GARDENS.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY Up-to-date Quiet, Sunny, Warm ROOMS with running water, gas fires; highly recommended for excellent table and service, five minutes' Tubes and omnibuses. Single from 2½gns. Padd. 2257.

10, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY up-to-date BED-SITTING ROOMS, beautifully furnished; running hot and cold water; facing gardens; breakfast; terms moderate. Padd. 5681.

RIVIERA, 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

A BSOLUTELY BEST PART IN LONDON.—Most up to date (minute Tube, omnibuses all parts, eight minutes West End); all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, box springs, hair mattresses, central heating and sun fires. Cuisine and comfort specially studied. From 3gns. single, £6 double. Park 9173.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

A CCOMMODATION of the best; excellent cuisine; box-spring beds; near Gloucester-road Tube; from 3gns. single, 5gns. double.—43, Stanhope-gardens. Kens. 4300.

A COMMODATION for gentlemen only. Best-class house. Inexpensive. Facing park. Bed, rooms, single or double, with breakfast and late dinner. General dining room.—112, Regent's Park-road, N.W.1. Primrose 1528.

9, NEVERN-SQUARE,

A EARL'S COURT, S.W.5. FROBISHER, 2129. LSO 54, Cambridge-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.—Well-appointed rooms; partial board from 2gns.

BARKSTON HOUSE,

1, BARKSTON-GARDENS, S. KENSINGTON, S.W.5.

A LWAYS RECOMMENDED for homely comfort, restful, little traffic; two minutes Earl's Court Station (10 minutes West End); large double rooms and few single vacant; moderate terms. Kelvin 6017.

A MERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, Catering as desired. Moderate prices. LADIES OR GENTLEMEN. 136, Holland-road, W.14. Park 9183.

AN ENGLISH FAMILY RECEIVES GUESTS; quiet, congenial society, homely, comfortable; five minutes Earl's Court Underground (Piccadilly-circus 10, City 20). —53, Lexham-gardens. Every good food; 60 to 100 frs. Special terms top South rooms for long period.

APARTMENTS, CAMPDEN-HILL, very well Furnished, quiet locality, South aspect, close Kensington Gardens; excellent cooking, attendance.—Western 6972.

ATHERSTONE HOUSE,

6 and 7, ATHERSTONE-TERRACE, GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S. KENSINGTON.

One minute Gloucester-road Station. Tube and District. Redecorated. Gas fires. Running water. Under personal supervision. From 3½ guineas. Tele., Western 4443.

ATTRACTIVE One-room SERVICE FLATLETS, temporary or permanent, double or single; divan beds, hot baths, cookers; meals if required; Gloucester-road Station.—12, Cranley-gardens, South Kensington. 'Phone, Kensington 8694.

ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, attendance; dinner optional; clean, quiet, select; minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—14, Prince of Wales-terrace, W.8 (next De Vere-gardens). Kelvin 8783.

6, NORFOLK-SQUARE,

HYDE PARK, W.2.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOMS, ground and drawing room floors, beautifully Furnished; hot and cold running water; facing gardens; meals as desired.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, with full or partial board, most comfortable, warm house, facing Garden; gas fires, billiards, excellent cooking; convenient City and West End. Terms from £2 7s. 6d.—Cumberland House, 31 and 32, Earl's Court-square, S.W.5.

ATTRACTIVE Furnished and Unfurnished SERVICE SUITES, every modern convenience; excellent cuisine; close Undergrounds.—31, Stanhope-gardens, S.W.7

AT 77, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, HYDE PARK.—Newly furnished, decorated Bed-Sitting Rooms; gas fires, constant hot water. Recommended. Close Paddington and Lancaster-gate.

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AT 17, 18, 19, PRINCES-SQUARE, BAYSWATER, W.2, where a good table is provided and every comfort considered; Bridge; constant hot water. From 42s., double sgns. Resident Proprietors. Park 2020.

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Sporting News

RACING NOTES

END OF A SEASON

FACTS AND FIGURES

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The last week of the season under Jockey Club Rules will be begun this afternoon at Warwick and will be concluded at Manchester and Lingfield on Saturday if the weather permits, but racing at Manchester has often been impossible on account of frost and fog.

There can be no doubt now that the Aga Khan will head the list of winning owners, but it is not yet certain whether Lord Glanely or Lord Derby will be second. At the moment Lord Glanely leads Lord Derby by rather less than £1,000. These three owners have won much more money in stakes than any other owner. Lord Derby has won nearly £38,000, while Mr. Singer, who comes fourth in the list, has won only £16,000. Lord Derby heads the list of winning breeders, but he is only £2,000 in front of "Bred in France." The Aga Khan comes third. It would be a sad reflection on our breeding industry if the winning breeder was "Bred in France"; it is not very pleasant as it is to find that so much money has been won by horses bred across the English Channel. Seventy-seven races have been won by 48 horses bred in France. Such figures have never been approached before. Persse seems certain to end the season as the most successful trainer, and, as he has not saddled the winner of one Classic or of the Eclipse, his record is very wonderful. Another Irishman, R. C. Dawson, comes second, with F. Butters third and F. Darling fourth. Each of these trainers has won more than £40,000 in stakes for his owner or owners. Captain Hogg, who trains only for Lord Glanely, comes fifth with rather more than £38,000. Fox, for the first time in his career, seems certain to ride more winners than any other rider, although why for doing that he should be known as the Champion Jockey is beyond my comprehension. The champion batsman or bowler of the cricket season is not the man who makes most runs or takes most wickets, but the man who has the best average. Both the Beasleys have better averages than Fox.

The most important event to be decided this week is the Manchester November Handicap, which is to be run at Manchester on Saturday afternoon. This race has had to be abandoned on three occasions in the last seven years, twice for frost and once for fog. According to present arrangements the last two winners, Saracen and Promptitude, will be included in this week's field, and each of them is apparently very much expected to win. On some form Saracen is very kindly handicapped, for he puts Plantago in the race with only a few pounds over 8st., and with that weight Mr. Singer's handsome horse would have a very good chance of winning. Further, he is better handicapped than Coaster on their spring form, but it is to be remembered that Saracen has not run well for many months. He has, however, been going very well in his work at home, and if he is back in his best form I do not know what will beat him. Ut Majeur and Hot Bun surely will not be started. The former probably has been left in the race so that the weights should not be raised, while Hot Bun, on account of her success at Liverpool, now has 9st. 11lb. to carry, which seems to be too much. Sir Joshua will be started if he has recovered from the bad cuts which he received in the race for the Derby Cup last week. Empire Builder is fairly handicapped but, like many other of the sons of Son-in Law, he is not at his best when the going is soft, and there does not seem any chance of it being firm by the end of the week.

Le Voleur ran at Derby last week, when he was not placed in the race for the Derby Cup, for which he started favourite. His rider in that race found many difficulties, and his chance this week should be estimated not on his running then but on his previous form. He won in a canter at Newbury; indeed he won so easily that it is difficult to say how much he may have had in hand. Still, he has to meet Sir Joshua on 18lb. worse terms and Mint Master on 19lb. worse terms. Mint Master ran very well on that occasion for quite a long way. He has won before over this Manchester course. He seems certain to beat Truncheon, for he gave that horse 23lb. at Edinburgh in September and beat him and now has to give only 4lb. It can be argued on his Derby running that Truncheon has a fair chance and in any case has the beating of Promptitude. Glorious Devon is another Derby runner who is fairly handicapped. Poor Man seems to have lost his form, while Redeswood is surely not a good ride for a very light-weight rider. I can deal with the race again later in the week, but at the moment I like best the chances of Saracen and Mint Master and fully expect that I shall make the latter my final selection. Not only is he very well handicapped, but he has won before over the course and comes from a stable in exceptionally good form. Indeed his trainer, C. Waugh, has had, as he deserves to have, a very successful season. In addition to saddling the winner of this important race he may also saddle the winner of the rich Lancashire Nursery in Mr. Austen's Alexis. Although this much improved gelding has been given top weight he is quite nicely handicapped.

HURST PARK MEETING

The Hurst Park one-day Autumn Meeting was held on Saturday in wet and rather unpleasant weather. The going was heavy, but the racing was always interesting, with the race for the Hurst Park Great Two-Year-Old Stakes the most important event on the programme. There was a disappointingly small field for this race, which was won by Turtle Soup by half a length from Clogheen, with Trinidad third and Praetor fourth and last. Turtle Soup started at odds on and won rather cleverly, although I doubt very much whether she could have won more easily than she did. I thought that she found the distance, six furlongs, as far as she wanted to go, but I may have been wrong for such was not the view of many other spectators. Not one of the four starters was bred to stay, for two of them, the first and the second, were by Tetratema and the other two by Phalaris, and although some of the children of the latter stay better than do the children of the grey son of The Tetrarch, they are not, as a rule, real stayers. The breeding of these four two-year-olds calls attention to the fact that, with a very few exceptions, all the leading two-year-olds of this season have been bred rather for speed than for stamina.

Dundrave, on his best form, was certain to win the opening race of the afternoon, the Petersham Selling Plate, but Gordon Richards had to ride him as hard as he could to win, and it was only close to the finish that he got up to beat Demonetta, who was in front nearly all the way up the Straight. Adlon apparently did not stay, while Sea Hussar ran disappointingly. After this win Dundrave was sold for 260 guineas. The second selling plate on the card, the Mitre Plate, provided a really good finish, and, as in the previous race, was won by a colt who had been running not without a certain amount of distinction in better company than he was meeting here, for Venturer, who got up close home to win by a neck from No Other, with Sun Glory only a head behind the second, had won at York, beating such horses as Berrydale, Lone Isle, and Balance. It was only close to the finish on Saturday that H. Wragg was able to force him into the lead, but if the race had been a furlong longer he would in all probability have won quite easily, so that he was sold cheaply to Mr. Cribbin for 260 guineas. The French-bred Lion d'Angers ran quite well, and is in a selling plate this week which he might win. He is by Town Guard, who now stands in France, but who was the best of his age when he was a two-year-old running in this country. Venturer belonged until he was sold on Saturday to Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen, who completed a double when, in the last race of the day, his filly, Dancing Partner, won the Syon Plate from Lemon Ice, with Trews an indifferent third. It is seldom that a colt as well bred as Trews so completely loses his form. He was meeting Dancing Partner at weight for sex, and the latter's previous record was very moderate.

Cleveland, known last year as the Myra Blake colt, continues to disappoint those people who should know most about him. He was made favourite for the Sheen Plate, but he never promised to win, and in the end was not placed behind Golden Cloud, who made most of the running on the rails and hung on to his advantage just long enough to win all out from Plucky Bill by a head, with Grizzly a short head away, third, and Valiant close up fourth. As the race was run I thought that Wing, on the winner, outrode both H. Wragg and little Smith, for it appeared to me that each of these two was watching and trying to beat the other while Wing made the best of his way home. Wing is certainly a very accomplished race rider. Coligny II., Latchford, and Dusty were all really well backed for the Autumn Pate, but not one of them could even gain a place behind Chelmarsh, who, after making all the running, won decisively from Feu d'Artifice, with Prospice, who was running on at the finish, only a head behind the second. Feu d'Artifice was always second. Latchford and Coligny II. were never going well and, for horses as well backed as they were, ran very disappointingly. Chelmarsh had run very well at Liverpool in the race for the Liverpool Cup. Like Boldero and many other winners this season, he is trained by C. Waugh.

WARWICK PROSPECTS

1.0.—GUY'S CLIFF APPRENTICES' PLATE (1m.).—LAST OF THE DANDIES won a similar event at the last Liverpool Meeting with such ease that if he is started here he would certainly be my selection. The best of the others might be Ellison, who has shown before that he will run kindly for a small rider.

1.30.—BOURTON SELLING PLATE (1m.).—Using the Mystic Star gelding, Hashashin seems to have a better ch ce than Exodus, although there is very little between them. Land o' Cakes, Exodus, and Cloutsham all ran at Derby and were not placed in the race won by Polyphant. Cloutsham could win such a race as this, but he showed at Derby that he dislikes racing. He might win here, but HASHASHIN seems a more genuine selection.

2.0.—KENILWORTH PLATE (2m.).—Stolen Flame, First Flight, and Saint Reynard have all met recently and have not been rehandicapped since, with the result, so it seems to me, that the Newbury winner, BLUE DON, has quite a good chance of beating them and so of winning. He showed at Newbury that he could get two miles, the distance over which this race will be run. Accordingly he is my selection.

2.30.—RUGBY SELLING PLATE (1m.).—If Maugre runs he would certainly be my selection after the style in which he won a similar event at Derby. Putter, Lingerie, and Gala Morn seem the best of the others. In the absence of MAUGRE the winner might be GALA MORN.

3.0.—LEYCESTER PLATE (5½f.).—After winning with ease at Newbury CARTOUCHE ran very well at Liverpool in the race won by Vain Bachelor. On that form she seems very nicely handicapped here and should win.

3.30.—OFFCHURCH PLATE (5½f.).—SWIFT MARTEN is an unreliable animal, but on his recent form he seems the best handicapped horse here, and so may win.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

A special train leaves Headquarters each morning of racing at Warwick, but to-day we shall be poorly represented in numbers. For the Guy's Cliff Apprentices' Plate Sunnier and ALLIED MORAY are already on the spot. They are ideal animals for boys to ride, and I take the latter to win.

In the Bourton Selling Plate I doubt if we have a better than HAPPY WELFARE, who has done really well since his race at Newmarket.

In the Kenilworth Plate CHRYSOPHIL may be our only representative. She is now at her best and is expected to require a lot of beating.

MONTAIGNE will be our best in the Rugby Selling Plate.

I doubt if we have a better than GRAPE FRUIT in the Leycester Plate. She has been giving satisfaction since she ran at Alexandra Park. Silvadare will run for Beedle.

For the Offchurch Plate CASTELLANE will require beating.

CHEPSTOW RESULTS

1.0 (12.59).—The CASTLEFORD MODERATE HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 80 sovs. Two miles.

SOUTHERN GUN, b or br g, by Southannan—Mrs. Partington (Mr. F. E. Peck), 6 yrs, 10st. 7lb. W. Stott 1

Also ran:—Ben Bawn (D. Morgan).

Winner trained by Hurst, at Hednesford.

STARTING PRICE.—6 to 4 on Southern Gun.

TOTALISATOR PRICE (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 29s. 6d. Total win pool, 832 units. Southern Gun finished alone.

1.30 (1.30).—The CLEARWELL SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 80 sovs. Two miles.

COOLE, b m, by Desmas—Brown Squaw (Mr. H. Lester), 5 yrs, 10st. 7lb. ..... D. Morgan 1

SAIGHTON, br g, by Grosvenor—Beck and Call (Mr. C. Horton), aged, 11st. 2lb. ..... T. Pellerin 2

DREAM O' FORTUNE, b g, by Southannan—Dame Fortune (Mrs. Montague Evans), 5 yrs, 10st. 7lb. ..... D. Williams 3

Also ran:—Summer Night (G. Hardy), Young Sport (E. Everett), Essadar (J. Ward), Tuscan (Mr. R. Morel), Idolatry (E. Turner), Horace (W. Parvin).

Winner trained by J. Scott, at Wantage)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Saighton, 6 to 1 each Essandar, Dream o' Fortune, and Coole, 10 to 1 Tuscan, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 19s.; places, 4s. 9d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 9d. Total win pool, 1,740 units. total place pool, 1,361 units.

Won by two lengths; the same distance separated second and third.

2.0 (2.0).—The FOREST OF DEAN SELLING HURDLE RACE of 80 sovs for three-year-olds. One mile and a half.

VIVACIOUS, br g, by Vivian—Fragments (Mr. G. S. Poole), 10st 12lb. ..... W. Stott 1

ANNE YUTOI, ch f, by Yutoi—Lady Esmond (Mr. G. A. Adams), 10st. 12lb. ..... S. Ingham 2

ROSARIEL (Sir H. Wernher), 10st. 7lb. R. Clark 3

Also ran:—Haki Bey (E. Foster), Knock Away (K. Piggott), Potters Bar (R. Everett), Plague (G. Pellerin), Santa Giustina (G. Wilson), Toimate (F. Maxwell).

Winner trained by S. Bennet, at Seaford).

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 2 agst Plague, 3 to 1 Vivacious, 4 to 1 Knock Away, 6 to 1 Haki Bey, 10 to 1 each Santa Giustina and Rosariel, 100 to 7 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 11s. 3d.; places, 2s. 9d., 12s. 9d., 15s. 6d. Total win pool, 1,883 units; total place pool, 2,985 units.

Won by 12 lengths; three lengths separated second and third.

2.30 (2.31).—The CHEPSTOW HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Three miles.

HEARTBURN, b g, by Tredennis—Ingenue (Lord Allendale), aged, 11st. 4lb. ..... J. Hamey 1

RUDDYMAN, b g, by Ruddygore, dam by Hermit II. (Mr. H. Gordon Selfridge), aged, 12st. 2lb. E. Brown 2

SWIFT NEWS, br g, by Desert Call—High Tune (Mr. H. Dyke Dennis), 5 yrs, 10st. 12lb. W. Stott 3

Also ran:—All Over (F. Gurney).

(Winner trained by E. Gordon, at Wroughton)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 4 agst Swift News, 6 to 4 Heartburn, 6 to 1 All Over, 10 to 1 agst Ruddyman.

TOTALISATOR PRICE.—Win dividend, 5s. 9d. Total win pool, 1,717 units.

Won by six lengths; the same distance separated second and third. All Over fell.

3.0 (3.0).—The MONMOUTH MODERATE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 80 sovs. Two miles.

TIDENHAM, b g, by Sir Berkeley—Long Trail (Mrs. A. R. Anderson), 5 yrs, 11st. W. Stott 1

ZERO HOUR, br g, by Soulouque—Allies Offensive (Mr. E. W. Merrell), 5 yrs, 10st. K. Foster 2

(Continued at foot of next column)

WARWICK PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

1.0.—The GUY'S CLIFF APPRENTICES' PLATE of 150 sovs. One mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
aSUNNIER (Mr. R. L. Glasspool) ..... C. Leader	4	8	4
BARBA (Mrs. J. Howeson) ..... W. Nightingall	4	8	1
aOLD DROMORE (Mrs. J. C. Lewis) ..... Walter Griggs	4	8	1
NITAKIT (Mr. A. K. Macomber) ..... R. Darling	4	8	1
aELLISON (Major Morris) ..... Morris	5	8	1
aFAIRY PRINCE (Mr. F. W. Dennis) ..... Templeman	3	7	12
aLAST OF THE DANDIES (Mr. F. Harmsworth) ..... T. Walls	3	7	12
CHARGER (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	3	7	12
ARCHIMEDES (Mr. W. J. Waldron) ..... R. Jones	3	7	12
HAPPY NOTE (Mrs. E. J. Cocke) ..... Douglas-Pennant	3	7	9
aINDIAN FILE (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) ..... O. Bell	3	7	9
TOUAREG (Mr. J. C. Denison-Pender) ..... Gilpin	3	7	9
SPUN-YARN (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	3	7	9
BELLATRIX (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ..... H. W. Colling	3	7	1
TARADIDDLE (Sir David Llewellyn) ..... Lindsay	6	7	1
aSARDANA (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild) ..... Pratt	3	7	1
LUPERCA (Mr. D. Smith) ..... Rimell	3	7	1
SATISFACTION (Miss M. Wilmot) ..... Wilmot	3	7	1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SUNNIER, Dowdall; BARBA, —; OLD DROMORE, F. Rickaby; ELLISON, A. Lister; LAST OF THE DANDIES, W. Brown; SARDANA, —; FAIRY PRINCE, —; INDIAN FILE, —.

1.30.—The BOURTON SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs.: for two-year-olds only. One mile.

	St	lb
TERRY (Mr. G. Gilbey) ..... Thrale	9	0
aEXODUS (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges	9	0
aTHE RING (Mr. F. Leach, jun.) ..... Leach, jun.	9	0
aSILVER SOUND (Mr. W. J. Whitehall) W. Nightingall	9	0
HASHASHIN (Mr. J. Wyllie) ..... Wyllie	8	11
LOUVAINA (Sir C. Neumann) ..... R. J. Colling	8	11
IRISH TWIN (Mr. Curtis) ..... MacColl	8	11
MONDAY (Mr. G. C. Poole) ..... Poole	8	11
HAPPY CLIMAX c, by Gainsborough (Mr. A. Donn) ..... Smyth	8	9
CLASHHEINN (Sir K. Fraser) ..... Fred Butters	8	9
CLOUTSHAM (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	8	9
CURLEY (Mr. W. Hall) ..... Moreton	8	9
aLAND O' CAKES (Mr. H. E. Morriss) ..... F. Darling	8	9
MONGOLIAN (Mrs. W. Murray) ..... Cottrill	8	9
aMODASA c, by All Alone (Mr. J. Pendarves) ..... Pendarves	8	9
aHAPPY WELFARE (Captain H. F. Thomas) ..... R. J. Colling	8	9
aCHALKLANDS (Mrs. E. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	8	9
LOT'S WIFE c, by Orpheus (Mr. O. M. D. Bell) ..... O. Bell	8	6
RUCKING QUEEN c, by Silver Image (Mr. A. J. Bridgman) ..... E. Harper	8	6
BELAMOUR (Mr. R. Fenton) ..... Bullock	8	6
aPENITENT F, by Spearwort (Mr. J. Livingston) ..... Bennison	8	6
POMME DE TATER (Mrs. K. Miners) ..... Hobbs	8	6
aBROUTOU (Mr. V. P. Misa) ..... V. Smyth	8	6
aSONNENSCHEIN (Mr. H. Thistlethwaite) ..... Cottrill	8	6
RETRIEVER (Mr. J. T. H. Torr) ..... Torr	8	6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

EXODUS, H. Beasley; THE RING, I. Martin; SILVER SOUND, Gilpin; LAND O' CAKES, F. Fox; LOT'S WIFE, C. Barber; HAPPY WELFARE, P. Beasley; CHALKLANDS, J. Beary; PENITENT FILLY, J. Collins; THE WOLF, Dick; SONNENSCHEIN, C. Richards.

2.0.—The KENILWORTH PLATE (high-weight handicap) of 300 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
aSTOLEN FLAME (Sir W. Chilcott) ..... Gooch	5	9	5
FIRST FLIGHT (10lb. ex.) (Sir H. Wernher) ..... I. Anthony	5	9	5
AFTAB (The Aga Khan) ..... R. Dawson	4	9	2
aHALLEY (Mr. F. Smyth) ..... W. Smyth	4	9	1
MARKINGTON (Major H. C. Robinson) In Ireland	5	8	12
BLUE DON (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	4	8	9
aWAY GAME (Mr. V. Emanuel) ..... Duller	4	8	7
aPURE KNIGHT (Major A. J. Phillips) ..... Clement	4	8	5
aMEDARLIN (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	5	8	3
aSAINT REYNARD (Mr. J. Benditt) ..... M. Hartigan	a	8	3
aPILGRIM'S REALE (Mr. H. Lester) ..... Dick	a	8	3
aTHE WOLF (Mr. H. Simmonds) ..... Dick	a	8	3
aDUNLAVIN LASS (Mrs. N. R. Davis) ..... Clancy	6	8	2
TOMMOTIE (Mr. W. Scott) ..... Bennett	5	8	0
ORANGE TIP (Mr. G. C. Sneyd) ..... Sneyd	4	7	12
aYOUR CALL (Captain D. P. Simson) ..... Holland	5	7	11
aPERSONALITY (Mr. W. Scott) ..... Rimell	4	7	10
CONTRABAND (Mr. J. Lidbury) ..... Pearce	5	7	7
aSUMMER PRINCESS (Mr. C. Gulliver) ..... Barclay	4	7	7
aPROSPERINA (Mr. P. Beaumont) ..... G. L. Ward	3	7	5
ROMAN CANDLE II. (Mr. M. Pulitzer) S. Darling	3	7	5
aBALLYSCANLON (Mr. H. Martin) J. Nightingall	6	7	3
ROYAL HELLER (Mr. H. G. Blagrave) Blagrave	a	7	2
aCHRYSOPHIL (Lieutenant-Colonel R. A. Wallinger) ..... F. Leader	3	7	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

STOLEN FLAME, F. Lane; RALLYE II., R. Dick; MARKINGTON, —; WAR MIST, P. Donoghue; PURE KNIGHT, Gravier; MEDARLIN, F. Fox; SAINT REYNARD, G. Richards; FILGRIM'S BELLE, J. Collins; THE WOLF, TOUR CALL, S. Wragg; SUMMER PRINCESS, A. Smirke; PROSPERINA, J. Sirett; BALLYSCANLON, J. Simpson; CHRYSOPHIL, T. Lowrey.

2.30.—The RUGBY SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.: for three and four-year-olds only. One mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
MONTAIGNE (Mr. J. C. Hill) ..... Kirk	4	9	4
BALDERNOCK (Mr. R. N. Lyons) ..... Thrale	4	9	4
aPUTTER (Sir A. Bailey) ..... Morland	4	9	4
GOOD SPORT (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	4	9	1
aGALA MORN (Mr. G. F. X. Hartigan) ..... M. Hartigan	4	9	1
FABRIC (Major F. B. Sneyd) ..... Sneyd	4	9	1
aYOUNG BUCK (Mrs. E. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	3	8	12
aVIDELIO (Mr. E. Harper) ..... J. Harper	3	8	9
MAGIC (Mrs. S. Wood) ..... Leach, jun.	3	8	9
aPUELLA (Major T. Bouch) ..... W. Nightingall	3	8	9
LUSTFECA (Lieutenant-Colonel T. Carthew) ..... S. Wootton	3	8	9
aFANANDE (Mr. A. P. Cunliffe) ..... Cunliffe	3	8	9
aLINGERIE (Mr. C. Janes) ..... Templeman	3	8	9
aCHERBOURG (Mr. D. E. de Mestre) De Mestre	3	8	9
CAMP GIRL (Mr. A. J. Redman) ..... V. Smyth	3	8	9
LADY GAY (Captain M. Weyland) ..... W. Nightingall	3	8	9
aGAGA (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw) ..... Whitelaw	3	8	9
ST. ANNE'S PRIDE (Mr. P. Higgins) McGuinan	4	8	8
PROTEUS (Miss M. Keyser) ..... Wilmot	4	8	8
BOMBOMBO (Mr. W. Porter) ..... Porter	4	8	8
aVIZMAR (Mr. G. Todd) ..... G. Todd	4	8	8
RUSHALL DOWN (Mr. Andrews) ..... Rennison	3	8	5
JACKYLLIS (Lieutenant-Colonel T. Carthew) ..... S. Wootton	3	8	5
ALPHEUS (Mr. R. J. Colling) ..... R. J. Colling	3	8	2
SOLFEGGIO (Mr. G. Todd) ..... G. Todd	3	8	2
aGUILLAGAN (Mrs. E. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	3	8	2
ARCH IMP (Major Nickalls) ..... Laye	3	8	2

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

GALA MORN, G. Richards; YOUNG BUCK OF GUILDSOM, M. Beasley; FIDELIO, C. Richards; PUELLA, R. Dick; LUSTFECA, —; FANANDE, A. Burns; LINGERIE, F. Fox; CHERBOURG, C. Ray; GAGA, J. Collins; JACKYLLIS, —; —, —; VIZMAR, —.

3.0.—The LEYCESTER PLATE (nursery handicap) of 200 sovs., for two-year-olds. Five furlongs and a half.

	St	lb
FIRST FANCY (10lb. ex.) (Mr. F. C. Minoprio) ..... East	8	8
SCATTERCASH (10lb. ex.) (Sir H. FitzHerbert) ..... Clement	9	8
CHATTERER (10lb. ex.) (Mrs. F. A. Clark) ..... Cottrill	9	0
LADIES' CHAIN (10lb. ex.) (Mrs. S. Whitburn) ..... Cottrill	9	6
FLOWER SHOW c, by Polyphontes (Mr. J. St. V. Oxley) ..... J. Jarvis	9	0
PUTTING GREEN (Mr. A. M. Melville) ..... Nugent	8	12
PUJRI 9, by Allenby (the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar) ..... A. Sadler	8	10
aCARTOUCHE (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	8	8
aMISTY CLOUD (Mr. W. Murray) ..... Cottrill	8	8
aATLESBURY (Mr. A. R. Smith) ..... V. Smyth	8	6
aRUSSET (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) ..... Cottrill	8	5
aSILVER LEAF (Mr. F. Rich) ..... W. Nightingall	8	5
aGLOW-WORM (Mr. H. Eckersley) ..... Bullock	8	4
GREENLAND (10lb. ex.) (Lord Derby) Frank Butters	8	4
ROSAMOND'S CHOICE (Mr. D. Macnee) ..... Macnee	8	4
aRAVENSDALE (Mr. T. Mills) ..... S. Darling	8	3
aROSLINA F, by Winalot (Mr. D. M. Gant) ..... W. F. Lowe	8	3
GARCON (Mr. O. M. D. Bell) ..... O. Bell	8	3
MOUTH ORGAN F, by Scherzo (Mr. P. Ainsworth) ..... Ainsworth	8	2
NEAT KNEES (Sir W. Gilbey) ..... T. Cannon	8	2
SASKATOON (Major A. Bonsor) ..... F. Hartigan	8	2
aMONZIE (Mr. Friend) ..... Morris	8	0
aNEVANDA (Mr. J. Mackie) ..... Beedle	8	0
LADY PALATINE c, by Scherzo (Mr. J. E. Cottrell) ..... Gilbert	7	12
D'EYNCOURT (Mr. F. Dennis) ..... Templeman	7	12
CLIVE (Mr. E. E. Wills) ..... Bennett	7	11
aYE OLDE LEATHER BOTTEL (Mr. H. Smyth) ..... H. Smyth	7	11
TANIT BAY (Mr. J. E. Rowson) Douglas-Pennant	7	10
WISSOME WAY (Mr. A. W. Gordon) ..... F. Leader	7	9
aCASTLE MARTIN (Mr. P. W. Carr) ..... Tabor	7	9
aPSALM (M. M. Calmann) ..... Lawson	7	8
aGRAPE FRUIT (Mr. F. B. Barling) ..... Barling	7	6
aBRIDGE OF BATH F, by Sunning (Mr. G. A. Hartigan) ..... M. Hartigan	7	5
GAY PAREE (Sir W. Cooke) ..... Read	7	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CARTOUCHE, P. Fox; AYLESBURY, R. Dick; RUSSET, M. Beary; SILVER LEAF, A. Wragg; GLOW-WORM, J. Brennan; GREENLAND, Bullock; RAVENSDALE, C. Richards; ROSLINA FILLY, E. Smith; SASKATOON, —; MONZIE, F. Herbert; SILVADARE, F. Lane; D'EYNCOURT, —; YE OLDE LEATHER BOTTEL, R. Smyth; CASTLE MARTIN, H. Wragg; PSALM, J. Sirett; GRAPE FRUIT, T. Lowrey; BRIDGE OF BATH FILLY, C. Richards; MISTY CLOUD, —.

3.30.—The OFFCHURCH PLATE (welter handicap) of 200 sovs. Five furlongs and a half.

	Yrs	st	lb
aTUTBURY (Mr. A. M. Melville) ..... Nugent	6	9	5
aQUOTHQUAN (Lord Hamilton of Dalzell) ..... Peacock	3	9	4
FINGLE BRIDGE (Mr. F. T. Hales) ..... W. Nightingall	5	9	3
aPEGASUS (Mrs. Chester Beatty) T. R. Leader	3	9	2
aSWIFT MARTEN (Mr. A. Cochrane) ..... East	5	9	0
aSUSPICION (Mrs. H. E. Beddington) ..... F. Hartigan	5	8	11
aFOURTH FORM (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) ..... Cottrill	4	8	10
QUICKEY'S ONE (Mrs. F. Wallace) ..... J. Beary	4	8	10
aCASTELLANE (Major H. Musker) ..... H. Leader	5	8	3
STICK OUT (10lb. ex.) (Mr. R. L. V. Sherwood) ..... Beedle	3	8	3
HARPAGON (Mr. J. D. Roberts) ..... Poulton	3	8	2
OSCULATOR (Mr. A. E. Berry) ..... M. Hartigan	3	8	2
BELLIGERENT (Lady Zia Wernher) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	3	8	2
DUCKS AND DRAKES (Mr. I. Z. Davis) Thrale	a	7	13
DREAMY TREMOR (Mr. A. Falcon) ..... Bullock	3	7	13
GOLDEN URN (Mr. V. Emanuel) ..... Duller	3	7	12
aFLAMING FLAG (Mr. J. C. Lund) ..E. Parker	5	7	10
LACUNA (Mr. J. Pix) ..... Pix	4	7	9
aSERAGEVO (Mr. D. M. Gant) ..... W. F. Lowe	4	7	8
FACILE PRINCEPS (Mr. M. E. FitzGerald) ..... Douglas-Pennant	5	7	7
aKING'S COLOUR (Mr. A. Douglas-Pennant) ..... Bullock	3	7	7
aLIGHTS OF WESTMINSTER (Mr. P. Home Rigg) ..... Beadall	3	7	7
aMYRON (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ..... R. Dawson	3	7	7
SQUARE BUD (Mr. W. Bailey) ..... Hurt	4	7	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

TUTBURY, W. Wing; FINGLE BRIDGE, R. Dick; PEGASUS, B. Carslake; SWIFT MARTEN, —; SUSPICION, H. Wragg; FOURTH FORM, M. Beary; CASTELLANE, R. Fawcus; DREAMY TREMOR, —; GOLDEN URN, —; FLAMING FLAG, S. Wragg; KING'S COLOUR, C. Richards; LIGHTS OF WESTMINSTER, J. Dines; MYRON, T. Bartlam; DUCKS AND DRAKES, —; SERAGEVO, —. F. Fox rides either Dreamy Tremor or Golden Urn.

HURST PARK RESULTS

1.15 (1.18).—The PETERSHAM SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.: for three-year-olds. One mile and a quarter.

DUNDRAVE, br c, by Thunderer—Girl Joan (Major D. Dixon), 9st. ..... G. Richards 1

LEMONETTA, ch f, by Lemoncera—Canella (Lady Ludlow), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Dick 2

PRARGENT, b f, by Silvern—Praline (Mrs. A. B. Corselius), 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Sirett 3

Boardwalk (Sir A. Butt), 9st. ..... F. Lane 0

Adlon (Mrs. E. Wallace), 9st. ..... M. Beary 0

Lesteford (Lieutenant-Colonel T. Carthew), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Wragg 0

Spanish Admiral (Sir M. McAlpine) 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Wragg 0

Sea Hussar (Mr. J. Brown), 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Richards 0

Megren (Mr. J. Torr), 8st. 4lb. ..... H. Graves 0

(Winner trained by S. Darling, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 2 each agst Dundrave and Boardwalk, 4 to 1 Lemonetta, 5 to 1 Sea Hussar, 8 to 1 Lesteford, 10 to 1 Adlon, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit representa 2s. stake).—Win dividend 3s. 2d.; places, 9d., 5d., 3s. 3d. Total win pool, 9,759 units. Won by half a length; two lengths separated second and third. Boardwalk was fourth and Megren last.

The winner was sold to Mr. W. Maiden for 260 guineas.

1.45 (1.47).—The MITRE SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.: for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

VENTURER, b c, by Prince Galahad—V.A.D. (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 9st. ..... H. Wragg 1

NO OTHER, b g, by Somme Kiss—Yourou (Mr. L. E. Cribbin), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Jones 2

SUN GLORY, gr f, by Golden Sun—Tolucite (Mr. E. Robson), 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Richards 3

Trespador (Mrs. M. A. Gemmell), 9st. ..... M. Beary 0

Lion d'Angers (Princess de Faucigny Lucinge), 9st. ..... R. Perryman 0

Neat Knees (Sir W. Gilbey), 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Sirett 0

Flying Friar (Mr. G. Wellesley) 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Leach 0

Tullymore g, by Ybro (Mr. S. Wootton), 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Richards 0

Noble Artist (Mr. H. T. Rich), 8st. 4lb. ..... K. Gethin 0

Campaigner (Mr. C. J. Ryan), 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Beasley 0

Mamamouchi (Mr. W. D. Ward), 8st. 6lb. ..... H. Willerton 0

Clare House f, by Ellangowan (Mr. J. M. Clayton), 8st. ..... H. Jelliss 0

Spearwood (Mr. E. G. de Mestre), 8st. 6lb. ..... C. C. Ray 0

Torricelli (Mr. J. M. Miss), 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Richards 0

Buzz On f, by Tremola (Mr. J. Rhodes), 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Kirby 0

Bay Bess (Mr. G. Roddick), 8st. 11lb. ..... A. Smirke 0

De Props (Mr. P. Thrale) 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Harman 0

Young Ben (Captain H. P. Holt), 8st. 9lb. ..... L. Tidey 0

(Winner trained by O. Bell, at Lambourn)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Venturer, 100 to 30 Tullymore gelding, 6 to 1 each Sun Glory and Flying Friar, 7 to 1 Lion d'Angers, 8 to 1

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

RUGBY FOOTBALL

OXFORD WIN AT TWICKENHAM

Oxford won a match that they must have been particularly anxious to win when they beat Harlequins at Twickenham on Saturday by a goal, a penalty goal, and a try (11 points) to a goal and a try (8 points).

Oxford won by using the right tactics against a side like Harlequins, not unlike those of Bristol, who were the first to beat Harlequins this season, and through their ability to make their own play suit the conditions. It was encouraging to do what Cambridge had failed to do a month ago, but Harlequins were as unlucky against Oxford as they were lucky against Cambridge. It was bad luck to lose Price early in the game; he may not exert the maximum amount of effort in the scrummage, but, in a match largely fought out by the forwards, the loss of such a clever opportunist may have been serious if not decisive. There also was a badly taken penalty kick in front of the Oxford goal-posts, a kick that really was undesired since McCreight, quite unhampered by the two Oxford forwards who had fallen off-side, was almost on the point of scoring when the whistle blew.

The drizzling rain and poor light made it a day for forwards rather than backs. If the first half seemed dull compared with that in the Cambridge match, that was not altogether the fault of the players, and Oxford cannot be accused of playing the close game to the exclusion of all else. Under cover of a steady forward effort, that seldom gave the opposing pack or the players behind a moment's respite, the Oxford backs, though their passing was often shaky and mistimed, were never afraid to run. If Lamport, who, as an Australian, is not at his best on soft ground, had been a little quicker and had not lobbed his passes to Roberts, that player and the centres might have tested the Harlequin defence much more severely than they did. Oxford, it should be added, did not after all have Mims playing for the first time on the right wing, nor Baiss at right centre, and Adamson was unable to make his first appearance this season at full-back. The Harlequins again were without Hubbard.

McCreight scored the first try, a few minutes after the kick-off, by his best move as a scrum-maze half-back, a quick slip away from the scrummage. McCreight touched down under the posts, and Dunkley made no mistake with the place kick. Oxford played up all the better for this unexpected shock, and from that point onwards the forwards gave their opponents few chances to develop or sustain an attack. Before long, in support of a series of rushes, Cardale took advantage of a misfield by the full-back, and scored in the left-hand corner a try that Henley could hardly be blamed for not converting. Cardale's running has improved with practice on the track, even if he has yet to develop an effective swerve. On Saturday he was no faster than Reve, as usual he was not afraid to challenge criticism by going for the head and shoulders of an opponent in full stride; fortunately for himself he makes few mistakes in getting a firm hold somehow. It was after this try that Price left the field limping.

The only other notable incidents before half-time were a fine run by Laird that was wasted by a bad pass, some excellent rushes by the Oxford forwards that ended in nothing, and one of Cobb's own particular dribbling runs that enabled him unassisted to score a try. All the Oxford passing rushes broke down or were crowded out without great difficulty by men at least as fast as themselves.

Oxford were the stronger pack in the second half, and the Harlequin backs, even when they got the ball, kicked to touch or to the full back. Oxford gained on their opponents' lead by means of a penalty goal, kicked by Henley, and, after Dunkley had missed a much easier chance at the other end of the field, a happy-go-lucky drop-kick by Laird in defence of his own line let in the Oxford forwards, whose leader, *S. J. Hofmeyr, picked up the ball in his stride and scored a magnificent try, which Henley converted.

The teams were:—

HARLEQUINS.—E. S. Waring, back; J. C. Gibbs, J. R. Cole, J. E. Hutton, and J. S. B. Reeve, three-quarter backs; H. C. Laird and C. C. McCreight, half-backs; P. W. Adams, F. F. Prescott, G. B. Coghlan, P. E. Dunkley, H. L. Price, D. H. Duder, and E. A. Hamilton-Hill, forwards.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—J. Rees (St. Andrews, S.A., and University College), back; A. E. Brookes (Hereford and Brasenose), F. C. Alexander (Grahamstown, S.A., and Trinity), S. J. Hart (Strathallan and Brasenose), and C. F. Cardale (Durham and St. Edward Hall), three-quarter backs; W. Roberts (Cardiff High School and Brasenose) and K. N. Lamport (Sydney University and Balliol), half-backs; S. J. Hofmeyr (Cape Town University and University College), W. A. H. Druitt (Edinburgh Academy and Oriel), G. V. Shillito (Taunton and Wadham), W. J. Henley (Otago and New College), R. E. McGibbon (Fettes and Corpus), D. C. Swayne (Bromsgrove and Worcester), P. D. Howard (Mill Hill and Wadham), and A. G. Cridlan (Uppingham and Worcester), forwards.

RESULTS

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP

	Pts.		Pts.
*Cheshire	25	Cumberland	0
*Durham	16	Northumberland	11
Lancashire	16	*Yorkshire	7

OTHER MATCHES

*Blackheath	18	Cambridge University	16
Oxford University	11	*Harlequins	8
*London Scottish	19	Richmond	6
*London Irish	5	Dublin University	0
Bristol	24	*Devonport Services	0
*Leicester	0	Swansea	0
*Newport	6	Gloucester	3
*Northampton	16	Plymouth Albion	6
Catley	14	*United Services (Portsmouth)	0
Bath	13	*Weston-super-Mare	6
*Streatham	12	St. Thomas's Hospital	6
Surbiton	12	*Bedford	6
Westminster Hospital	9	*Port of London Authority	8
Wasps	6	*United Services (Chatham)	0
Exeter	8	*National Provincial Bank	5
*Newbury	14	Winchester	5
Edward	3	*Cotford Bridge	0
Maidstone	15	*Tunbridge Wells	0
R.A.C. (Sandhurst)	12	R.M.C. (Sandhurst)	0
*Esher	9	Standard Bank of South Africa	0
Polytechnic	6	*Centymca	3
*Edware A	6	Live Guards	3
*Lagonda	3	Barclays House	0
*Royal School of Mines	9	Exiles	0
West Herts	14	*Lloyds Bank	6
*Otterley	14	Royal College of Science	8
London Scottish A	14	*Beckenham	8
*Royal Dental and Crimson Cross Hospitals	12	London School of Economics	6
*Chiltern	13	University College Hospital	3
L.C.C.	23	*South American Banks	7
Orpington	10	*Dulwich	3
Toc H	11	*Mid Herts	0
R.T.H (London)	3	*Napier	0
*Westminster Bank	16	United Services (Portsmouth)	9
*Canterbury	6	Army School of Education	3
*Exiles A	22	The Times	0
Siemens	6	*R.A.F. (Kenley)	3
Lensbury	8	*Sutton	5
*Guildford	20	Dorking	6
Surrey Yeomanry	16	*Civil Service A	5
Wembley	17	*Standard Telephones	0
Guy's Hospital A	17	*Wallingham	3
*G.W.R.	3	Kildare	5
*Abbey Rifles A	5	Northern Assurance	0
Cuaco	16	*Westminster Bank Extra A	6
*Wimbledon	8	Lyons Club	0

WELSH RESULTS

	Pts.		Pts.
*Llanelly	6	Bridgend	6
*Neath	3	Skewen	0
Pontypool	10	Penarth	6

OLD BOYS' MATCHES

	Pts.		Pts.
*St. Bartholomew's Hospital	6	Old Cranleighians	3
*Coventry	8	Old Merchant Taylors	0
*Guy's Hospital	12	Old Leysians	3
*Bank of England	12	Old Rossallians	3
Midland Bank	12	*Old Haberdashers	8
*Rosslyn Park	3	Old Millhillians	0
*Old Cottonians	10	London Irish	8
*Woodford	8	Old Etonians	3
*Old Albanians	14	Architectural Association	9
*Old Blues	18	King's College Hospital	5
*Old Paulines	18	Old Dunstonians	0
*Southend	6	Old Latymerians	0
*Harlequins	6	Old Berkhamstedians	6
*Old Reddingensians	11	Sevenoaks	3
*Sevenoaks	14	Old Colfeians	3
*Old Ruthlishan	13	Worthing	0
Old Streetonians	14	*St. John's College, Oxford	0
K.C.S. Old Boys	23	*United Services (Portsmouth)	0
*Old Askeans	7	Old Cheltonians	0
*Old Brightonians	3	*Old Quernians	0
London Hospital A	12	*Old Wimbledonians	3
Old Cateshamians	9	Middlesex Hospital A	0
Old Whitgiftians II	14	Old Johnians (Leatherhead)	4
Old Westcottonians	29	*Ghola Park	0
Old Aldrichians	3	*R.N.C.	5
*Old Brightonians	19	Yeoldey	5

A GREAT GAME AT BLACKHEATH

CAMBRIDGE JUST BEATEN

The oldest enthusiasts among the big crowd at the Rectory Field on Saturday would have to impose a severe tax on their memories in order to recall a more exciting struggle than that in which Blackheath gained a thoroughly well-deserved victory over Cambridge University by three goals and one try (18 points) to two goals and two tries (16 points).

In spite of unfavourable conditions both sides played bright, open football, and, while Blackheath have every reason to congratulate themselves on their improved performance all round, and especially on the way in which their forwards maintained the upper hand throughout, Cambridge, who thrice took the lead only to lose it finally in the last few minutes of the game, have not a great deal with which to reproach themselves. The experience gained—if only the forwards have learned the necessity of exerting themselves to the full from start to finish and of making full use of their undoubted size and weight—should be of considerable use to them. The backs were always dangerous in attack and were liable to turn the tables at any moment when once on the move, though their defence was not altogether above suspicion when they allowed Bishop to find a way through on many occasions. All four three-quarters put in some strong running and Phillips played his usual sound game. Cambridge were without Askew, Smeddle, and Greenwood, but it is doubtful if even Askew and Smeddle could have improved greatly on the respective performances of Parry and Train, who did duty for them. Parry, though not possessing Askew's length of kick, was always in place to field a slippery ball with unfailing accuracy, while Train showed resource and all-round ability in gaining three tries. The absence of Greenwood allowed Duder to make his first appearance in the University side this season.

It was interesting to watch the duel between Pope and Simpson. Both are in the running for their Blues, and, if anything, the honours were with Simpson, especially when it came to defence, though he was inclined to show overeagerness in his successful smothering of his opponent. He and Bishop worked well together, and the latter's eye for an opening stood his side in good stead.

Cambridge opened the scoring early in the game with a try by Train after Tallent had made a good opening. Embleton converted. Blackheath were not long in drawing level, Bishop cutting through before passing to Webber, who scored for Black to covert. On several occasions Bishop had the Cambridge defence guessing, and from a line-out Laing went over unmarked. Black again converted from far out. Tallent and Brook made a good dribble, and the latter, showing skilful control of the ball, touched down. The same player was unsuccessful with the kick, though making a good attempt. Cambridge continued to attack, and a strong burst by Tanner ended in his slipping up with only Radcliffe to pass. They eventually regained their lost lead when Tallent, after running strongly, enabled Train to score. Brook again failed to convert. This advantage was not to be held for long, however, for Simpson, opening up the game well, passed to Webber, who, in turn, transferred to Douty, who was just able to dive over at the corner flag. The angle was too difficult for Black to convert. The position was to undergo yet a further change before half-time, when Train, by means of a judicious punt ahead, touched down for Brook to convert and give their side a lead of three points at half-time.

Play was fast when the second half was begun, first one side attacking and then the other, and at times Black was brought out of the scrummage to lend assistance. The backing on both sides was very keen and withstood the most determined attempts to pierce it. Both Simpson and Radcliffe saved their side on several occasions. Shortly before time Blackheath set up a particularly fierce attack in front of goal, from which Bishop, seizing an opportunity, sent in Webber under the posts, and Black made no mistake with what was to prove the decisive kick. Pope, in a last attempt to snatch a victory, put in a long dribble, but Laing came to the rescue.

The teams were:—

BLACKHEATH.—T. A. Radcliffe, back; H. C. Douty, W. Webber, G. S. Hogton, and T. Preston, three-quarter backs; J. W. Simpson and C. T. Bishop, half-backs; R. H. Black, E. R. Charsley, M. S. Bonventura, H. H. C. Withers, G. Laing, G. S. Wentworth, W. E. Tucker, and A. McIntyre, forwards.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—D. Train (Merchant Taylors and St. Catharine's), back; C. C. Tanner (Cheltenham and Pembroke), C. J. Adams (Radley and Pembroke), J. A. Tallent (Sherborne and Clare), and J. W. Train, three-quarter backs; E. P. Pope (Uppingham and Clare) and J. L. H. Phillips (Weymouth and Christ's), half-backs; J. A. Embleton (St. Paul's and Caius), P. W. P. Brook (Whitgift and Emmanuel), D. M. Marr (Fettes and Caius), G. E. Valentine (Bishop Stortford and St. Catharine's), A. T. Ramsay (Harrow and Pembroke), D. H. Duder (Eastbourne and Caius), T. G. Morton (Bedford and Caius), and R. E. L. Johnston (Christ's College, N.Z., and St. Catharine's), forwards.

LONDON IRISH WIN

A GOOD MATCH IN BAD CONDITIONS

Dublin University were just beaten—a little unfortunately—at Motspur Park on Saturday in the second match of a flying visit, when London Irish pulled an excellent game out of the fire by one goal (5 points) to one try (3 points).

The match started half an hour late. That meant short time, and even then it was so dark towards the end that the three memorable scrummages on the Dublin University line, and the subsequent decisive score, looked more like an early film than anything else. The weather was vile, a strong south-westerly wind blowing across the ground made accurate kicking very difficult, and with it came an almost incessant rain, and that meant a greasy, slippery ball. In such circumstances the football was really good; so good as to make the spectators oblivious of the weather. Both packs worked hard, the heeling of London Irish being just a little the more effective, and after a noticeable lapse halfway through the second period it was the London Irish pack that paved the way for the club's eleventh-hour success.

Dublin University kicked off at 3.30, and until half-time they not only had the better of the play, but looked definitely the superior side. Time and again Stokes and Hannin set their three-quarter backs going in a series of rapid movements, in which the spectators were treated to all the phases of good back play, including selling the dummy and the reverse pass. Apart from all else the mutual understanding and appreciation of position shown by J. F. McNeice, M. Dee, R. McNeilly, and R. Davies were a pleasure to see, and only the fine defence of London Irish kept their line intact.

The second half continued with Dublin University controlling the game, till after 10 minutes play, McNeilly snapped the ball up and scored in an ideal position. The kick, however, failed, a mistake that was to prove costly. London Irish counter-attacked promptly, and from then until eight minutes before "No side" the play fluctuated, but without suggesting what was to come. Suddenly in the gathering gloom London Irish rushed the ball down on to the Dublin line, far out on their left wing. Two scrummages developed into ferocious mauls, and were reset. From all parts of the ground spectators rushed to be in at what was likely to prove the death. It was far too dark to see what actually happened, but suddenly the ball came out to the attack, and a wraith—Hodder—dashed across the goal front, another wraith—Coote—in close attendance. Hodder disappeared in a fog of the defence, but Coote went on and over the line on the other wing, and W. R. Collis, from a difficult angle, kicked what in the circumstances was a magnificent goal. The teams were:—

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY.—P. J. Mollaney, back; J. F. McNeice, M. Dee, R. McNeilly, and R. Davies, three-quarter backs; J. W. Stokes and T. R. Hannin, half-backs; G. Keays, T. S. J. Anderson, R. C. Sexton, St. J. Pike, H. Tighe, J. Hall, D. L. Graham, and A. Anderson, forwards.

LONDON IRISH.—G. M. Ievers, back; T. W. Kinz, G. S. Barry, F. S. Hodder, and D. T. Coote, three-quarter backs; D. C. King and T. A. Savage, half-backs; W. R. Collis, H. E. Anderson, S. McLean, V. Smith, McD. Smith, T. P. Cuss, M. J. McQuaid, and R. Meyler, forwards.

REFEREE.—Dr. G. Stephenson.

SCOTTISH RESULTS

	Pts.		Pts.
*Glasgow Academicals	15	Royal High School F.P.	0
Watsonians	12	*Glasgow High School F.P.	8
*Kelvinside Academicals	9	Edinburgh Institution F.P.	6
*Edinburgh University	19	Aberdeen University	6
Edinburgh Academicals	8	*West of Scotland	3
*Hillhead High School	20	Aberdeen G.S.F.P.	10
*Greenock Wanderers	3	Glasgow University	3
*Hawick	15	Edinburgh Wanderers	3
*Stewarts College F.P.	0	Heriots F.P.	7

* Home team.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

EDINBURGH.—Edinburgh University v. United Hospitals.

CAMBRIDGE.—Cambridge University v. Swansea (2.30).

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP

CHESHIRE BEAT CUMBERLAND

The traditional forward play of the lusty pack, well together and giving no quarter, which has in the past been associated with Cumberland, was lacking on Saturday, when Cumberland journeyed to Birkenhead Park to meet Cheshire. Cheshire won by the convincing score of two goals and five tries (25 points) to three tries (9 points), their advantage being gained in the first quarter of an hour of the match, by which time the score had run to 14 points to nothing in favour of Cheshire. The rapid recovery of Cumberland which then came was maintained for the remainder of play, and made the match from that point an equal and interesting struggle.

The game generally developed for the benefit of the half-backs and three-quarter backs, the forwards rarely attempting any movement on their own behalf, being contented with getting the ball back. Rain had stopped some time before play began, and the weather could not be blamed for the faulty passing of the Cumberland backs when Cheshire experienced no difficulty in taking their passes. The principal weakness in the Cumberland attack, however, was in the absence of understanding between the half-backs. In the first part of the game, when the match was decided, the whole Cumberland back division played as if they were strangers, and each attack was frittered away. Their weakness in defence occurred, fortunately for them, in the centre, where the attack of Cheshire was poor. It was the strong running and vigorous play of the wing men, H. Sever and J. B. Charles, that made the Cheshire attack always look dangerous and gave them the match.

The Cheshire half-backs were well together, and T. C. Knowles kicked with excellent judgment. To open up the game he was generally content to send the ball along to the wings, both of whom were effective. Nevertheless, a greater variety of attack and more resolute running by J. V. Richardson would have kept the Cumberland backs guessing. As it was, their defence could always be concentrated on the wing men, and so they kept the Cheshire score from mounting up. The spoiling of both sides was slow.

Apart from the lack of cooperation, the Cumberland attack was good, both the centre three-quarter backs gaining ground when they had once started on an individual run, but their orthodox movements ended early. Great work was done for Cheshire by H. Shaw, who marked his man and broke up several promising attempts.

Place kicking by both sides was unfortunate, some 15 shots at goal resulting in only two successful kicks, although done by such efficient exponents as S. A. Martindale and J. V. Richardson.

The dull weather and cold wind failed to keep away spectators, of whom some 5,000 turned out, and were rewarded with a brisk and interesting game.

The teams were:—

CHESHIRE.—T. W. Jefferson (Old Birkenheadians), back; H. Sever (Sale), H. Shaw (Sale), J. V. Richardson (Birkenhead Park), and J. B. Charles (Birkenhead Park), three-quarter backs; T. C. Knowles (Birkenhead Park) and O. W. Roberts (Birkenhead Park), half-backs; D. E. Law (captain) (Birkenhead Park), H. Dobson (Sale), R. C. Cullen (Birkenhead Park), W. P. Scott (Sale), C. W. Harris (New Brighton), E. Green (Sale), C. H. Gibson (Birkenhead Park), and F. D. Russell-Roberts (Birkenhead Park), forwards.

CUMBERLAND.—T. E. Reed (Aspatria), back; F. Ribchester (Carlisle), G. Cavaghan (Carlisle), A. W. Thompson (Carlisle), and A. Johnson (Kendal), three-quarter backs; T. Bendall (St. Bees) and G. Wilson (United Services, Devonport), half-backs; A. Young (Workington), S. A. Martindale (Workington), E. Jordan (Workington), M. Holm (Kendal), S. Rose (Carlisle), N. Hewitson (Aspatria), C. Cavaghan (Carlisle), and T. W. Lanson (Workington), forwards.

LANCASHIRE'S VICTORY

Lancashire beat Yorkshire at Halifax by a dropped goal, two penalty goals, and two tries (16 points) to a dropped goal and a penalty goal (7 points). Lancashire owed their victory to the superiority of their forwards, who were more effective in the scrummages and the loose, and also backed up cleverly and tackled the Yorkshire backs keenly.

But for the resolute defence of Yorkshire at the start, Lancashire would have won more easily. They attacked steadily in the first half, and although they failed to score a try they had a lead of 10 points, made up of two penalty goals and a dropped goal, all kicked by Ogden. The Yorkshire backs found few opportunities to make headway behind a beaten pack, and when the ball did come out they failed to do as well as expected. Auty was disappointing, and the best of the three-quarter backs were Novis and Booth on the wings. Lancashire increased their lead soon after the interval when Meikle ran cleverly to score a try. Yorkshire rallied for a while and Bedford kicked a penalty and dropped a goal. Near the end Lancashire had the advantage again. Toft picked up the ball in the loose and ran in for a try.

DURHAM'S VICTORY

For the first time in 11 years Durham beat Northumberland in the County Championship. Their score at South Shields was two goals, a penalty goal, and a try (16 points) to a placed goal and two tries (11 points). Their victory, which was deserved, was due to the enterprise of their three-quarter backs, but the match was very close.

Durham owed much to Brian Aarvold, the Hartlepool centre three-quarter back, whose strong running and pluck constantly worried the opposing defenders. Horsley, of Gosforth, was the only back to play as well as Aarvold in attack, and if he had been better supported he might have turned the fortunes of the game in favour of his county. C. D. Aarvold gave Durham the lead by kicking a penalty goal a few minutes after the start, and before the interval the lead was increased by tries by Gissings and Taylor, one of which Aarvold converted. T. M. Taylor scored a try for Northumberland. Northumberland had as much of the game in the second half, and Bland and Horsley each scored, Hoult converting one of the tries. For Durham, Corner gained a try, which Aarvold converted.

RICHMOND LOSE AGAIN

London Scottish and Richmond played the first of their two annual matches on the Richmond Athletic Ground on Saturday, when London Scottish won rather easily by two goals and three tries (19 points) to one penalty goal and one try (6 points).

The opening play was scrappy, but London Scottish soon went ahead when McLaren passed to Smith, who kicked over Mennim's head and won the race for the touch down. Soon afterwards the ball came along the London Scottish three-quarter line to Macintosh, who dodged four or five men before scoring in the corner. Richmond attacked towards the end of the first half without any result, and at the beginning of the second half London Scottish made sure of the match by adding 13 points to their score in a quarter of an hour. Henderson began the movement which led up to the first score after the interval by cutting through, but his pass to Smith was forward. From the scrummage that followed, however, Maclennan got over, although it appeared that the pass he received was forward. From another scrummage McLaren passed to Henderson, who went right through to score a try that Laugrish converted, and shortly afterwards Henderson again took a pass from McLaren and ran in. His swerve on this occasion was so effective that two opponents who were trying to stop him missed him completely. Smith nearly added another try before Parsons kicked a penalty goal for Richmond, and in the last few minutes Durr scored a try after a forward rush.

The teams were:—

LONDON SCOTTISH.—R. W. Laugrish, back; I. S. Smith, E. M. M. Henderson, A. Geddes, and C. W. Macintosh, three-quarter backs; G. C. Burns and G. McLaren, half-backs; W. S. Roughead, A. F. McLeod, K. M. Wright, R. F. Maclennan, D. H. Simson, D. J. W. Dryburgh, R. S. Walker, and J. C. Miller, forwards.

RICHMOND.—F. Mennim, back; W. A. H. Chapman, W. N. S. Hoare, C. F. M. Green, and J. Wright, three-quarter backs; E. Burgess and R. T. Priest, half-backs; R. T. Howes, D. W. C. Parsons, J. Durr, R. L. Wallace, R. G. S. Hobbs, F. S. Lees, J. H. V. Hall, and E. Lister, forwards.

KENT JUBILEE DINNER

Kent County Rugby Football Union celebrated its Jubilee on Saturday night by a dinner held at Grosvenor House. Vice-Admiral P. Royds was chairman, and there was an attendance of over 200 members and guests, among whom was Mr. W. T. Pearce, who was recently re-elected President of the Rugby Union.

The Chairman read a message from Mr. L. Stokes, who was too unwell to be present. The toast of the Rugby Union was proposed by Mr. J. R. Creasey, honorary treasurer of the R.F.U., and Mr. Pearce in reply appealed to players not to forget that Rugby football could not be played by half-trained men, and that the temptation to ride instead of walk should be resisted. He promised that, even when Twickenham was fully paid for, the funds of the game always would be used in the highest interests of the game.

Mr. A. D. Stoop, President of Surrey R.F.U., proposed the toast of the Kent County Rugby Football Union, and Admiral Royds replied.

DRAWN GAME AT LEICESTER

DISREGARD OF THE LAWS

The match at Leicester on Saturday between Leicester and Swansea was drawn as neither side scored. Yet each had chances, and Swansea the more, but they could not turn any to advantage. The first half of the game was fairly even and each side attacked in turn, though play was in the main confined to midfield. In the second Swansea pressed nearly all the time and Leicester broke away only at intervals, but the end of the game found them attacking more strongly than they had done before but never getting into a position where they seemed likely to score.

Heavy rain with a driving wind to sweep it along had started just about luncheon time and it came down steadily all through the game, at times very heavily. That made passing difficult and accounted for much futile play. Yet it was hardly an excuse for the frequency with which players near the scrummage had recourse to the cross-kick, which is a very empty form of attack. Attack depends first of all on having the ball. To kick or throw it away is to give up the first thing necessary. No player can control the bounce of the ball with much accuracy, and if the cross-kick comes safely to the hands of a colleague that is due more to good fortune than good play. Another prevailing piece of play, which is now common in some clubs and was practised far too often on Saturday, was the fisting of the ball back from the line-out to the players behind. That is another ruse which may succeed at times but only by luck or chance. It is a pity to have it done to death for there is no skill in it and it is the mark of a crude and inexperienced player.

The excessive use of the cross-kick spoiled most attempts which were made at passing during the game, but there was another reason as well, and that was the continuous off-side play. Greenlees, the Leicester half-back, for instance, seldom had a chance to do anything, for he was smothered almost as soon as the ball came into his hands. There was much play of the same character on both sides, notably foot-up, putting the ball crooked into the scrummage, and the failure to play the ball with the foot when tackled. Such practices are becoming far too common in football. One player gets away with it, for the referee does not like to be stopping the game constantly when both sides are at fault. Others, seeing what is going on, soon follow suit. It is high time that more attention was paid to refereeing. The referees should be properly instructed and they should have official decisions to guide them and back up their opinions.

Swansea got away to attack from the kick-off, the ball being carried down the other wing from that which Leicester expected. Greenlees relieved with a fine long kick to touch. Leicester got down to the Swansea line, but Jones ran well on the right wing and soon had play at the other end. He was the strongest player in attack on either side and would have scored in the last minute of the first half but the pass given to let him clean away at half way was forward. There were many free kicks, and Swansea got several in favourable positions. Parker had three shots at goal and generally got the direction, but the ball fell short. Then came one better placed than any of the others and Rees was called on, but his shot was wide. Jones had another fine run and just lost the ball when tackled and thrown on to the corner flag. Manson, Greenlees, and Sweatman all kicked well for Leicester and often brought their side out of danger, but when the ball failed to get into touch Ball was just as effective in sending it back. Swansea forwards too, led mostly by Parker, were more clever with their feet and made many fine rushes, to stem which required all the pluck and skill of the Leicester defence. Sweatman made one long run but then kicked high across, and the forwards who got to the ball were given off-side. Another high kick went well ahead over the line and Morris, playing for Leicester for the first time, just lacked the little bit of speed which might have got him the touchdown. In the second half Swansea pressed much more, but they looked less like scoring than they had in the first half. Their forwards were at their best, but their backs made little headway, and no more chances went the way of Jones. Leicester were kept busy in defence, and once a dropped pass saved them at an anxious moment. Still they rallied well near the end, and their turn to attack came round again and they were having the best of matters when the game ended.

The teams were:—

LEICESTER.—G. Manson, back; D. E. Morris, E. A. Sweatman, R. A. Buckingham, and G. R. White, three-quarter backs; H. D. Greenlees and S. A. Smith, half-backs; D. J. Norman, G. R. Bennett, S. E. Saunders, E. A. K. Weiner, F. G. Coleman, P. S. Carke, A. H. Greenwood, and G. P. C. Vallance, forwards.

SWANSEA.—C. Ball, back; H. Jones, T. A. Hill, I. Rees, and C. Williams, three-quarter backs; W. J. Trew and B. Evans, half-backs; E. Thomas, T. Day, D. R. Prosser, D. Parker, D. Thomas, E. Lonz, W. S. Davies, and W. Davies, forwards.

INTER-BANK MATCH

The Chartered Bank of India beat the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank at Beckenham on Saturday by a goal, a penalty goal, and a try (11 points) to a penalty goal (3 points).

The Hong Kong pack started off with a rush that took play to the visitors' "25," and Mills kicked a penalty goal. This, however, was virtually the end of the Hong Kong attack, and for most of the remainder of the game they were on the defensive. It was unfortunate that Glass had an off day, as both Scott and Houghton were at the top of their form for the Chartered Bank, and were responsible for the scoring of their side's tries, Scott making a good cut through to score under the posts, for T. M. D. Robertson to kick a goal, and for Houghton to score from a forward rush. Play had not been in progress long before T. M. D. Robertson was able to kick a penalty goal, and the Hong Kong pack was temporarily upset by the withdrawal of McGilchrist to replace Matthews, who was injured, but this was counterbalanced when J. Robertson had to leave the field and Moffatt replaced him. Even on the return of Matthews, the Hong Kong pack could not hold their opponents, who had the better ball control and more cohesion in their rushes.

The teams were:—

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANK.—W. A. Grandage, back; F. J. Hebling, R. D. Armstrong, M. D. Scott, and E. A. Matthews, three-quarter backs; B. Carrick Allan and M. A. Glass, half-backs; F. G. L. Clarke, H. Glennie, H. R. McGilchrist, R. W. Mills, G. O. Martin, R. P. Edwards, I. H. Bradford, and P. Wright, forwards.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA.—W. N. Dickson, back; J. H. Macleod, J. Robertson, T. E. Murray, and H. G. Banham, three-quarter backs; J. M. Houghton and J. M. Scott, half-backs; B. Hutton Williams, J. C. MacLennan, E. H. Moffatt, J. E. Etherington, C. M. Pryce, T. M. D. Robertson, S. E. Tear, and B. M. Purser, forwards.

GUY'S HOSPITAL BEAT OLD LEYSIANS

Guy's Hospital beat Old Leysians at Honor Oak Park on Saturday by a goal, a dropped goal, and a try (12 points) to a goal (5 points).

Rain during the morning and intermittent showers while the game was in progress made the ground heavy and the ball greasy, with the result that play was rather scrambling at times. The teams were evenly matched, more particularly during the first half, and Old Leysians led at half-time by 5 points to 3, but after the interval the Hospital were better able to take advantage of the wind.

Old Leysians had a strong wind behind them during the first half and, aided by some judicious kicking on the part of Morel, attacked strongly. The Hospital defence held out, however, and Hogbin and Morgan led several forward rushes. Lewis and Pichardt tried drop kicks at goal, and after the Hospital had pressed for some time Morgan ran in with a try, which Hogbin just failed to convert. Guy's attacked again, but Thompson and Morel tackled splendidly and kept them out. Old Leysians rushed the ball down the field in fine style, Boston, Holloway, and Philp being prominent, and the last named scored a try which Macpherson converted. The Hospital made full use of the wind in the second half, and well-judged kicks to touch gained a great deal of ground for them. The defence of the Old Leysians was excellent, however, and it was some time before Guy's were able to increase their score, Morgan ending a forward rush by obtaining a second try. This time Hogbin converted. The Hospital continued to have rather the better of the play, but Giesen was injured and off the field for a while. On his return he changed places with Thomas, who played centre three-quarter back. Shortly before the end Lewis made another attempt to drop a goal, and on this occasion he was successful.

The teams were:—

GUY'S HOSPITAL.—I. K. Thomas, back; D. E. Ashdown, T. Fichardt, J. E. Giesen, and A. G. Johnson, three-quarter backs; W. H. Lewis and E. J. Eustace, half-backs; R. O. Knight, J. F. O'Shea, L. B. Hilton, I. G. Robin, T. Morgan, J. A. T. Bowlett, G. F. Lashmore, and P. A. F. Hogbin, forwards.

OLD LEYSIANS.—N. H. R. Thompson, back; K. B. Kilner, K. N. Hargreaves, W. S. Green, and G. M. Philp, three-quarter backs; R. D. Holloway and E. M. Boston, half-backs; C. N. S. Boston, T. E. Morel, P. W. K. Holloway, H. S. Hargreaves, J. T. Alliston, D. R. Macpherson, E. L. Lowry, and A. Lomeden, forwards.

SCHOOL MATCHES

RUGBY BEAT UPPINGHAM

Rugby beat Uppingham by a try (3 points) to nothing on Saturday in one of the best matches played in the famous Rugby Close for some years.

Heavy rain before the game, and a drizzle which fell during most of it, made the ball wet and heavy, but both sides passed well in such circumstances.

Rugby owed their success to the vigour of their forwards in the loose and the splendid tackling of their backs. It was not a match in which individuals counted so much as team work, and Rugby, though short of four old colours, played as a team.

The outstanding feature of the match perhaps was the play of the full backs. Thomas was more correct, fielded well, was always in the right place, and found touch always in such a way as to save his forwards. Doxford, on the other hand, showed speed and dash and occasionally opened up the game well, while his fielding was just as safe.

Uppingham were forced to touch down twice in the first 10 minutes, for the Rugby forwards broke away frequently in the loose. Still, Uppingham had the better of the scrummages, so much so that, for most of the first half, they took a scrummage in place of a throw-in from touch. A passing movement by Uppingham brought relief. They came near to scoring, but Thomas tackled Grieve well on the right wing. Lancaster led a rush from halfway, kicked the ball over the line, and Emerson was fast enough to score the only try of the match. Uppingham played up hard until half-time, but the Rugby three-quarter backs marked them closely, and they could make little ground.

The Rugby forwards put plenty of life into their play in the second half, and the Uppingham line was in constant danger. For a time the Uppingham pack were outplayed in the scrummages and in the loose, and then came a period when Uppingham hammered away at their opponents' defence, but it was as sound in the "25" as in midfield. A combined rush brought relief, and Rugby were pressing at the finish.

The teams were:—

RUGBY SCHOOL.—J. H. Thomas, back; E. W. P. Moylan, J. H. Law, K. L. Jackson, and C. A. Emerson, three-quarter backs; J. M. B. Lockhart and G. E. S. Thompson, half-backs; R. C. S. Low, A. C. Baiss, G. D. Lancaster, J. N. Forrest, D. A. Crabbie, K. G. Hann, K. C. Boyd, and C. F. Mihor, forwards.

UPPINGHAM SCHOOL.—E. M. Doxford, back; J. G. Grieve, A. McDermid, G. N. Stephenson, and N. H. Perkins, three-quarter backs; M. C. Lucas and T. A. H. Milton, half-backs; F. R. Marshall, D. K. Milman, F. W. Murray, R. Dale, P. D. Swinstead, D. M. Burze, P. Glover, and P. C. Spencer, forwards.

HAILEYBURY BEAT DULWICH

Haileybury College beat Dulwich College after a very hard match at Dulwich on Saturday by a try (3 points) to nothing.

Haileybury had the advantage in the first half of playing downhill with the wind, and their forwards rushed the ball up to the Dulwich line straight from the kick-off, but Williams cleared well, and a long kick by Bartlett set Dulwich on the attack. The Dulwich forwards made several strong rushes, but one of Greenwood's well-judged kicks found touch near the corner flag, and from the line-out the ball went to Unwin, who scored a try in the corner. Dulwich attacked hard before half-time, but without success.

At the start of the second half Haileybury were nearly in on the Dulwich left wing, and pressed hard on the Dulwich line for 10 minutes. At last Phillips relieved pressure with a fine kick half-way down the field. For the next 20 minutes Haileybury had to defend desperately against attack after attack by the Dulwich backs, usually started by Spencer and Knowland.

The teams were:—

HAILEYBURY COLLEGE.—H. J. Parton, back; S. J. Unwin, A. M. Greenwood, R. C. Ehrke, and A. P. Dissell, three-quarter backs; D. G. Howard and J. D. Nicholls, half-backs; W. E. Cole, J. H. Johnson, N. E. Clark, H. C. Selby, T. J. M. Lowry, J. E. C. Rickman, J. C. Murray, and H. Dace, forwards.

DULWICH COLLEGE.—G. A. L. Williams, back; M. A. Staniforth, H. T. Bartlett, S. C. Griffith, and G. A. Boon, three-quarter backs; J. F. R. Phillips, five-eighths; H. Greenwood and R. J. Spencer, half

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

ARSENAL WIN AT SHEFFIELD

LAMBERT'S TWO GOALS

Arsenal, the Cup-holders and the leaders in the League Championship, met Sheffield Wednesday, the champions, who before the match were second in the table, at Sheffield on Saturday and beat them by two goals to one.

A draw would have been a fairer result—indeed, it is easy to sympathize with those members of the crowd who considered that Sheffield Wednesday should have got not one point out of the match, but two. They did two-thirds of the attacking and their whole play showed that method and co-ordination which are to be expected from a team which has had as fine a record as Sheffield's during the last two years. It seems unfair to blame one man for the defeat of a side, especially when that man played football that was good enough in itself, but the fact remains that if Leach had watched Lambert as carefully as Roberts watched Ball, Sheffield would not have been beaten. Lambert is a most dangerous man to leave alone, not only because his strength and his high, raking stride make him difficult to knock off the ball, but because he is exceptionally fast for a man of his build and, although this does not seem generally recognized, clever and neat at bringing a bouncing ball under control and getting quickly off the mark. He had, roughly speaking, four more or less even chances of scoring, took two of them, and won the match. He did not get much help from his wings, Williams and Bastin, who both had an off-day, but he did have James, who seemed early in the match to have made up his mind that Lambert was the man to be persevered with, and it was from one of the many beautifully judged passes James gave him that Lambert scored the first goal.

Rain was falling when the teams came out, but there was a crowd of over 40,000 present. Sheffield went away with a rush, and, keeping up the pressure, they scored after 13 minutes' play. Burgess, shooting from some 25 yards out, drove the ball against the side-post, from whence it rebounded to Ball, who had no difficulty in placing it into the net. The next 20 minutes saw Sheffield persistently in their opponents' half of the field, but some sound goalkeeping by Harper, who, however, once nearly gave away a goal in pushing out a shot of Hooper's, the tackling of Parker and Hapgood, and the success with which Roberts shadowed Hall, prevented Sheffield from going farther ahead. Gradually Arsenal began to have their fair share of the game, and 15 minutes from half-time they equalized cleverly. James, whose knowledge of the right time to hold on to the ball and the right moment to get rid of it are the most conspicuous virtues of his football, pushed the ball forward to Lambert after he had got the defence divided and uncertain, and Lambert rushed his way through and beat Brown from very short range. The football rather fell away in excitement after that, and half-time came without any further score.

The second half began with a prolonged, concentrated Sheffield attack which, with a little fortune and a little steadier shooting, must have resulted in a goal. A wing-to-wing pass from Rimmer to Hooper led to Hooper shooting over, and a little later the same player sent the ball a foot over the bar after a corner. A free-kick taken close in by Wilson gave Rimmer a chance, but his shot went straight to Harper, and then came an incident which seemed certain to give Arsenal a goal. Bastin was tripped in the penalty area, but, taking the kick himself, he drove the ball wide and Sheffield were saved. After this it seemed likely that the game would end in a draw. A great pace had been kept up, but the trying conditions were beginning to tell, and with both lines of forwards moving more slowly and uncertainly, it was reasonable to suppose that the defences which, on the whole, had had the better of the argument, would prevail to the end. It was not to be, however, for five minutes from the finish a breakaway on the Arsenal left wing caught the Sheffield defence by surprise and Bastin's pass gave Lambert the chance to run between the backs and, from the position of inside-left, to shoot past Brown. Sheffield fought desperately in the little time left, but they could not get the equalising goal that their play had richly earned.

The teams were:

SHEFFIELD WEDNESDAY.—Brown, goal; Walker and Blenkinsop, backs; Strange, Leach, and Wilson, half-backs; Hooper, Seed, Ball, Burgess, and Rimmer, forwards.

ARSENAL.—Harper, goal; Parker and Hapgood, backs; Roberts, Lambert, and Kelly; Williams, Jack, Lambert, Jenens, and Bastin, forwards.

EVERTON'S STRONG FINISH

MILLWALL LOSE THEIR LEAD

Everton strengthened their position as leaders of the Second Division of the League by beating Millwall on Saturday at New Cross by three goals to one.

The points were not easily secured, and when Millwall took the lead early in the second half there seemed to be a reasonable chance that the visitors would sustain their first defeat away from home this season. A rather lucky equalizing goal gave Everton the confidence in the closing stages to take command of the game and win it.

The clubs had not previously met in a League match. In the 1902-03 season they were drawn together in a cup-tie and on the old East Ferry-road ground Millwall scored the only goal of the game.

The football in the first half on Saturday was of a fast, bustling kind, which did not suit Everton. Drizzling rain, heavy turf, and a greasy ball were against accurate play, but the Millwall tactics were a greater influence in preventing the development of the type of movement expected from an Everton side. The home team were not brilliant; they had no definite ideas of combination and mis-kicks were numerous. What disconcerted Everton was the dash and eagerness of the home half-backs and forwards, coupled with hard tackling and a strong defence. There was no score before the interval, and neither goalkeeper had to save a really difficult shot. While Millwall were successful in cramping their opponents, and particularly in blotting out Dean, their own forwards were seldom together and the shooting was poor. The ball might with advantage have been put up the middle more frequently as Cresswell and Williams came to rely on a swing out to the wing forwards that was almost unvaried. Just before half-time was called Yuill was penalized for carrying the ball more than the regulation number of paces, and there was a rare scramble on the goal line, but nothing came of it.

Two minutes after the interval Millwall scored. Wadsworth on the right wing put the ball nicely across. Cock might have tried a shot, but saw that Forsyth was better placed and accordingly gave a pass from which the inside-left forward easily beat Coggins. Against a defence less sound and experienced Millwall might in the next five minutes have had made sure of a victory. Everton, however, stood firm while the exuberance lasted and then set out to pull the game round. The pressure of their forward line steadily became more persistent and, eventually, after Yuill had saved several shots from close range, he was taken unawares when Dunn, with his back to the goal, hooked the ball just under the crossbar.

Seven minutes later Everton drew ahead as a result of a decision which displeased the crowd. Dean had tried a drive, which went wide of the post, but to which Yuill made a leap. The referee awarded a corner and the goalkeeper and the spectators behind the goal were sure the ball had not been touched after it left Dean's foot. As Stein scored from the kick the Millwall supporters were noisy in their demonstration of disapproval. From this point to the end the superiority of Everton was never in doubt. Half-backs and forwards had the Millwall defence guessing and 10 minutes from the end Yuill got into difficulties during a bombardment and Wilkinson put the ball into the net as he pleased.

For two-thirds of the match Everton as League leaders failed to play to their reputation. The fact that they lasted better than Millwall in a strenuously contested struggle and finished by playing the game as they wished suggested that they will not spend more than one season in the Second Division.

The teams were:

MILLWALL.—Yuill, goal; Mercer and Pope, backs; Newman, Cresswell, and Martin, half-backs; Wadsworth, Teasdale, Cock, Forsyth, and Fenton, forwards.

EVERTON.—Coggins, goal; Williams and Cresswell, backs; Britton, Griffiths, and Thomson, half-backs; Wilkinson, Dean, Dunn, Johnson, and Stein, forwards.

CHELSEA'S VICTORY

A STRONG DEFENCE

Chelsea beat Manchester City at Stamford Bridge on Saturday by two goals to none. A goal was scored in each half—the first by Gallacher and the second by Cheyne.

The game represented a contrast between two styles of play. Chelsea played the more scientific football. They kept the ball as low as possible and more often than not their passes were of the short, crisp kind that is usually associated with Scottish football. Manchester City, on the other hand, favoured the open Cup-tie game. They kicked the ball hard and every man travelled at top speed in order to get into position. In this respect they were the faster team, but it is very doubtful whether, in a true football sense, they were the faster. The weather was more suited to Chelsea's style of play. Manchester City's game depends somewhat for its success on mistakes made by their opponents' defence. Of course, on a greasy surface such as that of Saturday, miskicks and mistimings were to be expected. It was the Manchester team, however, that were more likely to do this. Only once during the game did a Chelsea back miss his kick. Donald was guilty of this in the first half, and the occasion was one of the few on which Manchester City forwards looked dangerous.

There was some doubt about the legality of Gallacher's goal. When the ball was passed to Jackson the Manchester City players and the linesman thought he was offside. Jackson centred and Gallacher unconcernedly kicked the ball into the goal. There was, however, no doubt about the superiority of the Chelsea team at this stage. Manchester City were seldom dangerous. Their best movement came from their left wing. Brook centred along the ground and Tait allowed the ball to pass through his legs, which movement completely misled the Chelsea defence. Race was left with an open goal, but he shot weakly over the bar. Rodger, Odell, Furguson, and Donald were defending very well, while Crawford, Wilson, and Jackson were also prominent with clever work. Cheyne, too, was showing great improvement on his form of this season. Gathering the ball just over the half-way line, with a magnificent dribble and swerve he outwitted the opposing defence. His shot, a hard accurate one, was well saved by Barber. The latter also saved a wonderful shot by Wilson, who drove the ball from about 15 yards range through a crowd of players. The ball was travelling low and hard towards the corner. Barber's save was one of the best things of the match. The Manchester goalkeeper gave a polished display throughout the game despite an early injury.

The other outstanding man in the Manchester team was Cowan. Unlike most modern centre half-backs, he did not solely play a third back's game. He found time not only to subdue Gallacher, but to feed his own forwards with accurate ground passes.

The second half was not so eventful as the first. Manchester fought desperately hard to equalize, but the Chelsea defence was equal to all demands made upon it. Only once did they deserve to score. Cowan obtained the ball in mid-field and after a fine dribble passed to his right half-back, Barrass. The latter promptly shot and had the mortification of seeing the ball strike the cross-bar with Millington beaten. Millington, in distinction to Barber, had an easy afternoon. The game fizzled out with Manchester still unsuccessfully striving hard and Chelsea apparently content with their two goals lead.

The teams were:—

CHELSEA.—Millington, goal; Odell and Donald, backs; Bishop, Rodger, and Furguson, half-backs; Jackson, Cheyne, Gallacher, Wilson, and Crawford, forwards.

MANCHESTER CITY.—Barber, goal; Ridler and Felton, backs; Barrass, Cowan, and Bray, half-backs; Austin, Marshall, Tait, Race, and Brook, forwards.

LEAGUE NOTES

The leaders in the three divisions of the League all strengthened their positions on Saturday and all were playing away from home. Arsenal won the finest victory of all at Hillsborough where they beat Sheffield Wednesday, who have been League Champions for the past two seasons, by the odd goal in three, and they are now three points ahead of their nearest rivals.

There were two other notable victories away from home, and in both cases the scores were large and unexpected. Derby County beat Aston Villa, who lost their goalkeeper early in the game, at Villa Park by six goals to four, and Portsmouth beat Newcastle United by seven goals to four at Newcastle. Five of the other matches in the First Division were drawn. Everton won rather easily against Millwall at New Cross, while Burnley were beaten by Port Vale at Burnley, and though they attacked repeatedly Port Vale's defence was sound and safe. Preston North End also were beaten on their own ground by West Bromwich Albion, whose forwards played with great skill and enterprise. Notts County won at Torquay by four goals to one, Keetley scoring three times. Torquay United were rather upset by injuries during the game. Northampton Town could only draw with Clapton Orient.

In the Scottish League Motherwell were again beaten and Heart of Midlothian scored five goals against them. As Celtic could only draw their match Partick Thistle are now in the first place.

CLAPTON ORIENT TO PLAY AT WEMBLEY

The Clapton Orient directors have received the permission of the Management Committee of the Football League to play next Saturday's Third Division match with Brentford on the Wembley Stadium ground. All necessary arrangements for so doing have been made.

CORINTHIANS' BIG SCORE

AN EVEN FIRST HALF

The Corinthians beat the Yorkshire Amateurs at Bracken Edge, Leeds, on Saturday by seven goals to one.

The winners were superior in all departments and thoroughly deserved their success, but the large margin of their victory does not altogether represent the run of the play. Up to half-time play was fairly even and a score then of 2—1 in favour of the Corinthians was a fair reflection of the merits of the two sides. There was a moment after the interval when, if a splendid shot from Craven had entered the Corinthian goal instead of hitting the post, the result of the match might have been different. Having survived this moment, however, the Corinthians settled down to play beautiful football and added five goals to their score.

The game was played at a great pace on a somewhat rough surface which made ball-control difficult, and, considering the conditions, the standard of football was very high. From the kick-off the Yorkshire Amateurs attacked and Howard Baker had to save twice, though he did so without much difficulty. After 10 minutes Hegan got away, and from his centre Robins scored with a good first-time shot. Doggart hit the cross-bar and then Kingsley scored a second goal for the Corinthians. Woodcock put the ball through to Pearse, who got clean away and had no difficulty in beating Howard Baker from close range. After the interval and during a sustained attack by the Yorkshire Amateurs, Neal put across a good centre from which Craven sent in a shot which deserved to score. The ball struck the goalpost, however, and rebounded into play. After this the Corinthians had matters their own way. Doggart scored three of the remaining five goals; one good one with his head from a corner by Robins; and Hegan, who had come in to inside-left, the other two.

The teams were:—

YORKSHIRE AMATEURS.—W. Tarrell, goal; G. Roylance and J. Woodcock, backs; G. Hobson, L. Ibbetson, and H. Lee, half-backs; C. Neal, E. Joyce, D. Pearse, H. Craven, and C. Fox, forwards.

CORINTHIANS.—B. Howard Baker, goal; A. E. Knight and C. T. Ashton, backs; J. Harmon, H. H. Stein, and A. T. Barber, half-backs; R. W. V. Robins, F. G. T. Kingsley, W. S. Parker, A. G. Doggart, and K. E. Hegan, forwards.

OLD MALVERNIANS BEAT R.M.C.

The Old Malvernians beat the Royal Military College at Sandhurst on Saturday by six goals to one. The visitors were superior all through the game and dominated the play.

The teams were:—

OLD MALVERNIANS.—D. H. Mears, goal; A. F. Godfrey and K. T. James, backs; G. L. Walker, C. Gifford, and J. C. Thistleton-Smith, half-backs; C. Mann, C. Topham, J. W. Greenstock, H. C. D. Abrams, and C. E. Acheson-Gray, forwards.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.—J. T. Esmale (King Edward VII., Melton Mowbray), goal; D. N. Henderson (Repton) and W. H. Jackson (Marlaston College School), backs; J. H. Blyth (City of Norwich), J. J. Packard (Leamington secondary), and K. Muir (Malvern), half-backs; G. S. Morgan (Great Yarmouth Grammar School), W. H. Summers (Hymer's), T. S. Taylor (Nairn), G. F. Watson Smyth (Bradfield) (captain), and D. G. E. Atkinson (Bradfield), forwards.

RESULTS AND TABLES

AMATEUR INTERNATIONAL MATCH

	Goals		Goals
*IRELAND (Miller 3)	3	ENGLAND (Gibbins)	1

LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

	Goals		Goals
ARSENAL (Lambert 2)	2	*SHEFFIELD WEDNESDAY (Ball)	1
*BOLTON WANDERERS (Gibson, Cook)	2	SUNDERLAND (Gurney, Connor)	2
*CHELSEA (Gallacher, Cheyne)	2	MANCHESTER CITY	0
DERBY COUNTY (Crooks 2, McIntyre, Bowers, Stephenson, Randall)	6	*ASTON VILLA (Houghton 2, Talbot, Waring)	4
*GRIMSBY TOWN (Marshall, Bestall)		BLACKBURN ROVERS	0
*HUDDERSFIELD TOWN (Lewis)	1	SHEFFIELD UNITED (Tunstall)	1
*LIVERPOOL (Smith 2, Black, own goal)	3	LEICESTER CITY (Lochhead)	1
*MANCHESTER UNITED	0	BLACKPOOL	0
*MIDDLESBROUGH (Pease)	1	BIRMINGHAM (Curtis)	1
PORTSMOUTH (Easson 2, Weddle 2, J. Smith 2, Cook)	7	*NEWCASTLE UNITED (Lindsay 2, Devine, Wilkinson)	4
*WEST HAM UNITED (Norris)	1	LEEDS UNITED (Wainscoat)	1

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Arsenal	15	10	4	1	42	22	24
Derby County	15	8	5	2	38	24	21
Portsmouth	15	8	5	2	37	25	21
Sheffield Wednesday	15	8	5	2	31	20	21
Aston Villa	15	8	3	4	42	31	19
Huddersfield Town	15	6	6	3	35	26	18
West Ham United	15	7	4	4	38	31	18
Leicester City	15	8	2	5	37	35	18
Liverpool	14	7	2	5	33	30	16
Chelsea	15	6	3	6	29	21	15
Sheffield United	15	4	7	4	26	24	15
Middlesbrough	15	5	4	6	25	33	14
Birmingham	15	3	7	5	24	25	13
Newcastle United	15	5	3	7	32	36	13
Manchester City	15	5	3	7	24	30	13
Blackpool	15	5	4	7	27	40	12
Grimsby Town	15	5	1	9	27	25	11
Blackburn Rovers	15	4	3	8	29	31	11
Bolton Wanderers	14	4	3	7	20	29	11
Sunderland	15	5	1	9	27	40	11
Leeds United	15	2	2	9	31	36	10
Manchester United	15	1	1	13	20	54	3

SECOND DIVISION

	Goals		Goals
*BRADFORD (McLean 3, Rhodes, Davis)	5	BRISTOL CITY (Elliott, Townrow)	2
PORT VALE (Fishwick 2)	2	*BURNLEY (Mantle)	1
EVERTON (Dunn, Stein, Wilkinson)	3	*MILLWALL (Forsyth)	1
*NOTTINGHAM FOREST (Dent)	1	PLYMOUTH ARGYLE (Black)	1
*OLDHAM ATHLETIC (Hasson 2, Worrall)	3	BURY (Hope, Amos)	2
WEST BROMWICH ALBION (Wood, Cookson, Sandford)	3	*PRESTON NORTH END (Nisbet, Bargh)	2
*READING (Bacon 2)	2	CHARLTON ATHLETIC	0
*SOUTHAMPTON (Arnold 2, Fraser 2)	4	BRADFORD CITY (Partridge)	
*STOKE CITY (Liddle)	1	CARDIFF CITY	0
*TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR (Lyons)	1	SWANSEA TOWN (Williams)	1
*WOLVERHAMPTON WANDERERS (Deacon, Hartill)	2	BARNSLEY	0

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Everton	15	11	3	1	43	17	25
West Bromwich Albion	15	9	3	3	31	18	21
Preston North End	15	9	3	3	40	25	21
Burnley	15	8	4	3	38	30	20
Tottenham Hotspur	15	8	2	5	35	22	18
Port Vale	15	8	2	5	35	24	18
Wolverhampton Wanderers	15	7	0	6	36	25	18
Bury	15	8	1	6	34	29	17
Stoke City	15	7	3	5	34	21	17
Southampton	15	6	5	4	19	18	17
Bradford	15	6	3	6	30	33	15
Oldham Athletic	15	7	1	7	24	26	15
Bristol City	15	6	2	7	30	31	14
Nottingham Forest	15	5	4	6	20	28	14
Swansea Town	15	5	4	6	20	28	13
Bradford City	15	5	2	8	17	29	12
Cardiff City	16	4	3	9	24	30	11
Millwall	15	5	0	10	28	35	10
Barnsley	14	4	2	7	12	22	10
Charlton Athletic	15	4	2	9	21	37	10
Plymouth Argyle	15	3	2	10	19	31	8
Reading	15	3	1	11	14	44	7

THIRD DIVISION SOUTHERN SECTION

	Goals		Goals
*BRENTFORD (Berry, J. Lane, Blakemore 2)	3	THAMES (Warner)	1
*BRIGHTON AND HOVE ALBION (Smith)	1	WATFORD	0
*BRISTOL ROVERS (Young)	1	COVENTRY CITY	0
*CRYSTAL PALACE (Butler 2)	2	NORWICH CITY (Peed)	1
*EXETER CITY (Arnfield, Vare, Broughton, Lister)	4	BOURNEMOUTH AND BOSCOMBE ATHLETIC (Eyre)	1
SWINDON TOWN (Munnings)	1	*GILLINGHAM	0
*LUTON TOWN	0	WALSALL	0
FULHAM (Pens. Price, Hammond)	2	*NEWPORT COUNTY (Pearce)	1
*NORTHAMPTON TOWN	0	CLAPTON ORIENT	0
*SOUTHEND UNITED (Jones, Shanley)	2	QUEEN'S PARK RANGERS	0
NOTTS COUNTY (Andrews, Keetley 3)	4	*TORQUAY UNITED (Hutchinson)	1

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts
Notts County	16	12	4	0	47	16	28
Northampton Town	15	9	4	2	23	6	22
Brentford	16	8	4	4	37	26	20
Crystal Palace	15	8	3	4	40	31	19
Fulham	15	8	3	4	28	28	19
Torquay United	16	8	2	6	40	33	18
Bristol Rovers	15	7	3	5	33	24	18
Brighton and Hove Albion	16	6	6	4	22	21	18
Exeter City	16	6	5	5	30	31	17
Bournemouth and Boscombe Athletic	15	6	4	5	29	29	16
Swindon Town	16	7	2	7	32	32	16
Luton Town	16	5	5	6	23	28	15
Gillingham	15	5	4	6	27	21	14
Watford	15	6	2	7	26	26	14
Bristol Rovers	16	5	4	7	27	31	14
Coventry City	15	5	3	7	27	25	13
Clapton Orient	15	4	4	7	24	29	12
Queen's Park Rangers	15	5	1	9	27	30	11
Norwich City	15	3	4	8	18	30	10
Walsall	15	3	2	10	17	40	8
Newport County	15	3	2	10	27	44	8
Thames	15	3	2	10	17	41	8

NORTHERN SECTION

	Goals		Goals
*ACCRINGTON STANLEY (Riley, Broome)	2	GATESHEAD (McNaughton)	1
*BARROW (Miller 2, Briggs, Parker)	4	NEW BRIGHTON (Morrison)	1
*CARLISLE UNITED (Aynes, Hutchison 2, Sharp, McConnell, Watson)	6	WIGAN BOROUGH (Welsby)	1
*CHESTERFIELD (Bell 2, Lee, Pynegar 4)	7	HALIFAX TOWN	0
HULL CITY (Davin, Alexander 3)	4	*CREWE ALEXANDRA (French, Owen, Millington)	3
DONCASTER ROVERS (Gladwin, Bott 3, Smith)	5	*ROCHDALE (Lewis 3)	3
DARLINGTON (Wellocks, Cowan)	2	*ROTHERHAM UNITED	0
*SOUTHPORT (Holmes, McConnell)	2	STOCKPORT COUNTY	0
*TRANMERE ROVERS (Dixon 2, Watts 3)	5	HARTLEPOOLS UNITED (Waller 2, Thayne, Pedwell)	4
*WREXHAM (Maidment 2)	2	LINCOLN CITY (Maidment, Kitching)	2
*YORK CITY (J. Kelly, Ellis, D. Kelly)	3	NELSON	0

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Lincoln City	15	11	2	2	34	14	24
Tranmere Rovers	15	10	2	3	47	20	22
Chesterfield	15	9	3	3	33	19	21
Hull City	15	9	3	3	34	21	21
Wrexham	15	9	3	3	38	19	21
Stockport County	15	9	2	4	30	22	20
Wigan Borough	14	9	1	4	28	22	19
Carlisle United	15	9	0	6	35	21	18
Rotherham United	15	6	3	6	34	31	15
York City	15	7	1	7	30	29	15
Gateshead	15	5	5	5	21	22	15
Southport	15	6	2	7	25	25	14
Accrington Stanley	16	6	2	8	32	40	14
Darlington	15	5	3	7	27	24	13
Halifax Town	15	5	3	7	15	30	13
Rochdale	15	5	2	8	35	44	12
Crewe Alexandra	15	6	0	9	27	30	12
Doncaster Rovers	15	4	3	8	26	27	11
Hartlepools United	14	4	1	9	24	30	9
Barrow	15	3	3	10	17	39	9
New Brighton	16	2	3	10	12	34	7
Nelson	15	2	2	11	20	38	6

SCOTTISH LEAGUE

*ABERDEEN (Merrie 4, McDermid)	7	HIBERNIANS	0
*AIRDRIEONIANS (Bertram, Muir)	2	DUNDEE	0
FALKIRK (Dyet)	1	*CLYDE	0
*COWDENBEATH (Higgins)	1	CELTIC (Wilson)	1
*HEART OF MIDLOTHIAN (Meade 2, Battles 3)	5	MOTHERWELL (Murdoch)	1
*KILMARNOCK (Wales 4, Connell)	5	EAST FIFE (McCurley)	1
*LEITH ATHLETIC (Marshall)	1	AYR UNITED (Hart)	1
*MORTON (McRorie)	1	HAMILTON ACADEMICALS	0
*PARTICK THISTLE (Simpson, Hunter)	2	ST. MIRREN (Rankine)	1
RANGERS (Marshall 2)	2	*QUEEN'S PARK	0

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts
Partick Thistle	15	11			41	18	23
Celtic	15	9	4	1	41	17	22
Rangers	14	9	3	2	30	13	21
Motherwell	15	8	5	2	30	23	21
Dundee	15	10	1	4	34	23	21
Cowdenbeath	15	9	2	4	22	18	20
Heart of Midlothian	15	8	2	5	33	25	18
Hamilton Academicals	15	7	3	5	24	18	17
Morton	14	8	1	5	33	28	17
St. Mirren	16	6	3	5	30	18	15
Aberdeen	16	7	1	8	27	25	15
Airdrieonians	15	6	2	7	22	32	14
Clyde	15	5	3	7	22	26	13
Kilmarnock	15	5	3	7	24	35	13
Falkirk	14	5	1	8	26	36	11
Queen's Park	15	3	3	9	21	31	9
Leith Athletic	15	2	5	8	17	28	9
Hibernians	14	3	2	9	20	40	8
Ayr United	14	1	4	9	17	38	6
East Fife	15	1	1	13	17	53	3

The asterisk indicates the team on whose ground the match was played and the names in parentheses are of the players who scored the goals.

INTERNATIONAL MATCH

ENGLAND BEATEN

Ireland beat England at Cliftonville, Belfast, by three goals to one, and might have won more easily if their forwards had made the most of their opportunities.

It was the first time Ireland had won since 1912. England gave a disappointing display. Jones, McMahon, and Morton, the Irish half-backs, prevented the English forwards from settling down. Warnes made many good runs down the wing, and Burns and Beswick played cleverly, but there was no proper understanding and the combination was poor. Gibbins was closely marked by McMahon, and could do little, though he scored the only goal for England. The Irish forwards, on the other hand, moved quickly, kept well together, and were often too good for Gates and Gregory. Their shooting was not so good, and they often shot wide or straight at Tewkesbury.

After an indifferent start, Tewkesbury saved well, and could not be blamed for any of the goals scored against him. For a time neither side could make headway, but Ireland gradually asserted their superiority, and Miller was unfortunate in hitting the post after beating several players. With a fast low shot Gibbins forced Gardiner to save at full length, but the attacks of the English forwards were short and seldom dangerous. Towards half-time Ireland tried hard to gain the lead, and Tewkesbury had to clear shots from all sides. England defended stoutly. After half an hour Miller scored after clever play by McMahon and Bermingham.

Ireland again pressed strongly in the second half, but the English half-backs, especially Whewell, were playing much better, and the play went in their favour for a time. Warnes tested Gardiner with a good shot. The Irish forwards gradually wore down the English defence, and Miller scored his second goal from a pass by Jones. Almost immediately Miller scored again after good play by McCaw. In the last 20 minutes play became scrappy. Gibbins raised the hopes of England by heading a goal from a centre by Peploe. Warnes sent in a fierce shot, which Gardiner did well to clear.

The teams were:—

IRELAND.—A. Gardiner (Cliftonville), goal; J. R. Sinton (Cliftonville), and R. P. Fulton (Belfast Celtic), backs; J. Jones (Linfield), J. McMahon (captain) (Bohemians), and A. Morton (Bohemians), half-backs; J. Bermingham (Bohemians), A. Horlacher (Bohemians), J. Miller (Cliftonville), J. Doherty (Ards), and H. H. McCaw (Cliftonville), forwards.

ENGLAND.—K. C. Tewkesbury (Birmingham University), goal; F. J. Gregory (Wimbledon) and E. H. Gates (London Caledonians), backs; C. Murray (Dulwich Hamlet), W. T. Whewell (captain) (Corinthians), and P. Anderson (Crittals Athletic), half-backs; W. H. Warnes (Woking), J. C. Burns (Queen's Park Rangers), W. T. Gibbins (West Ham United), R. C. Beswick (Enfield), and G. Peploe (Ilford), forwards.

OXFORD CITY BEAT THE UNIVERSITY

Oxford City beat Oxford University on Saturday by six goals to four, this being the University's eighth defeat in succession. However, the forwards scored as many goals as they had done in their previous eight matches, and, as the defence was largely disorganized through injuries to W. B. Goulding, A. D. Farrow, W. H. Bradshaw, and J. L. T. Guise, the defeat can scarcely fail to give the University some encouragement.

The attack, which had been reconstructed for the match against the Navy, had again to undergo alterations as Yemm was not fit and Turner had dislocated his collar-bone. The first half was very even, and the improved shooting of the University forwards was a welcome feature. Raikes shot a goal from half-back and Jones added to the lead for the University, who crossed over with a two-goal advantage. Their defence had been given an anxious time, but Morgan kept a close watch on the City inside forwards and Ricketts gave a masterly exhibition of goalkeeping. When the second half began it was noticed that the City had rearranged their forward line, and this brought about a remarkable improvement. They were quicker than the University to realize that in a heavy rain and bad light the defences were likely to be heavily handicapped, and that the one way to make their position almost hopeless was to keep the ball going from wing to wing. These tactics quickly brought the City three goals, shot by Holton (two) and Richardson. Then for a time the University improved and Jones made the scores equal, but the City added three more goals in about five minutes through Holton, Neate, and Guilfoyle to make the result certain, although just before the finish Haselwood scored for the University.

The University forwards showed much more dash and better shooting than usual, and it is not unfair to assume that if the defence had been at full strength it would not have given away so many goals. No blame can be attached to Ricketts, who had little chance in the second half. His fine goalkeeping before the interval had much to do with the University's holding the lead for half the game.

The teams were:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—G. R. M. Ricketts (Winchester and Hertford), goal; H. J. Linnell (St. Lawrence and Trinity), and A. J. Young (Wingfield and Trinity), backs; C. D. A. Pullan (Malvern and Trinity), J. B. Morgan (Wolverhampton and Jesus), and D. L. G. Raikes (Shrewsbury and Queen's), half-backs; H. J. Wright (Aldenham and St. John's), A. S. J. Haselwood (Shrewsbury and Brasenose), G. S. Jones (King's School, Chester, and St. Catherine's), G. L. Ansell (Steyning Grammar School and Jesus), and H. V. Benest (Victoria College, Jersey, and Jesus), forwards.

OXFORD CITY.—W. Allison, goal; G. Arlett and J. Venner, backs; A. Rondall, F. Arnold, and C. Townsend, half-backs; R. C. Richardson, R. Smith, J. Guilfoyle, and T. Neate, forwards.

AMATEUR RESULTS

F.A. CUP.—QUALIFYING COMPETITION
FOURTH ROUND

	Goals		Goals
GUILDFORD CITY	3	*HAMPSTEAD	2
DULWICH HAMLET	4	*LONDON CALEDONIANS	2
ALDERSHOT	2	*LEYTON	1
*KINGSTONIAN	2	BARNET	1
		ALDERSHOT TRACTION CO.	0
*WALTHAMSTOW AVENUE	15	*CORINTHIANS	0
WIMBLEDON	2	*NUNHEAD	0

F.A. AMATEUR CUP.—QUALIFYING COMPETITION
THIRD ROUND

	Goals		Goals
*AYLESBURY UNITED	4	NORTHAMPTON NOMADS	3
REPLAYED TIES			
*EPSOM TOWN	5	MITCHAM WANDERERS	1
*GREAT YARMOUTH	3	IPSWICH TOWN	2
*MAIDENHEAD UNITED	2	MARLOW	0

LONDON SENIOR CUP

*CLAPTON	3	DAGENHAM TOWN	1
HAFFENDEN SPORTS (ENFIELD)	3	*TOOTING TOWN	0
*OLD LYONIANS	3	POLYTECHNIC	2
*HAYES	3	CALEDONI

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

GOLF

OXFORD v. ADDINGTON

(FROM OUR GOLF CORRESPONDENT)

Rain for the Oxford match at Addington is becoming almost as traditional as is snow for the Grand National. So perhaps the players must be called lucky in getting through the Foursomes dry. The afternoon was abominably wet, and so dark that towards the end of the Singles it was almost impossible to see where the ball had gone. It was the sadder pity because the new course was in beautiful order. In the morning the ground was so dry that one could have played in bedroom slippers, and so fast that even the ferociously far-back yellow tee boxes could not quite kill the shorter hitters. The greens, too, were perfect, though of so icy a keenness that the approach putts sometimes outran the hole to a ridiculous extent, and there was always a faint hope even when the other man had two for the hole from six yards away.

Addington suffered from severe losses at the last moment, for W. G. Brownlow and R. W. Hartley had both to cry off. It seemed likely that Oxford would win, and likelier still when they led by three games to one in the Foursomes and it began to rain hard, to the disgust of the more elderly fair-weather golfers on the Addington side. In fact, however, Addington triumphed nearly all along the line in the Singles, and won the match in the end by nine games to five.

The first Foursome was halved, and J. P. Marston and J. W. L. Adams cannot be deprived of all credit for holding so strong a pair as T. A. Torrance and W. A. Powell, but it must be added that the golf was poor. Even Torrance was thoroughly fallible and human, and 87 or 88—accounts differ as to the exact figure—was not a brilliant score. The Oxford pair were two down with five to go, yet they might have won the match but for taking three putts on the last green.

The second Oxford pair, J. R. Keen and C. Sweeny, played a good deal better, and had a round of 78 or so to win on the last green. They had two unpleasantly sparkling holes on the way home to help them do it, a three at the 12th, which is 500 yards long, and a two at the 15th, now a longer hole than it used to be owing to the making of a new 13th green. It struck me that Keen had come on a good deal since last year, and his wooden club play, with a nice little shade of draw, was both accurate and powerful. Sweeny is, I think, the best swinger of a club on the side, but on Saturday his club, though apparently moving in its usual American groove, would not quite do so at the right pace; he had lost confidence in his timing and could never really settle down. His two fellow-Americans, the brothers Scheftel, had an astonishing escape against F. W. H. Weaver and S. J. Goodall. They had to hole a good putt to save their necks on the 14th green, and even so their opponents were dormy four. At this point the Addington pair appeared to grow a little impatient for luncheon; the Scheftels, never relaxing their extreme care, played the last four holes in the right figures and won them all.

The Singles began with a rather surprising landslide, all the first four Addington players winning with something to spare. Marston, who, in leading the side, has some terribly hard work to do, could not quite cling on to Torrance. He might have made a closer fight of it if Torrance had not done one most unkind thing. At the ninth hole he went clean over the green into the heart of the big yew tree, and then miraculously extracted the ball and holed his putt for 3, while his adversary was plainly waiting to be given the hole. Keen's long game was by no means so good as in the morning and he was annihilated by Powell, whose eccentric attitudes at the end of his swing render the more disappointing to his enemies the fact that he has gone a long way straight down the course.

The best performance for Oxford was that of Adams in beating Fish, who knows every inch of the course and was playing his long game exceedingly well. I have never seen anyone look so fierce as Adams does in addressing the ball, and the ball seems to recognize its master and behave very well. Of the new men Robinson had a good day, for, after winning his Foursome, he slaughtered his opponent in the Singles by a cruel display of putting. He has a rather curious way of taking up his club, but the more important part of coming down he does efficiently and hits a long way. Moss, who is a Freshman, looks as if he should make a good golfer. Oxford have five old choices, and S. Scheftel, who was last year one of an exceptionally strong pair of reserves. They are bound to miss R. H. Baugh, one of the very best of undergraduate golfers, but they ought to have a good level team.

The results were:—

FOURSOMES

Oxford University		Addington
J. P. Marston (Trinity) and C. W. L. Adams (Balliol) (halved)	0	T. A. Torrance and W. A. Powell (halved) 0
J. R. Keen (Wadham) and C. Sweeny (Wadham) (1 hole)	1	B. Darwin and D. H. Fish .. 0
H. Scheftel (Balliol) and S. Scheftel (Christ Church) (halved)	0	F. W. H. Weaver and S. J. Goodall (halved) 0
E. G. Langford (Pembroke) and R. H. Moss (Trinity)	0	C. A. Williamson and W. H. Lambert (2 and 1) 1
A. B. Miller (Wadham) and G. A. Loveday (Merton) (5 and 4)	1	L. Evelyn Jones and D. E. Mann 0
A. F. Becher (New College) and A. G. Robinson (Queen's) (2 holes)	1	F. Sweeny and N. Le Cren 0
Total	2	Total 1

SINGLES

Marston	0	Torrance (4 and 3) ..	1
Keen	0	Powell (6 and 5) ..	1
Sweeny	0	Darwin (3 and 2) ..	1
Adams (3 and 2) ..	1	Fish	0
H. Scheftel	0	Weaver (3 and 2) ..	1
Langford (halved) ..	0	Williamson (halved) ..	0
S. Scheftel	0	Evelyn Jones (5 and 3)	1
Miller (3 and 2) ..	1	Goodall (4 and 2) ..	1
Loveday (halved) ..	0	Lambert (halved) ..	0
Moss	0	Sweeny (1 hole)	1
Becher	0	Le Cren (4 and 3) ..	1
Robinson (5 and 4) ..	1	Mann	0
Total	2	Total	5

FOURSOMES AT STOKE POGES

The annual Foursomes tournament of the Stoke Poges Club was begun on Saturday and concluded yesterday, when in the final D. B. Gray and A. Pemberton beat R. O. Mobbs and R. Noel Mobbs by 4 and 3.

The results were:—

FIRST ROUND

J. Bernard (12) and L. Nathan (16) beat J. D. Akers (9) and R. L. Rose (2) by 2 and 1.
W. W. Harris (2) and Dr. S. Taylor (9) w.o.
W. G. Jones (14) and E. N. Strawson (16) w.o.
K. Barnard (6) and F. A. Waller (16) beat R. E. S. Cazaux (7) and L. Cambridge (6) by 1 hole.
D. R. Gray (6) and A. Pemberton (9) beat Dr. C. C. Chance (9) and Dr. E. M. Chance (7) at the 19th hole.
R. O. Mobbs (6) and R. Noel Mobbs (1) beat A. Campbell (13) and Major Mewin (15) by 7 and 6.

SECOND ROUND

HARRIS and TAYLOR beat BERNARD and NATHAN by 1 hole.
BARNARD and WALLER beat JONES and STRAWSON by 7 and 6.
GRAY and PEMBERTON w.o.

THE MIDDLESEX AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

F. H. Rowse (Sudbury) won the Middlesex County Amateur Championship on Saturday, when, in the 36 holes final over the Sudbury Club's course, he beat L. A. Wilson (Muswell Hill), the winner in 1926, 1927, and 1929, by one hole. At the end of the morning round Rowse held a lead of two holes. This was lost during the first 10 holes of the second round, and the players were still all square going to the last hole. Wilson had a short putt for a half, which he missed.

The twelfth annual invitation professional golf tournament at Roehampton will be decided on April 9, 10, and 11, 1931.

CAMBRIDGE BEAT THE LEAGUE

MATCH AT MILDENHALL

Cambridge University played a two-day match during the week-end on the course of the Royal Worlington and Newmarket Club at Mildenhall against the League, winning on the two days by 13 games to six. All the games were decided by four-ball matches.

Some of the best golf of the morning was played by H. M. Row, of Cambridge, who was partnered by N. A. Keith against T. P. Whitaker and C. F. Penruddock. Row in the last nine holes had five threes, but his side won only on the last green. Row placed a mashie-niblick shot dead at the 18th, which won the hole and match. In the top match, which was halved, R. H. de Montmorency and T. A. Bourn were ahead going to the 10th, where the game was squared, and though Cambridge, winning two of the next four holes, seemed likely to win, Bourn and de Montmorency won the 15th and 17th to finish all square.

The results were:—

SATURDAY MORNING

The League		Cambridge University
R. H. de Montmorency and T. A. Bourn (halved) ..	0	E. M. Prain (Clare) and W. H. Bermingham (Sidney Sussex) .. 0
R. H. Oppenheimer and K. Martin-Smith (2 and 1) ..	1	H. C. Longhurst (Clare) and W. C. Carr (Trinity) .. 0
T. P. Whitaker and C. F. Penruddock	0	H. M. Row (Jesus) and N. A. Keith (Sidney Sussex) (1 hole) .. 1
F. H. Waters and R. L. Sykes	0	L. K. McKosty (Clare) and H. W. Higginson (St. John's) (1 hole) 1
R. E. C. Butterworth and K. Thal	0	D. A. Drayson (Clare) and J. W. P. Blenkin (Trinity) (5 and 3) .. 1
Total	1	Total 3

SATURDAY AFTERNOON

Bourn and Martin-Smith	0	Prain and Bermingham (1 hole)	1
de Montmorency and Whitaker (2 holes) ..	1	Longhurst and Carr ..	0
Penruddock and Waters	0	Keith and Row (4 and 3)	1
Oppenheimer and Butterworth (1 hole)	1	McKosty and Higginson ..	0
Sykes and Thal (1 hole)	1	Blenkin and Drayson ..	0
Total	3	Total	2

SUNDAY MORNING

de Montmorency and Oppenheimer (3 and 2)	1	Prain and Bermingham (Longhurst and Carr (6 and 5)	0
Bourn and Whitaker ..	0	Keith and Row (3 and 1)	1
Martin-Smith and Sykes	0	McKosty and Higginson (6 and 4) ..	1
Penruddock and Thal ..	0	Drayson and Blenkin ..	0
Butterworth and Waters (2 and 1)	1		
Total	2	Total	3

SUNDAY AFTERNOON

de Montmorency and Penruddock ..	0	Prain and Bermingham (3 and 2)	1
Martin-Smith and Whitaker ..	0	Longhurst and Row (1 hole)	1
Bourn and Butterworth	0	Carr and McKosty (5 and 4)	1
Sykes and Waters ..	0	Keith and Higginson (1 hole) ..	1
Oppenheimer and Thal	0	Drayson and Blenkin (6 and 5)	1
Total	0	Total	5

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses after club denote scratch score)

BECKENHAM (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—J. Matthew, 78—4=74. Junior.—P. D. Edwards, 92—24=68.

BROMLEY (75).—Bogey Cup.—W. E. Butler, 2 down. Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—W. E. Butler and A. H. Hughes tied at 4 down. Junior.—K. J. Stevens and A. M. Swayne tied at 4 down.

BEXHILL (73).—Monthly Medal.—Scratch.—H. Clough-Waters, 79. Senior.—R. J. G. Smee, 80—8=72. Junior.—G. E. J. Foster, 87—13=74.

CULVERDEN (TUNBRIDGE WELLS) (66).—Monthly Bogey.—M. N. Evans (5) and W. R. Stewart (9), tied at 1 down.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Weekly Competition.—Bogey.—R. B. Foster (scratch), all square.

CHIGWELL (77).—Medal Sweep.—W. P. Nairn, 77 scratch 77.

CHERTSEY (75).—Monthly Medal.—K. Witherington, 88—11=77.

CANTERBURY (75).—Monthly Medal.—First Division.—L. C. Hubble, 82—8=74. Second Division.—E. G. Hunt, 93—16=77. C. H. French, 90—13=77, and Major Wood, 101—24=77, tied. Founders' Plate.—Final.—R. R. Little beat K. C. Hubble by one hole.

COPTHORNE (70).—Monthly Medal.—P. McColm, 85—12=73; J. B. Caswell, 82—7=75; and Keith Davies, 89—14=75.

DENHAM (76).—Monthly Bogey.—R. S. Scott (7) and E. R. Thierry (18) tied at 1 down.

EALING (73).—Monthly Bogey.—First Division.—Hardy Butler (6), Rolland Green (9), and A. G. Buell (10) tied at 1 down. Second Division.—I. R. Evans (18), 1 up.

FERNDOWN (76).—Monthly Bogey.—G. W. Jackson (16), 3 up.

FLACKWELL HEATH (73).—Monthly Bogey.—G. H. Grundy (10) and C. T. Pollard (10) tied at 2 down.

GOODWOOD (75).—Monthly Medal.—H. P. Lock, 77 scratch 77, and A. A. Smith, 86—9=77, tied.

HADLEY WOOD (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—N. F. Lock (10), 1 down. Junior.—J. N. Lamont (20), 1 down.

HAYLING (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Brigadier Howard (3), 7 down. Junior.—S. Brutton (13), 6 down.

HENDON (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. P. Carrie, 86—10=76. Junior.—F. W. Bristow, 91—15=76. Ladies' Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Mrs. Salmon, 95—18=77. Junior.—Mrs. Hunter, 105—28=77. Scratch Gold Medal won by Misses won replay.

HINDHEAD (75).—Monthly Medal.—R. N. M. Murray, 79—4=75, and Captain C. E. Turle, 87—12=75, tied.

IFIELD (76).—Medal.—Major G. Harrison, 86—7=79.

KNOLE PARK (75).—Monthly Bogey.—J. E. Lyddon (12), 1 up; H. Thompson (18), 2 down.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Bulkeley Biddell Shield.—W. H. Goldsmith (16), 1 up.

MANNINGS HEATH (73).—Captain's Prize.—J. H. Wallace (3), all square; S. G. King (5) and Major R. Middleton (2), 2 down.

PRINCE'S, SANDWICH (79).—Monthly Medal.—R. Van der Woude, 90—12=77.

PURLEY DOWNS (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. B. S. Francis, 79—6=73. Junior.—A. Docking, 90—13=77.

REDHILL AND REIGATE (72).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—W. L. Fennick (12), 3 up. Junior.—H. S. S. Adams (15), 4 down.

STANMORE (76).—Par Competition.—W. R. Mole, all square.

WALLASEY (76).—Monthly Medal.—J. Boucher, 90—12=78; J. C. Robson, 80—1=79.

WEST HILL (74).—Monthly Bogey.—G. W. Thomas (15), 1 up.

WEST MIDDLESEX (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. Anderson, 85—8=77. Junior.—P. Norman, 91—14=77.

WEST SURREY (78).—Monthly Bogey.—W. R. Taylor (5) and R. V. Carr (6) tied at 1 down.

WILLINGDON (73).—Monthly Bogey.—H. T. Streton (12) and A. H. D. Ring (12) tied at 2 down.

WORTHING (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Division 1.—D. D. Grant White (+1), 1 up. Division II.—F. Leighton Crawford (18), 2 up.

BERKSHIRE BEAT WEST HILL

The Berkshire Club inflicted a surprisingly heavy defeat on West Hill at Ascot on Saturday by eight matches to three on the day's play. And it was not the defeat that was remarkable, for Berkshire were rather the stronger side, but the margins by which the individual matches were won.

The results were:—

FOURSOMES

Blue Course

Berkshire		West Hill
E. N. Layton and G. D. Hannay	0	O. C. Bristowe and J. A. Board (3 and 2) .. 1
J. E. Mellor and C. Bisik (3 and 1) ..	1	F. G. Mirfield and R. le Fleming Shepherd 0
G. D. Roberts and W. R. Stokes (1 hole) ..	1	E. A. Tooth and L. Godsell .. 0
Col. R. G. Ritson and S. Wyatt (4 and 3) ..	1	N. B. Harris and G. A. Franks 0
Total	3	Total 1

SINGLES

Red Course

E. N. Layton (halved) ..	0	O. C. Bristowe (halved)	0
J. E. Mellor (6 and 4) ..	1	J. A. Board	0
C. Bisik (5 and 4) ..	1	F. G. Mirfield	0
G. D. Hannay (6 and 5)	1	R. le Fleming Shepherd	0
G. D. Roberts (5 and 4)	1	E. A. Tooth	0
W. R. Stokes	0	L. Godsell (1 hole) ..	1
S. Wyatt (3 and 2) ..	1	N. B. Harris (1 hole) ..	1
Capt. R. V. Martyn (1 hole)	1	G. A. Franks	0
Total	5	Total	2

SQUASH RACKETS

The Army Squash Rackets Championship (holder, Captain G. N. Scott-Chad, Coldstream Guards) will be begun to-day. This competition was held at Prince's Club from 1925, the year it was begun, until last year. The court at Prince's Club, however, is not a standard court, and this year the championship will be played in the two courts of the United Service Club and the court of the Army and Navy Club. With three courts available it is possible to admit a greater number of entries and also, which is most important, to finish the competition in a week. Captain Scott-Chad has left the Service now. At Prince's, where he knew the court much better than any other Army player, he was unbeatable and in the five years that he won he was never seriously extended. In a standard court he would probably have been favourite this year, though it is by no means certain that he would have won. So many players of recognized ability have entered for the competition this year that one might write down 10 of them as possible winners. The players new to the competition are the most difficult to place; three at least might prove of good enough class to be accepted for the Amateur Championship—provided they have sent in their names. The matches have been arranged with a view to no competitor being called upon to play his easy matches at one club and then being switched to play in the other against a more dangerous opponent. To-day's programme is a very long one. Play at both clubs will be begun at 10 a.m. At the United Service Club two matches will begin at that time and one at the Army and Navy Club. Three-quarters of an hour is allowed for each match and times are arranged at intervals of three-quarters of an hour throughout the day's play. The full programme of to-day's play appeared in *The Times* on November 12.

In a Singles and Foursomes match at Sonning Blackwell Heath beat Sonning by eight games to four.

TENNIS

CAMBRIDGE BEAT QUEEN'S CLUB

Queen's Club took quite a strong team to play Cambridge University a tennis match in the Clare and Trinity courts on Saturday, but were beaten by six matches to four. Queen's Club needed one more really strong representative. As it was, K. C. Gandar-Dower, one of the most remarkable players of ball games, had only one match to contest and this he won, after being all but beaten in two sets.

Gandar-Dower was ranked No. 9 among British lawn tennis players for this year, and those who were forced, through his performances, to accord him that rank are passionate in their declaration that he is no lawn tennis player. As a squash rackets player, at which game he is in the first six among the amateurs, Gandar-Dower looks, for a few rallies, to be burlesquing the game, and the greatest of all amateur squash rackets players, Captain J. E. Tomkinson, still cannot watch him play without an occasional shudder for outraged propriety. Tennis, though robbed of some of its beauty by that horrid invention, the railroad service, and the "banging about" which followed in its wake, still depends for its proper playing on the fundamental principles of the correct stroke. By concentration, practice, and cultivation of the proper stroke even those who are not natural ball-game players may improve steadily, if very slowly, for years, and their knowledge of the game will win them matches against younger and more active opponents. To any student of tennis coming unprepared upon the sight of Gandar-Dower in a tennis court a startled oath of surprise may easily be forgiven.

Gandar-Dower beat F. Hollins by two sets to one (5—6, 6—5, 6—0). Hollins is a beautiful, if sometimes erratic, tennis player, and he kept his head extremely well in this match. He had earlier in the day beaten a fairly strong and quite experienced player, S. H. Bastow, and he was prepared to play one who is famous, at Cambridge at least, as an unorthodox performer. One had heard that Gandar-Dower's game was eccentric, if not weird, but it turned out that not half of it had been told. If Edmond Barre had been alive and watching the exhibition, nothing could have surprised him more than what he might have mistaken for the English manner of winning a match of tennis. Playing from the back of the court at lawn tennis Gandar-Dower naturally almost goes up to the net at tennis, an impossible procedure except for his uncanny anticipation. With the exception, however, of Peter Latham and possibly E. M. Baerlein some 25 years ago, no player has made a tennis court look so narrow as does Gandar-Dower. He is extraordinary in the way he gets the most horrid-looking volleys and half-volleys over the net and the number he mis-hits off the frame and the block of the racket, all of which go over with some foul twist in them. He has a side wall service without much cut or apparent object, but it always turns out to be of a remarkably good length. Another service is one which pitches about a foot up the penthouse, just beyond the line, and hops along the penthouse roof to fall, dying away, near the end wall. From the hazard side his return is remarkable. He plays a lot for the *dedans* when in difficulties, and here his accuracy is splendid, and he finds the length to an unguarded corner with a stroke which is much more likely to have top spin on it than a real cut.

S. H. Bastow has not improved as quickly as it was hoped that he would do last year. It would appear that the Cambridge courts, which flatter a player's stroke unduly, have deceived him into playing with a certain lack of resolution and care; and the head of the racket is not properly supported or brought through. Bastow could do much better if he could get more hard matches with stronger opponents. R. E. Baerlein, the eldest son of the Amateur Champion, shows a great deal of promise, though he has not the strength of his father or his amazing quickness of foot. Baerlein did well to make Colonel E. H. Leaf bring out all he knows in their first set. The Hon. R. Baring has come on at least 15 in the last six months. He is fast, has a good eye, and held his own up to a point with Dr. H. G. Broadbridge, a player with a heavy stroke and capital style. Broadbridge had a second match, in which he was beaten by Bastow. The final game of the first set was most exciting. Broadbridge committed the crime of serving a double fault when the score was 30—15 against him and when he was defending chase 4. He drew level at deuce, however, and was advantage. In the next rest he was defending chase 4. Bastow's first stroke was an easy one to return—it would have made worse than 6 in the Queen's court—but Broadbridge let it go, thinking it would lose the chase. The ball was judged to have won the chase, just, and that, as it turned out, cost Broadbridge the set. In the second set the light was bad, and Broadbridge had hardly the same incentive to win it as his opponent. R. E. L. Beddington is quick and keen, but weak, at present, on the back-hand. The Rev. F. W. Fulford still improves, and is one of those players who prove the worth of brain when applied to tennis.

The results were:—

S. H. Bastow (Cambridge) beat Dr. H. G. Broadbridge (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (6—3, 6—2); lost to F. Hollins (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (3—6, 4—6).

K. C. Gandar Dower (Cambridge) beat F. Hollins (Queen's Club) by two sets to one (5—6, 6—3, 6—0).

R. E. L. Baerlein (Cambridge) beat D. F. Wardley (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (6—1, 6—2); lost to Colonel E. H. Leaf (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (4—6, 4—6).

R. E. L. Beddington (Cambridge) beat Captain W. N. McLean (Queen's Club) by two sets to one (1—6, 6—2, 6—4); lost to Colonel E. H. Leaf (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (2—6, 2—6).

The Rev. F. W. Fulford (Cambridge) beat D. F. Wardley (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (6—1, 6—3); lost to Captain W. N. McLean (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (6—2, 6—2).

The Hon. A. Baring (Cambridge) lost to Dr. H. G. Broadbridge (Queen's Club) by two sets to none (4—6, 2—6).

YOUNG PROFESSIONALS' HANDICAP

The Young Professionals' annual invitation tennis handicap will be begun at Queen's Club, West Kensington, to-day. The number of entries for this competition is limited to eight, and the competition is finished in three days. This year the names of certain former competitors will be missed, which means that these players can no longer be considered Young Professionals but have joined the ranks of those likely to be invited to play in the Professionals' handicap, in which, of course, the play is of a very much higher class.

This handicap serves several purposes, and besides providing the younger players with experience in match play, affords them an opportunity of making a claim to higher positions in the future, as well as winning money prizes for the present. C. Lambert, a player who might go far, has already won this competition once, and is now on the back mark. A. Ashford, who is older than the other players and has been for some years a marker at Queen's Club, is a well-known player who has not yet done himself justice in a match. R. W. Goody should have improved, though he always looked as if he were more naturally a rackets than a tennis player. H. Johns, of Prince's Club, is more than useful in his own court, and has learned the proper stroke. E. Nicholas ought to do well from the 15 mark, though ½ 15 is not a big handicap to receive from Goody, whose return can be upsetting to a young player. S. Upton, being a product of Manchester, will probably prove to be a stout match player, that gift being apparently born in amateurs and professionals alike who come from there. H. Pilsworth and C. Osborne have at least one asset in common which is of great value to a tennis professional, that of marking correctly and clearly.

To-day's matches and the handicaps of the players are:—

10 a.m.—E. Nicholas (Lord's), receives 15 v. R. W. Goody (Oxford), receives ½ 15.

11.30 a.m.—C. Osborne (Prince's Club, Brighton), receives ½ 30 v. A. Ashford (Queen's Club), receives one bisque.

1.0 p.m.—S. Upton (Manchester), receives 15 for a bisque v. H. Pilsworth (Cambridge), receives 15.

2.30 p.m.—H. Johns (Prince's Club, Knightsbridge), receives ½ 15 for a bisque v. C. Lambert, scratch.

LAWN TENNIS

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 15.—F. J. Perry won the Singles Championship, beating E. C. Peters by 6—4, 6—1, 6—0. Señorita D'Alvarez and R. Boyd won the Mixed Doubles, beating Mrs. Holcroft Watson and F. J. Perry by 5—7, 10—8, 6—2. Mrs. Watson and Miss E. H. Harvey won the Women's Doubles, beating Señorita D'Alvarez and Miss Anderson (6—3, 3—6, 6—2). In the semi-final round for the Singles Perry beat G. Robson (Argentina) by 6—2, 7—5, 6—2. Lee scratched to Peters, who met Perry in the final round.—*Reuter.*

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Warwick (1.0).

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—See Fixture List.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—See Fixture List.

SQUASH RACKETS.—Army Championships, at Army and Navy Club and United Service Club. Navy Cup.—Naval and Military Club v. United Services.

BADMINTON.—South of England Championships, Crystal Palace.

TENNIS.—Professional Junior Invitation Handicap, Queen's Club.

BILLIARDS.—Newman v. Davis, Thurston's Hall, Leicester-square, 2 and 6: Lindrum v. McConachy, Southampton.

BILLIARDS

DAVIS'S MATCH WITH NEWMAN

The first half of the match in the international tournament between Davis and Newman was concluded at Thurston's Hall in Leicester-square on Saturday night, when Davis was leading by 3,880.

When play was continued on Saturday Davis was leading by 3,557, but Newman had a little the better of the play in the afternoon, when he scored 862 for an average of 86, while Davis made 722 for an average of 72. Davis then led by 3,417. The play during the early part of the session was particularly good. Newman increased a run of 152 (unfinished) to 213 before he missed a long loser, and after his opponent had scored 94, Newman showed nice all-round form in a break of 151, at the end of which he missed a run-through loser. Davis, however, made a break of 157 at his second visit before he failed at a *massé* cannon, and when Newman had the misfortune to miscue Davis increased his lead with a very good break of 251, which included a run of 45 cannons. At successive visits Davis added runs of 116 and 70, but from that point Newman had nearly all the play.

Controlling the balls with sound judgment Newman gave a very fine display while making a break of 314. It included runs of 47 and 51 cannons, and a number of clever cushion cannons. In his last five visits Davis scored only 33 points. Newman made a brilliant *massé* stroke, only to leave the object white on the edge of the pocket. Newman potted the ball and left a double balk and, securing position again, he played out time with a break of 262 (unfinished), which included a run of 59 cannons.

The scores at the interval were:—Davis (receives 7,000), 17,887; Newman (receives 7,000, in play), 14,470.

Davis won the snooker at 85 to 41, the scores then being:—Davis, 811; Newman (receives 200), 695.

The play in the evening reached a very high standard. Davis had only one completed visit, and scored 1,092 for a similar average, while in two visits Newman made 629 for an average of 315.

Newman increased his break of 262 (unfinished) to 886. There seemed to be a very good prospect of a four-figure run being made when Newman failed to make an ordinary long loser. Until then Newman played with great skill. He completed the fifth hundred with a run of 61 cannons, and for the rest of the break he scored chiefly at the top of the table. Newman had made a long loser previously when the cue ball hit the shoulders of the pocket before going down, but he had very few difficulties to overcome, controlling the run of the balls very well.

The great scoring ability of the modern professional player was emphasized when, at his first visit, Davis discounted his opponent's big break with a run of 992. Davis's play was particularly good. He was rather deliberate in his methods, but he did not make a really poor stroke until just before completing the fifth hundred. Davis had to play an awkward run-through cannon when using the long rest, and he left himself a very difficult run-through loser when the cue ball was close to the object ball. Davis made the stroke with ease, and then he had to score by means of a difficult thin middle-pocket loser. Davis had made runs of 33 and 39 cannons previously, but he varied his play considerably, and gave a most attractive display of the all-round game.

The closing scores were:—Davis (receives 7,000, in play), 18,979; Newman (receives 7,000), 15,099.

Newman won the snooker at 84 to 46, the closing scores being:—Davis 857; Newman (receives 200), 779.

LINDRUM v. McCONACHY

Lindrum drew up to within 118 points of McConachy in the first session at Southampton on Saturday by scoring 759 against 603. McConachy had the highest break of the session—723 full from his overnight unfinished 680. In the remainder of the play, however, Lindrum had slightly the better of it, his breaks being 196 and 455 (unfinished), and McConachy's 284 and 173.

At the interval the scores were:—Lindrum (in play), 11,566; McConachy (receives 7,000), 11,684.

Only 81 points separated the pair after Lindrum had increased his unfinished innings to 536 at night, and he went ahead after breaks of 132 by him and 169 by McConachy, when he made 624 (unfinished).

The closing scores were:—Lindrum (in play), 12,433; McConachy (receives 7,000), 12,052.

FENCING

GROSVENOR F.C. WIN

Grosvenor Fencing Club, at their headquarters on Saturday, beat University College and Hospital Fencing Club in a five-a-side match with the *épée* by 11 defeats to 15.

The Grosvenor Club is admirable in the way in which it grades its teams to suit all comers, and there was no exception to this rule on Saturday. Expecting that C. P. Collins would lead the visitors' attack, they had a side which, in his absence, was a trifle too powerful, but their leader, B. Childs, made up for this by not taking full advantage of his superior play, and fencing rather with a view to a good bout with each of his opponents than an overwhelming victory. The visitors started disastrously and lost all five fights of the opening series. In the second round they held their own, for Barnett beat Kent with a point on the leg, and Fountain committed suicide on Brée's point in line. Pearson lost to Hodgson after a long and very good fight, Johnston fought a *coup double* with Childs, and Playfair was beaten by Ellis.

The score was thus three defeats to eight when the third round opened in favour of the home side, and in this round they increased their advantage by one more point. A very long-drawn-out assault between Brée and Hodgson was a feature of this round. Neither could be persuaded to take the initiative, and the full 10 minutes allotted to each bout was nearly up before Hodgson won after a somewhat confused phrase. A striking contrast was afforded by the next encounter, in which Pearson, after his *riposte* at Childs had been parried, launched a second hit *à la flèche*, which reached the body. The visitors, led by 11 points to five with 10 assaults to go, gave a far better account of themselves in the subsequent rounds. Barnett, after his initial defeat by Ellis, won the rest of his fights, and, with help from Brée and Johnston, raised the score to 8—13 when the final round started. One more victory to Grosvenor meant the match, but Barnett postponed matters by a win over Childs, and it was not till the twenty-second bout that a one-two attack by Ellis, landing on Brée's body, made the result a certainty. Of the three remaining fights, two were won by University College.

The results were:—

GROSVENOR F.C.—Ellis, no defeat; Fountain and Hodgson 3 each; Kent, 3; Childs, 4. Total, 11.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AND HOSPITAL F.C.—Barnett, one defeat; Brée and Pearson, 3 each; Johnston and Playfair, 4 each. Total, 15.

ENGLAND v. SCOTLAND

The teams in the international fencing match by foil, *épée*, and sabre between England and Scotland at the Hotel Victoria, London, next Saturday will be:—

ENGLAND

FOIL.—F. Emrys Lloyd, Squadron-Leader F. G. Sherriff, G. Hett, C. W. N. C. Twite.

EPEE.—B. Childs, J. B. Armstrong, C. L. de Beaumont, E. C. Bicket.

SABRE.—O. G. Tinder, G. L. G. Harry, R. D. S. Anderson, A. G. Pilbrow.

SCOTLAND

FOIL.—N. G. Abercrombie, S. C. O'Grady, B. L. Seton, W. C. A. Milligan.

EPEE.—I. D. Campbell-Gray, Captain R. A. Hay, J. L. Hope, J. B. Cormack.

SABRE.—Colonel R. B. Campbell, T. P. Saunders, C. R. Scott, Captain A. W. Brocks.

CAMBRIDGE v. LONDON F.C.

The London Fencing Club beat Cambridge University at the Quay Side Rooms, Cambridge, on Saturday by 16 victories to 11 in the three weapons. The results were:—

SABRE.—London F.C.—G. L. Harry, 3 wins; Lieutenant-Colonel Ridley Martin, 3 wins; A. Ridley Martin, 1 win; CAMBRIDGE, R. J. F. Stewart (Trinity), no win; H. R. Higgens (Peterhouse), 1 win; G. F. Wright (Corpus Christi), 1 win.

EPEE.—London F.C.—R. Ridley Martin, 1 win; Count Ravelli, no win; G. V. Hett, 3 wins. CAMBRIDGE.—R. J. F. Stewart (Trinity), 2 wins; W. G. Walter (King's), 1 win; D. V. Morse (King's), 2 wins.

FOIL.—London F.C.—Count Ravelli, 3 wins; R. H. King-Hamilton, no win; G. V. Hett, 3 wins. CAMBRIDGE.—D. V. Morse (King's), 1 win; N. G. Abercrombie, 1 win; J. C. Grace (Christ's), 2 wins.

POLYTECHNIC CHAMPIONSHIP

The annual *épée* championship of the Polytechnic Fencing Club was decided at the Polytechnic, Regent-street, on Saturday. A. E. Pelling secured the title by leading the pool of 10 competitors with one defeat. R. Loiret, the holder, began in disastrous fashion by losing his first four fights.

The results were:—

A. E. Pelling, 1 defeat. 1 = C. E. Crosland, F. F. Mowjee, and R. Rahman, each 2 defeats, equal 2. R. Loiret (holder), 4 defeats. 5: L. A. Mowjee, 3 defeats, 1 double hit, and E. J. Morten, 4 defeats, 2 double hits, equal 6. 7: W. W. Straker, 7 defeats. 8: C. J. Stonhold, 7 defeats, 1 double hit, 9: D. S. Martin, 8 defeats, 10.

Harrods 5 Fashion Days

EVERY FASHION GARMENT REDUCED

The prices which ruled up till 1 o'clock on Saturday will be substantially reduced throughout Harrods magnificent collections for five days only. Every single garment, including newest styles, only here for a few days at these Bargain Prices. Also

ALL ORIGINAL MODELS HALF PRICE!

Every garment, Model or otherwise, bears two price tickets: the usual *ivory* ticket showing the season's price and an *orange* ticket showing the Five Fashion Days Price. These few examples give the merest inkling of the remarkable values in every type, size and price-range.

These Garments cannot be sent on approval

Example of
SPORTS WEAR
Opportunities!

'SPORTS' A smart combination of Leather Coat in soft Nappa, with gored skirt of flecked Tweed in matching shades. Outfit with Coat in soft Nappa. Usually 9 Gns. 5 *Fashion Days* GNS. 7½

Also with Coat in Super Suede. Usually 6½ Gns. 5 *Fashion Days* 94/6

Just one of the
MODEL COATS

'CIRO' Original Evening Model Wrap by *Louis* in Black Ring Velvet encrusted with a glittering fancy trimming. Usually 25 Gns. 5 *Fashion Days* GNS. 12

All Model Coats are HALF PRICE.

DRESSING GOWN

'FLEUR' Quilted Dressing Gown, silky Broche, lightly padded. Lined White

Christmas is a-coming

and if we are not very careful we shall wake up one day to find that Christmas has come and we have yet to do a great proportion of our shopping. This need not necessarily be so. Look at the great variety of inspirations here displayed to help you in your choice; but be advised, shop early, and then you will easily get "the pick of the bunch."

LENCI DOLL in organdie with frilled skirt and posies. Poke bonnet of felt and organdie. Each dress made in two shades of the same colour to tone. Shades: Pink, blue, green, yellow. In five sizes. A really unique doll.

Height		Price
14 inches		16/6
17	"	29/6
20	"	36/9
24	"	45/6
30	"	66/-

Dainty NIGHTDRESS SACHET of satin. Trimmed gold galon, finished posy of hand-made flowers. Silk lining to tone. Colours: Apple green, gold, black, pink, blue, cyclamen, rose. Size 15 x 10½ins. PRICE 37/6

KEWPIE DOLL in plush with painted linen face, very firm, very soft and cuddly body in beautiful shades of pink, mauve, blue, yellow.

Height		Price
14ins. each		23/9
18ins.	"	33/9
20ins.	"	45/-

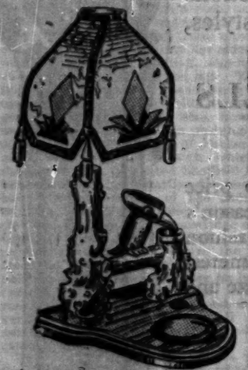
Also in stockinette. Price

Height		
11ins. each		6/11
14ins.	"	10/6
18ins.	"	16/9
20ins.	"	21/-

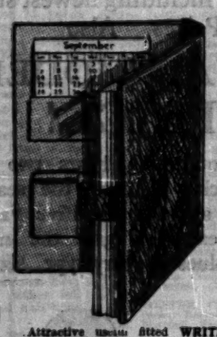
Dainty and Useful Pottery TABLE LAMP, fitted. Height 12ins. Complete each 29/6

LEATHER TRAVELLING CASE, bottles with nickel tops and double screw, preventing leakage. As illustrated 3 gns

Hand-painted COCKTAIL SHAKERS in numerous designs. Fitted with bath salts, all perfumes. Two sizes only. 15/6 & 10/6



Novelty Macassan Ebony coloured TABLE LAMP, ASH TRAY, and match holder. British made. Price 49/6



Attractive inside fitted WRITING CASE in crushed Morocco grain leather. Colours: Saxe-blue, royal blue, rose, jade, violet, tan, brown, purple. Fitted key. Size 7½ x 6½ 15/9

Size 9 x 7 29/6

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE

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VERE STREET & OXFORD ST., LONDON, W.1

SELFRIDGE'S

The more the public show judgment in their shopping the better we like it.
The greater the amount of discrimination and knowledge they bring to any transaction, the more they inquire about quality, the more they compare prices, the more confident are we that they will make the purchase in this Store. *Copyright.*

A Long Awaited Event . . . The Great Sale of 'CHILPRUFE'

begins TO-DAY

There are Bargains FOR MEN AND BOYS—

All the usual types of Men's and Boys' Underwear are being offered during this Sale at 33⅓% discount, though of course there are only oddments, and few complete ranges of sizes.
Men's Underwear, Ground Floor, Aisle 5
Boys' Underwear, First Floor

FOR WOMEN & GIRLS

All the usual styles in Women's Underwear are represented in this Sale, but we would like specially to draw your attention to the fact that we have a large quantity of Women's Combinations with low neck, no sleeves, and short legs. These we have in all sizes.
Women's and Girls' Underwear, Ground Floor, Aisles 18, 19 and 20

and CHILDREN— The chief feature of the "Chilprufe" Sale in the Baby Linen Department is a collection of Frocks and Knickers for small girls up to the age of 7 years, in various colours and styles. Also there are suits for small boys up to the age of 3 years. In the Boys Department there are more Knitted suits for boys from 3 to 7 years. All these offers at 6/8 in the £ reduction.
Baby Linen, Second Floor

For years past it has been Selfridge's custom to secure the accumulated stock of oddments from the famous 'CHILPRUFE' factories, and as usual we are giving our customers the opportunity of buying this renowned and reliable merchandise at the great saving of 6/8 in the £. Although the garments offered are slightly imperfect, their hard-wearing qualities and warmth are in no way impaired. The event has become a SHOPPING SENSATION, and an early visit is strongly advised.

Selfridge's COMMUNITY PLATE

Club Plan Presents the New 'DEAUVILLE' Design

Selfridge's are able to present to the Great Shopping Public this new Community Plate design, the 'DEAUVILLE,' which gives a new and modern note to Table Silverware. Of course it is available on the famous Selfridge's Community Club Plan which has brought beautiful Community Plate within the reach of countless households and which means that:—

YOU SELECT from a most comprehensive range anything which you require and in any quantity.

YOU PAY Cash Prices for all Community Plate bought on Selfridge's Club Plan and no extra is added for the advantages of extended payment. Purchases between £3 and £5 will be split up into six equal monthly payments; over £5, into twelve equal monthly payments.

YOU RECEIVE your purchase of Community Plate on this system after the first of the six or twelve monthly payments.

Illustrated folder sent post free on request.
Sample prices of the various styles sent on request.
Silverware and Cutlery Department, Ground Floor, Aisle 10.

Bring the Kiddies to see Father Christmas on the 'Top of the World' at Selfridge's

Selfridge & Co., Ltd., London, W.1. Are you reading "Callisthenes" in this paper?

Letters to the Editor

NEW BOUNDARIES IN SURREY

OPPOSITION FROM RURAL AREAS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I am glad to see the letter of Sir Henry Buckingham, M.P., and Sir Lennox Russell in your issue of November 14. The "tentative proposals" for the readjustment of district boundaries under the Local Government Act, 1929, are made by a committee of the Surrey County Council, and on inquiry for more precise particulars I have been informed that they are "not yet in the shape of a report," but that "it is hoped that the proposals will be in a sufficiently advanced state to present to the County Council at their meeting on January 27 next."

It is not surprising that Sir Henry Buckingham and Sir Lennox Russell, speaking for the south-west corner of Surrey, should raise the objections they have so ably expressed in their letter. But it is not only that part of the county which will be seriously and most injuriously affected if anything like the present proposals to urbanize a number of purely rural parishes should be adopted. The proposals are widespread and are calculated to urbanize a considerable portion of rural Surrey; and in the view of many local residents they go very far beyond what is either necessary or desirable.

We shall no doubt be told that the proposals are merely "tentative" and are subject to revision. That is true, but from what has occurred locally it is clear that no time should be lost in impressing upon the County Council that the present proposals are totally unacceptable in many rural areas.

My reason for writing to you is to say that steps are being considered for forming a committee whose object it will be to make clear to the County Council the grounds of opposition to the present scheme before that scheme or anything like it is adopted by the Council and laid before the Minister of Health, who has the final decision under the Act. Those who are moving in the matter would be glad to have the names and addresses of any residents in rural areas in Surrey who consider that the present proposals should not be adopted by the County Council. For the moment I shall be happy to receive those names and addresses here.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
JOHN SEYMOUR-LLOYD.
Headley Grove, Headley, *via* Epsom, Surrey.

INDIA AND BRITISH IMPORTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Being unable to bring forward the subjoined extraordinary fact by means of a question in the House of Commons, I am constrained to bring it to notice by means of your columns. By Section 3 (4) of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, as amended by the Steel Industry Protection Act, 1927:—

If the Governor-General in Council is satisfied, after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, that articles of British manufacture chargeable with duty under Part VII. of the second section of this Act are being imported into British India at such a price as is likely to render ineffective the protection in India to be afforded by such duty to similar articles manufactured in India, he may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, increase such duty to such extent as he thinks necessary.

The important part of this clause is that it is levelled against *British* manufactures only, no power being given to the Governor-General in Council to impose similar protective duties on *foreign* manufactures. Why should American or Japanese or other competing goods not be subject to the same disability as British? And why should British goods be selected for special attack?

I am your very obedient servant,
C. W. C. OMAN.
House of Commons, Nov. 14.

OFFICIAL PROLIXITY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Writers of dispatches and reports would save readers' time and public money if they would omit superfluous words. Here is a paragraph from the dispatch of the Government of India as it appears in your issue to-day:—

That is an ideal which we fully accept. There is an essential unity embracing the whole of India, which we hope will at some future time find expression in certain joint political institutions. But it is clear, as the Statutory Commission have been careful to point out, that this ideal is at present distant, and that the federation of Greater India to which they look forward cannot be artificially hastened. Much may be done to promote a more vivid sense of the unity of interests in many spheres between British India and the various States, and to develop the conception that there are matters of common concern which can best be treated in consultation. Nevertheless, we must recognise that the time has not yet come when the general body of Indian States would be prepared to take a step so far-reaching in its character as to enter into any formal federal relations with British India.

Here it is, by the excision of superfluity only, one-third shorter:—

That ideal we accept. There is a unity embracing India which we hope will find expression in joint political institutions. But, as the Statutory Commission point out, this ideal is distant, and the federation of Greater India cannot artificially be hastened. Much may be done to promote a sense of the unity of interests between British India and the States and the conception that there are matters of common concern which can best be treated in consultation. The time has not come when the States would take a step so far-reaching as to enter formal federal relations with British India.

And is it not stronger by the loss of fussiness? The second sentence of the dispatch should begin, "There is a unity in India," but that is another story. The picture of a unity embracing India, or even embracing the whole of India, was not in the writer's eye. He used a metaphor in absence of mind.

Yours truly,
JOHN F. LONSDALE.
11, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2, Nov. 14.

THE VICTORIANS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—We owe a debt of gratitude to Lady Leconfield for telling us what "Victorian" women really were. But just think of the men—say, between 1880 and 1900. For poets we had Tennyson, Browning, Arnold, Swinburne. Carlyle and Ruskin were among our living prophets. It was an era of science, with Charles Darwin and his "bull-dog" Huxley at the head of a great band of patient investigators known and unknown. Disraeli and Gladstone were still leaders in politics. George Meredith and Thomas Hardy were writing novels. Our theologians, Newman, Pusey, Westcott, Hort, and Lightfoot, are unknown to "the man in the street"; but men could preach then and gather crowds to hear them, as did Spurgeon in his Tabernacle or Liddon in St. Paul's. War, thank goodness, is out of fashion to-day; but future generations will have cause to bless what Roberts did for the armies, and Fisher for the navies of the British Empire. Assuredly with such grandfathers behind them, and such grandmothers as Lady Leconfield, the rising generation may well "thank God and take courage."

Faithfully yours,
ROWLAND SCRIVEN.
Wimbledon, S.W.19, Nov. 12.

MOTOR DRIVERS' LICENCES

THE FRIENDLY WARNING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Countless motorists have cause to be grateful to the various licensing authorities for their courteous practice of sending warning to holders of driving licences a few days before renewal becomes due. Licences are renewable on purely fortuitous dates (namely, the anniversaries of the dates on which the licences happened to be first taken out), and not on some date easily remembered, such as quarter day or January 1. The renewal of his licence is therefore a duty in which a motorist may very well innocently fail.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Minister of Transport, is reported to have said recently, "I am going to instruct all licensing authorities to cease sending these reminders. It only leads to trouble. Drivers plead that they have not received their warnings."

In what conceivable way can this practice "lead to trouble"? Is it seriously suggested that there are motorists who honestly believe that they are under no obligation to renew their licences until warned to do *so*? Motorists who are foolish enough deliberately to drive without an up-to-date licence must be few indeed, but if such motorists exist I predict that they will not be persuaded to renew their licences in time merely by the prohibition of these friendly warnings. Further, it is grotesque to suppose that magistrates can be sufficiently ignorant of the law to be greatly "troubled" by the flimsy plea that the delinquent has not been served with a warning.

On the other hand the existing practice obviously tends to prevent the accidental omission by thousands of honest motorists to renew their licences punctually. How much wasted time, trouble, exasperation, and expense are thereby avoided every year for drivers, magistrates, and, more important still, for the police, whose energies are (as we all know) already more than sufficiently occupied in giving evidence of, and otherwise dealing with, petty motoring offences.

Within a few weeks motorists will all be liable to grievous pains and penalties if they do not carry with them a valid third-party insurance certificate. Will the Minister forbid the insurance companies to remind their policyholders that premiums are becoming due on the ground that "the practice only leads to trouble"?

In a word, the only trouble which can be caused by the sending out of the warnings is that caused to the licensing authority itself. So long as any authority is prepared to do us this kindness, to forbid it is nothing but an act of bureaucratic interference which can only result in a flourishing crop of offences which would not otherwise be committed.

Your obedient servant,
K. T. DOWDING.
Whitewalls, Kingsbury Green, N.W.9.

CHINA CLAY IN CORNWALL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You have given prominence in your columns to the publication of Mr. W. Harding Thompson's "Cornwall—A Survey, &c." I have no doubt that this is, as your contributor writes, "a fine book," but since it decries a productive industry in Cornwall which employs men who would otherwise be in receipt of the dole, this seems hardly the moment to emphasize this misguided point of view.

Mr. Harding Thompson evidently considers that Cornwall should be kept as a playground for the rest of England, a sort of gigantic Hyde Park for the delight of "hikers," anglers, and tourists who for two or three months of the year enjoy its rural beauties. He would prefer, apparently, even to exclude casual visitors. The result of such a policy would be to return to the times when, as stated by Mr. Harding Thompson, the Cornish harbours became silted up and Cornish mines and Cornish agriculture squeezed out of existence.

In his attack on the new china clay industry on Bodmin Moor he gives no thought to the capital invested, the men employed, or the constructive aspect of the case. This industry produces over 1,000,000 tons a year, of which over 50 per cent. is exported. The St. Austell area, of which Mr. Harding Thompson appears to approve, has been worked for many years, and cannot last for ever. If the industry is to be maintained it must be developed in new areas, of which probably the most important is Bodmin Moor. The present customers of the industry are making great efforts to free themselves from imports of English china clay; the Germans are producing in Saxony, the Americans alluvially from their rivers, and the French are starting in Brittany. The only advantage the industry has is its superiority in quality.

When the Victorians transformed the Midlands into an industrial country there were many outcries, but these soon subsided when the subsequent era of prosperity and greatness ensued. I am associated with the industry on Bodmin Moor, and would like to point out that we take the utmost care not to "whiten" the water ("pollute" is hardly the word—it can rightly be used to describe phenol-containing waste waters from blast furnaces, &c., or organic refuse from beet-sugar factories), and there is nothing particularly unsightly in large "alps" of washed white quartz sand. To visitors, at any rate, the china clay pits of St. Austell form one of the most interesting sights of the district. Without the industry the native population of the Duchy around the areas affected could not live, and as the moors provide little support for man or beast, only the rich could afford to remain to enjoy their beauties.

The question is: Is any labour of man in itself ugly; have not the blast furnaces of Middlesbrough, the shale heaps of Mid Lothian, and the mills of Lancashire a significance and even a beauty of their own? I hope that, as you give so much prominence to all industrial effort in these times, you will be able to publish this letter.

Yours faithfully,
E. B. C. WOODBURY.
Broadway Buildings, S.W.1, Nov. 15.

BRITISH POLICY IN PALESTINE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As the honorary secretary of the Central Islamic Society, representing Moslems from different parts of the world, I convened a meeting on June 9, 1917, at the Caxton Hall to enable Moslems to express their sense of resentment at the then proposed "Jewish Home in Palestine," which is sacred no less, even more, to the Moslems than it is to Christians or even Jews. The War was then still on, so that the proposals of the "Jewish Home" had not till then become a *fait accompli*. Still, the Moslems of the world became nervous with that threat and strongly resented the Balfour Declaration.

Now that a desire is expressed in certain influential quarters to broaden even that Declaration and change the "Jewish Home" into a "Jewish State" by the automatic exclusion of the Arabs, who have owned the place for over a thousand years, and a hue and cry is raised to oppose the efforts of the present British Government to confine the Balfour Declaration to its real bounds and to make it consonant with the Articles 20 and 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations, which have been quoted in *The Times* of November 5 and are rightly called "fundamental and organic covenant" by the learned lawyer, Mr. W. H. Stoker, a feeling of high resentment is surging in the minds of the Moslems, particularly those who belong to "the British Commonwealth of Nations" or who have friendly relations with that Commonwealth. If the Jewish immigration to Palestine is not stopped that will mean that 700,000 Arabs will eventually become homeless and derelict. Where will they go?

Those Indians who are here as delegates to the Round-Table Conference, and whose representative character cannot be denied by the British Government, will, I believe, express their resentment under the leadership of H.H. the Aga Khan as soon as they have time. In the meantime, allow me to say that behind the letter of Mr. Stoker referred to above is the support not only of several hundred thousand Palestinian Arabs, but of many millions of Moslems of the world, and allow me to repeat what I said in one of your contemporaries, that "no doubt the Zionists are powerful, well organized and, above all, very wealthy, but for Britain and the British Empire they should not count to the extent that the Arabs (Moslems) count."

Yours, &c.,
SHAIKH MUSHIR HOSAIN KIDWAI OF GADIA.
Ritz Hotel, Nov. 8.

Points from Letters

RAILWAY SHAREHOLDERS

Mr. Bromley's assertion regarding the position of railway shareholders is most misleading. He says nothing of the drop in the value of Ordinary stocks; for instance, stock bought in 1897 at £118 per cent. is now worth approximately £34, a loss of £84 on £100 of stock. The dividend this year was under £1. The loss incurred by those who have money invested in what was formerly considered trustee stock is enormous.—Mr. ROBERT MORLEY, Langford, Lechlade, Glos.

APPROACH TO RICHMOND PARK

The suggestion of Brigadier-General White and the scheme described in answer by Mr. Robert Atkinson for a parkway along the Beverley Brook seem to me to supply an admirable solution to the sorely felt want of pedestrians, and one capable, if competently carried out, of forming a beautiful and worthy approach to Richmond Park. The experience of the Wandsworth and Wimbledon Memorial Garden Committee in the negotiations entailed in adding some 172 acres to the west side of Wimbledon Common impels me to suggest the advisability of dealing with the matter as one of some urgency, or it may be found that delay has led to greater cost and emergence of difficulties not existing at the present time.—Mr. J. ROY LANCASTER, Snettisham, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19.

TRIAL BY JURY

Another aspect of trial by jury presents itself. Rough justice may frequently be done in a civil case by disagreement of a jury, especially in the class of case where it is "six of one and half a dozen of the other." This is a function which a judge cannot discharge.—Mr. H. R. LEWIS, 32, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

CHRISTIANITY AND WAR

I really do not think it is difficult for young people to understand if it is put to them in the right way. Of course we must honour those who laid down their lives in the War, but at the same time it is our bounden duty and a debt we owe to them to do all in our power to prevent another world war. Nearly all of us believe that our participation in the last War was a righteous act, but our plain duty as Christian people is to act in such a way that an occasion shall not arise as it did in August, 1914, when war became inevitable. A clear distinction must be made between preventing war, which is one thing, and a negative thing at that, and preserving peace, which is quite another thing and a positive thing. To quote the words of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, "the gradual and steady formation of habits of international cooperation and mutual trust"—surely that is a positive definite Christian thing.—VICE-ADMIRAL J. D. ALLEN, St. Albans.

DANISH BARLEY

In *The Times* of November 3 appears the following statement from Elgin:—"The Danish steamer Orion arrived at Lossiemouth to-day with 600 tons of Danish barley for Speyside distillers, making a total of grain dumped in the last three days of 1,150 tons." This is written in connection with dumping by Russia. It is a mistake to characterize the Danish sales of malting barley as "dumped grain." It is a question of prices around 32s. 9d. per qr., c.i.f. Scotch east coast port, which is about twice as much as is asked for Russian barley. If any legal business exists at all having nothing to do with "dumping," it is surely this business in Danish barley for brewing purposes.—Mr. J. ASMUSSEN, Copenhagen.

MARRIAGE OF MINORS

A Surrogate when asked for a marriage licence is empowered—indeed, he is compelled—to put the applicant on oath, and if a false declaration is made, as, for instance, that the parties are of full age when they are in fact minors, the offence is punishable at law. If, therefore, the law were strictly enforced, there would appear to be no necessity for the compulsory production of certificates of birth or baptism. On the other hand, if I may judge from an experience of 40 years, false statements may be made to an incumbent for the purpose of securing publication of banns, with complete impunity, and no irregularity of this kind will invalidate a marriage which has otherwise been duly solemnized.—The REV. WALTER CHICK, Eastbourne.

THE ELEPHANT'S ENEMIES

Mr. H. T. White would, I think, find it difficult to substantiate the statement that the lion is the hereditary enemy of the elephant. Lions are seldom found in real elephant country and the one never interferes with the other, except possibly on the very rare occasion when the lion is tempted to take a young elephant calf, which he will never attempt unless other game is very scarce, as in the case of his having strayed into the haunts of elephants, where other game is never numerous. It would be far truer to speak of the leech as the hereditary and most dreaded enemy of the elephant, as is shown by his care when drinking, first carefully to blow with his trunk on the water, not to cool it, but to drive away the leeches, for if one of these attaches itself to its trunk the pain sends him mad, and frequently ends in his death, due to his mad rush through the bush to get rid of his enemy, which he is unable to do.—Mr. G. W. PENRICE, The Croft, Ash Green, Surrey.

SPEEDOMETERS ON TRAINS

When suggesting that every express engine should be provided with a speedometer, I did not intend to advocate the use of the costly recording instruments fitted to some of the French engines, to which Mr. Fellows refers. Ordinary speedometers like those used on cars, except for being rather more robust, could probably be obtained for £2 or £3 wholesale. I wonder that the Board of Trade does not insist on their use, also that the men do not ask for them, for their own protection. Their adoption would prevent accidents caused by errors of judgment of speed, and would assist in keeping time; because a definite maximum rate could be laid down to suit every curve and gradient, and the drivers would be able to run with confidence up to that figure, and so not lose any time through excess of caution, which must also happen occasionally, especially in the dark.—Mr. C. F. DENDY MARSHALL, Chinthurst Lodge, Wonersh, Guildford.

INVECTIVE IN THE COMMONS

One cannot help being struck with the paucity of imagination on the part of Socialist members of the House of Commons as regards invective. Almost invariably their only resource is "dirty dog" (we had it again on Tuesday night), occasionally varied by "dirty tyke," which is practically the same thing. It seems a pity that their opprobrious vocabulary is so limited, but "dirty dog" has become very monotonous.—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL OSCAR BROWN, 31, Marshall-avenue, Bognor Regis, Sussex.

DOMESTIC SERVICE

I think people often overlook a very human reason why domestic service is less attractive to girls than other work. In the matter of courtship or "walking out" a domestic servant is always at a disadvantage compared with her rivals in factory or shop. The latter are available every evening, if invited, to go "to the dogs" or the "movies," or, if funds are low, simply to accompany a suitor for a walk in the companionable darkness of street or country lane; whereas, even with the best of mistresses, a domestic servant can hardly hope to have more than two evenings a week free, and even then must be home at what many young men regard as an unconscionably early hour. What can be done to remove this objection I do not pretend to know, but that it exists I cannot doubt.—Mr. CHARLES RIDDELL WILLIAMS, The Club, Drapers' Hall, Coventry.

FARNHAM CASTLE

May I point out an error in the Rev. H. S. Cochran's letter in your issue of last Friday? My grandfather, Bishop Samuel Wilberforce, who succeeded Bishop Sumner as Bishop of Winchester, resided at Winchester House, St. James's-square, during his episcopacy till his death in 1873; Bishop Sumner remaining on at Farnham Castle after his resignation, where he outlived his successor, Bishop Samuel Wilberforce.—Mrs. RUSSELL WALKER, 124, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, S.W.

REMEMBRANCE DAY

If Armistice Day were to become less a day on which to remember the end of the War and victory over our enemies, and more a Day of Remembrance when we think of and give thanks for the men and women of all ages who have given their lives for the Empire, a day on which we dedicate ourselves anew to serve as they served: then, surely, the observance of the day and its services will never grow meaningless or useless.—ALICE DOBSON, High Biggin, Windermere.

THE CENTRE OF ENGLAND

Mr. Sacheverell Sitwell is surely in error in naming Daventry as being the centre of England. According to tradition this position is claimed by Lillington (a mile from Leamington Spa), where a railing-encircled tree is supposed to mark the middle spot of England, and also by Meriden (five miles north-west of Coventry), where an old stone on the green is recognized as the centre spot. Indeed, it is recorded that the name Meridian is derived from the name of the village! Philologists must surely have smiled broadly whenever they have heard of this ascription.—Mr. T. W. LITTLETON HAY, 24, Belsize-lane, N.W.3.

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R.N.V.R. REUNION

"HOWE" YEAR AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE

MR. CHURCHILL ON GALLIPOLI

Over 1,000 officers and men of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve attended on Saturday the annual reunion organized by the Royal Naval Division Association at the Crystal Palace—H.M.S. Victory VI. This was "Howe" year, and a programme extending over 12 hours was arranged for the benefit of former members of the division and other sections of the R.N.V.R. and their wives and families.

In the morning there was an assembly under the White Ensign on the terrace, the former Quarter Deck, when the ceremony of breaking colours was carried out as in the old days. The parade was taken by Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Levey. There followed a memorial service in the concert hall, conducted by the Rev. Bevill Close, in which Royal Marine buglers and massed choirs, under the direction of Mr. Walter H. Hedgcock, musical director of the Crystal Palace, took part.

Afterwards COMMODORE SIR RICHARD WILLIAMS-BULKELEY, R.N.R., who commanded the depôt throughout the War, opened the R.N.V.R. War Museum. He recalled the fact that some 120,000 ratings and about 5,000 officers passed through the Crystal Palace depôt; and such was the spirit of devotion to the Service and to duty that in the four years the depôt was in existence it was only found necessary to hold three Courts-martial. The depôt proved conclusively that the R.N.V.R. in all its sections was a link of the utmost value between the Navy and the civilian population of the country—a link that would stand almost any strain of expansion, of extreme adaptability, and one by which the Admiralty would at any time be able to join to itself the experts and the working hands of any profession, trade, or other occupation of which it might find itself in need.

WAR TROPHIES

The War trophies exhibited were of great interest. Over 500 in number, they represented all the war activities of the Volunteer Reserve. There were memories of Antwerp and of the various phases of internment in Holland; many mementoes of Gallipoli, including the raft used by Lieutenant-Colonel Freyberg, V.C., when he swam ashore and placed flares close to the Bulair lines in April, 1915; the replica of "Drake's Drum" used in many actions in France and marked by many bloodstains; a piece of Vindictive's funnel after the engagement at Zeebrugge; a Russian ikon presented by Russian officers to their commander; exhibits recalling the beginning of the Volunteer Reserve, training at the Crystal Palace, the general activities of the Reserve, and "after the War." There were several expressions of regret that this fine collection of trophies could not have a permanent home.

At a luncheon, presided over by Captain Lord Howe, R.N.V.R., GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON, proposing the toast of "The Royal Naval Division," said that in all the books about the War no one had taken the trouble to bring out forcibly enough the fact that our statesmen, militarily speaking, tumbled into the War absolutely blindfold as regards plans. Although we were the mightiest nation that took part in the War—although we could have beaten the whole continent in arms, given the friendly neutrality of the United States—yet we had no part in the control and conduct of the War. While Lord Kitchener received a great deal of credit, and rightly so, for being the first man to prophesy that the War would last three years, what he deserved greater credit for still was that in 1909 he saw that the effect of the military conversations our General Staff were having with the French General Staff would end by them leading us blindfolded into war, hanging on anyhow to the French plans.

LORD HOWE, replying, said he was not sure that everybody realized what the effect of the Royal Naval Division was on the very early stages of the War. He was not at all sure that the expedition to Antwerp did not have almost a vital effect. For a week or 10 days the Division delayed a German Army Corps. Had that corps been free to operate in any direction it liked, without the Antwerp operations, the Germans might easily have taken the whole of the Channel ports.

MAJOR D. M. W. BEAK, V.C., and PETTY OFFICER L. W. SHEED also replied. "Our Guests" was proposed by LIEUTENANT-COLONEL SIR LESLIE WILSON, and responded to by SIR HILTON YOUNG and COMMANDER HARRY VANDERVELL.

MR. CHURCHILL'S ADDRESS

In the afternoon there was a gathering in the main hall to hear an address by Mr. CHURCHILL. He said that he had always been greatly touched by the fact that the officers and men of the Royal Naval Division had owed him no grudge for the part he played, sometimes a decisive part, in shaping their fortunes. As time passed, men's judgment altered about the episodes of the Great War; prejudices died, more knowledge came to hand, matters were considered in their true proportion and perspective; and he for one was not at all afraid when he heard the names mentioned of Antwerp and Gallipoli. (Cheers.) If they read the Official British History of the War, prepared by highly competent and impartial officers, they would see that it was there stated that the prolongation of the resistance of Antwerp, while it did not save, and could not save, that city from capture, nevertheless gave the necessary time for the British Army to deploy before Ypres, and thus saved the Channel ports from speedy capture, at the very beginning of the War, by the German invader. (Cheers.)

The Royal Naval Division was a very young division in those days, and many were the deficiencies in training and equipment. They were sent to Antwerp because there was no one else to go, and their presence there was indispensable to the prolongation of the resistance of that fortress. From their journey to Antwerp, and their services there, there followed military events highly beneficial to the operations of ourselves and our Allies in France and Flanders, and possibly affecting in an appreciable degree the whole further course of the War in that theatre. Losses there were; a brigade was led into captivity; but they need none of them feel that those losses, painful though they were, were incurred without a sound military purpose or without a definite military result.

GALLIPOLI

More sombre were their reflections about Gallipoli. The deeds of the Royal Naval Division upon the Peninsula had been well chronicled and would never be forgotten as long as deeds of valour and discipline were prized in the British Army or in the British Fleet. Now that they could survey that scene and its operations in retrospect, the number of persons who regarded the enterprise of the Dardanelles as an error, as a blunder, were seen to be getting steadily fewer. In fact, only very ignorant or prejudiced persons, or persons who were guilty in some way or other of hampering or obstructing those operations, endeavoured to argue that the forcing of the Straits of the Dardanelles was not a right strategic act in 1915; and the only way by which the horrors of the prolonged struggle on the Western Front and throughout the combatant world could have been avoided. The Royal Naval Division played their part well, and history would record that it was not their fault that an immense abridgement of slaughter and torment was not achieved for all nations, foes as well as friends. He said those words because of their kindness in receiving him and of their nobility in having preserved a sense of friendship towards him, although he condemned them to such frightful toils, perils, and sacrifices.

"Keep together," added Mr. Churchill. "Do not let the hands which are joined fall apart. Do not let those sacrifices and associations which grew in the white flame of the furnace of war burn out into cold embers in the years of peace. These are the deeds of history and of romance that have united you. They are among the greatest that have ever been performed. Whether in Gallipoli or in France the reputation of the Royal Naval Division was not inferior to that of any—even of the finest divisions of the British Army that were employed in the Great War. Keep the spirit of comradeship, of mutual aid and assistance alive in your hearts. Keep also the resolve that our country, which bore all the brunt of the Great War, should not be deprived in days and years of peace of her position in the world."

The day's programme also included a football match between the R.N.V.R. and the Old Finchleians, cinematograph performances, tea given by wives of R.N.V.R. officers to members, their wives and children, and a dance. Music was played by the R.N.V.R. band.

A claim for £300 compensation for the seizure and burning in a Limerick street of two parts of the film *Juno and the Paycock* has been lodged by the proprietor of the picture hall concerned.

ROUND THE SHOPS

PREPARATIONS FOR CHRISTMAS

A great array of pre-Christmas bargains in fashions and goods of all kinds are offered this week. Model gowns are marked down from this season's stocks in several houses, and the opportunity to buy goods at low prices is afforded on many sides. Prices at pre-War levels are announced by Barkers, where the Diamond Jubilee of a house famed for its bargains is being celebrated.

The children's attractions are now ready or in preparation in many of the big shops, and boys and girls are to be seen carrying the parcels which are among the gifts of the Father Christmas, who is to be found in traditional dress presiding in the midst of ingeniously contrived scenes.

HARRODS, Brompton-road, are having this week five fashion days, beginning to-day, on which all original models will be half price and other fashion garments will show genuine price reductions. All the fashion departments are concerned in this event, and there are special bargains in coats, and in leather coats with fur trimming and *ensembles* of all kinds. There is also a sale of English cut glass at half price.

DICKINS AND JONES, Regent-street, have a special offer of two groups of gowns for day and evening at £4 and £5. In these groups will be found dresses that were priced at 7 and 8½ guineas. These are for personal shoppers. On Wednesday next the children's entertainments of marionettes and Punch and Judy start and should afford much amusement to young patrons in the morning and afternoon.

BARKERS, High-street, Kensington, are celebrating the Diamond Jubilee of their house with bargains on a gigantic scale in every section of their store, and with great illuminations outside. There will be mannequin parades daily, beginning to-day, which will provide a review of fashion as it was in the old days when the store was a small shop and as it is to-day. The children's toy mart affords many attractions for those who will be its future customers.

BURBERRYS, Haymarket, are holding a series of mannequin displays of winter sports dress for men, women, and children daily from to-day until Friday. The parades will be held from 11.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2.30 to 5 p.m. each day, and will afford an opportunity of seeing the season's new models for ski-ing, skating, and luge-ing designed in their special wind-proof and snow-proof materials.

MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE'S have now their Christmas novelties on show, and in the fancy goods department on the ground floor there are the most delightful and unusual things from the new muff-bag in Persian lamb to a giant white bear, an exact scale reproduction of Barbara from the Zoo. Among the new evening bags are exquisite hand-made bead bags with jewelled mounts, embroidered bags, and dainty bags in finest petit-point. Black crêpe de Chine bags, which are a fashionable craze, are from 26s. 9d., and there are bags at all prices for both day and evening. All-in-one boudoir writing compacts with neat covers are in leather, and there are many leather novelties. Dog-brushes for pets have hand-painted dogs of all breeds on the back. Real shagreen boxes for cigarettes are at 39s. 6d. Bridge sets in handsome embroidered and decorated bags contain cloth, four scorers, and two packs of cards at 29s. 6d. Novelties in paste hat clips have watches set in the centre and lovely Lenci dolls, and there are new *bal masque* calendars with gorgeous ladies fully dressed even to lace petticoats and jewels. Novel wire animals are among the new zoological specimens. Boudoir trays are dainty gifts, and with embroidered lace between two sheets of glass are in new designs from 6s. 9d.

SELFRIDGE'S, Oxford-street, open their Gift Hall to-day, when suggestions for Christmas gifts will be found grouped in such a way as will make it easy for early Christmas shoppers to organize their outlay. In the camera department arrangements have been made for supplying cinema entertainments for Christmas parties; the charge for this service is three guineas, including the operator's fee. An amusing feature of the windows at the present time will be found in Somerset-street, where four of Mr. Cheiry Kearton's penguins blink lazily at their admirers, who assemble to see them fed several times a day.

GAMAGE'S, Marble Arch, are having a sale of original Paris models at eight, 10, and 12 guineas. These are from the best-known Paris collections and afford a good opportunity of buying exclusive gowns at a fraction of their original prices. Paris model hats are also reduced in a drastic way in pursuance of the policy of continually renewing stocks of models and at the same time allowing customers the opportunity of securing unusual bargains while stocks are fresh and fashionable. The Christmas Toy Fair is open in the lower ground floor.

HARVEY NICHOLS, Knightsbridge, have a new collection of silks showing at the present time which includes some of the lovely evening fabrics chosen by famous French designers for their new model gowns. The new brocades are exquisite and are in light but very elaborate designs on ninon, chiffon, and satin in new pastel colours on a great variety of grounds. These are for coats and dresses and evening *ensembles* of richness and distinction. There are new metal brocades in tapestry designs for coats which are of unusual design, and the progress of brocade in all sections of fashion increases as the season advances. The demand for black ring velvet also increases and miles of this lovely fabric are being sold.

TOUR OF DOMINION PRIME MINISTERS

VISITS IN THE NORTH

Further visits in connexion with the tour of the Dominion Prime Ministers are being arranged by the British Empire League.

Mr. Scullin, Prime Minister of Australia, and Mr. Forbes, Prime Minister of New Zealand, the Hon. F. Brennan, Attorney-General, Australia, Sir Thomas Sidey, Attorney-General, New Zealand, and other delegates to the Imperial Conference, accompanied by their wives, will leave London to-morrow by the night train for Edinburgh, spending the whole of Wednesday in that city. On Thursday morning the party will leave for Glasgow and will remain there all that day. On Friday, Mr. Forbes and other New Zealand delegates and their wives will go on to Leeds, and on the Monday following they will visit Bradford, on Tuesday Liverpool, and on Wednesday Manchester, returning to London on Thursday, November 27.

Mr. Scullin and other Australian delegates will leave Glasgow on the afternoon of next Thursday for Sheffield, spending the whole of Friday in that city, and in the evening they will leave for Ireland. The parties will be entertained by the civic authorities, and in Edinburgh the freedom of the city and the university degree of Hon. D.C.L. will be conferred on the Prime Ministers of Canada, Australia, and New Zealand. At Sheffield, the freedom of the city will be conferred on the Prime Minister of Australia.

MAKING OF BRITISH FILMS

A party of Dominion Prime Ministers and delegates on Saturday saw various scenes of British films being "shot" at Elstree. Various actors and actresses, including Miss Fay Compton, Miss Ursula Jeans, Miss Adrienne Allen, Mr. Owen Nares, Mr. Norman McKinnel, and Mr. Laurence Olivier were introduced to the delegates.

THE OBSTRUCTIVE PLUMBER

An Islington plumber named EDWARD JOHN POWELL, 57, who was alleged to have obstructed the police who were keeping back the crowd while firemen were at work after the manhole explosion in Tottenham Court-road on Friday, was fined 20s. at Marlborough-street Police Court on Saturday. A police-constable stated that while he was keeping back the crowd with other police officers Powell persistently returned to the manhole when told to go away, and stopped the firemen at work. Powell said that being a plumber he was very interested in what the firemen were doing. He stood behind a fireman who was holding a special type of lamp.

VICAR'S DEATH FROM DROWNING

The inquest was held at Northallerton on the body of the REV. JOHN WALLING, vicar of East Cowton, near Northallerton, who disappeared three weeks ago and whose body was recovered from the Rivet Trees on Wednesday night.

A verdict was returned that the vicar was accidentally drowned following a motoring accident, which caused semi-unconsciousness, after which he staggered and fell into the river.

THE STIMULATION OF EMPLOYMENT

£100,000,000 TO BE SPENT

Mr. Morrison, the Minister of Transport, in his speech on the debate on the Address in the House of Commons on November 4, 1930, referred to the large volume of schemes for the economic development of transport and electricity supply, representing a total expenditure of over £100,000,000, which had been authorized under the present Government with a view to stimulating employment.

According to a statement issued by the Ministry of Transport, about half of this total represents schemes towards which grants are being made from the Road Fund; towards the remainder grants are being made out of funds provided under the Development (Loan Guarantees and Grants) Act, 1929, on the recommendation of the Development (Public Utility) Advisory Committee, under the chairmanship of Sir Frederick Lewis, and the Unemployment Grants Committee under the chairmanship of Lord St. Davids.

The total is composed approximately as follows:—

	Million £
Improvement or reconstruction of classified roads and bridges (under the Trunk Road, Five Years and Annual Programmes)	50
Improvement of unclassified roads (Unemployment Grants Committee) ..	6
Docks and harbours	10
Underground and Metropolitan Railways (over)	11
Main-line railway companies	10
Canals (nearly)	1
Electricity (over)	12
	100

ROADS AND BRIDGES

The schemes for improvement or reconstruction of classified roads or bridges which have been approved out of the Road Fund since August, 1929, have reached a figure of £50,000,000 (in addition to the annual expenditure on maintenance of classified roads of some £20,000,000 per annum, and on improvement and maintenance of rural and other unclassified roads of some £10,000,000 per annum). Definite approval has been given to £24,000,000 of this £50,000,000 total; for the remainder, plans and details are still being worked out by the highway authorities concerned, or are under final discussion with the Ministry. The above figures exclude the special London schemes, such as the Dartford-Purfleet Tunnel and Elephant and Castle improvements.

The amounts shown in all instances represent the total estimated costs of the schemes: the measure of Government assistance given varies according to circumstances.

The following list shows the major schemes of reconstruction, widenings, and by-passes, each estimated to cost £100,000 or over, on sections of which work has been begun (indicated by an asterisk) or will be begun at an early date. Schemes marked † are estimated each to cost £250,000 or over.

In each case the route number, authority, and description of works is given.

A.1.—THE GREAT NORTH ROAD

A.1.—Notts C.C.—Reconstruct from Shire Bridge to Bawtry.*†
A.1.—Durham, C.B.—By-pass and new bridge at Chester-le-Street.*
A.12.—Essex C.C.—Colchester by-pass.*
A.12.—E. Suffolk C.C.—Woodbridge by-pass.*
A.13.—Essex C.C.—Reconstruction near Orsett Cock and Hangman's Wood.
A.100.—Lancs C.C.—Second carriageway, Ley Street to Gallows Corner.
Hertford C.C.—Sections of North Orbital (new) road.*†
Hull C.B.—New ring road.*
A.30.—Kent C.C.—Reconstruction, Wrotham to Larkfield.
A.21.—E. Sussex C.C.—Improvements near Battle.
Kent C.C.—New road, Eddington to Nicholas-at-Wall and from Brock's End to Sparrow Castle Farm.*†
A.24.—Surrey C.C.—By-pass at Dorking.
A.252.—Kent C.C.—Reconstruction and diversion, Charing Northern by-pass to Faversham Road, and between Dane Street and Bagham Corner.†
A.259.—E. Sussex C.C.—Diversion and new bridge between Persiver Bridge and Bexhill.
A.259.—Brighton C.B.—Reconstruction between Rottingdean and Salt Dean.*

A.3.—THE PORTSMOUTH ROAD

A.3.—Surrey C.C.—Widenings from Esher to Cobham and from Milford to Godalming.*†
A.30.—Surrey C.C.—By-pass, Guildford-Godalming.*†
A.32.—Hants C.C.—By-pass at Winchester.†
A.39.—Somerset C.C.—By-pass at Bridgwater.*†
A.388.—Cornwall C.C.—Reconstruction Scorrier Fork to Mitchell.

A.4.—THE BATH ROAD

A.4.—Middlesex C.C.—Reconstruction from Great West Road to Colnbrook.
A.4.—Bucks C.C.—Reconstruction from Colnbrook to Berks County boundary.*
A.4.—Berks C.C.—Reconstruction from Reading to Newbury.*†
A.4.—Wilts C.C.—Reconstruction from Berks County boundary to Beckhampton.
A.40.—Bucks C.C.—Reconstruction from North Orbital Road to Beaconsfield.*
A.40.—Oxford C.C.—Reconstruction from Eynsham to Gloucester County boundary.*
A.45.—Coventry C.B.—By-pass at Coventry.
A.45.—Warwick C.C.—Widening Coventry to Northants County boundary.
A.48.—Swansea C.B.—Various widenings.*
A.406.—Middlesex C.C.—North Circular (new) Road, Friern Barnet.
A.437.—Gloucester C.C.—Reconstruction Chepstow Lodge to Broad Oak.*
A.437.—Monmouth C.C.—Reconstruction Newport to Chepstow.*
A.446.—Warwick C.C.—Reconstruction between Denbigh Corner and Bassett's Pole.*
A.449.—Stafford C.C.—Reconstruction between Stone and Filly Brooks Overhead Railway.

A.5.—THE HOLYHEAD ROAD

A.5.—Bedford C.C.—Reconstruction from Herts to Bucks County boundary.*†
A.5.—Northants C.C.—Reconstruction Bucks County boundary to Foster's Booth.*†
A.5.—Stafford C.C.—Reconstruction from Brownhills to Shropshire County boundary.*†
A.55.—Caernarvon C.C.—Diversion and new road Penyclip to Penmaenbach.†
Liverpool C.B.—Widenings and construction of sections of new road, Queen's Drive.*
Liverpool C.B.—New road from Childwall Road to Bellevale Road.*
A.580.—Lancs C.C.—New road, Victoria Esplanade.*

A.6.—THE CARLISLE ROAD

A.6.—Leicester C.C.—Widenings Oadby to Market Harborough.*
A.6.—Lancs C.C.—By-pass at Blackrod.*
A.6.—Lancs C.C.—Reconstruction Dockacres to Hale Moss.*
Rotherham C.B.—New road, Hermingthorpe Valley.
Rochdale C.B.—New road, Oldham-road to Halifax-road.*
Durham C.C.—New road, Stanley to Causey Inn.
A.614.—Notts C.C.—Reconstruction, Nottingham to Bawtry.
Nottingham C.B.—New road and bridges, Radford-road to Valley-road.*†
A.74.—Lanark C.C.—New road, Stonyburn, to S. of Crawford, widenings Burnhead-road to John-street, Larkhall, and widenings of Cambusiang and Dalton bridges.*†
A.732.—Glasgow T.C.—Reconstruction of King's Bridge.*
A.82.—Inverness C.C.—Reconstruction and new bridge, Fort William to Inveroiglov.
A.82.—Inverness C.C.—Reconstruction and new bridges between Laggan Bridge and Fort Augustus.*
London C.C.—New Lambeth Bridge.*†
Surrey C.C.—New road and bridge, Hampton Court to Esher Road.

In addition to these works of road improvement towards which grants are to be made from the Road Fund, some £6,000,000 of expenditure for improvement of unclassified roads has been approved for grant by the Unemployment Grants Committee.

DOCKS AND HARBOURS

That Committee, which deals with works administered by local authorities or trusts not trading for profit, has approved schemes for improvement of docks and harbours, including a comprehensive scheme of modernization on the Mersey (over £2,000,000), a number of improvement schemes on the Clyde, the Tees, the Wear, and at Aberdeen, as well as a number of smaller schemes. On the advice of the Development Committee, which deals with applications from railway and other statutory companies, the Government has within the last few days approved for grant a further extension of Southampton Docks, involving expenditure by the Southern Railway of some £3,000,000; and the Great Western Railway have put in hand a scheme at a cost of approaching £2,000,000 for the development of modern handling appliances at the South Wales Docks, while the London and North Eastern Railway have in hand schemes approaching £500,000 for various improvements at Middlesbrough, Hull, and Grimsby. The total dock schemes approved on the advice of the two committees are over £10,000,000.

Details have already appeared of the schemes representing over £11,000,000 which are being put in hand by the London Underground and Metropolitan Railways.

The main line railways, apart from the dock schemes already mentioned, have undertaken works involving an expenditure of over £10,000,000.

A large programme of reconstruction, involving an early expenditure of approaching £1,000,000, has been approved in principle for the Grand Union Canal Company.

Grants have also been approved for schemes of electrical development, involving a total expenditure of over £12,000,000. The greater part of this total relates to works connected with the standardization of frequency on the North-East Coast, but schemes of smaller amounts are fairly distributed throughout Great Britain.

NEW EAST HAM MAGISTRATES

The names of the following have been added to the Commission of the Peace for the county borough of East Ham:—

Councillor Walter Thomas Newling, Mayor of East Ham; Councillor Jesse James Pope; and Mr. Ernest Albert Sledrack.

SLUM CLEARANCE

HEALTH MINISTER AND ECONOMY

Mr. Greenwood, Minister of Health, and the Bishop of Southwark were among the speakers at a conference organized by the National Federation of Building Trades Operatives, at the Kingsway Hall, London, on Saturday, when the subject of slum clearance was discussed.

MR. T. BARRON, president of the Federation, was in the chair, and he proposed a resolution which welcomed the enabling powers given under the Housing No. 2 Act, by which local authorities were empowered to deal with the menace of slums. It called upon all local authorities to take immediate steps to operate the new Act "in as sympathetic a manner as possible," and advocated the formation of local housing survey councils to collate authentic information as to slum conditions.

MR. J. G. MARTIN (secretary of the National Housing and Town Planning Council) seconded the motion.

MR. GREENWOOD (Minister of Health) said it was his desire—and in this he thought he could speak for enlightened and progressive local authorities—to organize and mobilize a powerful public opinion in support of a great housing crusade. The fact that since the War they had, in England and Wales, built 1,500,000 houses, 300,000 of them in the area of Greater London, was a tribute to their activity and interest in the problem. But it had not taken them far enough. They were still left with the fact that there was a demand for housing accommodation that had not yet been met, and they were still left with the problem of bad, overcrowded houses—a problem which grew more serious as time went by. It was one of the gravest duties that lay before the community to deal with this problem. Economy which struck at the root of social services which meant a more wholesome and cleaner life for the people, was not economy at all. It was the politics of Bedlam. They could not deal with the problem of the slums without the expenditure of public money.

As a mere provincial he did not think London ought ever to have been allowed to grow as big as it was. It terrified him as he passed from the south to the north of London, or from east to west. He was appalled by its very size. In London they were faced with a specially difficult problem. But he was not saying that it was not capable of solution. He was certain that most local authorities were anxious to deal with the problem, if only for the reason that they were realizing that the saving of expenditure by leaving housing conditions bad, led to large expenditure in another direction. He regarded housing as a sound economic proposition. It was in the interest of the ratepayers financially, socially, and morally that they should get rid of the slur of the slum.

BISHOP OF SOUTHWARK'S VIEW

The BISHOP OF SOUTHWARK said that it was stated that in London there were no fewer than 30,000 basement dwellings which were considered unfit for human occupation, and they were occupied by some 100,000 people. Before they could sweep away slums they had to provide houses in a convenient position, and at rents sufficiently low, to enable people now dwelling in unsatisfactory buildings to move into them.

The motion was carried.

ROAD REPAIRS IN LONDON

TRANSPORT MINISTRY'S LIST

Appended is the list issued by the Ministry of Transport of works of road maintenance and improvement in London during the fortnight ending November 29. Alternative routes or loop roads available to traffic during the progress of the works are shown in parentheses, and the date of the beginning and estimated date of completion follow:—

Clapham-road, Lambeth.—No. 112 to Church-street (Holland-street and Brixton-road), November 17—December 20; No. 33 to South Island-place (Holland-street and Brixton-road), November 17—December 20; South Lambeth-road to Lansdowne-road (South Lambeth-road and Lansdowne-road), November 17—December 20.

Morthake-road, Richmond.—West Hall-road to 160 yards from Lower Richmond-road (Lower Richmond-road, Sandycombe-road, Kew Gardens-road, and Kew-road), November 17—February 28.

Marylebone-road, St. Marylebone.—East side of Nottingham-place to east side of High-street (Harley-street, Devonshire-street, High-street, and Paddington-street), November 17—December 27.

Regent-square, St. Pancras.—South side (Cromer-street and Judd-street), November 17—November 29.

CLOTHING FOR CHARITY

QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK GUILD

The work of Queen Mary's London Needlework Guild in collecting for the poor of the London district clothing, sheets and blankets, and other forms of warm comforts, is nearing its 50th anniversary. To-day, as in previous years, the neat piles of garments and linen are on view in the Jehangir Hall of the Imperial Institute, South Kensington, where the Queen and Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, spent two days this month in superintending the unpacking of bundles.

This year no fewer than 55,032 gifts have been collected, all new, all of excellent quality, and many made personally by the donors. This is an increase of over 800 upon those received last year, and the visitor who goes to South Kensington between 11 a.m. and 4.30 p.m. to-day (the exhibition of work will not be open subsequently this year) will observe the variety and the practical spirit shown by the many generous contributors.

One large table is piled high with personal gifts from members of the Royal Family. The Queen has brought together 13,082 garments and other comforts, including a dozen blue, white, and pink cot-covers, which she has herself crocheted. The King has chosen 260 garments, chiefly for men, the Prince of Wales 50, and among the Royal donors whose offerings are separately marked are the Duke and Duchess of York, the Duke of Gloucester, and Prince George. Princess Mary, Countess Harewood, has knitted four heather-mixture jumpers, while her eldest son, Viscount Lascelles, has made the red muffler in the centre of this table. Princess Mary is herself one of the presidents of the guild, responsible this time for the collection of 3,100 garments, and among her personal gifts are 12 well-chosen maternity bags, and a further dozen bags containing complete children's outfits.

The principle of including sets in these bags, with their fresh and cheerful cretonne covers, has been extended this year. There are girls' outfits with changes of frocks, shoes, aprons, overalls, and underclothes, suitable for a young girl going out into service for the first time, and boys' outfits complete with suits, knickers, pyjamas, shirts, and linen, ready for the young emigrants whose departure is superintended by a branch of the Charity Organization Society.

AREA OF THE CHARITIES

The committee of the guild have not accepted anything that has been worn, or anything that is of poor quality, nor is there any impression of the crude or drab colours associated by an older tradition with charity garments. Some of the finest of the gifts, many of them made by hand, have been apportioned to poor gentlefolk, including the families of professional persons in distress. The area of the charities assisted is confined to the London postal district, but within this geographical limit it will be possible to assist 406 institutions, as against the 398 helped last year.

Apart from the many London parishes, who apply to the guild for relief, the hospitals and district nursing homes, there are the schools of infant welfare, the various settlements, missions and children's homes, the rescue and preventive centres for women and children, the Church Army and Jewish Board of Guardians, the Salvation Army, and the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society, who all receive supplies from the store at the Imperial Institute. The guild is non-sectarian, and the distribution of comforts is limited only by the supply.

The increased response during the present year has given great delight to the Queen and to the guild's other presidents and organizers, but it is hoped that new members, especially young people, will come forward as presidents, vice-presidents, or associates, and that some of the similar organizations, which existed outside London in various counties before the War, may be re-established. The constitution of the guild through groups, which combine the duties of collecting objects with those of nominating suitable charities, increases the personal interest of supporters, and widens each year the field of its benefits to the London poor. To-day's exhibition at the Imperial Institute, where nothing is sold and no charge is made for entrance, will give many sympathizers an opportunity of studying the work in its detailed results. Information at other times can be obtained from the secretary, Mrs. St. John Oliver, at 60, South Eaton-place, S.W.1.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE BILL

FURTHER L.C.C. CRITICISM

Further criticism of the provisions of the Bill to raise the school-leaving age to 15 and to give maintenance grants to parents in respect of the last year of school attendance is set out in the minutes of committees of the London County Council, which will be considered at a meeting of the Council to-morrow.

The Education Committee, in dealing with the question of an inquiry into the means of parents, observe that reliance apparently would largely have to be placed on information casually and fortuitously obtained in the investigation of the accuracy of the statements on the form of claim, and the use of such information would at times operate very unfairly as between claimant and claimant. It is stated that it is very difficult to give an estimate of the cost of maintenance allowances in London. The estimate of the President of the Board of Education was that approximately 25 per cent. of the children attending public elementary schools would be excluded from receiving the allowances. It is possible that in London the proportion of successful claimants may not be so high as 75 per cent., but on a 75 per cent. basis, and taking the average size of the new age group as 50,000, this would mean an approximate average annual cost of £488,000 a year during the first few years. Assuming that the Board of Education will pay 50 per cent. of the cost of education and of maintenance allowances, the rate charges would be £175,000 in respect of the extra charge for educating the new age group and £244,000 in respect of allowances.

FAIRS ON THE HEATH

The Parks Committee have for some time given anxious consideration to the question of the days on which fairs shall be allowed at Hampstead Heath during the Easter holiday. The committee have had before them a petition signed by about 1,600 residents in the vicinity of Hampstead Heath asking that the holiday fairs at this place should not in future be allowed on Good Friday. "On the other hand," the committee report, "we have had a petition signed by about 12,000 residents and ratepayers of Hampstead and regular visitors to Hampstead Heath," asking the Council to continue to allow the fair to be held on Good Friday. A letter has been received from the Hampstead Chamber of Commerce forwarding a resolution strongly protesting against the discontinuance of the fair on Good Friday. For certainly between 40 and 50 years fairs have been held on Good Friday and Bank Holidays at Hampstead Heath, and in 1898 the Council fixed certain charges for the use of plots. Up to 1922 the fair was opened on the public holidays only, plus the Saturday between Good Friday and Easter Monday. In 1922, at the request of the Showmen's Guild, the fair was allowed to open at 2 p.m. on the Saturday preceding Whit Monday and August Bank Holiday. In 1928 permission was given for the fair to be kept open until 10.30 p.m. instead of 10 p.m. as previously, and to remain open on the Tuesday after each holiday. In October, 1929, after the receipt of a petition from residents in the vicinity of Hampstead Heath, the fair was not allowed to open on the Tuesday after Easter, Whitsun, and August Bank Holidays, and in addition the time of closing was altered to the original time (10 p.m.). The fair on Good Friday attracts many thousands of people each year from various parts of London. Observation was kept on Good Friday last, when the crowd was somewhat smaller than usual owing to bad weather, but there was no rowdy or unseemly incident. The noise inevitable to a fair attended by a large crowd was also less than usual, which was no doubt also attributable to the unfavourable weather. The noise from the fair is certainly not greater on Good Friday than on Easter Monday. In addition to the fair on the heath, there is a smaller fair held on private ground adjoining the Vale of Health Hotel. This fair is much closer to houses than the one on the heath, and, even if the latter were not allowed on Good Friday, would no doubt still take place on that day. On full consideration of all the circumstances, we have not seen our way to make any departure from the practice which has obtained for over 40 years in regard to the holding of the fair on Good Friday. We have therefore decided to adhere to the policy adopted in October, 1929, of allowing the fair to be held on Good Friday, the following Saturday, and Easter Monday."

News in Brief

The Rev. O. W. Wilde, vicar of St. Ives, Huntingdonshire, for more than 30 years, has decided to retire. His resignation is expected to take effect at Easter.

The steamer Canberwell came into collision with the sailing barge Doreena in the St. Clements Reach of the Thames on Friday night. The Doreena sank at once, and her mate was drowned.

William George Farr, 15, was crushed to death between the buffers of railway wagons which were being shunted by a hydraulic capstan at Kingston-street goods station, Hull, on Saturday.

Alderman Harry Osborn, J.P., of East Ham, has died in East Ham Memorial Hospital at the age of 68. He was knocked down by a motor-car in Romford-road, Forest Gate, on August 23 last.

The Cowes Urban District Council, which last summer opened new hard courts and putting greens in Northwood Park, has decided against Sunday play there or Sunday concerts in the Pier Pavilion.

The Rev. H. G. Nind, vicar of South Stoke, Oxfordshire, has been presented with his portrait by the teachers and scholars of Allnut's Endowed Schools, near Reading, with the management of which he has been associated for 55 years.

The steam drifter Charles Hay, of Inverness, was sunk in collision on the herring grounds on Friday night. The crew of 10 were taken off just before the vessel went down, and were landed at Lowestoft by the Inverness steam drifter Craigmount.

Lord Hailsham laid the foundation-stone of a new Congregational church at Sarisbury, Hampshire, on Saturday. The church was the gift of Lord Hailsham's father, Mr. Quintin Hogg, who was at one time the owner of Sarisbury Court.

At Llandovery County Court on Saturday a jury awarded £20 as damages against Edward Beard, a druggist, of Whalley Range, Manchester, for injuries caused by running down with a motor-car Elizabeth Eleanor Evans, daughter of David Evans, a farmer, of Llangadock, on August 24, 1929.

The decision of the Essex education authorities to remove between 50 and 60 children from the village school in North-street, Hornchurch, to the school at the Shoreditch Cottage Homes, in Hornchurch, has created discontent among the older residents, who have refused to send their children to school until the arrangement has been cancelled.

The proceeds of the sale of a war tank, which was recently dismantled and broken up, have supplemented the fund for founding a university scholarship in connexion with the Royal Grammar School, High Wycombe. The minimum sum aimed at is £1,000, which will perpetuate the memory of Second Lieutenant Frederick Youens, V.C., who was a pupil at the school for five years.

Two hundred people, including members of West Riding ramblers' clubs, made a demonstration against the closing of footpaths on land belonging to the Bradford Corporation Water Department yesterday. Assembling at Sunnymede, near Keighley, they climbed a fence barricading the entrance to the water department's estate, and walked in single file along the paths through the woods and across the moorlands.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

An organizing appeal secretary is required by a London hospital to raise £125,000. (p. 3)

Offers are invited for the purchase of a collection of 60,000 miniature soldiers, several thousand wagons, pontoons, &c., covering the military history of mankind. (p. 1)

The headmastership of Steyning (Sussex) Grammar School will be vacant in January. (p. 3)

Applications are invited for the post of Head of the School of Art of the Polytechnic, Regent-street, London. (p. 3)

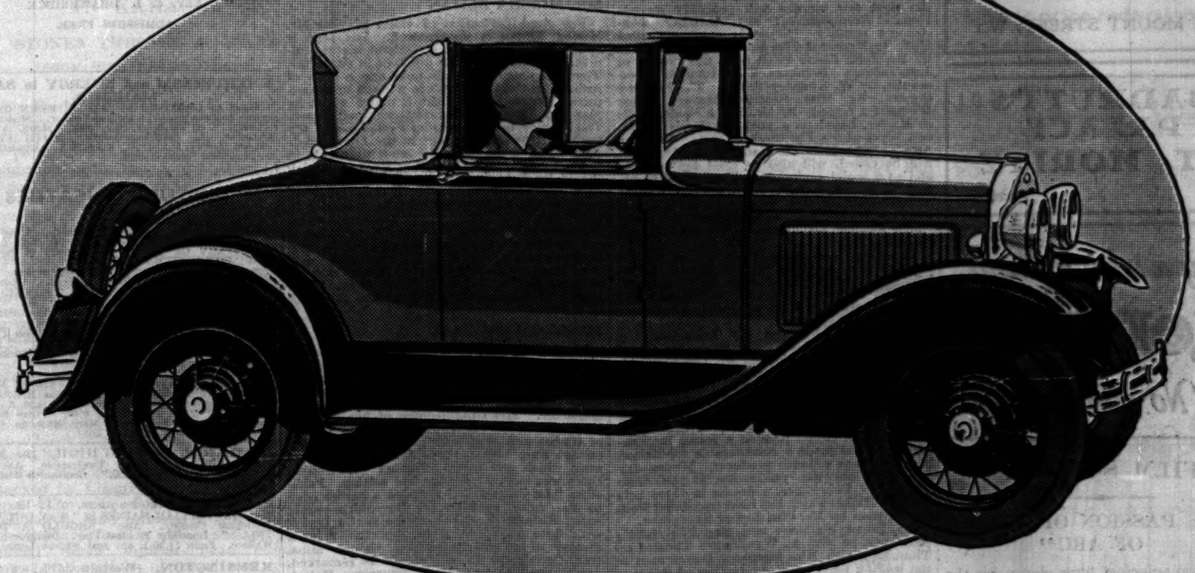
The annual court of the members of King's College, London, will be held on Tuesday, December 2. (p. 1)

A sub-editor with "a light touch and sense of humour" is wanted "for a sophisticated, jolly illustrated weekly." (p. 3)

The Air Ministry is open to receive applications for a number of short service commissions. (p. 3)

LINCOLN Ford Fordson

AIRCRAFT



THE NEW FORD CABRIOLET £210 AT WORKS, MANCHESTER
14.9 h.p. £5 extra

One friend tells another

. . . . so the NEW FORD grows

OWNERS of new Fords are telling their friends about the car.

In traffic, on the open road, while surmounting hills ordinarily considered steep, the New Ford's performance is gratifying. The Ford steers so easily and rides so comfortably that every association with it is a pleasant one.

The Ford car is good to look at. Low streamline distinction, attractive durable pyroxylin colours, quality upholstery, bright parts of stainless steel. The safety of the car is a constant source of assurance. Powerful four-wheel brakes. Strong steel bumpers, front and rear. Robust steel bodies. Strong, welded steel spoke wheels. Large tyres. Unsplinterable glass windscreen.

Why not a New Ford this Winter? The cost is less than ever, since the recent price reductions. Ask your nearest Ford dealer to-day for an extensive trial run.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY LIMITED
London and Manchester

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

(*Editorial Rooms*), *London.*

NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.

SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

TALKING TO A PROCESSION

By CALLISTHENES

We saw in an advertising magazine the other day a sentence which has the shapeliness and significance of the good epigram:

"Remember you aren't talking to a mass-meeting. You are talking to a procession."

This is admirable advice for the advertising man. People in a procession are thinking of where they are going, not of the announcements made on their right or their left, so that a certain trenchancy of style is necessary. They come into earshot and then pass out of it, so the announcement must be brief; and it must be effective in every sentence, for each may be the first or the last to be heard.

But the advice is equally admirable for many other professions, and perhaps most of all for retail distribution.

It is an uneasy job talking to a procession. It is so much more pleasant to be able to make a gradual and dignified start, expressions of esteem for the chairman and local compliments for the audience, then a marshalled statement of the argument, and a lofty peroration.

Compared with this leisurely oratory, to speak to a procession is almost nerve-racking. But it is just for that reason that the advice is good.

Retail distribution is no job for the man who wants a leisurely and settled life, who wants to feel that he can go on in the old way without any urgency of change, any disturbance from a world on the move.

Even the ordinary tables of mortality and migration are against him, and out of 1,000 customers he must expect to lose at least one a week. The mere passage of time is against him. The merchandise and service which will attract the maiden of 17 will fail with the housewife of 37. His business must get new custom or become extinct by the simplest of the laws of nature.

But the procession to which the Store addresses itself moves much more quickly than that.

Fashion and change are not mere accidents in the affairs of men and women, least of all in their shopping. They are the essence. The shopping public develops every day, new needs, new wishes, new tastes. All are in procession towards new satisfactions—some quickly, some slowly. None is stationary.

Only the Store which conforms to this law of movement can succeed. It is not restful, but the ways of commerce are besprinkled with the wrecked ventures of those who sought to introduce a premature restfulness into their affairs.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

Entertainments

LYRIC THEATRE, HAMMERSMITH

"THE TOY CART"

BY ARTHUR SYMONS

Charadutta	FRANKLIN DYALL
Maitreya	ARTHUR HARDY
Vasantasena	MADELEINE CARROLL
Rambha	MARGARET YARDE
Prince Samsthanaka	RONALD SIMPSON
Rohasena	MARJORIE SMITH
Radanika	CONSTANCE GRIFFITH
A Gambler	HARRY HILLIARD
A Second Gambler	KEITH PYOTT
A Third Gambler	ARNOLD PILBEAM
Mandanika	YVONNE ROBIE
A Mendicant Friar	ERNEST STIDWELL
The Judge	ELLIOTT SEABROOKE
A Chandala	SCOTT RUSSELL

Officers, Bystanders, Citizens, Handmaidens, &c.

The attraction of the ancient story on which Mr. Symons's work is founded, an attraction strong enough to have preserved its popularity for many centuries in India, is its straightforwardness. You are not expected to criticize what happens, still less to be astonished by it. The misfortunes and the sudden triumph of virtue, the cruelty, the seeming success and the ultimate downfall of vice, have the smoothness and certainty of all good legends; and even the most sophisticated of us may hear with delight the simplest and least challenging tale if it be well enough told. But it must be told seriously and in a form itself beautiful. The teller of such stories must not have his tongue in his cheek or falter in his language, or he will at once appear to be dull for lack of substance.

Mr. Symons has done his part, but the shapeliness of his language, which should be a principal adornment of the play's ancient simplicities, is often uncomfortably strained in performance. Miss Madeleine Carroll's talent is not well fitted to its formal graces and the lyrical passages between her and Mr. Franklin Dyall have an air of being forced. Mr. Ronald Simpson, too, a highly accomplished actor when he is rightly cast, is oddly placed. To find himself a villainous and amorous Indian prince, who strangles courtesans with great solemnity and buries them under fallen leaves, leads him into what amounts to humorous comment on his own part. It is very lively comment, the humour of which is not without some justification in the character of the prince, but Mr. Simpson's use of it prevents the villain from being nearly as sensual or sonorous as he should be; the playing is shrewd and amusing, but too light. Mr. Franklin Dyall is much more at home as the upright man unjustly accused of the murder of the courtesan he loves. He has a splendid presence and great dignity; garlanded like an ox for the slaughter, he marches to the place of execution with a superb air of martyrdom; but even he is conspicuously more at ease as a proud Brahmin on the scaffold than as a lover on the edge of Vasantasena's lyrical couch. The hero's friend is well represented by Mr. Arthur Hardy; Miss Margaret Yarde does what can be done with the rather monotonous wickedness of the courtesan's mother; Mr. Alfred Reynolds's music is pleasant and appropriate; and Miss Carroll, though Mr. Arthur Symons is not her dramatist, has moments of genuine tenderness. But this narrative of love and revenge, of disaster and last-minute salvation, needs a more balanced performance than is now given to it if its merits are to appear.

THE THEATRES

FACULTY OF ARTS PRODUCTIONS

The Faculty of Arts have reconstructed their old theatre in Piccadilly, and arrangements have now been made for it to be opened on Thursday evening. The first production to be given will be Strindberg's *Lady Julie*, of which a new version, authorized by the Anglo-Swedish Literary Foundation, has been made by Mr. G. D. Locock. It will be preceded by a curtain-raiser by Conrad, entitled *One Day More*. Mr. G. K. Chesterton, who has supported the Faculty of Arts since its inception in 1921, will help to direct the next production, which will be his fantastic play *Magic*.

Other pieces to be performed there during the next few months will probably include Ibsen's *Rosmersholm*; Mr. Anthony Armstrong's comedy *Houseful*; a *revue* called *Made to Measure*; *The Sulky Trio*, translated by Mr. John Leslie Frith from the French of Jean-Jacques Bernard; *The Amateur Communist*, by W. Kingsley-Tarpey; *The Pleasure Garden*, by Miss Beatrice Mayer; *Those Women!* a comedy by Mr. Ralph Neale; *Fools in Mortar*, based on a novel by Doris Leslie; and Wycherley's *The Country Wife*. Like the Arts Theatre Club, the Faculty Theatre, as it will be called, will also be used for concerts and as a social centre as well as a playhouse, and there are lounge, reading and writing rooms, a studio and lecture hall, and full restaurant facilities. The prices of the seats, which number about 300, range from 7s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

The first independent production by Mr. Herbert Clayton since the termination of his long partnership with Mr. Jack Waller will be *Little Tommy Tucker*, a new "all-British" musical comedy, to be produced at Daly's Theatre on Wednesday. The principal parts will be played by Miss Ivy Tresmand, Mr. Gene Gerrard, Miss Rita Page, Mr. Fred Grove, Mr. Melville Cooper, Mr. Leo Sheffield, and Mr. Alfred Wellesley. The book and lyrics are by Messrs. Desmond Carter, Caswell Garth, Bert Lee, and R. P. Weston; with music by Mr. Vivian Ellis. A feature of the show will be the dances, *ballet*, and chorus work, produced by Mr. Ralph Reader, a young Englishman who has made a considerable reputation in America as a dance producer. Wednesday will also see the production at the Gate Theatre of *The River*, a drama in three acts by Max Halbe, which has been translated from the German by Mr. Christopher Sandeman.

Mr. Edgar Wallace's new play *The Mouthpiece* will be seen at Wyndham's Theatre on Thursday, with Miss Margaret Bannerman in the leading part. The production of this new play follows *On the Spot*, which will be transferred to-night to the Cambridge Theatre, with Mr. Charles Laughton still playing Tony Perelli. Another production to be seen on Thursday is *Undiscovered Country*, to be performed at the Players Theatre by the Swanage Repertory Players.

Wednesday, November 26, has been fixed for the first performance at the St. James's Theatre of *A Murder has been Arranged*; the "ghost story in three acts" by Mr. Emlyn Williams, which was produced recently by the Repertory Players. There will be one or two changes in the cast, but Mr. Henry Kendall and Miss Margaretta Scott will continue to play the leading parts. Miss Ann Codrington, Miss Amy Veness, Miss Veronica Turleigh, and Mr. Whitmore Humphreys also remain in the cast.

A new sketch by Mr. Vivian Tidmarsh, entitled *The Splendid Liars*, will be seen at the Coliseum this week, with Mr. Frank Vosper and Miss Frances Carson in the cast. Miss Beatrice Lillie will also appear there in a sketch by Mr. Harold Simpson, called *References*. Other contributors to the programme include De Groot, Mr. G. S. Melvin, Miss Gladdy Sewell, and Mr. Cyril Shields. At the Palladium Jack Payne and his Band head the bill, supported by Mr. Randolph Sutton and Corsam, the ventriloquist.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

TO-NIGHT.—*On the Spot*, Cambridge (trans.).

WEDNESDAY.—*Little Tommy Tucker*, Daly's; *The River*, Gate.

THURSDAY.—*The Mouthpiece*, Wyndham's; *Undiscovered Country*, Players; *Lady Julie*, Faculty.

PADDINGTON MUSICAL FESTIVAL

The first competitions of the newly founded Paddington Musical Competition Festival will be held this week at the Drill Hall and Town Hall, Paddington. There will be a concert of the combined choirs conducted by Mr. Geoffrey Shaw at the Baths Hall, Queen's-road, on Saturday evening.

Enos

SMALL COLLECTION of NEW MODELS from the Leading PARIS HOUSES also ORIGINAL DESIGNS

103, MOUNT STREET, W.1

BADRUTT'S PALACE ST. MORITZ

Sport. Recreation.

Say a whisky and Perrier No comparison.

FILM SOCIETY

"THE PASSION OF JOAN OF ARC"

The two principal films shown by the Film Society at the Tivoli Theatre yesterday were *Conquest*, an interesting film for school children, constructed by Mr. John Grierson for the Empire Marketing Board, and Dreyer's production of *The Passion of Joan of Arc* for the Société Générale de Films. Mr. Grierson's work has remarkable force and lucidity. His theme is the progress of man through the use of implements, and he illustrates it by the skilful cutting and piecing together of many films and by the use of rhythmic titling.

The French work on Joan of Arc is an experiment, dated 1928, of a different kind. The story of Joan's trial and death is told, not in fluid movement, but in a series of almost static pictures. Dreyer has made continuous use of close-ups, and the greater part of the drama is to be read in the faces of the judges and of the prisoner herself. The method is a strange one, which deliberately sacrifices many of the richest powers of the screen. For this reason its influence on film technique cannot be great. But in Dreyer's hands it has exceptional compensations, for it gives him an opportunity to use the film for the purposes of portraiture, and the communication of emotion through portraiture, as it has not been used elsewhere. The composition of the pictures is extremely beautiful, and the deliberation of the movement allows time for their beauty, and the poignancy of Mlle. Falconetti's acting, to produce a cumulative effect.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 22

WEEK-END CONCERTS

MR. EGON PETRI

The public seems not yet to have awakened to the fact that Mr. Petri is among the first pianists of the day, and the Wigmore Hall was far from full on Saturday afternoon, when he gave a recital. Perhaps the programme did not attract. It was certainly a mistake to begin with a long group of transcriptions, among which only Busoni's glosses upon themes from *Don Giovanni* and *Figaro* excited interest or exercised the mind. Such an array of *hors d'oeuvres* took the edge off the appetite for what was to follow, and left one wondering why anybody should wish to transfer the flute melody from Gluck's *Orfeo* to the pianoforte and why a musician of Mr. Petri's calibre should want to play that interminable transcription by Saint-Saëns of the ballet music from *Alceste*. Beethoven's Sonata in E flat (Opus 81a) was treated in a masterful way that was sometimes overbearing, and it was not until he came to a group of pieces by Brahms that the pianist gave us of his best. The lovely colouring and subtle rhythms of the Intermezzi from Opus 117 and the fine vitality of the Rhapsody in G minor were sufficient to make this recital memorable. In Chopin's Sonata in B minor, with which the programme ended, Mr. Petri showed himself once more to possess that rare combination of technical virtuosity and a musician's mind that can think out afresh the most hackneyed works without imposing upon them novel readings for novelty's sake.

MLLE. ALEXANDRA TRIANTI

Mlle. Alexandra Trianti made her first appearance in England at the Grotrian Hall on Saturday afternoon in a programme of Beethoven and Schubert songs. She quickly showed herself to be a *Lieder* singer of fine quality. Beethoven's songs for the most part stand in a class apart, for all their deep seriousness they are unquestionably often lacking in that lyrical beauty of line which makes the *Lieder* both immediately appealing and grateful to the singer. Mlle. Trianti approached the problem of effective interpretation in exactly the right way, and by her tense phrasing and steadily held tone gave them a musical interest such as one seldom hears. "Wonne der Wehmut" was perfectly done, and the long-sustained style in "An die Hoffnung" made a dramatic impression of real power. Beautiful too was the singing of "Der Wachtelschlag."

In the Schubert groups Mlle. Trianti's success was completely crowned, and the more familiar the song the more certain her hearers became. Her beautiful phrasing and apt expression in "Ave Maria" and "Wiegenlied" were entirely satisfying and the lighter moods of "Der Einsame" and "Im Frühling" were most happily realized. The latter had to be repeated. Mlle. Trianti's voice, a mezzo-soprano, is not one of exceptional power, but it is under perfect control, the tones are steady, the intonation exact, and the flexibility, in so far as it was tested on this occasion, easy and sure. Another admirable quality of her art is her fine rhythm. The interpretations throughout were helped greatly by the extremely sympathetic and skilful accompanying of Mr. Michael Raucheisen.

MM. BUSCH AND SERKIN

MM. Adolf Busch and Rudolf Serkin made their joint reputation first in this country as the perfect duettists in Bach's sonatas for violin and piano. But they are not specialists in Bach to the exclusion of other masters. On Thursday night at Wigmore Hall their programme consisted of three very different sonatas, Brahms's in G, Mozart's in B flat (Köchel 454), and Schubert's Phantasie, Op. 159. Their playing of Brahms was of a kind to confirm us in the heresy (if indeed it is a heresy) that the Sonata in G is the most beautiful duet sonata ever written; and even if one did not agree with their reading of every detail, the rubato in the first movement or the slow beginning to the finale, for example, they made their hearers feel and share in the tingling life of the music, uniting warm tone and pure phrasing in their admirable *ensemble*. Mozart's sonata brought the contrast of an exquisite classicism between the reflective romance of Brahms and the brilliant fancy of Schubert. The last-named combines suggestions of the C major Quintet with variations, some of a rather flippant kind, on a famous song refrain. It is rather indeterminate in character, but the charm of Schubert at his second best is that one is always kept expecting the very best and never wholly denied it, while the skill of these players is such that even the second best never loses interest because it is never forced to pretend to more than its natural importance.

MISS LUARD AND MR. NORTHEY

Sonatas for violoncello and pianoforte of Beethoven (the A major) and Jean Huré were played by Miss Helen Luard and Mr. Brook Northey at the Grotrian Hall on Friday night. Their *ensemble* was good and the playing, although it had no special technical grip, was at any rate decidedly musical, for in the Beethoven the phrasing had taste and the expression a simple and direct quality. Miss Luard's tone is small, but her execution is hardly secure enough to preserve its purity in figured passages or when making a forcible statement. Accompanied by Mr. Gerald Moore, she played Bruch's "Kol Nidrei" pleasingly, but the Frescobaldi-Cassado "Toccata" was technically untidy and the intonation unsteady.

MR. MISCHA ELMAN

For sheer perfection of violin playing Mr. Mischa Elman is unsurpassed. His tone is sweet, like Kreisler's, but without his wistfulness, and therefore quite different in character. There is never a rough note nor a rasp of rosin from the bow, even in a Bach unaccompanied sonata—it was the E major which he played at Queen's Hall on Saturday afternoon. The fluency of the opening *Preludio* and the purity of the double stops in the *Loure* made even these *tours de force* seem easy—for in them it cannot be denied that Bach is making the violin fight against its own nature. The jolly Beethoven sonata in G from Opus 30 came first, and gave Mr. Elman a chance to prove that even playing so well-groomed as his may be unbuttoned occasionally in mood if not in execution. Romanticism, which probably represents Mr. Elman's one musical outlook, was represented by the D minor Concerto of Max Bruch, a rarely heard work, which merits as much popularity as the favourite G minor.

MME. GALLI-CURCI

The Albert Hall was almost full yesterday afternoon to hear Mme. Amelita Galli-Curci sing. Her groups of solos were a jumble of all sorts of styles, nationalities, and periods, but her singing has a definite and distinctive character. The chief beauty of her voice is its suppleness, and to that is added clarity of timbre and simplicity of style. Not quite enough simplicity, perhaps, for the Essex folk-song which she sang, although the trouble there was mostly with the bad setting. Paisiello's "La Zingarella" revealed a harder edge to the voice, suitable for the quick patter song; Bishop's "Lo! here the gentle Lark," with flute *obbligato*, gave opportunity for a display of *coloratura* singing, though Mme. Galli-Curci's low notes, it should be remarked, are as good as any in her compass. Hahn's "D'une Prison" calls for a firmer, colder vocal line than Mme. Galli-Curci saw fit to draw, although she sang it sympathetically, for only so can the contrasting outburst, "Mon Dieu," in the middle, take on its full effect. Mr. Gualtiero Volterra played piano solos between the groups of songs, treating Scarlatti, Chopin, and Liszt with equal facility.

COVENT GARDEN OPERA COMPANY

The touring company of the Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, which this had successful seasons in Scotland and the North, will appear for two weeks, beginning next Monday, at Golders Green Hippodrome. *Die Fledermaus* has been received everywhere with the same enthusiasm as it called forth at Covent Garden this summer, and it will be given four times during the fortnight under Mr. John Barbirolli. Mr. Barbirolli is the musical director, and has as assistant conductors Mr. Arnold Perry and Mr. Robert Ainsworth in a repertory which contains *The Barber of Seville*, *Gianni Schicchi*, *Madama Butterfly*, *Tosca*, *La Bohème*, *The Masteringers*, and a revival of *Faust*. Among the principal singers are Nora Gruhn, of the Cologne Opera, Thea Phillips, Constance Willis, Heddle Nash, Edward Leer, Frank Sale, and Franklyn Kelsey.

SCHOLARSHIPS AT BONAR LAW COLLEGE

The scholarships at the Bonar Law College, Ashridge, offered for the best essays by students who attended the Political Schools held recently at Southampton and Oxford, have been awarded to Miss Margaret E. Wheeldon, Wootton Bridge, Isle of Wight (Southampton), and Mrs. Wolfe, Tile House, Farnham Royal, Bucks (Oxford).

MUSIC THIS WEEK

B.B.C. AND ROYAL CHORAL SOCIETY

The list of concerts is somewhat shorter this week, and contains only those of the B.B.C. (on Wednesday) and the Royal Choral Society (on Thursday), which call for large resources. There are, however, recitals by Mme. Schumann, the St. George's Singers, and Professor Tovey, and a chamber concert on Wednesday night.

TO-DAY.—Piano recitals will be given by Miss Leonora Cortez (Wigmore Hall, 3) and by Miss Freda Swain, who will play works by contemporary composers (Wigmore Hall, 8.30). Mr. Loris Blofield will give a violin recital, at which he will play sonatas by Bach and Goossens (Grotrian Hall, 8.30).

TO-MORROW.—Mme. Elisabeth Schumann will give a *Lieder* recital, in which she will include a group of Pfitzner, at Queen's Hall (8.30). A recital of works for two pianos will be given by Miss Mirian Duncan and M. Etienne Amyot (Grotrian Hall, 8.30).

WEDNESDAY.—Sir Henry Wood will conduct the B.B.C. Orchestra (Queen's Hall, 8) in a programme containing Borodin's second symphony, Strauss's *Also sprach Zarathustra*, and songs by Mme. Elisabeth Schumann. At the Wednesday evening chamber concert Mozart's piano quartet, Bliss's oboe quintet, and Schumann's piano quintet will be played by the Kutcher String Quartet, and Miss Maggie Teyte will sing. Violin recitals will be given by Mr. Alfredo San-Malo (Wigmore Hall, 3) and by Mr. Samuel Dushkin (Grotrian Hall, 8.30); the latter will play sonatas by Bax (No. 3), Mozart, and Schumann, with Mr. Beveridge Webster at the piano.

THURSDAY.—The London Church Choir Association will hold their 57th annual festival service at St Paul's at 7. The Royal Choral Society will sing Verdi's *Requiem* under Dr. Malcolm Sargent (Albert Hall, 8); the soloists are Miss Rita Ciare, a recruit from the musical comedy stage, Miss Astra Desmond, Mr. Heddle Nash, and Mr. Norman Allin. The St. George's Singers will give a recital of madrigals, motets, &c., at Wigmore Hall (8.15). Mr. Francis Quarry will give a piano recital (Grotrian Hall, 8.30). The opera at the Old Vic is *Don Giovanni* (7.45).

FRIDAY.—The Patron's Fund rehearsal (Royal College of Music, 11) will take the form of a string quartet concert, at which the Lucas Quartet will play quartets by Charles Wood (in A minor), Haydn, and Herbert Howells ("Lady Audrey's Suite"). Mr. Stephan Bergmann will give a piano recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

SATURDAY.—Professor Donald Tovey will give a piano recital (Wigmore Hall, 3). A *matinée* in aid of the funds of the People's Concert Society will be given at Rudolf Steiner Hall, when a performance of Mozart's *Bastien and Bastienne* (singers: Miss Mabel Ritchie, Mr. Geoffrey Dunn, and Mr. Frederick Woodhouse), and other music by Miss Orrea Pernel (violin), Mr. Sheridan Russell (violoncello), and Mr. Gilbert Bailey (songs) will be given.

SUNDAY.—A concert in aid of the Musicians' Benevolent Fund will be given at the Palladium (3), the following artists taking part:—Miss Evelyn Scotney, Miss Elsie Suddaby, Miss Astra Desmond, Mr. Ben Davies, Mr. Plunket Greene, Mr. Frederick Ranalow, Mr. Leon Goossens, the Kneller Hall Band and Choir, and Mr. Nicholas Hannen and Miss Athene Seyler, who will appear in a duologue by A. A. Milne. M. Chaliapine will sing at the Albert Hall (3).

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

ROYAL INSTITUTION,
21, ALBEMARLE-STREET, W.1.

November 18, Tuesday.—W. H. Bragg.—WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE.	Lecture Hour. 5.15
November 20, Thursday.—L. C. Martin.—COLOUR VISION.	5.15
November 22, Saturday.—H. Plunket Greene.—SCHUBERT and SONG (with musical illustrations).	3

THE ROYAL INSTITUTE OF BRITISH ARCHITECTS.

An ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held on MONDAY, 17th November, 1930, at 8 p.m., at No. 9, Conduit-street, W.1, when Mr. A. N. C. Shelley will read a paper on "Public Control of Building: The Position in 1930."

IAN MAC ALISTER, Secretary, R.I.B.A.

UNBELIEF.

LORD DARYNGTON, P.C.,

will preside at the

ANNUAL MEETING

of the

CHRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY

at 3 p.m. on Monday, November 17,

at

CAXTON HALL,

VICTORIA-STREET, WESTMINSTER, S.W.

Speakers:—

CANON VERNON F. STORR.

REV. C. L. DRAWBRIDGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

ENTHUSIASM and ENERGY in SALESMANSHIP.

Come to LECTURE by WM. G. FERN (the well-known business author, orator, and editor, "Modern Salesmanship"), on Thursday, Nov. 20th, 7 sharp, in Council Chamber, 4, Southampton-row, W.C.1. Chairman, Hopton Hadley, F.I.S.A.C., F.I.S.M.A. Admission Free on presenting business card.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA, Leicester-square. Continuous from 1 p.m. Sessions commencing 1.0, 3.30, 6.0, 8.30. "MYSTERY OF LIFE": the progress of the World. Also "THE WHITE DEVIL."

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. 1-11. Constance Bennett and Erich von Stroheim in "THREE FACES EAST." 2.29, 4.59, 7.29, 9.59. Also "Dancing Sweeties." Gaumont Sound News, Silly Symphony.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. 12-11. Helen Twelvetrees, Ricardo Cortez in "HER MAN." 1.20, 4.5, 6.50, 9.30; also "Pardon my Gun"; Gaumont Sound News, Comedy Feature, &c.

CARLTON, Haymarket. Last 5 Days! Maurice CHEVALIER'S greatest success "The BIG POND," with Claudette Colbert, Ali Tiki. Dly., 2.30, 6 o'c, 8.45. B. Pond starts 3.30, 7 o'c, 9.40. Prices from 2/4. Reg. 2211. Sat. Next! 4 Marx Bros. in "Animal Crackers." World's Funniest Hit!

DOMINION. "SWING HIGH," the Musical Extravaganza, with Helen Twelvetrees. Also Eddie Quillan in "NIGHT WORK." Continuous from 1 p.m. Reduced Prices till 2.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. 12-12. 2 Big Features. WILLIAM HAINES in "WAY OUT WEST." Bewitching Comedy. Also "SHOULD A DOCTOR TELL?" Impelling Problem Play. Dialogue by Edgar Wallace. From 11.30-1, any seat (except Loges), 1/6.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. Talking, Richard Barthelmess in "SON OF THE GODS." Rex Lease in "Troopers Three."

LONDON PAVILION. Gerrard 0704. Daily 2.30, 8.30. Suns., 6, 8.30. "HELL'S ANGELS." Howard Hughes' Thrilling Air Spectacle. All seats bookable from 2s. 4d.

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Mayfair 5112. 2-11. GEORGE ARLISS in "OLD ENGLISH": 2.40, 5, 7.15, 9.30. Also, Gaumont Sound News, Comedy Feature, Mickey Mouse, &c.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. Con., 2-11. Tom Walls, Yvonne Arnaud in "ON APPROVAL." 3.20, 6.20, 9.20. Also "Call of the West," British Movietone News, Mickey Mouse, Comedy Feature, Cinemagazine.

NEW VICTORIA. (Vic. 2544.) Con., 2-11. (Doors 1.30.) Wallace Beery, Lewis Stone, Leila Hyams, Chester Morris in "THE BIG HOUSE": 3.37, 6.37, 9.37. Also Albert de Courville's Revue, "Sport."

PLAZA. Ruth CHATTERTON, Clive BROOK in the Paramount Sensation "Anybody's Woman," with Paul Lukas. "The Love Drama of the Year: All Talking. Smith and Dale in "Accidents Will Happen." An Uproar. Stage: "The Roof Garden." Adm. 1s. 6d. 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC THEATRE, Regent-street, W.1. Langham 1744. Daily at 2.30, 5.30, and 8.30. CHERRY KEARTON Presents with Sound and Dialogue "DASSAN." A Penguin Picture in an African Setting.

REGAL, Marble Arch. Lilian Harvey in "THE TEMPORARY WIDOW." Dly. at 1, 3.50, 6.45 and 9.40; and "THE LAST COMPANY" at 2.25, 5.20, and 8.15. Padd. 9911.

RIALTO. Piccadilly-circus. (Regent 2588.) John Boles, Paul Whiteman and Band in "KING OF JAZZ." Sensation of London. Showing 12.15, 2.35, 4.55, 7.15, and 9.40 p.m.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily, 12 noon. Phone: Holborn 3703. Talkies. RICHARD BARTHELMESS in "SON OF THE GODS"; RICHARD DIX in "7 KEYS TO BALDPATE"; Organ Novelty Interlude.

THE WORLD'S NEWS THEATRE (Avenue Pavilion, Shaftesbury-avenue). "ROUND THE WORLD in 80 MINUTES." See and Hear the Latest News of 20 countries. (Continuous 12-11.) Prices 6d. and 1s.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5625. Con., 12.30-11. "A NEW KIND OF LAUGH"!—*Film Weekly.* RIDDLE CANTOR in "WHOOPEE," the Screaming Comedy of the Wild West; daily at 1.30, 4.5, 6.40, 9.20.

OPERA

GOLDERS GREEN. Mon. Next, Nov. 24. FOR TWO WEEKS. Evg. at 8. Mats., Thurs., Sat., 2.30.

COVENT GARDEN OPERA COMPANY.

FIRST WEEK.

Mon., Nov. 24th	DIE FLEDERMAUS
Tues., 25th	PAGLIACCI and GIANNI SCHICCHI
Wed., 26th	TOSCA
Mat., Thurs., 27th	FAUST
Thurs., 27th (evening)	MADAME BUTTERFLY
Fri., 28th	LA BOHEME
Mat., Sat., 29th	DIE FLEDERMAUS
Sat., 29th (evening)	IL TROVATORE

SECOND WEEK.

Mon., Dec. 1st	THE BARBER OF SEVILLE
Tues., Dec. 2nd (at 7)	THE MASTERSINGERS
Wed., Dec. 3rd	TOSCA
Mat., Thurs., Dec. 4th	LA BOHEME
Thurs., Dec. 4th (Evening)	DIE FLEDERMAUS
Fri., Dec. 5th	RIGOLETTO
Mat., Sat., Dec. 6th	MADAME BUTTERFLY
Sat., Dec. 6th (evening)	DIE FLEDERMAUS

PRICES: Boxes, £2 2s. and £1 10s.; Fauteuils, 8s. 6d., 7s. 6d. and 5s. 9d.; Grand Circle, 7s. 6d. and 5s. 9d.; Unreserved: Pit, 5s.; Gallery, 2s.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. Bar 6404. Mon. Next, at 8. Subs. 8.15. Wed., Fri., 2.30. TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present RALPH LYNN in "*MARRY THE GIRL.*" By George Arthurs and Arthur Miller. MARY BROUGH WINIFRED SHOTTER and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.40. Mats., Tue., Fri., 2.30. H. M. HARWOOD'S Brilliant Political Comedy. "*THE GRAIN OF MUSTARD SEED.*" Nicholas Hannen, Ena Moore, Joyce Kennedy.

APOLLO. (Ger. 6970.) 8.30. Th., Sat., 2.30. *THE OUTSIDER.* "ISOBEL ELSOM'S Triumph."—*The Star.* HAROLD HUTH. "Birth of a new Star."—*M. Post.* "NORMAN McKINNEL was magnificent."—*S. Grove, c.*

CAMBRIDGE. (Tem. 6056.) 8.30. Thu., Sat. 2.30. "*ON THE SPOT.*" BY EDGAR WALLACE. CHARLES LAUGHTON. JANET MEGREW. ROY EMERTON BEN WELDEN CAROL REED DENNIS WYNDHAM JOHN GORDON GILLIAN LIND. Prices, 12s. to 2s. 4d. All seats bookable.

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) 8.40. Tues., Sat., 2.30. *THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD.* A Comedy by J. M. Synge. (Last Week.) "THE FINEST OF ALL THE IRISH PLAYS."—*Observer.*

DALY'S. Gerrard 0201. WEDNESDAY NEXT, at 8. Subsequently 8.15. First Matinée, Saturday Next, at 2.30. HERBERT CLAYTON will present "*LITTLE TOMMY TUCKER.*" A New Musical Comedy. IVY TRESMAND. GENE GERRARD. Box-office Now Open.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Props., Willhut, Ltd. (Tem. 5122.) EVGS., 8.15. WED. and SAT., at 2.15. "*HER FIRST AFFAIRE.*" THE SENSATION OF LONDON. EVERY GIRL SHOULD SEE IT!

EVERYMAN. 8.15. Sat., 2.30. (Last Week.) *MASKS AND FACES.* "Charming evening's entertainment."—*D. Telegraph.*

GAIETY. (Tem. 6091.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30. "*THE LOVE RACE.*" STANLEY LUPINO. LADDIE CLIFF. MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Emerald.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30. "*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*" THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. 8.40. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Ger. 8734. In association with MAURICE BROWNE. LEON M. LION presents "*STREET SCENE.*" By Elmer Rice. "A vivid and vital creation."—*S. Pictorial.*

GRAFTON. Tottenham Ct.-road. Evgs., 8.30. *UNUSUAL VARIETY.* Plays, Opera, Sketches, Ballets, Songs. Wed., Fri., 2.30. Museum 1424. Licensed Cafe opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030. EVENINGS, 8.30. MATS. WED., SAT., 2.30. *THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.* A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE. MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London. EVGS., 8.15. WEDS., THURS., SATS., 2.30. Herbert Clayton and Jack Waller in association with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present BOBBY HOWES In a New Musical Comedy "*SONS O' GUNS.*" With ROBERT HALE and MIREILLE PERREY, &c. Box-office, 10 to 10. (Ger. 0645.)

HIS MAJESTY'S. Gerrard 0605. Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt. NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30. CHARLES B. COCHRAN presents EVELYN LAYE in "*BITTER SWEET.*" An Operette by NOEL COWARD. IVY ST. HELIER. GEORGE METAXA.

KINGSWAY. Holborn 4032. NIGHTLY, at 8.40. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30. BEATRIX THOMSON in "*WOODEN SHOES.*" A Play in 3 Acts, by Beatrix Thomson. Based on the famous novel by "Ouida." "Miss Thomson's exquisite study. A wholly appreciative welcome."—*Morning Post.*

LITTLE. Evgs., at 8.30. Last 2 Weeks. Maurice Browne, Ltd. THE LONDON THEATRE COMPANY Presents *THE UNKNOWN WARRIOR.* Rosalinde Fuller, Lawrence Hanray, Maurice Browne. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30. Temple Bar, 6501.

LYCEUM. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. *THE HOUSE OF DANGER.* MARY GLYNNE, DENNIS NEILSON-TERRY, LYN HARDING. Mats., Weds. and Thurs., at 2.30. Temple Bar 7617.

LYRIC. Lessee and Manager, Gilbert Miller. EVGS., 8.40. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30. (Ger. 3686.) TALLULAH BANKHEAD in "*LET US BE GAY.*" A Comedy in 3 Acts, by RACHEL CROTHERS. "MISS TALLULAH BANKHEAD AMAZES THE TOWN ONCE MORE."—*Daily Herald.*

LYRIC, Hammersmith. EVENINGS, 8.30. (Riverside 3012). Mats., Wed. and Sat., 2.30. *THE TOY CART.* By ARTHUR SYMONS. FRANKLIN DYALL and MADELEINE CARROLL. "SIR NIGEL PLAYFAIR HAS DONE IT AGAIN. A GOOD EVENING . . . AND LOTS OF FUN."—James Agate in the *Sunday Times.*

PALACE. (Ger. 6834.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, WED. and SAT., 2.30. FRANZ LEHAR'S New Musical Play. "*FREDERICA.*" With LEA SEIDL and JOSEPH HISLOP.

PHŒNIX THEATRE. All seats bookable. Charing Cross-road and Phœnix-street. (Tem. 8611.) NIGHTLY, at 8.45. Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2.30. CHARLES B. COCHRAN presents GERTRUDE LAWRENCE AND NOEL COWARD in "*PRIVATE LIVES.*" By NOEL COWARD.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162. GLADYS COOPER and GERALD du MAURIER in "*CYNARA.*" By H. M. Harwood and R. Gore Browne. UELIA JOHNSON. ANN TODD. DORICE FORDRED. CAMPBELL GULLAN. Mats., Wednesday and Thursday, at 2.30.

PRINCE EDWARD. (Regent 1527.) EVGS., 8.15. MONS., WEDS., & SATS., 2.30. Julian Wylie in conjunction with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present "*NIPPY.*" A New Musical Comedy, with BINNIE HALE, CLIFFORD MOLLISON, Arthur Riscoe, Debroy Somers & His Band.

PRINCE OF WALES. (Smoking.) Ger. 7482. Proprietor, Tonie Bruce. Lessee, Andre Charlot. EVENINGS, at 8.45. MATS., THURS. & SAT., 2.30. IRIS HOEY in *THE MAN WHO KISSED HIS WIFE.*

Imperial and Foreign News

FOREIGN DEBT OF CHINA

INTERNATIONAL MEETING

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, Nov. 16

An informal meeting of representatives of the Chinese Government and of Belgium, France, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, and the United States was held yesterday in Nanking to discuss the procedure to be adopted at an international conference, which will be summoned to consider plans for the consolidation of the unsecured and inadequately secured domestic and foreign obligations of China, as agreed on in the Chinese Note attached to the Chinese-Japanese Commercial Agreement of May 6.

China is pledged to devote $5,000,000 of the enhanced Customs revenue annually to the purposes of consolidation, but as the sum is microscopic in comparison with the total liability, and as the financial position of the Government must preclude any substantial payments for a long period, creditors will be well advised not to be optimistic about their prospects. The most to be hoped for is a general recognition of debt and a scheme for consolidation, under which China will undertake to begin its redemption from designated sources when circumstances permit.

The plenary session of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang has approved the general principle of redemarcation of the provinces so as to provide for similar jurisdictional areas, and will appoint a committee of experts to prepare plans which will be submitted to the fourth Kuomintang Congress or the People's Convention.

Voluminous proposals relating to the simplification of the system of government and the correction of abuses are before the plenary session, but nothing has yet been heard of proposals for reducing the size of the Army and limiting military expenditure or of any plan for constitutional changes. Among the proposals adopted are—(1) The appropriation of funds for completing the Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum; (2) the convocation of the People's Convention on May 5; (3) the abolition of the Disbandment and Military Reorganization Committees; (4) allocation of tracts of land in Nanking suitable for the erection of foreign Legations.

Seven Ministers and Chargés d'Affaires accredited to China are expected to arrive in Nanking to-day by train from Peking to attend a celebration of the victory of the National forces in the recent war.

MISSION LOOTED IN CHINA

SHANGHAI, Nov. 15.—Reports have been received here that the Lazarist Mission at Hanchungfu, in the south-west of Shensi, has been looted. The missionaries, including Bishop Balconi, three fathers, and six nuns, all Italians, escaped to the hills, and have not since been heard of.—*Reuter.*

THE LYONS LANDSLIDE

TWELVE BODIES RECOVERED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 16

Twelve bodies have so far been recovered from the wreckage caused by the landslide at Lyons. Among them are five of the firemen who were caught in the second fall while trying to rescue the victims of the first. One was found hand in hand with a woman whom he had been leading to safety; another was holding a rope attached to a dead civilian. Several more bodies have been discovered, but not yet removed owing to the amount of débris over them.

Five hundred soldiers, firemen, and policemen have been working in shifts during the week-end, trenching and dynamiting where necessary. The removal of the actual earth that has fallen presents little difficulty, as it is loose, but the heavier pieces of masonry and woodwork offer a formidable task. There was a further downfall at the upper end of Chemin-Neuf this morning owing to an extension of damage to the retaining wall, but no loss of life occurred, as the working parties had time to get clear. Orders were at once given for the inhabitants of houses threatened by this fresh movement to prepare to leave their homes, and instruments capable of registering the slightest tremor have been installed. Chazeaux Hospital still remains intact, although the collapse of the west wing, now at the edge of a precipice, is expected hourly. Experts report that the Basilica of Fourvières, believed to be threatened, is not, after all, in any danger, as it is founded upon solid rock reaching down far into the hill.

THE JAPANESE OUTRAGE

ACTING PRIME MINISTER APPOINTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TOKYO, Nov. 16

The surgeons state that the condition of Mr. Hamaguchi, the Prime Minister, who was shot and seriously wounded at Tokyo Station on Friday, is encouraging and there is no sign of peritonitis supervening.

At a special meeting of the Cabinet held yesterday it was recommended that Baron Shidehara, the Foreign Minister, should be Prime Minister *ad interim*, and the Emperor afterwards authorized this appointment. Baron Shidehara is not a member of the Minseito or any other party. His appointment, therefore, is expected to prevent dissension within the Minseito, but the leader of that party is not willing that Baron Shidehara should serve for a long term. It is possible that he will join the party, but that will not solve the problem, as other Minseito members consider that they have prior rights to the Premiership and the presidency of the party.

MR. MACDONALD'S MESSAGE

Mr. MacDonald has sent the following message to Mr. Hamaguchi:—

I have learned with profound regret of the dastardly attack on your person. Please accept this expression of my deep sympathy and my sincere wishes for your recovery.

ANGLO-IRAQI TREATY RATIFIED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BAGHDAD, Nov. 16

In special session to-day the Chamber of Deputies ratified the new Anglo-Iraqi Treaty by 69 votes to 13. Subsequently the Senate also ratified it by 11 votes to five. The few members of the Opposition who have secured seats in the new Parliament spoke against ratification, but the ratification of the treaty was never in doubt.

DO-X AT BORDEAUX

MISHAP TO A FRENCH AIRSHIP

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 16

The Dornier DO-X flying boat left La Rochelle yesterday morning and alighted at Roques de Taux, on the Gironde, 19 miles below Bordeaux, an hour later. She will remain there until Tuesday. Hundreds of sightseers have since gone down to it from Bordeaux in all kinds of craft, and special measures have had to be taken to keep boats and steamers at a distance in order to avoid the risk of damage to the flying boat.

A small semi-rigid airship, the V 10, belonging to the French Navy, went out to look for the DO-X on Friday evening when it was reported to have come down on the sea. Owing apparently to an escape of gas the airship gradually lost lift and tended to dip by the nose. At last the metal keel broke, and the airship fell into the marshes near Nieulle-sur-Seudre. The crew had stopped the engine and switched off the electric lighting to avoid the risk of fire. By throwing heavy equipment overboard they managed to break their fall to some extent, but the control car was wrecked and the five occupants were all slightly injured.

PASSENGER'S STORY

A passenger in the DO-X writes:—

Among those on board the DO-X during her flight from Calshot to La Rochelle were Major Brenta, commandant of the seaplane section of the Royal Italian Air Force, who will be captain of the DO-X 2, the second DO-X machine; Major Gustoza, Italian technical officer supervising the construction of DO-X 2 and DO-X 3, machines now being built for the Royal Italian Air Force; Mr. Huck, managing director of the Dornier Company of America; Captain Biard, the test pilot of the Supermarine Aviation Company, representing the Society of British Aircraft Constructors; and the Master of Sempill.

The passage down the French coast on Friday was slower than had been anticipated, in consequence of contrary winds. After about 480 miles had been covered, it began to get dark, and fog was coming up. The captain, therefore, wisely decided not to indulge in night flying in such a new type of machine, but alight while daylight still lasted off the coast of La Vendée, by the lighthouse on the headland of Les Sables d'Olonne. From that point the machine was taxied towards La Rochelle. Eight engines were stopped, and the machine proceeded under way with four engines at about 15 knots. It soon became quite dark and rather foggy, and it was difficult to pick out all the bearings, as that part of the coast was not intimately known to anyone on board.

The captain hoped that a local pilot would see us and come out to guide us into the harbour, but as no one appeared we anchored in the channel between the Ile de Ré and La Rochelle, about eight miles from La Rochelle. We tried signalling with our searchlight, but could get no response, and then we fired one or two Very lights to attract attention. Within half an hour a small tug came along, the captain of which we persuaded to launch his dinghy and take us on board, so that we could go ashore and get some food. The dinghy had apparently not been in the water for a long time and leaked badly. It was only prevented from sinking by continuous hard bailing by one of the French crew. Eventually all the passengers were taken on board the tug, which proceeded to La Rochelle, leaving the DO-X at anchor in the channel, with the captain, officers, and crew on board. The DO-X had taxied on the water about 35 miles. During the 5½ hours' flight from Calshot to Les Sables d'Olonne the DO-X was flown part of the time by Major Brenta, Captain Biard, Mr. Huck, and the Master of Sempill. Those who had the opportunity of taking the control were greatly impressed with the ease of handling the flying-boat.

No difficulty of any kind was experienced with the French authorities. In fact they did not know of the arrival of the DO-X outside La Rochelle until Saturday morning, as it was nearly 1 o'clock before the passengers got ashore. As soon, however, as the Prefect heard of the arrival of the flying-boat he extended a welcome to Dr. Dornier and all concerned, and went on board the DO-X.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

DISAPPOINTMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAPETOWN, Nov. 16

The *Cape Times*, commenting on the Imperial Conference, considers it disappointing. The hope of obtaining concrete economic results had been discounted in the Dominions, where the difficulties of the Labour Government and Mr. Snowden's intransigence were fully understood. Nevertheless, the definite agreement to maintain the preferences for three years leaves time for consideration, and no material harm to preferential policy has yet been done by the failure of the Conference. It is clear, if definite economic results be obtained at all at Imperial Conferences, there must be a far more prolonged preliminary study. The constitutional aspects of the Conference remain obscure as the reports hitherto issued do not appear to make any reference to special points.

The *Cape Argus*, in a leading article headed "No Forarder," says:—

It is not difficult to account for the temporary failure of the Conference. Far more satisfactory terms might have been arranged if the attitude of the British Government had been more encouraging, but the British Government did not propose anything. Happily all is not lost by any means. The door has been kept open; that in itself is very important. If success is to be achieved it must be done in the next 12 months.

ANTI-BOLSHEVIST MEETING IN BERLIN

SIR W. HORWOOD'S APPEAL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, Nov. 16

Sir William Horwood, the former Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, spoke in Berlin to-day at a big anti-Bolshevist demonstration organized by the German League for the Defence of Western Culture. The meeting was held in the Sport Palast, and over 12,000 tickets are stated to have been sold. There must, at any rate, have been 10,000 persons or more, as all parts of the building were full.

Sir William Horwood cautiously explained that, having held for 10 years the chief police appointment in England, he had to be careful what he said under penalty of the Official Secrets Act. However, he explained the significance of the Arcos and other raids on Communists in England, the view of successive Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries, including the present Foreign Secretary, on the responsibility of the Soviet Government for the acts of the Third International, and the Soviet failure to stir up a revolution in Great Britain in the year of the general strike. He added:—

"To-day the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has practically turned her masses of population into slaves for the manufacture of goods and the growing of cereals for export at prices which are only made possible by the employment of forced and slave labour. The population, in consequence, now stands at the gates of starvation and want. And what is this for? Why, to obtain cash and foreign credits to propagate Bolshevist doctrines in all countries of the civilized world. . . .

"Let all nations and all creeds combine to stamp out this enemy of civilization. . . . Our two great nations, having passed through the ordeal of four years' war, have now many ideas and interests in common; and I would say, and without hesitation, that in this great and righteous fight against Bolshevism and in our unanimity against a common foe we may build such a bridge between our two nations that it may prove a lasting monument of friendship."

FUTURE OF U.S. PROHIBITION

WORK OF HOOVER COMMISSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16

With a unanimity which indicates official guidance the news agencies and metropolitan journals now report that President Hoover's Law Enforcement Commission has "discarded" the idea of repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment as a solvent of the difficulties of prohibition law. Nor, it appears, will the Commission recommend an increase in the permitted alcoholic content of beer to 4 per cent., nor the adoption of a dispensary system on the Canadian model, nor the submission of the problem as a whole to the test of a national referendum.

Mr. George Wickersham and his 10 associates have now been at work 17 months. They admit they have discovered "astounding" things, but they are unanimous, it appears, only as to what they will not advise. There is an admitted division of opinion as to the degree or manner in which the Volstead Act—the Federal statute for the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment—might with advantage be modified. The country is told that the members of the Commission have "reached certain tentative conclusions," all of which are "subject to change," and is left to guess whether this means more Volstead or less Volstead. The report to the President, it is said, will not be ready by December 1 for transmission to Congress with Mr. Hoover's message, but "may" be ready by January 1, after which it could appropriately be made the subject of a special message.

In this preparation of the public mind, and particularly in the divulging of the negatives of unanimity, there is much significance. The Commissions appointed by a President never fail—to put it mildly—to avoid the more flagrant forms of disagreement with their creator, and if the majority of this body should recommend the repeal of the amendment or speak respectfully of dispensary systems, there would be Old Harry to pay. Mr. Hoover believes he has quantitative proof of the economic and political wisdom of prohibition, and he would be cruelly embarrassed if 11 ladies and gentlemen of his naming should ask him to change his mind. As for the Republican Party, which he hopes to lead again in 1932, it might very well split upon the rock of such a report, half of it drifting off to join Senator Morrow, of New Jersey, and the other half adhering to that frenetic "dry" Governor, Mr. Gifford Pinchot, of Pennsylvania.

The Press also reports the promise of its informant that "there will be no pussyfooting" in the Commission's treatment of the prohibition law, a phrase which the "wets" and the "drys" may interpret with equal satisfaction. In some quarters, however, doubt persists whether the report, whatever its nature, may not be withheld until the present Congress is out of the way—if Congress is to get out of the way. It would make a tremendous splash in waters already turbulent, it would provide another subject of discussion for gentlemen who already have far too many for the three months they are theoretically to be in session, and it might so confound confusion as to make the summoning of a new Congress obligatory. On the other hand, if it is held back, those who want to see it might decide so to arrange things as to be on hand when it appears, as the Republicans did in 1918-19 in their eagerness to welcome the return of President Wilson with the Treaty of Versailles. Soon or late there will be a tremendous rumpus.

GENEVA ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

FRENCH DESIRE FOR "SECURITY"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 16

In anticipation of the meeting of the Economic Conference at Geneva to-morrow the French Government has replied to the *questionnaire* addressed to it by the Economic Council of the League of Nations on March 24 in connexion with the possibilities of "concerted economic action in Europe."

The reply states that the French Government is inclined to apply to economic organization the same principles as are guiding it in connexion with disarmament—namely, security, arbitration and disarmament. By this is meant security for the purchaser, the application of the principles of arbitration in commercial conventions, and ultimately the reduction of protective tariffs. But the French Government also considers that there is no hope of any advance in this respect until indirect protection, dumping and other hindrances to the exchange of commercial commodities (often of wider effect than tariffs themselves) have been eliminated.

The memorandum, dealing first with agriculture, recommends that more extensive and more accurate statistics should be kept by all countries, which should give details of production, exchanges, and consumption. The figures published by many countries, it observes, are either notoriously inexact or out of date. It recommends greater rationalization of agricultural production, more scientific methods of cultivation, and better organization of trade in agricultural products, so as to diminish the margin between the cost to the producer and the sale price.

As to the best methods of facilitating the disposal of manufactured products and of increasing the purchasing power of the consumer, the memorandum expresses the view that the export of products would be favoured by the better utilization of available capital and the better distribution of credits, to which end it recommends "the profound study of a better organization of guarantees." For this purpose it recommends closer co-operation between the banks, leading up to the constitution of an international institute of settlements, conceived on the lines of the Bank for International Settlements.

COLONEL LINDBERGH'S "GOOD WILL TOUR"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, Nov. 16

Colonel Lindbergh is planning a "good will tour" of South America, which is expected to coincide with the visit of the Prince of Wales.

Colonel Lindbergh has hitherto not been farther south than the northern coasts of South America. His tour of Mexico and Central America in the winter of 1927-28 had, it was generally agreed, an important effect in improving public sentiment towards the United States among the populations visited. In some Latin-American circles hostile to the United States, Colonel Lindbergh's influence as an unofficial ambassador is regarded as a factor to be reckoned with. When he visited Panama this year he was denounced in some sections of the local Press as a dangerous apostle of American commercialism.

INDIAN ASPIRATIONS

GAEKWAR OF BARODA'S HOPES

A reception to meet the delegation to the Round-Table Conference on India was given by the East India Association at Grosvenor House, Park-lane, on Saturday afternoon. Lord Lamington presided.

The MAHARAJAH GAEKWAR of BARODA, on behalf of the guests, expressed his warm appreciation of the unremitting efforts of the Association to promote mutual understanding between the best elements in British and Indian society. The delegates to the Round-Table Conference were united in their determination to reach an agreement which would serve the best interests of India as a whole; and he held this to be a sure guarantee of the ultimate success of the Conference. The Viceroy's announcement a year ago of the view of his Majesty's Government that Dominion status was the natural issue of the constitutional progress of India marked a high degree of statesmanship. His Highness proceeded:—

"In what does the safety and the greatness of the British Empire lie? Surely in this, that the peoples who constitute it are allowed freedom to develop, according to their individual genius, while they share in the ideals and the material advantages which are inherent in their common citizenship. This freedom to develop is the urgent need of India; this is her earnest desire.

"The British Raj has done much, but how much more remains to be done? The whole fabric of India, political and economic, moral and social, calls for reconstruction on a basis which will recall her ancient traditions and foster a manly spirit in her peoples and a greater sense of national solidarity. Let all classes lagging behind in the race of progress be given temporarily greater facilities to overtake such as are ahead of them, but not so as to cause any permanent cleavage in the body politic. Great is the contribution which the Indian nation can still offer to the world's thought, great is the part which they can play on the stage of Empire. Give them freedom for so great a rôle, and that they may realize their aspirations, give them freedom to shape their destinies in accordance with the old-time genius of their race, in cooperation with the best traditions of the West. In a word, let India now at long last find her soul and take the place which is not only her privilege but her due as self-governing unit in the British Commonwealth of Nations, representing as she does one-fifth part of the whole of the human race. The future of India and the Empire is at stake. Let us go forward in a spirit of mutual trust and collaboration."

RECEPTION OF THE SIMLA DISPATCH

MADRAS CRITICISMS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS, Nov. 16

South Indian opinion, which welcomed the tone of the King-Emperor's speech, is bitterly critical of the Government of India's dispatch.

The pro-Congress journal *Hindu* affirms that the dispatch will fill all sections of Indians, particularly those at the Round-Table Conference, with bitter disappointment. "There is," the newspaper says, "neither liberality nor courage in the Government's proposals; there is definite retrogression, summed up in two new catchwords—purposes of Parliament and principle of partnership."

Justice, the organ of the present Madras Ministerial party, writes:—"The dispatch will go down to posterity as a document singularly inappropriate and lacking true statesmanship or political wisdom." Both journals ridicule the proposals for dualism in the Central Government. *Justice*, commenting on the position of Indian members under the suggested scheme, says, "We wonder if even galley-slaves laboured under more iniquitous conditions."

CONGRESS PRESS AND THE CONFERENCE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16

Some surprise has been expressed in official circles in New Delhi at the failure of the Nationalist newspaper boycott of the Round-Table Conference which had been announced. Although the newspapers declare that the Conference is useless and a waste of time, the greatest interest is being taken in every detail. Extensive quotations from British newspapers of all shades of opinion are published, including long extracts from the leading article in *The Times* of Friday on the Government of India's dispatch.

Official circles report that the evidence tends to show that the interest taken in the Conference is even greater than appears on the surface.

EUROPEANS ASSAULTED IN KARACHI

STONES THROWN AT CARS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, Nov. 15

Sir Frederick Sykes, the Governor of Bombay, arrived at Karachi this morning on a 10 days' tour of Sind. In the evening he performed the opening ceremony in connexion with the Lloyd Quay and Lloyd Gate, named after Lord Lloyd, who laid the foundation-stone when he was Governor of Bombay.

Replying to an address, read by the chairman of the Karachi Port Trust, Sir Frederick Sykes said:—"In view of the severe criticism to which the Barrage project has been subjected, and the vigorous attacks made upon the Government for embarking upon it, it is a source of particular gratification to me and my Government that you have shown such an admirable spirit of confidence and foresight, and have not hesitated to embark on this very large work with ample faith in the future of your port and province."

As the Governor motored to Government House several hundred Congress demonstrators—most of them children—waved black flags and shouted, "Go back, Governor."

Other Europeans were insulted and attacked by Congress members or their dupes. The wife of the Assistant Commissioner in Sind received a nasty gash over the eye from a stone, and others suffered minor injuries from either stones or handfuls of sand and grit thrown at the occupants of passing cars. The wife of the Superintendent of Police was struck by a stone, but was not injured.

A taxicab accidentally knocked down three women crossing a road, and this roused the fury of the crowd, who filled the car with rubbish, sand, and stones, refused to allow it to proceed, and beat the driver. The President of the Karachi Municipality, while investigating the incident, was injured by a missile, and in the *mêlée* two police officers were injured.

MORE POLICE IN UNITED PROVINCES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 16

The Governor in council has declared it expedient to increase the number of police in Moradabad City, United Provinces, for six months and in other parts of Moradabad District for three or six months on account of the conduct of the inhabitants.

Pandit Motilal Nehru will leave Allahabad to-morrow for Calcutta. He proposes to make a brief stay there, and then proceed on a sea voyage in the direction of Singapore, if this accords with the medical advice he receives at Calcutta.

After many postponements the hearing was begun on Friday in ROME of the action for alleged slander and illegal conversion, brought against the art dealer, Signor Fasoli, by the sculptor, Signor Dossena, whose remarkable imitations of old masterpieces have deceived certain dealers and experts.

LIMITATION OF WAR EXPENDITURE

RESOLUTION APPROVED AT GENEVA

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, Nov. 15

The League Preparatory Commission for the Disarmament Conference made another small step forward to-day by approving, though not unanimously, the text of a resolution and Note intended to indicate to the Governments of the world the method to be adopted in putting into practice the principle of the limitation of armaments by the limitation of Budgets for warlike purposes.

The method agreed upon was that proposed by Lord Cecil, on behalf of the British Government, and subsequently elaborated by M. Massigli, the French delegate.

It requires from each signatory to the Disarmament Convention accepting the principle, in the first place an annual statement of the total expenditure on each of the fighting forces—air, military, and naval—the word "total" being understood to include *personnel*; and secondly, an independent return giving specifically the expenditure on war material only. The French Note attached to the proposal lays stress on the importance of an inquiry by experts into the practicability of budgetary limitation, and further indicates in some detail the attitude of the present Commission towards direct and indirect armament limitation. Fifteen votes were recorded in favour of the Cecil-Massigli proposals. M. Litvinoff alone voted against them, but Count Bernstorff (Germany), Mr. Hugh Gibson (U.S.A.), General de Marinis (Italy), M. Westman (Sweden), and M. Rutgers (Holland) abstained from voting, for various reasons which they mentioned afterwards.

Lord Cecil, in introducing the British proposal, explained why he had asked first for an indication of total annual expenditure in each country separately for the air, military, and naval arms, and then afterwards for separate details of the expenditure on material. The British Government, he said, felt that unless some clear distinction was made between these two expenses there would remain the possibility of manipulation of figures in such a way that funds demanded for *personnel* might be transferred, when convenient, to material. If Budget limitation were rejected by certain great sea Powers in respect of naval armaments, Great Britain would find it difficult to accept Budget limitation for naval matters. There existed a very complete and specific limitation for fleets which would remain, of course, and Great Britain favoured complete budgetary limitation; but he was sure every one would realize the difficulty in which Great Britain would be placed were she to agree to accept the specific limitation of her Fleet and a budgetary limitation also, at a time when other naval Powers accepted a different standard.

Mr. Sato, the Japanese delegate, showed that Japan had a similar problem in respect of naval limitation, and a still further problem in that, for technical reasons, it would be difficult for Japan to accept budgetary limitation both for naval and for air armaments. M. Litvinoff and Count Bernstorff held that, in spite of all that had been said to the contrary, the Commission had not revealed a majority against direct limitation. M. Litvinoff said that he was not opposed to budgetary limitation. But he did not think that the principle should be allowed to take the place of disarmament. He would not be satisfied with any convention which did not contain some clause for the direct reduction of armaments. M. Litvinoff having shown an anxiety to prevent the use of secret funds for military purposes, M. Massigli explained that his draft had been prepared in such terms as to include such secret expenditures.

ADMIRAL E. VASCONCELLOS

Our Lisbon Correspondent telegraphed yesterday that Vice-Admiral Ernesto Vasconcellos had died suddenly in the buildings of the Portuguese Geographical Society, of which he was secretary. He was a celebrated cartographer, and had been elected president of the Buoyage Congress recently held in Lisbon.

END OF OPPOSITION IN TURKEY

LIBERAL PARTY DISSOLVED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 16

Deputies belonging to the Liberal Republican Party held a meeting in Angora to-day at which it was decided to dissolve the party. Fethy Bey and Nury Bey, respectively the Leader and Secretary-General of the party, are being received this evening by the Ghazi Pasha, to whom they will communicate this decision. Thus unless the President of the Republic, who gave permission for the party to be formed, insists on its reconsidering its decision—an unlikely contingency—the only Parliamentary Opposition to General Ismet Pasha, the Prime Minister, will have disappeared. The Liberal Republican Party was only founded last August, but had many supporters in the country, if not in the Grand National Assembly.

Fethy Bey, leader of the Liberal Republican Party, speaking in the Grand National Assembly in Angora, accused the Government of having employed unlawful methods in order to win the recent municipal elections.

He alleged that the election authorities in some places told persons wishing to vote for Liberal Republican candidates that their names were not on the register; that in others the authorities demanded birth certificates from voters, and if they were going to vote Liberal Republican told them that their certificates were not in order; that there was falsification where illiterate voters were concerned, as hundreds of votes given for the Popular Party bore the same thumb-print; and that in certain places soldiers and police had forcibly prevented Liberal Republicans from voting, while in some instances the latter had been imprisoned during the elections. On the other hand, he said, citizens wishing to vote for the Popular Party had been afforded every facility.

A score of Ministerial Deputies rose to reply to Fethy Bey, and Ali Bey, Deputy for Afium Karahissar, attacked the Liberal leader's past record, and accused him of insincerity. Ali Bey also expressed apprehension about the maintenance of law and order in consequence of the formation of an Opposition Party.

Chukry Kaya Bey, Minister of the Interior, then replied for the Government, denying Fethy Bey's allegations, and accusing the Liberal Republicans of having stirred up trouble in various parts of the country. The Minister also declared that the measures taken by his Department during the municipal elections had been rendered necessary by the activities of unruly elements.

Further discussion then took place, during which Fethy Bey said that he had been attacked because he had advocated the paying of foreign debts. He urged that the annual payments on foreign debts must be proportional to Turkey's capacity for payment, and that under present conditions it is impossible to raise a new loan.

Fethy Bey's motion of want of confidence in the Government was then put and defeated by 214 votes to 10.

NATIVE POLICY IN EAST AFRICA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BULAWAYO, Nov. 14

Sir James Maxwell, Governor of Northern Rhodesia, opened the session of the Legislative Council to-day. He said that the steady expansion of revenue without increased taxation gave promise of development in the essential services.

Referring to the White Paper on Native Policy in East Africa, the Governor said there was nothing new in the policy, and nothing which would have a detrimental effect on the interests of the white settlers. Paramountcy of native interests did not mean that colour would be the determining factor in the settlement of disputes, but that the Government would continue to do right by all people. Any large scheme of settlement must depend on the native labour available, as a rapid influx might embarrass existing interests.

Telegrams in Brief

M. Léger, the Director of Political and Commercial Affairs at the FRENCH Foreign Office, has been promoted to the rank of Minister Plenipotentiary of the first class.

Members of the Liberal and Averescan Parties, who had withdrawn from the RUMANIAN Parliament a year ago, were present in their places on Saturday when King Carol opened the new session in person.

It is understood that the Government of India has rejected the joint memorial of the Maritime States of KATHIAWAR, and now offers to pay £15,000 annually to certain States or to treat their ports as foreign ports.

Parisians have been reminded by the Prefecture of Police that under the law of May 21, 1836, the issue and sale of foreign lottery tickets in France is punishable by a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Five persons were killed and 14 injured yesterday in a collision between a passenger train and a private motor omnibus at a level crossing between Mhow and INDORE. All the killed, who were Moslems, were occupants of the omnibus.—*Reuter.*

The INDIA Office announces that the name of Pandit M. C. Sharma (Dholpur) should be added to the list which was published on November 4 of those who, in addition to officially recognized Advisers and Secretaries, are understood to be attached to the Indian States' delegation at the Round-Table Conference for purposes of consultation.

STATUE OF KITCHENER AT NOWGONG

UNVEILING BY SIR W. BIRDWOOD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16

A statue of the late Lord Kitchener was unveiled at the Kitchener College, Nowgong, Central India, by Field-Marshal Sir William Birdwood, the Commander-in-Chief, to-day.

Sir William Birdwood, in unveiling the memorial, recalled that it was at Nowgong that he himself first joined the Indian Army in 1886. Continuing, he said it had proved desirable to abandon the idea of having the college in New Delhi, and, in order to avoid the heavy initial expense in building, it was decided to locate the college in the empty British infantry barracks in Nowgong. Thanks to the generosity of the Princes of India, who allowed the money they contributed to the "Princes' Kitchener Memorial Fund" to be utilized for converting the barracks, it had been possible to open the college and to erect the statue of Lord Kitchener. In establishing the college they had been able to meet in a most practical manner the long-felt want for education and higher military training of the young Indian officer and non-commissioned officer of the Indian Army. The results already obtained in the first year showed that they might confidently look for a great future for the college.

Sir William Birdwood added that he could not have desired a more befitting ending to his career in India than to have, as his last public duty, the honour of unveiling the statue and paying a tribute to the undying memory of their great chief.

THE POLISH ELECTIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WARSAW, Nov. 16

Polling in the General Election for the Seym is said to have been heavy and, on the whole, peaceful. Attendance at the central polling stations in Warsaw was brisk all day and many voters were still inside them at closing time. The streets were congested by animated crowds which did not give an impression of apathy.

Although the police had arrested 50 Communists on Friday as a precautionary step, the Governmental Socialists and the Communists came into violent collision twice, and four persons were badly wounded by revolver bullets.

The liveliest scenes were witnessed, as usual, in the Jewish quarter of the city, where fights between Orthodox Jews and Zionists were continually being suppressed by the police.

Other Foreign News on following page

Gamages sale of ORIGINAL PARIS MODELS

This week we are offering all our original Paris models bought early in the season at prices which are in some cases reduced to a quarter of the original cost. This is in pursuance of our policy of automatic price reduction, and also to make room for fresh purchases of Paris models.

No. 1. From our collection of evening dress models here is one of outstanding beauty by Lucienne Lelong. The rich black velvet falls in long stately lines, and there is an unusual touch in the cross-over hip line which finishes in a quaint knot.

PARIS MODEL GOWNS AND ENSEMBLES ORIGINAL PRICES FROM 25 TO 45 gns. ALL REDUCED TO

8, 10 AND 12 GNS.

BEARING THESE FAMOUS NAMES

Alexandre, Lucienne Lelong, Louis Veder, Chanel, Yvonne May, Welly Sœurs, Jane Duverne, Patou, Lachaud Bernard, Lanvin, Agnes, Marthé et Rene, Jane, Germaine Lecomte

PARIS MODEL HATS

Beautiful hats from Paris purchased originally for 6 gns. and 11 gns. are now to be sold at these prices

30/- 40/- 50/- 60/-

FROM Marcelle Rose, Marcelle Lely, Marie Alphonsine, Patou, Molyneux, Le Monnier, Suzanne Talbot, Blanche et Simone

ORIGINAL PARIS MODEL COATS FROM FAMOUS PARIS HOUSES ARE ALSO BEING OFFERED AT THE GREATLY REDUCED PRICE OF

10 GNS.

No. 2. This chic two-piece was designed by Germaine Lecomte. The frock is of heavy quality marocain in a mellow wine shade, and the coat is made in a soft wool romaine to match. A distinctive ensemble.

GAMAGES MARBLE ARCH

LONDON, W.1. *TELEPHONE:* MAYFAIR 9494 (50 LINES)

INDIA TO-DAY

FIRST PLENARY SESSION

PUBLIC OR PRIVATE DEBATES?

FALSE RUMOURS

The first plenary session of the Indian Round-Table Conference will be held in Queen Anne's Drawing Room at St. James's Palace at 10.30 o'clock this morning. The Prime Minister will preside.

The last two delegates from India—Sir Ghulam Hidayatullah and Mr. A. H. Ghuznavi—arrived in London on Saturday evening. They bring the total of British Indian representatives up to 57. Counting the Diwan of Baroda, who acts as a delegate when the Maharajah Gaekwar is absent, the representatives of the States number 17. The British representatives, including the two additional Ministers who are assisting the Cabinet delegation, number 15, making a total of 89 members. The secretaries and advisers number 31—apart from the three publicity officers—and five high officials are attending in a consultative capacity.

These figures are not without practical bearing on one of the first questions of arrangement to be dealt with this morning. It is expected that the Conference will resolve itself into committee to consider methods of publicity. A motion that all committee meetings should be held in private is expected to meet with general support. The further recommendation of the Business Committee that meetings of the full Conference should ordinarily be in private will not go unchallenged. The Conference will meet in private through the morning, and early in the afternoon information will be given informally to the Press. In the unlikely event of the recommendation of the Business Committee being rejected, it will be necessary to provide for a rota and ballot for the small accommodation remaining for representatives of the Press in the Conference Room. The great majority of the journalists will have to rely on loud speakers set up in the Lounge or Ambassadors' Room.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

It is significant of the importance attached to the work of giving information to the Press that the Secretary of State has agreed to be a member of the Publicity Advisory Committee. The other members are Professor Rushbrook Williams and Mr. Chintamani, representing respectively the States and the British Indian delegations.

It has been decided that an official conversant with Indian affairs should be personally attached to the Prime Minister throughout the Conference. Mr. S. K. Brown, Joint Secretary of the Military Department, India Office, who was for five years after the War Private Secretary to the Secretary of State for India, has been selected for this work.

The sixth informal meeting of the British Indian delegation, held at St. James's Palace on Saturday morning, discussed arrangements for to-day's meeting. No fewer than 17 speakers were selected to represent the many groups into which the delegation is divided. The first five speakers will be Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Jayakar, Sir Muhammad Shafi, Sir Hubert Carr, and Colonel Gidney. The subsequent speakers will be Mr. Srinavasa Sastri, Sir A. P. Patro, Maulana Muhammad Ali (or, if his poor state of health prevents him from speaking, Sir Sayed Sultan Ahmed), Mr. Fazl-ul-Huq, Mr. Jinnah, Dr. Moonje, Mr. K. T. Paul, Sirdar Ujjal Singh, Dr. Ambedkar, the Begum Shah Nawaz, and Sir Provash C. Mitter. The next meeting of the delegation was fixed for Tuesday afternoon. It is not expected that the Conference will have any afternoon sittings this week.

HINDU-MOSLEM COMMITTEE

The attitude of hopeful expectation which has marked the preliminary discussions of recent days between various sections of the British Indian delegation would have been chilled had there been any substance in the stories circulated on Saturday morning of sharp "quarrels" between the Hindu and Moslem delegations. Differences of view so deep and strong as those which have been revealed in discussions by the Hindu-Moslem committee cannot be composed in a few days by effective compromise. But in all the meetings of the committee a friendly spirit has prevailed, thanks in no small degree to the tact and patience of the chairman, the Aga Khan, who is playing so important a part as a connecting link not only between various sections of the British Indian delegation, but also between that delegation and the Princes and other representatives of the Indian States.

Categorical statements of conflict and of the unyielding attitude of influential delegates can soon meet with refutation on the spot; but they are telegraphed to India—by some correspondents, at least, with malicious pleasure—and lead to much uneasiness in political groups affected, which are liable to reach the conclusion that their rights and interests are being bartered.

AN OFFICIAL DENIAL

At the meeting of the British Indian delegation on Saturday the chairman (the Aga Khan) and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru were authorized to issue an emphatic denial of a statement on Hindu-Moslem differences which had appeared in a morning newspaper (not *The Times*). The newspaper said that the Moslems had presented the Hindus with "what was described, with perhaps only a slight touch of exaggeration, as an 'ultimatum.'" In their statement in reply the Aga Khan and Sir T. B. Sapru said:—

The British India Delegation categorically deny the truth of the statement contained therein as to the Hindu-Moslem position. No ultimatum has been served by one section of the community on any other.

The work of the committee in charge of communal matters has hitherto proceeded on quite friendly and harmonious lines, and there is no justification at all for the statement that there are any quarrels over the Conference there. Differences in points of view are in process of adjustment from day to day. Nor is the statement with regard to Sir B. N. Mitra, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, and Mr. Jayakar in regard to the framing of a constitution either unitary or federal at all correct. The position both of Sir B. N. Mitra, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, and Mr. Jayakar in regard to this matter has been most grossly misrepresented.

The statement went on to declare that there was no such cleavage between the views of the Indian Princes and others as had been represented in the newspaper in question, and it continued:—

Again it is wrong to say that Mr. Jinnah a few days ago suggested that if Dominion status was not conceded by Great Britain in advance the British India delegates should leave the cold, inhospitable climate of England at once. To our knowledge no desire has been expressed by any member of our delegation that the proceedings of the Conference should be adjourned.

PRINCES' MESSAGE TO THE KING

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DELHI, Nov. 16

The following telegram, dated November 12, has been sent to the King-Emperor by his Highness the Maharao of Cutch, Acting Pro-Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes:—

On behalf of the members of the Chamber of Princes who are in India, I offer your Majesty on this historic occasion the expression of our devoted loyalty to your Throne and person. We pray for success to the deliberations now being inaugurated by your Majesty.

The King-Emperor replied:—

I thank your Highness for your telegram expressing the loyal wishes of yourself and the other members of the Chamber of Princes now in India for the success of the Conference which I inaugurated to-day.

AFRIDI INCURSIONS

INDIAN GOVERNMENT'S POLICY

DELHI, Nov. 15.—The Government has issued a statement recording the progress of events in connexion with Afridi affairs. After recalling the events of Afridi incursions, the statement explains that the protective measures announced recently were adopted only under extreme provocation and after the Maliks (headmen) and elders of the tribe, who receive stipends for controlling irresponsible elements among their fellows, had shown themselves entirely incapable of discharging their tribal obligations and neighbourly duty.

When called upon to explain unprovoked attacks on Peshawar in June and August, the Jirga (tribal council) had laid most stress on the grievance which, it alleged, the tribe had as a result of the recent Shiah-Sunni settlement. As the Indian Government, it said, had chosen to side with the enemies of the Afridis in that quarrel, so the Afridis had elected to side with the enemies of the Government in its quarrel with the Congress.

The statement recalls (1) that the Sunni-Shiah quarrel in the Tirah was primarily an Orakzai affair, in which the Afridis were not originally concerned and in which they had interfered only for their own ends. (2) That the Indian Government had not intervened in the dispute until many hundreds of destitute Shiah and Orakzai refugees had come into British territory. (3) That the Government's intervention had taken the form of negotiation and not of force, and when, finally, after more than two years' patient negotiations, a settlement had been effected early in the present year, that settlement had been gladly accepted by the Afridis themselves as releasing them from an awkward entanglement of which they were thoroughly tired.

The Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province had then once more explained to the Jirga the Government's determination to protect the borders and the methods which it had decided to adopt. He had asked whether the Afridis had any alternative method to suggest, and in reply the Jirga had been unable to offer anything more satisfactory than an undertaking not to repeat the incursions. The members of the Jirga had been unable to explain what security they could offer for their fulfilment of this undertaking. The Chief Commissioner had then warned them that if troops were molested retaliation would necessarily follow in such a manner as might be thought fit, and the Jirga had then broken up. As the negotiations had, for a time at any rate, failed, no other course had remained open to the Indian Government but to take such steps as were necessary to give practical effect to its decision.

As a result of this, the statement explains, troops are now in occupation up to the Western end of the Khajuri Plain, and a fair-weather road has been constructed as far as the site of the British advanced camp which is near Miri Khel, about seven miles south-west of the Bara Fort. This road is at present in process of being metalled and the country is being examined to find suitable alignment for subsidiary roads. Nowhere have the hills been penetrated.

On the return of the Jirga to the Tirah further tribal discussions ensued as a result of which a letter has been received from the leading Maliks and elders asking for another meeting with the Government. Their request has been granted, and November 17 has been fixed as the date for the resumption of the discussions.—*Reuter.*

POLICE STONED IN BOMBAY

"JAWAHARLAL NEHRU DAY"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Nov. 16

To-day was proclaimed by the Congress as "Jawaharlal Nehru Day," and it was arranged to celebrate the occasion by reciting extracts from his speeches at public meetings, of which the principal one was to be held on the seashore.

The morning part of the programme was a complete failure, but, later, an immense crowd gathered on the sands, and the roads leading to them were packed with spectators expecting a disturbance. The proceedings passed off peacefully, but on withdrawing from the meeting the Police Commissioner and several police officers were heavily stoned, and charges were necessary. Four officials of the Congress "War Council" were arrested.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.—A procession which was being held here in connexion with "Jawaharlal Nehru Day" was dispersed opposite the Clock Tower by the police, who seized flags and arrested 218 persons, including a woman.—*Reuter.*

*** Other Indian news o' page 11.

THE SALVATION ARMY

A TRUST COMPANY TO HOLD ITS PROPERTY

The Conference of Commissioners of the Salvation Army, continuing its sittings at Mildmay Conference Hall during Friday and Saturday, considered two resolutions dealing with the trusteeship of the property and capital assets of the Army. The subject was examined in all its aspects and, after exhaustive consideration, it was resolved by a unanimous vote that the property of the Salvation Army should no longer be under the control of a single trustee.

By a further resolution, passed without dissent, it was resolved to form a trust company, limited by guarantee, to be registered under the Companies Act, 1929, to take over and hold all the real and personal property from time to time coming under the control of the General of the Salvation Army.

The Conference, which sat until late on Saturday afternoon, adjourned until this morning.

INVALIDS

Lady Mary Grosvenor, who is in a Southampton nursing home where she was operated on for appendicitis, was stated yesterday to be much better.

It was stated on Saturday night that the condition of Dame Mary Scharlieb was decidedly weaker.

Sir John Lavery was reported last night to be much better and going on very well.

Sir Maurice Anderson was progressing very slowly.

Major-General Sir Desmond O'Callaghan was stated to have had a very good day and to be able to sit up a little.

SOVIET PLOT MONGERING

FALSE CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY

FRENCH PROTEST

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 16

The following *communiqué* was issued from the Quai d'Orsay yesterday:—

Press dispatches from Moscow have drawn attention to representations made by the French Ambassador in Russia to the Soviet Government after the publication in the local Press of an official document issued by the Soviet Public Prosecutor, in which French politicians and members of the General Staff were attacked.

The French Ambassador did, in fact, present to the Assistant Commissar for Foreign Affairs on November 11, that is, directly after this document was published, a vigorous protest. This protest was especially concerned with the fact that former leaders or present members of the French Government were attacked in an official document. French officers were also represented as preparing war against Russia. M. Herbette pointed out that such publications were the more inexcusable inasmuch as the Moscow Press was entirely under the control of the Soviet Government.

The document in question is the one to which your Riga Correspondent referred in a message published in *The Times* of November 12. It formed part of the material which had been prepared for the trial of six Russian specialists, whose arrest was reported on October 28. The indictment charged them with conspiring with M. Poincaré, M. Briand, and the French General Staff to destroy the Soviet régime. They were alleged to have planned to create such economic chaos in Russia as would make French armed intervention possible before the end of this year.

SOVIET WAR TALK

PROPOSAL TO STRENGTHEN RED FORCES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, Nov. 16

At an assembly at the Grand Theatre in Moscow, yesterday, the Soviet Government formally proclaimed the period from November 15 to November 25 a "decade of defence" throughout the U.S.S.R. During this time the attention of the masses must be given to military, naval, air, and chemical warfare questions in view of the ever-growing danger of attack by a capitalist enemy. They must attend lectures, be instructed in military matters and the present international situation, and be encouraged voluntarily to work overtime in order to strengthen the Red fighting forces and to build new aircraft.

All Soviet newspapers began the 10 days by publishing an article by Maxim Gorky exhorting the workers and peasants to arm and enable the Red Army to deal its enemies a crushing blow. He declared that the Ogpu (Cheka) had discovered the whereabouts of the enemy among the engineers, specialists, and professors, and that civil war must be resumed and waged ruthlessly. Gorky is still living at Sorrento, Italy.

The alleged "plot" by Russian professors and the French and British Governments for a military invasion of the U.S.S.R. figures prominently in the programme of the 10 days' defence. Factories in industrial centres are holding indignation meetings and passing inspired resolutions demanding the death of the arrested professors.

The Soviet Government has issued a decree conferring on the railway authorities extraordinary powers to restore discipline and cope with the transport crisis which has developed. The decree authorizes railway managers to establish their own punitive system. Delinquents will not have the right of appeal to the Soviet courts against sentences. Efficiency may be stimulated by giving "valuable presents" and Red orders of merit. Serious offences will be tried in the ordinary courts, but penalties will be more severe than hitherto in order "to counteract slander and ridicule against the Soviet transport system by class enemies and oppositionist Communists."

A Soviet court has tried the first of such cases at Rostoff-on-the-Don. Two station clerks were charged with carelessness, causing the derailment of a goods train. The casualties resulting from this are not reported, but the court sentenced both to death.

FASCIST HOMILY TO STUDENTS

POLITICS AND SPORT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, Nov. 16

Signor Mussolini's recent admission that there were still elements inveterately unfriendly to Fascism among the "so-called liberal and professional bourgeoisie" may perhaps explain the long circular published by Signor Giuriati, Secretary of the Fascist Party, for the benefit of university students. The document is at once an appeal and a homily on life somewhat in the style of Polonius's precepts to Laertes.

The advice imparted by the author touches a wide list of subjects, ranging from the ideal purposes of existence to the style of the student's beret, which is to retain its traditional bright colouring, but not to be made additionally "gaudy" by new-fangled ornaments.

The time has long since passed away, the document states, when every action of the student was excused as a boyish escapade. His attitude towards his professors is to be "coherent and straightforward," but the professors' "rigour or liberality" must not be allowed to influence the student's "political judgment," which is to be at once "free and inspired by truly Fascist intransigence." In somewhat the same way, when Parson Thwackum mentioned religion, he meant, it will be remembered, the Christian religion, the Protestant religion, the religion of the Church of England. Signor Giuriati's definition of free political judgment appears to be subject to similar reservations.

Continuing the policy of Signor Turati, his predecessor, Signor Giuriati utters a warning against the perversion of sport into a machine for producing champions, but at the same time condemns the "cult of aestheticism repugnant to the virile conception of Fascism."

Perhaps the most significant passage is, however, the alternative placed before the students of being followers of the Duce or else of sinking into the grey mass of insignificant mediocrity. In general, Signor Giuriati prohibits "individuals or groups from taking up any attitude or initiative without my previous authorization."

LORD BYNG

Lord Byng of Vimy, though otherwise in good health, is suffering from a relaxed throat and is going under medical orders for a short visit to the South of France at the end of the present week.

SITUATION IN MADRID

TWO-DAY GENERAL STRIKE

A QUIET SUNDAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, Nov. 16

The clash which occurred on Friday between labour demonstrators and the police, and in which three persons were killed and over 30 others were injured, was followed yesterday by the calling of a general strike.

The initiative in calling the strike was taken by the Federation of Building Trades, the representatives of which met on Friday night and decided on a general strike for 48 hours as a protest against the action of the police. They demanded that the police officer who gave the order to fire should be dismissed, that the State should pension the families of the workmen killed, and that all the workmen arrested should be released. At noon the representatives of other unions met at the Casa del Pueblo, the labour headquarters, and decided on a general strike of all trades for 48 hours and of the public services for 24 hours. Orders to this effect were sent out, and within a few hours the tramways, including the underground railway, had stopped, taxicabs disappeared from the streets, and a great stillness descended upon the city. The cafés remained open, however, and were thronged.

Workmen picketed the roads round Madrid, and persuaded the drivers of some motor-cars approaching the city to turn back. At the Faculty of Medicine workmen entered the building and were welcomed by the students, whom they helped to hoist a blackboard on to the roof displaying the words "Viva la Republica," a red flag being tied to the pole. The men on the roof began to throw broken bricks and benches at the police in the street below. A passer-by was hit. The officer in charge of the police withdrew his men out of range. For some hours traffic was interrupted round the School of Medicine, but later the police entered without opposition and took down the red flag. The Chancellor of the University gave instructions at noon for lectures to cease.

BREAD QUEUES

Many persons were arrested during the day, including girls from milliners' shops, who joined the strikers and became noisy ringleaders of groups. In general, however, the strike was peaceful, and, the labour leaders were justified in issuing a manifesto at midnight congratulating the workers on their calmness and discipline. The Government has shown sangfroid and a true appreciation of the situation. It obtained an undertaking from the labour leaders that the gas, water, and electricity services would not be affected. The Director of Food Supplies announced that Madrid had sufficient reserves for 10 days, but that bread and milk might run short to-day. In consequence there were queues at the bakeries this morning, there was a scarcity of milk, and no fresh fruit and vegetables were distributed.

The only newspapers to appear last night were *La Epoca*, a privately owned Conservative organ, and a clerical organ, *Siglo Futuro*, and, to-day, the *A.B.C.* and *El Debate*, the staff of which are non-union. In some places copies of *El Debate* were seized and burnt, but all subscribers received their copy, and well-dressed youths volunteered as newsboys to sell it on the streets, which gave rise to some incidents.

At 2 p.m. to-day the Chief of Police had a *communiqué* broadcast saying that the strike continued to be peaceful, and would end to-morrow morning. This favourable report was strengthened by news from the provinces, which do not appear to have reacted to the events in Madrid. The coal strike in Asturias is practically ended, and the strikes in progress at Barcelona and Valencia are also peaceful.

RIVAL LABOUR FACTIONS

Although strong forces of police are being held in readiness and the troops are confined to barracks in Madrid, the only use made of the military has been to provide lorries to bring bread from the outlying towns and villages and to supply technical aid for the public services should any attempt be made to interfere with water and light supplies. The Army has been in no way implicated in the strike, which was brought about mainly by the more advanced sections of labour, whose action on Friday is viewed with disfavour by the majority of workers.

Underlying the labour unrest is the rivalry between the Communist and Socialist sections. The Socialists are fighting hard to retain their hold on the labour masses in Madrid, Barcelona, and Asturias. The Government can do little in this sphere, except endeavour to keep labour within the bounds of a cooperative arbitration legislation, the framework of which was set up by the dictatorship, but which requires strengthening, and to impose respect for law and order, by force when necessary. The excess of force displayed on Friday had some excuse in the special circumstances of the moment, for it is well known that Republican plans d'r a *coup* exist, and may have to be met suddenly. The present strike is illegal, the prescribed 24 hours' warning not having been given.

A banquet to M. Quesnay, the general manager of the Bank for International Settlements, and the Anglo-American Armistice dinner and dance took place last night, but guests suffered some inconvenience from lack of transport. King Alfonso, who is away at a hunting party in the Province of Caceres, is not expected back for several days.

According to reports late to-night, everything has passed off quietly here to-day. Cinemas are open and the underground railway is again running. The police have arrested members of a Communist club who were distributing leaflets calling on workers to join in "the revolution."

EMBASSY STATEMENT

The following announcement has been issued by the Spanish Embassy in London:—

Although a general strike was proclaimed in Madrid on Saturday in consequence of the regrettable incidents connected with the deaths of four workmen in the collapse of a building, the stoppage of work has been confined to the building trade. Tramways and taxicabs are circulating as usual. Shops are open, and all is quiet in Madrid. The workmen's demands have been presented to the Government in a moderate form, and their attitude is by no means revolutionary. It has been noticed that the disorders were begun and maintained by a small group which appeared to sway the crowd in the direction at first not intended by the demonstrators.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

COMMONS AND THE DECISIONS

PALESTINE MANDATE

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

The Prime Minister will be asked in the House of Commons to-day whether he intends to make a statement with regard to the decisions of the Imperial Conference. It is assumed that facilities will be given for an early discussion if either section of the Opposition desires it.

There is a general opinion that the results of the Conference should be reviewed by the House, though all members of the Conservative Party do not agree that the Conference has ended in failure. In fact some satisfaction is felt that the whole subject of economic cooperation has been kept open for further consideration at Ottawa. There was a fear that the Home Government might merely reject the request of the Dominions for an extension of tariff preferences and leave matters at that point. Had this been done the Conservatives would certainly have moved a Vote of Censure on the Government. While the Conservatives may still press for a debate, they may limit it to a request for information on specific points. They are anxious to know, for instance, whether the undertaking not to alter the margin of preference for three years carries with it a definite obligation not to remove any of the existing food taxes altogether during that period. They will also desire to know why the Government's refusal to consider Mr. Bennett's proposal was not disclosed officially at an earlier date, and why more work had not been done in collecting information on alternative proposals, such as the quota, before the work of the Conference began.

POLICY IN PALESTINE

At the request of the Liberals there will be a debate this afternoon on the Government's policy in Palestine. The discussion, which will be opened by Mr. Lloyd George, will be taken on a formal motion for the adjournment, as there is no desire to embarrass the Government by bringing forward a hostile motion on the subject. It is recognized by all the three parties that the attitude of the Government towards the Mandate needs to be made much clearer, and Ministers themselves argue that the position of the Government has been misinterpreted and misunderstood. The subject is one which cuts across the usual party lines, for there are differences of opinion on the subject in each of the three political camps. One of the results of the present uncertainty is that the Government has refrained from moving the issue of a new writ in White chapel, where the Labour Party fear that they may lose the seat unless immediate steps are taken to ease Jewish anxieties. In the circumstances it is assumed that some modification of the White Paper will be announced by the Prime Minister to-day. Among those who are expected to take part in the debate are Mr. Amery, Major Elliot, Sir Herbert Samuel, Mr. James de Rothschild, and Dr. Drummond Shiels, the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, who has been on the sick list since his return from Palestine.

The debate on the Agricultural Land (Utilization) Bill will be ended to-morrow, when it is hoped to take the division at about the dinner hour. The Government has no immediate anxiety as to the fate of the Bill, as it can rely on the support of the Liberal Party for the second reading. Its position will be more difficult on Thursday, when the Committee stage of the Education (School Attendance) Bill begins. The Conservatives have already handed in an amendment to postpone the raising of the school-leaving age for five years, and, though the Liberals are not likely to support this, they are known to be opposed to the Government's proposal that the change shall be made effective next April. Sir Charles Trevelyan's speech on the second reading was construed by the Opposition as indicating a willingness to consider the possibility of some postponement, and he is expected to make a statement on the subject on Thursday. The Left Wing of the Labour Party has already put down amendments for the abolition of the means test which is to be imposed on applicants for the maintenance grants. It remains to be seen whether the official machine of the party will be powerful enough to obtain the removal of the amendment from the Order Paper in view of the fact that the suggestion has already been rejected quite definitely by the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the President of the Board of Education.

Norfolk is to have a field day on Wednesday. In the afternoon Lord Elmley, who represents East Norfolk as a Liberal, will move a resolution asking the House to deplore the present condition of the fruit-growing industry, and to call upon the Government to put into effect schemes which, without penalizing the consuming public, will secure to the grower an economic return for his crop. In the evening Lady Noel-Buxton, the Labour representative of North Norfolk, will press for the extension of unemployment insurance to agricultural workers. The first private member's Bill for consideration on Friday is Mr. N. W. Smith-Carington's measure, which is designed to provide for the use of British ingredients in the manufacture of beer.

BUSINESS IN THE LORDS

In the House of Lords to-morrow the second reading of the Merchant Shipping (Safety Convention) Bill will be taken, and Lord Stanhope will propose, if it is given a second reading, that it be referred to a Joint Committee of both Houses. The Duke of Montrose will ask for information about the committee of inquiry into the present methods of recruiting officers for the Royal Navy. On Wednesday the Bishop of Truro and the Bishop of St. Edmundsbury and Ipswich will be introduced; the second reading of the Colonial Naval Defence Bill will be taken; the debate on the condition of agriculture will be continued; and Lord Mersey will ask for particulars of the position of the British quarrying industry. Thursday's business includes the second reading of the Grey Seals Protection Bill and a request by Lord Newton to the Government to publish any official information that it may have in its possession bearing upon the statement that certain Soviet exports to this country are produced under a so-called Slave State system.

CONSUMERS' COUNCIL BILL

The text was issued on Saturday of the Consumers' Council Bill, introduced by the President of the Board of Trade. It is on similar lines to that published in *The Times* on May 2, the object of the Bill being to provide for the constitution of a Consumers' Council; to define the powers and duties of that Council; to enable the Board of Trade to regulate by order the prices to be charged for certain commodities and the charges to be made in respect of sales thereof; and for purposes connected with the matters aforesaid.

UNEMPLOYMENT FUND

LARGER EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION

The increasing numbers of the unemployed are responsible for the large sum of £10,500,000 required by the Ministry of Labour out of a total of £10,956,000 for which a Supplementary Estimate was issued on Saturday.

The other items in the estimate are £400,000 for the Colonial and Middle Eastern services and £56,000 for public buildings oversea.

The Ministry of Labour asks for an additional £750,000 in respect of salaries, wages, and allowances, and £10,500,000 as a contribution to the Unemployment Fund. The amount recoverable from the Unemployment Fund in respect of the administration of unemployment insurance is expected, owing to the increase in the number of unemployed persons, to exceed the original estimate by £750,000, and this sum is brought into the Vote under the heading of "Appropriations in aid." The increased requirements for salaries, wages, and allowances are made necessary by additional administrative work caused by the rise in the number of persons unemployed. The sum provided in the original estimate as a contribution to the Unemployment Fund was £26,470,000, made up of £15,970,000 for ordinary benefit and £10,500,000 for transitional benefit. Owing to the depression in industry fewer people are at work than when the estimates were framed and less is being paid in contributions by employers and employed. The contribution payable by the Exchequer, which is one-half of the amount paid by the other parties, is correspondingly less, and the amount is now estimated at £14,970,000, a saving of £1,000,000. With regard to transitional benefit the original estimate proceeded on the basis of a "live register" in the neighbourhood of 1,200,000 and it did not include provision for certain classes such as married women and seasonal workers, which were considered likely to be brought into benefit by the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1930, but concerning which no data enabling an estimate to be made were available. The cost of these classes is now estimated at about £4,000,000 in 1930. It is stated that the total cost of transitional benefit to the Exchequer for the year cannot be forecast with any certainty, but having regard to the present rate of expenditure and to the fact that it is still increasing the total is estimated at £22,000,000, an increase of £11,500,000, to set against which is the decrease of £1,000,000 in respect of ordinary benefit.

GRANTS TO WEST INDIES

The present crisis in the sugar industry in the West Indies is responsible for grants for expenditure in relief of unemployment of £112,000 to British Guiana, £5,000 to Antigua, and £7,000 to St. Kitts-Nevis. A portion, to be determined later, of the grant for British Guiana will be in the form of a loan. Grants in aid of £9,500 and a loan of £5,000 to Dominica arise chiefly out of the damage caused by the recent hurricane. Part of a grant in aid of £13,500 provided in the original estimate for development of the resources of Dominica will also be used for making loans to cultivators necessitated by the destruction of crops. An additional £11,000 is required for the purposes of defence in Iraq, and £22,000 is included in the Supplementary Estimates for the acquisition of land adjoining the Residency for improving the accommodation of the High Commissioner and staff.

The extra cost of the employment of British forces in Palestine and Transjordan over the cost of such forces at their normal stations calls for a supplementary estimate of £42,000, and £148,000 is required for a contribution to the cost of the Transjordan frontier force. There is also an item of £24,000 as an additional contribution to the expenses of Transjordan administration. Appropriations in aid from Palestine revenues will be £43,000. The £56,000 for public buildings overseas includes £30,000 for the purchase of a plot of land for the improvement of the new Embassy site at Washington, and a further £13,000 for the purchase and adaptation of a residence for the High Commissioner at Capetown.

The present Supplementary Estimate brings the total for 1930 to £11,980,403.

THE KING AND QUEEN

DEPARTURE OF THE COURT FOR SANDRINGHAM

The King and Queen left London on Saturday for Sandringham, where they will remain for a week. They travelled from King's Cross by Royal train, leaving at five minutes to 1. At King's Cross their Majesties were received by Mr. R. H. Bury, a director of the L.N.E.R., and Mr. G. F. Thurston, divisional general manager; and the train was in the charge of Mr. V. M. Barrington-Ward, superintendent of the Western Section.

The Court will return to London either next Saturday or the following Monday. Later the King and Queen will again go to Sandringham for a short stay, and again return to London before spending their Christmas holiday at Sandringham.

LORD LONDONDERRY'S WELSH LAND

PURCHASES BY TENANT FARMERS

Lord Londonderry has sold 34 farms on Plas Machynlleth, his estate of 10,000 acres on the Montgomery and Merioneth border. In addition to the 5,500 acres thus disposed of, many freeholds in and around Machynlleth have been bought by the tenants.

The negotiations were conducted at Machynlleth by Messrs. John D. Wood and Co. (Berkeley-square), who have instructions to sell the remaining lots, which include fine old timbered and other farmhouses, sites, and woodland, as well as salmon and trout fishing in the Dovey. Lake Glanmerin is on the estate.

The series of transactions, in which the tenants have had the first offer of their holdings, confirms the opinion expressed by the president of the Chartered Surveyors' Institution that tenant farmers in Wales are the chief competitors for the acquisition of their holdings.

ROYAL MAIL GROUP'S REORGANIZATION

COMMITTEE'S TERM OF OFFICE EXTENDED

The following official statement was issued on Saturday:—

The voting trustees and the committee set up in June last to confer with the court of directors of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company and the boards of directors of the various subsidiary and associated companies have been requested to continue in office until December 31, 1931. It has also been arranged that the existing moratorium and facilities granted on June 10, 1930, shall be extended until December 31, 1931, unless terminated at an earlier date by the voting trustees and the committee.

*** Reference is made to this statement in our City Notes.

PRINCIPAL NAVAL A.D.C.

Admiral Sir Walter H. Cowan, Bt., K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., has been appointed First and Principal Naval Aide-de Camp to the King, in succession to Admiral Sir Edwyn S. Alexander-Sinclair, G.C.B., M.V.O., to date December 12.

Admiral Sir Walter Cowan was formerly Commander-in-Chief of the North America and West Indies Station. He coummanded the First Light Cruiser Squadron of the Grand Fleet from 1917 to 1920, and afterwards was in command of the Battle Cruiser Squadron of the Atlantic Fleet. For his services at Jutland he was mentioned in dispatches and was made a Companion of the Order of the Bath.

LIBYAN DESERT EXPEDITION

OLD SLAVE ROUTE FOUND

MINIATURE STONEHENGE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, Nov. 15

The expedition to the Libyan Desert under the leadership of Major Ralph Bagnold arrived back in Cairo yesterday. It will be remembered that Major Bagnold and his companions hoped to find the "lost oasis" of Zerzura, whose existence is persistently reported, though no Arab can be found who has seen it. Major Bagnold states that in the country explored there was no trace of Zerzura, nor was there in it any possibility of the existence of a lost oasis.

Though Zerzura was not found, the expedition had highly interesting experiences and made discoveries of note. The party left Cairo in three motor-cars on October 13, and in the 34 days it was away covered 3,100 miles of the Libyan Desert and made important additions to the map. The Dalla Wells [Bir-el-Daila, Farafra oasis] was the most westward point mapped by Prince Kemal-el-Din and Prince Omar Toussoun. Rohlfs got farther west in 1874, but he travelled hurriedly with camels, 600 miles in 30 days without finding water—one of the most remarkable desert journeys ever made.

Major Bagnold and his companions mapped nearly 100 miles west of Dalla, and then trekked 500 miles south to the oasis of Owenat through sand dunes ranged at regular intervals "like an army." Major Bagnold, whom I saw this evening, estimates that the dunes stretch southwards from Siwa about 420 miles and westwards about 200 miles, though this is uncertain.

Owenat, which was discovered by Hassanein Bey in 1923, is in a sheer rocky plateau 6,000ft. high. The plateau, said Major Bagnold, was like that described by Conan Doyle in "The Lost World," a book published in 1912. The expedition, leaving its motor-cars behind, climbed up the plateau, and found there a few people belonging to a negro tribe from Central Africa.

THE ARBAIN WAY

The expedition discovered north-east of Owenat a remarkable circle of stones standing 3ft. high and nine yards across, similar in formation to Stonehenge. This circle is in the desert 150 miles from the nearest water. From Owenat, on the Sudan border, the party travelled eastwards to Selima Wells, a distance of some 360 miles. This was the first time this journey had been accomplished, though certain areas have been explored in 1927 by Mr. Newbould and Mr. Shaw (partners of Major Bagnold in the present expedition), and by Mr. Jennings Bramley.

From Selima they had to journey to the Nile to pick up petrol at Wadi Halfa. They then returned to Selima, and for the first time the journey was made across the desert to Assiut on the Nile by way of the Kharga oasis, following the northern part of the Arbain way—the old slave trade route from Darfur to Assiut, altogether over 1,000 miles long, which used to be traversed by camels in about 40 days, the distance from Selima to Assiut being about 420 miles. Major Bagnold stated that the slave track was clearly marked by the skeletons of camels, and that there were over 200 camel skeletons to every mile. Although it had not been used for 50 years, in certain parts the tracks of the camels were plainly visible. Beforehand it had been considered impossible to follow the trade route by motor-car from Kharga to Assiut, Kharga being surrounded by cliffs 600ft. high, but the expedition found a way worn by countless thousands of camels. From Assiut they followed the Nile to Cairo.

Major Bagnold thinks this would be a possible motor route to the Sudan instead of following the curve of the Nile, and also that the route might be used by aeroplanes. The desert going he describes as fairly easy except for the large area between Kharga and Assiut, where there are thousands of boulders, round like melons. Major Bagnold leaves for England on Saturday.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 10)

THEATRES

Ambassadors	THE GRAIN OF MUSTARD SEED	8.40
Apollo	THE OUTSIDER	8.30
Cambridge	'ON THE SPOT	8.30
Criterion	THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD	8.40
Duke of York's	HER FIRST AFFAIRE	8.15
Everyman	MASKS AND FACES	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	STREET SCENE	8.40
Grafton	UNUSUAL VARIETY	8.30
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Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	WOODEN SHOES	8.40
Little	THE UNKNOWN WARRIOR	8.30
Lyceum	THE HOUSE OF DANGER	8.15
Lyric	LET US BE GAY	8.40
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE TOY CART	8.30
Palace	FREDERICA	8.15
Phœnix	PRIVATE LIVES	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.30
Prince Edward	NIPPY	2.30 & 8.15
Prince of Wales	THE MAN WHO KISSED HIS WIFE	8.45
"Q"	GOSSIP	8.15
Queen's	THE BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET	8.15
Royalty	MARRIAGE À LA MODE	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	THE ONLY WAY	8.30
Shaftesbury	LEAVE IT TO PSMITH	8.30
Strand	IT'S A BOY	8.30
The Old Vic	RICHARD II.	7.45
Vaudeville	THE BREADWINNER	2.45 & 8.45
Whitehall	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	2.30 & 8.30
Winter Garden	FOLLOW A STAR	8.10

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15 & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Grotrian Hall	MR. LORIS BLOFELD	8.30
Wigmore Hall	MISS LEONORE CORTEZ; MISS FREDA SWAIN	3; 8.30

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to sunset

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	MYSTERY OF LIFE	1, 2.30, 6, & 8.30
Astoria	THREE FACES EAST	1 to 11
Capitol	HER MAN	12 to 11
Carlton	THE BIG POND	2.30, 6, & 8

THE TIMES

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Wind northerly, moderate: mainly fair, except for showers near East Coast; cold; sharp frost early and late.

Further Outlook.—Cold generally and mainly fair in most districts, except for wintry showers in the North; less settled in the West and South-west. (p. 14)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

A Supplementary Estimate issued on Saturday for £10,956,000 to be voted for the year ending March 31, 1931, includes £10,500,000 required by the Ministry of Labour for contribution to the Unemployment Fund. (p. 12)

Officers and men of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve attended the annual reunion organized by the Royal Naval Division Association at the Crystal Palace on Saturday. In the afternoon Mr. Churchill gave an address. (p. 9)

Mr. Shinwell, Secretary to the Mines Department, speaking at Ashington, Northumberland, on Saturday, referred to the present state of relations in the industry and the danger of disputes leading to stoppages of work, and said that a *modus vivendi* must be found. (p. 19)

An article dealing with the probable closing down of the Royal Veterinary College, written by Mr. C. J. B. Macdonald a few days before his death, is published to-day. The article is the last of the regular series contributed by Mr. Macdonald to the Agriculture Page week by week. (p. 18)

The Conference of Commissioners of the Salvation Army has decided to form a trust company, limited by guarantee, to hold all the real and personal property coming under the control of the General. (p. 12)

Arrangements have been made for the draw in Dublin to-day for the Dublin hospitals sweepstake on the Manchester November Handicap, the subscriptions for which have made close upon £390,000 available for distribution in prizes. (p. 14)

A resolution regretting the delay on the part of the Government in announcing their policy with reference to the continuance or otherwise of the Dyestuffs Act was passed by the council of the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers last week. (p. 14)

Lord Londonderry has sold 34 farms on Plas Machynlleth, his estate of 10,000 acres on the Montgomery and Merioneth border. In addition to the 5,500 acres thus disposed of, many freeholds in and around Machynlleth have been bought by the tenants. (p. 12)

POLITICS

The House of Commons will discuss this week the Government's policy in Palestine, the Agricultural Land (Utilization) Bill, the Bill to raise the school-leaving age, and the condition of the fruit-growing industry. (p. 12)

Further criticism of the School Attendance Bill is set out in the minutes of committees of the L.C.C., which will be considered at a meeting of the Council to-morrow. (p. 9)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The Prime Minister will preside at the first plenary session of the Indian Round-Table Conference, to be held this morning in St. James's Palace. (p. 12)

A general strike was declared on Saturday in Madrid as a protest against the incidents on Friday, when three persons were killed in a clash between labour demonstrators and police. There were minor incidents and much public inconvenience on Saturday; last night's report stated that the day had passed off quietly. (p. 12)

An informal meeting of representatives of the Chinese Government, and of Belgium, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, the United States, and the Netherlands, was held in Nanking on Saturday preliminary to the calling of an international conference to consider the question of the consolidation of Chinese foreign debts. (p. 11)

The French Ambassador in Moscow has made a vigorous protest to the Soviet Government against an official document, issued by the Soviet Public Prosecutor, accusing French politicians and members of the General Staff of conspiring with the arrested Russian specialists against the Soviet. (p. 12)

The German flying-boat DO-X arrived on Saturday at Roques de Taux, near Bordeaux, where she will remain until to-morrow. (p. 11)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The King and Queen left London on Saturday for Sandringham, where they will remain for a week. (p. 12)

The Queen, who is Patroness of the Queen's College, Oxford, has presented to the college a copy, made by the artist himself, of her portrait by Sir William Llewellyn. (p. 15)

Admiral Sir Walter Cowan has been appointed First and Principal Naval Aide-de-Camp to the King, in succession to Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair. (p. 12)

SPORT

The Aga Khan's filly Turtle Soup won the Great Two Year Old Stakes at Hurst Park on Saturday. (p. 4)

Oxford University beat the Harlequins in a Rugby football match at Twickenham by 11 points to eight; Blackheath beat Cambridge University at Blackheath by 18 points to 16; Leicester and Swansea played a drawn match at Leicester, neither side having scored. (p. 5)

Arsenal beat Sheffield Wednesday in an Association football match at Sheffield on Saturday by two goals to one; Chelsea beat Manchester City at Stamford Bridge by two goals to none; Ireland beat England in an amateur match in Belfast by three goals to one; Corinthians beat Yorkshire amateurs at Leeds by seven goals to one. (p. 6)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Royal Mail Statement; War Loan Conversion Problems; the Fall in Oil Shares; Burma Corporation Accounts; India Rubber, Gutta Percha, and Telegraph Works Report; and Argentine Finances. (p. 20)

In the Money Market on Saturday loanable credits were again in abundant supply. Loan and discount rates were almost unaltered. The Bank reported the sale of £365,000 in bar gold. Among the Foreign Exchanges the French rate moved 2c. in favour of sterling and the Swiss exchange continued to advance. China silver exchanges were higher. Spanish currency depreciated. Silver rose 1-16d. to 16¼d. per oz. (p. 20)

RAILWAY WAGES

The proposals for the reduction of labour costs, which the general managers of the railways have put before the railway trade unions, are unquestionably severe. No good will be done by minimizing their severity. They are as severe as the depression which, not of recent origin, has lately been intensified and has cut off £8,500,000 of railway revenue in the last ten months. The men are asked to surrender a great deal of both their fixed rates of pay and the other conditions of employment which have given them a favourable position in comparison with the workers in other industries, and which have their financial as well as social advantages. First there are the reductions in the rates of pay. The companies are claiming a reduction of six shillings a week in the pay of the adult male staff, and that the minimum shall be 38s. instead of 40s.; that the junior and the female wages staff shall be paid 3s. a week less; that the adult male salaried staff shall receive from £10 to £15 a year less, and women clerks from 3s. to 4s. 6d. a week less. Most of the financial savings at which the companies are aiming will come from these deductions; but in addition the proposals covering the other conditions of service—the calculation of overtime by the week instead of by the day; the abolition of the time-and-a-half rate of pay for Sunday duty and the time-and-a-quarter rate of pay for duty in the middle of the night—will deprive the men of important additions to their standard rates of wages. These proposals, along with others that vary the method of rostering and permit of the week's work being done in unequal spells, will not entirely abolish overtime, but they will greatly reduce its amount. It is clear therefore that earnings are to be affected to a greater extent than the figures of 6s. for adults and 3s. for juniors alone represent. Moreover the conditions of service will be made rather more effective and rather less comfortable.

All this must be recognized fairly and frankly. To withhold that recognition would show either ignorance or deficient appreciation of the part the men are asked to take in restoring the financial position of the companies. The companies' proposals are weighted with responsibility and in due time must be justified in sum and in detail. In view of the importance of a well-instructed public opinion it is desirable that the managers should make generally accessible as soon as possible the facts and the arguments which they have already addressed to the executive committees of the unions. The executive committees do not possess the means of conveying even to the 500,000 members of the unions the full effect and force of a carefully reasoned statement which occupied well over an hour in delivery. In the same way, and at the appropriate time, the unions should make known their rejoinder to the companies' case. Some facts are patent, but their bearing on the resources and the efficiency of the railways may easily escape full appreciation. The difficulties of the railways are not temporary, although they have become more acute in this year of terrible industrial depression and unemployment. On the contrary, the difficulties have been accumulating for years past, and steadily and persistently revenue has declined. A little more than two years ago the unions recognized the need for reducing working costs and agreed to contribute 2½ per cent. of wages and salaries to that end. The arrangement had a short time limit, and, though it was prolonged a little, it came to an end in a most inopportune period. An addition to labour costs amounting to nearly £3,000,000 a year at a time when revenue was falling at the rate of about £10,000,000 a year was an egregious inconsistency, unforeseen when the arrangement was made six months before. No blame can be attributed to the unions for taking what the arrangement gave them, but nevertheless it added to the companies' difficulties. Relatively the position of the men is good. Wage rates over the whole of the operating grades are 120 per cent. higher than they were in 1913, and in the clerical and supervisory grades they are 100 per cent. higher. The increase in the cost of living has been less than 60 per cent. above the 1913 level ever since last March, and at the end of last month it was 56 per cent. above. That fact by itself does not contain a reason for reducing railwaymen's earnings, but when it is set in relation with other facts it signifies that the standard of living has advanced to a greater extent in the railway service than elsewhere. The average increase of the wage level of all industries is between 70 and 75 per cent.

No apology is needed, of course, for studying, side by side with the wages of the railwaymen, the claims of the shareholders. Shareholders, whose investments make industrial employment possible, are entitled to expect and to receive a return upon their capital. The suggestion that wages are being depressed in order that the "tribute" to the *rentier* may be increased is a gross distortion of the true position, and an injustice to the great body of railway shareholders—nearly as numerous as the railwaymen themselves—whose individual savings represent comparatively small holdings and for whom a return upon the money they have saved is a matter of a living income also. The managements must safeguard the interests of the shareholders if the railways are to continue to hold their proper place in the economy of the country and to be a desirable field of employment. It must not be forgotten that the railways are no longer monopolists. Their competitors are vigorous and enterprising, and have started with initial advantages, to counter which the railway companies must obtain some financial elbow-room and more freedom from restrictions in the handling and direction of traffic. In the long view, therefore, the wage reductions for which the companies are now asking may prove to be a more temporary necessity than the freedom of control which is the second necessity for meeting the requirements of a highly competitive age. The railwaymen naturally set great store by many of the conditions of service which the companies desire to change. If, nevertheless, those conditions are demonstrably injurious to the railway service and handicap its working so that (as the railwaymen are now painfully aware) it cannot offer them so good a living as formerly, while for many who have lately been discharged there is no living at all, then the interests of the railwaymen themselves will be served by measures which they will at first count as loss and not gain. There are certain obvious points on which opinion may well be divided. One of the most esteemed provisions in the existing agreement is the guaranteed week's work; and so manifest are the advantages of regular employment that, if at all possible, the principle of the guaranteed week should be retained. The unions can help to make that possible. But the overriding consideration must be the duty, which the railways owe to the rest of industry, to promote the recovery without which the railways themselves cannot prosper.

Demoralization and the Dole

A supplementary estimate, published on Saturday, shows that the contribution of the taxpayer to the Unemployment Insurance Fund during the current year will be £36,970,000—an increase of £10,500,000 on the original estimate. The increase and the total would be £1,750,000 more but for a melancholy economy of £1,000,000 in the contributions payable in respect of persons in work, and the transference of a charge of £750,000 to the Unemployment Insurance Fund in respect of the extra cost of administration caused by the increase in unemployment. These figures reflect the facts that the number of the unemployed has increased by 1,011,000 since this time last year; that the number of persons employed has decreased by 732,800 during the same period; and that the Government has appointed 5,000 more officials to administer relief to the "human misery, "almost impossible to contemplate," which MISS LAWRENCE (before taking office) asserted that a Labour Government could "cure "within three weeks." Nor should the taxpayer imagine that if he finds an extra £10,500,000 he will have discharged his total or his final liability towards the maintenance of the unemployed. This extra demand is caused only by the increase in the number of persons who have not paid enough contributions to draw benefit from the Insurance Fund itself, and who draw relief at benefit rates from the Exchequer *via* the Fund. The taxpayer is therefore properly warned that expenditure upon these persons "cannot be forecast with any certainty," and that "it is still increasing." He may also be reminded at the same time that he has already been required to lend another £20,000,000 to the Fund, and that the Government has promised to ask him to lend £10,000,000 more before the end of the financial year. None of these loans can begin to be repaid until the unemployed number fewer than 1,240,000, and they are therefore practically irrecoverable. The total expenditure on the unemployed this year will amount to about £97,000,000, of which £67,000,000 will come from the taxpayer and £30,000,000 from employers and employed. Next year the charge will be very much higher, unless there is some totally unexpected decline in the volume of unemployment, or some change in the present so-called unemployment insurance system.

The publication of an estimate making provision up to the end of the financial year is itself a proof that the Government intend to make no change before next April. It is a proof, if further proof were needed, that in deciding to appoint a Royal Commission to examine the system the Government were concerned mainly to shirk an urgent problem. There is no secret about the fact that, if they had been capable of showing courage, the reports of the party delegations to the three-party Committee and the inquiries of a sub-committee of the Economic Advisory Council would have provided them with ample material to justify immediate action. There is also no doubt whatever that a growing body of opinion in all parties is ready to applaud a resolute attempt to end a national scandal, and regards such an attempt as one of the pillars of a national policy capable of changing Parliament from the theatre of party bickerings to the workshop of a really national council. SIR JOHN SIMON in his speech on Saturday, in his description of how a system designed to stimulate the self-respect of the nation had degenerated into the veriest agency of demoralization, showed himself the latest convert from the rigid party view. It is therefore particularly deplorable that the very administration which began its career with aspirations to form a Council of State should alone show itself incapable of joining such a national symposium. The decision of the Government to ignore the only Committee which has so far embodied the principle of voluntary cooperation has directly encouraged a throw-back to archaic party tactics, and the reason given by the PRIME MINISTER for their action in this matter of unemployment insurance must have caused those who hoped for better things to despair. "Taken as a whole," he said during the debate on the Address, "the country has "had full value for every sixpence spent." The supplementary estimate gives him the answer to that astonishing statement. Four million pounds is to be spent on paying benefit to "married women, seasonal workers" during the off season, and other claimants who, in the words of the Ministry of Labour itself a year ago, "are not really in the market as com-"petitors for employment." One hundred and sixty million sixpences are being spent to provide dowries for waitresses, pocket-money for charabanc drivers during the winter, and similar amenities to similar classes of claimants, the value of which, save to the recipients, is not very evident. The Clerk to the Newcastle-on-Tyne Justices told the Licensing Commission last week, on the authority of the police and the investigating officer of labour exchanges in Newcastle, that the increase in drunkenness in the city was due "to the large number of "persons now on the dole." He reported the case of a barman too busy to take his holiday on the day that the "dole" was paid. This seems poor value for the taxpayers' sixpences spent in Newcastle. Such instances as these show that the cost of the Government's cowardice in shirking the problem of unemployment insurance is far higher than the extra millions of pounds which it will cost the taxpayer. It is one thing to save the people from destitution. It is quite another thing to tempt them into demoralization.

Reputations of the Conference

Now that the Imperial Conference is over it is possible to assess to some extent the impression which the leading delegates have left on one another. Since most of the proceedings were wisely conducted in the private meetings of committees and heads of delegations any such estimate must necessarily be founded on general conversation; but there seems to be no material divergence of view. Of the proceedings at large it is fair to say at once that, while there were many sharp and even acrimonious divisions of opinion, the delegates did fully recognize one another's difficulties. The visitors have gone away disappointed, no doubt, but neither sore nor without hope. To outsiders it may seem an incredible waste of time and effort to have brought so many busy men from the ends of the earth in order to leave the existing Imperial preferences *in statu quo*, to adjourn any further progress in economic cooperation to yet another Conference, and to tie up a few loose ends of constitutional practice which hardly required so portentous a meeting even to discuss them. Yet the fact remains that something has been gained by the Conference, and that the visiting Prime Ministers are conscious of it. They have been enabled to make a public offer, which may or may not be perfect, but which at any rate is on the right road to closer Imperial unity. They have convinced a Labour Government in this country that there can be no going back on such steps as have been taken in this direction before. They have kept open the door for a further advance.

Among the delegates from the Dominions the PRIME MINISTERS of CANADA and AUSTRALIA naturally took the lead both for the importance of the interests which they represented and for their own personalities and preparations for the Conference. MR. BENNETT, by common consent, grew steadily in stature as the weeks went by. He set the ball rolling at the outset, even if his *début* was thought at the time to be a trifle too dramatic, and perhaps also a trifle immature; and by the end of the Conference he had established a great reputation as a statesman of real power, of practical business experience, and of capacity for expression. MR. SCULLIN also, though he was naturally hampered by the situation behind him in Australia, rendered notable service as a mediator, especially in the concluding stages of the work. MR. FORBES, of New Zealand, was universally popular. So, for different reasons, was GENERAL HERTZOG, who falsified every prediction that he had come to obstruct the Conference by raising difficulties. That role seems to have been left almost exclusively to the delegates from Southern Ireland; but their domestic embarrassments were well understood, and MR. MCGILLIGAN in particular was recognized as a man of marked ingenuity.

Not many reputations have been enhanced on the British side. The PRIME MINISTER has stood out from all his colleagues both for the manner in which he took the Conference in hand himself during its later stages and for his consistent friendliness and hospitality. In that regard he has maintained the best traditions of Downing-street. MR. SNOWDEN, in spite of his purely destructive attitude, has been generally respected and liked by the visitors. MR. THOMAS seems to have been rather less prominent than usual, though he was certainly active behind the scenes. He may fairly be given the chief credit for supporting MR. MACDONALD in the final struggle to save whatever could be saved from the wreck of so many hopes; and his cheerful badinage, to which we are well accustomed in this country, kept the Conference in good humour at moments of tension. Of MR. GRAHAM and LORD SANKEY, who presided over the two principal committees, it has always been said that the former was too rigid and the latter too loose. The PRESIDENT of the BOARD of TRADE is clearly more at his ease in dealing with Blue-books than in handling men. The LORD CHANCELLOR's manifest virtues are always disarming, but his conscientious uncertainty about the accuracy of his own views tends to handicap his work as a chairman. As a whole the Government has unquestionably emerged from the Conference with shaken credit; but it is not so much from any positive disagreement with their policy as from the deepening doubt whether they have a policy at all. That is a doubt which becomes a matter of urgent anxiety when it is transferred, as it must be transferred to-day, to the handling of the problem of India.

Tax-Inspectors and Friendships

Many tender-hearted people must have sighed with relief when they read the report of the evidence given last Thursday before the Royal Commission on the Civil Service. It is not true, they learned, that the Board of Inland Revenue disapproves of Inspectors of Taxes making "too "many friends." It is not even true that the poor fellows suffer from lack of friends. Their reputation "for fair dealing normally precludes "anything in the nature of unpopularity or "social ostracism." That is delightful news. It lifts a weight from the breast. On reading of ostracism there is no need to recall ARISTIDES. Tax-inspectors are immune where the proverbially just man was vulnerable. The level of morality has so risen that there is nothing which men so much love as the justice which they used to hate; they make their closest friendships with those whose justice is as likely as not to cause them a pretty bother. Every week-end golfer, it seems, has a passionate preference nowadays for an opponent whose quickness in detecting and justice in reckoning strokes have been trained to the finest point by his practice on other forms of estimate and addition. No one in generous mood at the cocktail bar feels uneasy under a cold, just eye, asking with gimlet penetration how, if the last return was full and true, the gay dog can afford all this. Human nature has become so just all through that the justest man is now the most popular. Indeed the vision of an almost ideal standard of friendship soars to its highest in the tax-inspector, when suddenly it is scattered by other words in the report of the evidence. Removals (of tax-inspectors from one place to another) "were a matter of necessity "rather than policy," and "the prospect of "frequent removals had deterred many "students from becoming candidates for the "inspectorate." What is this? Has a neighbourhood even been known to let its tax-inspector leave it? Is the popularity not so solid as it was thought? Does the "delicate "and occasionally embarrassing position" sometimes become untenable? Do tax-inspectors, after all, sometimes have to be hurriedly removed to some other sphere of popularity? And if so, why?

HERMITAGE PICTURES

RUMOURS OF SALE BY SOVIET

A DENIAL INVITED

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There have recently been persistent rumours that some of the most important pictures in the Gallery of the Hermitage in Leningrad have been sold. The prevalence of these reports invites an authoritative denial if they are unfounded; for the news of such a sale, if it is confirmed, would be received with consternation by art lovers all over the world.

Although the Hermitage collection, as a result of its comparative inaccessibility, has not been visited by a very large number of people, it yet has ranked in international consciousness for many generations as one of the great collections of the world; while those who have been fortunate enough to see it as existing, say, up to the World War, retain of it an impression of peculiar strength and quality. There is, obviously, no knowing when or where the process of disintegration, once commenced, may stop. The whole of history supplies scarcely any analogy to such an act of wilful dissipation of art treasures: one's thoughts go to the fate of Charles I.'s collection, and yet what the Commonwealth did was to disperse the result of one man's efforts. In this case we should be faced with the destruction of the work of generations, incomparably more important in its range and significance.

The pictures which according to insistent and circumstantial reports have been disposed of by the Soviet Government are Jan van Eyck's "Annunciation"; the portrait of Philip Lord Wharton by Van Dyck; and various paintings, somewhat less definitely identified, by Frans Hals, Rembrandt, Aelbert Cuyp, and Watteau.

The Hermitage was ever a collection of outstanding pictures, an accumulation of masterpieces rather than a series encyclopaedically conceived in order to set out the evolution of European painting; and, in selecting the examples which I have named, those responsible for the reported transaction would certainly have done their best to dim the lustre of the collection in the very direction in which it shone most brightly. Take the case of Van Dyck's "Philip Lord Wharton": it was easily the picture which attracted and held your eye as you entered the great Flemish Room of the Hermitage. Perhaps in no other work has Van Dyck captured the quintessence of the romantic spirit of the era of Charles I. as he has done it here. The Hermitage has many other Van Dycks; but this was the gem of the series. It is a picture, incidentally, which stresses the fact that England contributed in a notable degree to the formation of the Hermitage Gallery in the early stage of the building up of the collection: for the Wharton portrait was one of many which once graced the Walpole collection at Houghton Hall—Horace Walpole's "Aedes Walpolianae"; the whole collection of 198 pictures being in 1779 acquired by Catherine the Great (at the price of £36,000) for the new museum which she was then creating on the banks of the Neva.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

November 15. TANCRED BORENIUS.

WAR GRAVES IN SOUTH AFRICA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A report was recently sent to me, as President of the South African Veterans' Association, that the graves of those men who fell in the South African War are neglected.

As this association has branches in 10 large towns in England, also in Australia and in New Zealand, it will be satisfactory for my comrades, and the dependents of those who fell, to know that I have heard from the Earl of Athlone that the larger cemeteries are well cared for, and that the difficulty with regard to the scattered graves is being seen to.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

METHUEN.

Corsham Court, Wiltshire, Nov. 13.

"A THEORY KILLED BY A FACT"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—My father's saying about this species of tragedy is to be found in his presidential address to the British Association in 1870, "Biogenesis and Abiogenesis" (Collected Essays VIII., 244)—"the great tragedy of science—the slaying of a beautiful theory by an ugly fact."

It was a tragedy, I know, that he occasionally brought about in friendly discussions with Herbert Spencer from very early days, so that the situation was clear to his mind even if he had not already put it into words. Sir Henry Cunynghame's version of the phrase looks like the impromptu from which the fuller form was elaborated. The point would be settled if Sir Henry could recall whether the picnic near Maidenhead at which he heard the repartee took place before the British Association meeting of 1870.

It is possible that the picnic in question was one of the summer excursions of the famous X Club during its earlier years, attended not only by members and their wives, "x's+yv's" according to the correct formula, but by invited guests.

Faithfully yours,

LEONARD HUXLEY.

The Athenaeum, Nov. 14.

MARRIAGE OF MINORS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The Rev. Dr. E. O. James has called attention to a most important point. There is danger to society and a risk of untold grief to parents in the present ease with which minors may obtain marriage licences.

As a Surrogate in West Hartlepool all through the War I had many such experiences. But latterly the Chancellor of the Diocese of Durham issued a form requiring written consent of parent or guardian of all minor applicants. I soon learnt that it was best not to trust the young man or woman to obtain such consent, but to apply direct to the parent. One young gentleman came keen on secrecy. His father must not know on any account. As his father was on the telephone I rang him up at once. In a very few days his boy was on the Atlantic, and he wrote from Canada thankful that he had been saved from a most unsuitable marriage. I need not describe the father's gratitude.

Experience also showed that the business of a Surrogate may give opportunity for real pastoral work. A young officer came for a licence, in transparently wrong conditions. I pointed out that one chief part of my duty as Surrogate was to watch the case for his parents, whether he was of age or not; and in that light, it seemed that he was in need not so much of a marriage licence as of a sound thrashing. At last, after a long talk, he saw his folly, and promised to renounce the whole thing, if only I would not tell his father.

I am, Sir, &c.,

FREDERICK C. MACDONALD, Hon. Canon of Durham.

Purleigh Rectory, Chelmsford, Nov. 14.

THE INDIAN CONFERENCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Sir Philip Hartog's letter which was published in *The Times* of November 7 will, I think, have met with the approval of very many of its readers and also of the public generally who may have heard of it. His suggestion that during the sittings of the Indian Round-Table Conference political parties should postpone contentious matters must appeal to all those who realize the gravity of the situation in India. Surely there has never been a more momentous period in the history of this country than the present (excepting perhaps when we entered into the Great War). The carrying out of the recommendations of the Round-Table Conference will, or may, be the duty not only of the existing Government but of future Governments possibly holding different political opinions. In view of this it will be deplorable if the deliberations of the Conference are conducted in a party atmosphere. Surely if ever a party temporary truce was necessary it is at the present time.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

PERCIVAL WOLTON.

33, Walpole-street, S.W.3, Nov. 13.

BALTIC RIVALS

DANZIG THE FREE CITY

POLISH ENTERPRISE AT GDYNIA

(From Our Special Correspondent)

DANZIG

Danzig is celebrating the tenth anniversary of her formal proclamation as a Free City. The history of the ten years is almost confined to her relations with Poland, and if the occasion be used for retrospect it may well be held, considering the many possibilities of friction, that those relations have been far from bad. Neither side has been guiltless of pin-pricking, and there has been one open dispute which had finally to be settled at Geneva. But the arrangement on the whole has worked well, and negotiations have been, if not friendly, at least free from the dangerous element of trouble experienced on a neighbouring frontier. Although no serious disturbance is in sight, the ten years are closing with a controversy far more important than any that have gone before. While Danzig believes that her future as a seaport is at stake, Polish policy in the Corridor is also involved.

The controversy is over Gdynia, which in 1924 was a fishing village, lying midway along the short strip of coast that is the Polish outlet to the Baltic. It is now rapidly nearing completion as a modern seaport, a consummation for which the Polish Government has spared neither money nor energy. Danzig, at first suspicious, is now openly apprehensive. Poland, it is declared, has under the Treaty of Versailles a clear obligation to preserve Danzig as a port. She has now built Gdynia. What are her exact intentions?

TWO POINTS OF VIEW

A letter last May from the Senate of Danzig to the League High Commissioner in Danzig expressed the fears that are entertained. It asserted that Danzig had declined in prosperity and importance since coming within the Polish Customs boundary; that, while her trade had

undeniably increased in volume since 1921, it had been so altered in character that its value to the city was less than before the War; and that her commercial equilibrium had been upset. Then the letter complained, in particular, that Poland was seeking to strangle the growth of Danzig by neglect of the tributary railways and canals, by neglect also of the Danzig harbour equipment, and, especially by the construction of Gdynia.

From the tone of the letter and the time of its appearance this last complaint was clearly at the root of all the rest. It is stated that, whereas in 1924 of the total number of vessels that visited Danzig and Gdynia together 99·20 per cent. came to Danzig, in 1929 the proportion was only 77·79 per cent.; and that the corresponding proportions for the volume of trade in the two years were 99·59 and 75·20 per cent. Further, it is maintained that while the trade of Danzig is still increasing absolutely, if declining relatively, it cannot continue even to do that, for the capacity of Gdynia as planned is very little below that of Danzig; that there is no reason (except that assumed by Poland) to suppose that the total of Polish northward trade will grow enough to keep both ports busy; and, finally, that in the competition for trade which has already sprung up between the two ports Gdynia will have the support of the whole weight of Polish policy, while Danzig must depend on the enterprise of its own private merchants.

The Polish answer, which has now been made public, is a detailed denial of the Senate's charges. After replying to the other allegations, it comes to Gdynia. It repels as an attack on Polish sovereignty the suggestion that Poland has not the right to build a port of her own; reaffirms the Treaty undertaking to preserve the welfare of Danzig; claims that Gdynia was undertaken only after a "deep analysis of the economic needs of Poland," and that it will be supplementary to Danzig and not competitive; defends the preferential treatment of the Gdynia traders as essential "in the first phase of construction"; and accuses Danzig of founding her whole case on the hypothesis that she should have by right the monopoly of the Polish sea-borne trade which does not pass through German or other foreign ports.

The controversy is really a political one. For the Danziger, Gdynia is an attempt on the age-long eminence of his city, a design to reduce what had been not the least distinguished member of the Hanse League to the status of a mere Baltic port, a blow at Teutonic pride. For the Pole actually at work there it is before anything else the expression of an ardent nationalism, a justification of the Corridor, a first step towards the fulfilment of the ambition that sees his country a maritime Power.

THE GERMAN AIR

Danzig to-day has none of the air of decline. Her smoke is visible far out at sea. The harbour mouth is busy with tugs and vessels on their way in or out. The docks, if not filled to their capacity, seem nearly so. In the city itself, round the vast mass of the Mariakirche, along the canals, in squares where the same steep gables and painted façades have looked down for centuries, flows a life as active, as self-reliant, as that which flows in Nuremburg or Bremen. Streets are orderly and clean, the public services unexceptionable. All the amenities of the German town have been preserved, cultured connexions with Germany diligently encouraged. Cafés have the efficient comfort of the Stresemannstrasse; nine persons out of ten who read newspapers at all read the Berlin newspapers; and not far from the Polish Post Office, a rather grim-looking reminder of the new state of things, is a *Keller*, where one can hear Bavarian yodelling.

Similarly, after ten years there are still few obvious signs of the city's economic dependence on Poland. The Poles allege that the property laws of Danzig are discriminatory, so that it is extremely difficult for a Pole, if he so wishes, to establish himself in Danzig territory. Whatever is the truth of that, the number of Polish businesses to be seen, including even the humblest shop, is barely appreciable, and Polish is hardly to be heard in the streets. Of the entire population on Danzig territory, nearly 400,000, over 96 per cent., are given, in fact, as of German

nationality. Yet it is sometimes said by the Poles—though it seems inconsistent with their allegations of a discriminatory policy—that Polish infiltration is now going on fairly rapidly and that something like a fusion of interests, if not of nationalities, may well be regarded as in prospect. At so early a stage this must be a matter of opinion. One can only say that at present nothing seems either so far from the wishes of the Danzigers themselves or so little in accord with the history of a community that has been always secure in the traditions of a corporate existence. The main impression to be had from Danzig to-day is that, behind the evidence of the streets, the market-places, and the old, solid buildings is an essential soundness and well-being which may well be a sure guard of individuality. Danzig is more important in the Baltic now than she was before the War, and there is no indication of decline.

POLISH SPIRIT

Gdynia lies a few miles along the coast, beyond the villas and fertile gardens of Zoppot. Frequent trains and motor-coaches connect it with Danzig, and visitors are encouraged. Its interest lies not in the swiftness of its growth (it has now about 40,000 inhabitants, and is increasing rapidly) or in its glaring newness; not in its array of warehouses, refineries, cranes, its modern hotels, shops, and railway station, its breakwater and harbour; not even in the impressive statistics of what it is designed to do. This is all exactly as might be expected. Given the determination to build a port, cost what it might, where before was only a village surrounded by a marsh, there is nothing very remarkable in the building. What is significant is the fervour of those engaged on the task.

On a headland to the north of the harbour is an old cemetery, where the names on the stones are nearly all Polish, dating from the earlier time when this coast was Polish territory. It is pointed out, almost triumphantly, as a sign that Poland, in gaining the Corridor, has regained what was always hers. Inconveniently in the middle of the main street leading to the harbour stands an ancient oak tree. This is to be left standing, for it, too, was there before the Prussians. Thus is illustrated the spirit in which the Poles have set about building the port. Gdynia is looked on as a necessary part of their self-fulfilment as a nation, nothing being more striking than the general confident assumption that Poland has a future on the sea. Those in charge of the work at Gdynia all share this faith. They are keen, intense, ardently patriotic.

A POSSIBLE OUTCOME

The admirably conceived plan of the port, with its adjuncts of rice and sugar refineries, coal-handling plant, and school of navigation, is regarded less as a notable technical achievement than as a proof of Polish capacity. The whole emphasis, in fact, is on policy; not, perhaps, openly or even consciously, for there is the greatest readiness to show that Polish trade is expanding and may be expected to go on expanding, so that Gdynia is meeting an actual economic need; but it is none the less there.

And this suggests what may be the eventual settlement of the controversy. There is no reason to believe that either side has been dishonestly or altogether wrongly put. The truth would seem merely that both parties are at cross-purposes. Danzig fears a Polish design to reduce her to comparative insignificance. Gdynia has been built for a purpose no more economic than political. Some of the trade that passes through it would have been bound to go otherwise to Danzig, but this can hardly be regarded as a genuine injury, unless it is assumed that Danzig ought to have the monopoly indefinitely. For a little while, at least, Polish trade should grow enough to bring an increase to both ports. If it stops growing after a few years, as many observers believe, it is not inconceivable, Gdynia having been established and so the political end secured, that Poland would be content to leave undisturbed whatever balance of trade may have been by that time struck between the two ports.

THE BELGIAN CABINET CRISIS

KING ALBERT'S LETTER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, Nov. 15

The King of the Belgians has sent a letter to M. Jaspar, the Prime Minister, in which he sets forth the reasons why he refused to accept the collective resignation of the Cabinet. The King says:—

The question over which the crisis arose had not been the subject of any debate or vote in Parliament. By accepting unconditionally the resignation of the Ministry I should have established a most dangerous precedent in the normal working of political institutions which for more than a century have assured the country's existence. The incident that gave rise to the difficulties was not sufficiently important to bring the fate of the Government into question. Parliamentary government is a government of opinion, and Parliamentary life must be spent in the full light of publicity. Failing an unequivocal demonstration of a lack of confidence by the Chambers, which would have indicated clearly my constitutional duty, the acceptance of your resignation could not have had any other reason than a refusal of confidence on my part. I need not say that you have retained my full confidence, and that I have not forgotten the eminent services you have rendered to the country in full accord with your colleagues of the Government and with the Chambers in particularly difficult circumstances.

YOUTH SEIZED BY A CROCODILE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BULAWAYO, Nov. 15

At the Zambezi Boat Club bathing pool, three miles above the Victoria Falls, to-day, a young European named Van Staden was seized by a crocodile and dragged under the water. The body has not been recovered. A great effort to rescue the youth was made by Mr. Pemberton, who, seeing Van Staden seized, plunged into the pool fully dressed. Mr. Pemberton got hold of Van Staden and tried to pull him up, but was himself in grave danger of being dragged down. The pool is in daily use by hundreds of swimmers.

*** Crocodiles are numerous in the Zambezi. The pool is fenced off with strong wire netting.

THE LORD HORNE MEMORIAL

The marble pavement in St. George's Royal Garrison Church, Woolwich, placed in memory of Lord Horne, will be unveiled and dedicated on Friday, November 21, at 3.15 p.m. Field-Marshal Viscount Plumer will unveil the memorial, which will be dedicated by the Chaplain-General to the Forces. Seats will be reserved for subscribers to the Lord Horne Memorial who notify their intention of being present to the Garrison Adjutant, Royal Artillery Barracks, Woolwich, S.E.18. Dress for officers.—Plain clothes. On conclusion of the dedication service, and in the Royal Artillery Mess, the portrait of Lord Horne which has been painted by Mr. Oswald Birley will be presented by him as a gift to the regiment, and will be unveiled. Arrangements will be made for tea to be served in the West Ante-room, Royal Artillery Mess, for subscribers from a distance who notify their intention of attending to the Garrison Adjutant as above.

IRISH HOSPITALS SWEEPSTAKE

BIG SUBSCRIPTION

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE DRAW

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DUBLIN, Nov. 16

It was learned to-night that close upon £390,000 is available for distribution as prize-money in the Dublin hospitals sweepstake on the Manchester November Handicap. This will mean that the drawer of the winning horse in the race will get a prize approaching £185,000. The drawer of the horse which runs second will receive about £80,000, and the third prize winner will get £45,000 or more.

Nearly £50,000 will be distributed among those who draw starters, and drawers of non-starters will divide among them about £25,000. There are substantial prizes also for the sellers of the first, second, and third prize winners' tickets.

There was a rehearsal of the draw at the Mansion House, Dublin, to-day. General O'Duffy, Chief Commissioner of the Civic Guard, will supervise the draw to-morrow in the presence of a large number of British and Continental journalists. To-night the counterfoils, which number close upon 1,500,000, were mixed by some dozens of girl employees of the Hospitals Sweepstake Trust. There will be further mixing to-morrow morning before the draw begins. A few minutes before 11 o'clock Lord Powerscourt will announce the value of the various prizes. The counterfoils will then be packed into a great drum, and the names of all the horses entered for the race will be placed in a smaller drum. The drums will then be revolved by electric motors for several minutes. At a signal from General O'Duffy the drums will cease revolving, and a blind boy will draw a counterfoil from the large drum while another blind boy draws the name of a horse from the smaller drum. The name or pseudonym of the drawer and that of the horse will be announced and recorded. This process will be continued until all of the horses are drawn from the small drum. The drawers of horses will at once be notified by telegram. A sound film of the draw is to be made, and the public will be kept acquainted of the progress of the draw by means of loud-speakers and wireless. It is expected that the last result will be announced at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Several syndicates have been formed for the purchases of interests in winning tickets. The Minister for Justice, Mr. J. Fitzgerald Kenny, has sanctioned sweepstakes on the Grand National and the Derby. Twenty-three Free State hospitals benefit from these sweepstakes, and the number of prizes will be larger than in the present sweep.

A LEGALIZED SCHEME

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Those who are concerned for the welfare of British hospitals would do well to study and possibly profit by the example of the young and progressive Government of the Irish Free State. The idea of financing charity by this means is not new, and a private venture some few years ago in Dublin showed its great possibilities. Apart, however, from legal difficulties involved there were obvious objections to leaving such schemes to unregulated private enterprise, and when the position of hospital finance became acute steps were taken to regulate and make legal the whole procedure. The Government and the Oireachtas were sympathetic, and the Public Charitable Hospitals Act was passed. By this measure every scheme has to receive the sanction of the Minister of Justice, who must be satisfied that every participating hospital sets apart 25 per cent. of its accommodation either for free patients or for those paying not more than 10s. a week. The apportionment of the gross subscriptions is also set out in the Act on the following scale: Prize money, 50 per cent.; hospitals, 20 per cent.; expenses, 23 per cent.; and commission, 7 per cent.

This initial venture is confined to Dublin, but provincial hospitals in equal need are already asking for like benefits, and it is intended to include them in future schemes. It has also, and wisely so, been decided to work through one central institution. The present committee of management, known as Hospitals Trust, Limited, is composed of the nominees of various hospitals, and, apart from the continuous audit and close scrutiny imposed, their names and standing inspire public confidence in the integrity of the undertaking.

This first scheme, being somewhat experimental, was launched with modest expectations. A total of £100,000 was regarded as possible, and a deposit of £20,000 was actually made by the promoters which the hospitals were to receive whatever the result. By the date of the draw, and despite the recent action of the British Home Office, gross receipts will exceed £600,000. On this basis hospitals will receive £120,000, prize money will amount to £200,000 plus whatever sum actual expenses are less than 23 per cent. This ought to be considerable. The distribution of the commission expenses of 7 per cent., or £42,000, rests with the managing trust. No doubt a substantial portion must go to the promoting agent—a well-known bookmaker—to whose experience and world-wide organization the present remarkable success is due.

It is not unnatural that this practical exploitation of human frailty should arouse hostility in certain quarters. The Roman Catholic Church has been guarded in its references, and the chief opposition has come from leading members of the Protestant hierarchy. Following the lead and advice of the Archbishop of Dublin, the clergy have decided not to preach or allow collections in their churches in aid of any participating hospitals.

HOME SECRETARY'S EXPLANATION

In a letter to Mr. Hore-Belisha, M.P. for Devonport, Mr. Clynes, Home Secretary, says:—"I should like to say at the outset that there has been no new departure of policy in connexion with this sweepstake. . . . Briefly, the practice is that if the promoters or agents, or printers of the circulars or tickets are in this country, information is forwarded to the chief officer of police concerned for any action which he may consider necessary in the circumstances.

"You will appreciate that it would not be possible to take action against parties in England and yet do nothing if the parties promoting the sweepstake operate from outside this country. Prosecution of promoters who are not in this country is not in question, nor has it been customary to take any proceedings against persons in this country who merely purchase tickets, but for many years past it has been the practice when circulars in open letters are observed in the post to issue a warrant under the common law power, authorizing the Postmaster-General to open postal packets addressed to the promoters, and to direct the Postmaster-General, instead of simply retaining the packets, to return the remittances to the senders."

UNIVERSITY NEWS

GLASGOW, Nov. 16

It is announced that Dr. M. R. James, O.M., Litt.D., D.Litt., LL.D., F.B.A., F.S.A., Provost of Eton, has accepted the offer of appointment as the first holder of the David Murray Lectureship.

"REVIEW OF REVIEWS"

"In no single respect," declares the *Review of Reviews*, "does this Government now inspire confidence." It "muddled" the Naval Conference; has by its own fault swelled the total of the unemployed; increased taxation without giving anything tangible in return; failed to give a lead to the Imperial Conference; envenomed the problem of Palestine; and can "hardly be trusted not to make a mess of the Indian Conference." The country needs a "dynamic Government"; but the Conservatives are not united, and Mr. Lloyd George has forfeited confidence. Mr. Wickham Steed pursues these ideas, and others, further in "England at the Crossways." Unemployment is threatening our political, social, and economic edifice, and the British view of civilization itself is threatened by two forms of reaction towards barbarism—proletarian poverty for all on the Soviet model, and tribal militancy under a headman on the Fascist. There is room for doubt whether this dangerous state of affairs is truly understood by the "old gang" in any of the parties. The *Review of Reviews* for this month has a large number of concise articles on various topics of the day.

ELDON LAW SCHOLARSHIPS

Mr. Ivor Ian Bowen, of Christ Church, Oxford, and Fellow of All Souls College, Oxford, and Mr. Richard Orme Wilberforce, of New College, Oxford, have been elected Eldon Scholars.

THE SALE ROOM

EARLY ENGLISH PORTRAITS

Messrs. Christie began their sale season on Wednesday and Thursday, with a sale of fine wines and choice cigars, the property of various owners. Their art sales begin to-morrow with the late Mrs. M. A. Winans's porcelain and pottery. Their forthcoming sales include several of unusual interest. On December 5 the late Mr. C. P. Allen's collection of water-colour drawings (from Grosvenor-place and Sollhill, Harrietsham) will include some choice examples of J. M. W. Turner, nearly all from other famous collections and registered in Sir Walter Armstrong's big book on that artist.

The sale on the following Friday will consist largely of Old English portraits, for which there is such a keen demand, not only in this country, but in the United States. In this respect the most important single property to come under the hammer on December 12 is that of the Earl of Egmont, removed from Avon Castle, Hants, and consisting mostly of family portraits. There is a very good Hoppner portrait of Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Spencer Wilson and wife of Spencer Perceval, the politician who was shot in the House of Commons by Bellingham in 1812. Five are by Sir William Beechey, one being Margaret Baroness Arden. Earlier artists like Dahl, Hudson, Kneller, and Lely are also represented, but perhaps the most important of all is Sir Joshua Reynolds's group of John Earl of Egmont and Catherine, his wife, painted about 1763. There are other good pictures from various sources, and one of these is Zoffany's portrait of Baddeley as Moses in *The School for Scandal*, which was at one time in Drury Lane Theatre.

Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley are selling on November 27, at Brisley Rise, Willesborough, near Ashford, the late Lieutenant-Colonel S. M. Castle's collection of Old English furniture, old Brighton prints, about 40 Persian and other Oriental rugs, and Old English Delft.

SILVER AND FURNITURE

The chief lots in Hurcomb's sale of silver and jewels at Calder House, Piccadilly, on Friday, included a pair of William III., 1695, candlesticks, weighing 34oz., sold "all at," which made £180 (Schwerzee); a Queen Anne coffee-pot, 26oz.—£125 (Gilbert); and a George I. coffee-pot, 21½oz.—£100 (Smythe). Among the jewels, a diamond ring sold for £111 10s. (Tarling); and a single stone diamond ring £58 1/s. (Freedland).

Messrs. Constable and Maude (2, Mount-street, W.) held a five days' sale of the contents at Parnham, Breakminster, Dorset, the principal lots including:—A Queen Anne period walnut card-table—£125; a portrait of Lord Charles Hay attributed to Miereveldt—£100; a Queen Anne writing bureau—£66; a panel of Brussels tapestry—£210; and an antique oak refectory table—£50.

The late Mr. Ralph Nevill's collection of objects of art and virtu, with other properties, fetched £2,140, at Messrs. Puttick and Simpson's on Friday. A book of old Chinese drawings of the 18th century, formerly the property of Margaret Walpole, sold for 52 guineas (Lutch and Kersin); an early Amazon stone plaque, 2¼in. by 4¼in.—44 guineas (F. Webb); a Charles II. bracket clock by Daniel Quare, 14in. high—80 guineas (Irving); a Charles II. bracket clock by Henry Jones, 26in.—48 guineas (Webster); and "The Halsewell," an English bone model of the East India Company's frigate, built in 1778, and wrecked January 6, 1786, 62in. by 80in.—60 guineas (Irving).

At the sale of furniture and effects of the late Mrs. Bernard D'Oyly at Combe Hill, Honiton, conducted by Mr. C. G. A. Bartlett (Honiton) and Messrs. Whitton and Laing, an Oriental crested dinner service of about 156 pieces brought £600; a dessert service of the same, £200; and a portrait of Lord Clive, by Hickey, £60.

ANGLO-SAXON PENNIES

A penny of Edward the Elder (901-925 A.D.) sold for £42 (Baldwin), in Glendining's sale of Anglo-Saxon pennies last week. Another went to Messrs. Spink at £40, while another similar, but without bust, made £51. A London penny of Alfred the Great sold for four guineas (Daniels); and one of Aethelstan for five guineas (Baldwin).

GRENADIER GUARDS

THE KING'S FAREWELL MESSAGE

The 1st Battalion Grenadier Guards sailed from Southampton on Saturday in the transport Somersetshire for Egypt. The King sent a farewell message by telegram to Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Hughes, Officer Commanding. The message read:—

"Please convey to all ranks of the 1st Battalion Grenadier Guards my sincere thanks for the loyal message addressed to me as Colonel-in-Chief, on their departure for foreign service, together with my best wishes for their future welfare. I know that the great reputation of the regiment and the Brigade of Guards is safe in their hands, and I wish them all God-speed.—GEORGE, R.I., Colonel-in-Chief."

The Duke of Connaught, who is Colonel of the Regiment, also sent a telegram.

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT CARDINGTON

R.A.O.B. TRIBUTE TO R 101 VICTIMS

A memorial service arranged by the Bedfordshire Province of the Royal Antediluvian Order of Buffaloes in honour of 28 members of their Order who died in the disaster to R 101 took place at the Royal Airship Works, Cardington, yesterday. Members of the Order from all parts of the country attended, including the Grand Primo of England, Brother A. E. Ingle, R.O.H., P.P.G.P., of Manchester, who read the Lesson. The service was attended by civic representatives and Mr. S. R. Wells, M.P. for the Bedford Division of Bedfordshire. There was a large attendance of the general public.

The main service was held in No. 2 Shed, in which R 101 lay for some time early this year. The hymns, the singing of which was led by bands, were "Through the night of doubt and sorrow," "Eternal Father, strong to save," and "Abide with me." The service was conducted by Brother the Rev. J. W. Bennitt, of Bletchley, who brought with him the choir of his parish church. In his address he paid a tribute to the dead who had honoured the Order.

A procession then took place to the grave at Cardington Cemetery, where the burial service of the Order was read. Many wreaths were laid on the grave, and upon it the chief officers of the Order dropped single ivy leaves for brotherhood and remembrance.

PRISONERS ON REMAND

MAGISTRATE ON "IRREGULAR PRACTICE"

Comment against the practice of detectives seeing prisoners on remand was made by Mr. Mead, the Marlborough-street Police Court Magistrate, on Saturday during the hearing of a charge against a man and a woman of being in possession of supposed stolen property.

When Detective-Sergeant Foley was giving evidence Mr. MEAD said:—It is very irregular to see prisoners on remand, and I disapprove of it. The effect of the conversation comes before the Court without being substantiated in any way, and it might have an effect upon some tribunals.

To the detective Mr. MEAD said:—Don't you know it is irregular to see prisoners on remand?

The detective.—When I saw them they were waiting to come into Court, Sir.

Mr. MEAD.—This case is all a very confusing story, and it is very difficult to follow these ramifications.

The prisoners were discharged.

CHARGE AGAINST FRENCHWOMAN DISMISSED

GEORGES PIERRE BERANGER, 26, a Frenchman, who, with his wife, was arrested on board the liner Duchess of Bedford just as she was about to leave Greenock for Canada, was again remanded at Bow-street Police Court on Friday on an extradition charge of embezzling 350,000f. (£3,000) from his employers at Lyons, France. His wife, Mrs. MARIE BERANGER, 24, was now ordered to be discharged, the MAGISTRATE remarking that the evidence on the depositions received from France was not sufficient to justify him in ordering her extradition. The case was put back for inquiries regarding the return of Mrs. Beranger to her home at Lyons, and later it was announced that satisfactory arrangements had been made.

The Minister of Health, Mr. Greenwood, has appointed Mr. W. H. Howes to be his assistant private secretary. The Secretary to the Ministry of Health, Sir Arthur Robinson, has appointed Miss E. M. R. Russell Smith to be his private secretary.

RAILWAY HOURS AND WAGES

MR. BROMLEY ON CASE FOR THE MEN

Mr. J. BROMLEY, M.P., general secretary of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, addressing meetings at Nuneaton and Rugby yesterday, said:—"We know clearly now what are the demands of the railway companies. I am satisfied that our members will give the railway companies an answer, in a voice which will be clearly heard and in tones which will not be misunderstood."

The terms demanded by the companies would mean to locomotivemen, first of all reductions in wages of from 15s. to 30s. a week, as near as he was able to estimate, and that was not counting the few long distance express trains where long mileage might cause the loss to be still more severe. Generally it would exceed a quarter of the present wage earnings of their members.

In addition, it meant that the cherished eight-hour day, although the National Wages Board had already broken that by giving the companies a nine-hours roster, would become a day of anything from eight hours or less to 15 hours, while the return of split duty turns might cause any number of turns of duty from six to 14 to be worked in a week of seven days for a bare week's wages. Under the terms suggested by the companies men might work for an hour one day and 15 hours the next, always being open to be rostered for 12 hours or sent home after 12 minutes from the time of booking on. Men would again be booking off duty away from home at all hours unexpectedly and sleeping where they could, so that to sum it all up their members were asked to return to the horrible conditions of 30 years ago and to give up half of their present earnings for the privilege of being allowed to do so.

The workers' wages had already come down. In three years the gross expenditure of railways had been reduced by £9,269,855 on an increased engine mileage. The railway workers had given in 21 months, roughly, £4,000,000 of their wages back to their employers. On the four great railways the profits had made available for dividends in the last three years no less a sum than £142,160,477. In 1929 capital took as its share from the industry equal to 42 per cent. of the whole wage bill of railways, and that in addition to placing to reserve or carry forward £1,388,079.

Speaking at Nuneaton, he said there was a long way to go before a strike—he would try to avoid it—and if the companies saw that the men were behind their leaders there would be no strike.

ADVICE OF INDUSTRY DISREGARDED

F.B.I. PRESIDENT ON IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

Sir James Lithgow, president of the Federation of British Industries, in a letter to the Press writes:—

It was with high hopes that at a dark hour in the economic history of this country and the Empire industry welcomed the meeting of the Imperial Conference. We industrialists felt that an opportunity was offered which might not soon recur for a common cooperative effort to be made in the interests of all parts of his Majesty's Dominions. It is with feelings of regret, and indeed of dismay, that we realize that the present policy of this country has rendered any substantial improvement in the economic relations of the Empire impossible.

So far as the Federation of British Industries is concerned, I wish to place on record that, whatever Governments may do, industry in this country is wholehearted in its desire for the closest cooperation possible in economic matters. As a federation we have already offered the Dominion Prime Ministers our services if they can be in any way useful for the purposes of maintaining close touch between industrialists in Great Britain and those situated in the oversea parts of the Empire. That offer has already been accepted by one of the Dominion Premiers, and it is our intention, as business men who realize the gravity of the position, to explore the problems which face us in consultation with our fellow industrialists in the Dominions, in the belief that much can be done by such consultation pending the time when, perhaps at no far distant date, a reversal of the fiscal policy of this country will permit of more definite progress being made.

On the question of fiscal policy the Federation stands absolutely upon the recent vote of its Grand Council that in view of the overwhelming expression of opinion by its members the Federation of British Industries shall press by every means in its power for the establishment of a fiscal system which will combine the protection of our industrial interests at home with the widest possible extension of inter-Empire preference.

All who know the facts are aware that, ever since the post-War depression first fell upon us, the advice of organized industry has been consistently ignored by British political leaders. To-day our industrial plight is causing genuine alarm. Are we also to miss the opportunity of some recovery afforded by the Imperial Conference through the advice of industry being once more disregarded?

RENEWAL OF DYESTUFFS ACT

MANUFACTURERS' CRITICISM OF GOVERNMENT

At their meeting last week the Council of the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers passed the following resolution directing attention to the extraordinarily difficult situation in which the dyestuffs industry of this country is placed through the failure of the Government to make any pronouncement on their policy concerning the Dyestuffs (Import Regulation) Act, due to expire on January 15:—

"That the Council of the A.B.C.M. views with regret the delay on the part of his Majesty's Government in announcing their policy with reference to the continuance or otherwise of the Dyestuffs Act. The Council desires to point out that only eight weeks remain before the expiration of the Act, and if it be not renewed this time is quite insufficient for British dyemakers to make arrangements to meet the adverse circumstances in which the industry will have to be conducted."

The dyemaking industry, born originally in this country, but allowed by apathetic British policy to become virtually a monopoly of Germany, has now been re-established to such an extent that no less than 93 per cent. of the British requirements of dyestuffs are being made here, as compared with less than 20 per cent. pre-War. This great progress, which has not only benefited the dyemakers and dye users, but which is a great national asset, has been rendered possible by the regulation of imports of foreign dyestuffs under the Dyestuffs Act.

MORE LOOMS TO A WEAVER

The new piece price list rates of wages for the introduction of the more-looms-per-weaver system were submitted to the General Council of the Weavers' Amalgamation at their monthly meeting in Manchester on Saturday, and it was decided to call a special General Council meeting soon to discuss the matter further.

When Mr. Clynes, Home Secretary, and Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, revisit Manchester on Thursday, it is understood that the working of more looms by a weaver will be one of the principal points that will be brought before their notice by the employers.

"BUCKETSHOP" FRAUDS RECALLED

The inquest on the body of WALTER MANDEVILLE, 56, a central figure in a case at the Central Criminal Court that attracted widespread attention four years ago, was held at Isleworth on Saturday. The body was recovered from the Thames on Thursday. Mandeville was sentenced to six years' penal servitude in January, 1926, for his association with "bucketshop" frauds. With others he was charged with conspiring by false pretences to acquire large sums from persons who should be induced to entrust money for investment. According to the Official Receiver, £500,000 was a modest estimate of the amount obtained from the public by means of companies in which the defendants were interested. Mandeville left Maidstone Prison on ticket-of-leave on July 7, and was stated since then to have been depressed. The DEPUTY CORONER (Dr. J. S. Crone) said that there was no evidence of a threat to commit suicide or of insanity in the family, and he would be obliged to return an open verdict of "Found Drowned."

CHESS

CAMBRIDGE DEFEATED IN LONDON

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

Cambridge University came to London on Saturday afternoon to play the Imperial Chess Club at the latter's club rooms in Brook-street, W., and had to admit defeat by a margin of two games. The following is the score, with the Imperial Club's names first:—

Sultan Khan 1, C. H. O'D. Alexander 0; R. Spitz 1, L. P. Scott 0; Lieutenant-Colonel E. Marinas ½, J. E. Hope ½; Professor E. Robinson 1, P. Reid 0; G. K. Nuttall ½, L. C. Young ½; Mrs. A. Stevenson ½, K. A. Matthews ½; Miss Finn 1, M. Benger 0; Mrs. Wheelwright 0, C. A. Coulson 1; Miss Hooke ½, R. F. Fairbairn ½; J. E. Traill ½, W. Brundrett ½; J. F. Chance 0, E. B. Scott 1. Total, Imperial 6½, Cambridge University 4½.

The unfinished games from the match between Cambridge University and the National Liberal Club have now been adjudicated, with the result that the National Liberal Club win, with the following score:—

Dr. J. Schumer ½, C. H. O'D. Alexander ½; R. G. Armstrong 1, W. E. Sandbach 0; F. Salmony ½, R. W. B. Clarke ½; S. P. J. Merlin 1, L. C. Young 0; M. Chester ½, L. P. Scott ½; J. H. Finn 1, P. Reid 0; Aylmer Maude ½, J. E. Hope ½; W. S. Anderson 1, M. Benger 0; V. Lewis ½, J. H. Moseley ½; E. Bentley 0, A. F. Devonshire 1. Total, National Liberal Club 6½, Cambridge University 5½.

OXFORDSHIRE'S WIN

Oxford University had no match of their own on Saturday afternoon, as six undergraduates were assisting the county in the match against Northamptonshire, which counts in the first round of the Midland Union Championship. The team also included Mr. T. H. Tylor (Balliol) and Mr. A. Hamilton-Crothers (Queen's), and the result was a most decisive win for Oxfordshire. The following is the full score:—

T. H. Tylor 1, F. W. Shaw 0; W. H. Pratten 1, J. S. Greeves 0; H. T. Reeve ½, F. E. Rice ½; A. Hamilton-Crothers 1, H. J. Wilson 0; W. P. Wallace 0, D. Morris 0; Dr. H. V. Dacombe 1, W. Church 0; G. E. Tiney 1; Rupert Cross 1, W. Page 1, S. Blackmore 0; J. C. Plaister 0, C. Peach 1; E. Wax 1, C. A. Binsley 0; C. Beach Thomas 1, Dr. F. F. Waddy 0; H. V. Dacombe 1, J. H. Andrews 0; A. H. Banbury 1, H. A. Mills 0; S. Date 1, D. Morris 0; Dr. H. V. Dacombe 1, C. Bilson 0; M. Jackson 1; M. Hurstwaite 0; L. K. Hunt 1, H. B. Glover 0. TOTAL.—Oxfordshire 13½, Northamptonshire 2½.

Another match in the first round of the same championship was played at Leicester on Saturday afternoon, with Leicestershire and Nottinghamshire as the contestants. Eighteen boards in all were played, but, by agreement, only the first 12 counted for the championship. Leicestershire won fairly easily with the following score, and go forward to the second round, as do Oxfordshire:—

V. H. Lovell 1, J. W. Broadbent 0; T. H. Bumpus 1, J. H. Dunford 0; A. C. Garrett 1, C. L. Haddon 0; F. H. Collier 0, F. J. Hingley 1; A. C. Headley 1, J. E. J. N. Derbyshire 0; H. Lea 0, A. F. Penrose 1; A. Lenton 1, C. N. Rushton 0; Dr. H. Mason ½, A. Green ½; D. Gould ½, G. E. Argyle ½; H. H. Wattle ½, J. Wright ½; C. A. Rowley ½, C. Collinge ½; A. W. Lawrence 1, H. Parkin 0. TOTAL, Leicestershire 7½, Nottinghamshire 4½.

On the other six boards played, each county scored three points.

Sir Umar Hayat Khan took a team to the Empire Social Chess Club on Friday afternoon, and the result of the match was a win for the home team by the odd game. The following is the score, with the Empire Social names first:—

R. C. Griffith 1, Sultan Khan 0; F. W. Chambers 0, F. D. Yates 1; H. Brown ½, Dr. F. S. Bassevi ½; W. E. Bonwick 1, Gulam Mohammed Khan ½; Dr. F. S. Duncan 1, Sahib Abdul Aziz 0; D. H. Napper 1, Sir Umar Hayat Khan 0; Dr. Frazer 0, E. H. N. Cameron 1. TOTAL.—Empire Social Club, 4; Sir Umar Hayat Khan's team, 3.

TITANIA'S PALACE

A VISIT AND GIFTS FROM THE QUEEN

The Queen, attended by Lady Cynthia Colville, paid a farewell visit to Titania's Palace at 6, Duchess-street, Portland-place, before it leaves for the British Empire Exhibition at Buenos Aires.

Her Majesty was received by Sir Nevile and Lady Beatrix Wilkinson, and spent an hour examining the contents of the 16 rooms. She recalled the fact that she had not paid Queen Titania a visit since 1923, when the Palace was on view in Bond-street; and was interested to see that her own Royal Standard, which was first hoisted at the opening of the building on July 6, 1922, the anniversary of her wedding-day, had flown over the Palace from London to San Francisco and had survived 40,000 miles of travel in all climates. The Queen expressed her admiration of the new mosaic pavement in the throne room and the mosaics in the chapel; and was amused to see a tiny piece of Princess Mary's wedding-cake carefully preserved in an ivory casket. Before leaving the Queen presented her Iridescence with a miniature copy of the *Tatler*, and Prince Oberon with a tiny box of cigarettes.

The Palace will remain on view at 6, Duchess-street in aid of the Crippled Children's Hospitals (Waifs and Strays) until December 4, from 11 to 7 daily.

WOMEN ON GRAND JURIES

SEQUEL TO "NO TRUE BILL" FINDING

A woman made a vehement protest at Bow-street Police Court on Saturday against women serving on Grand Juries. She applied to Mr. Fry, the Magistrate, for further process against a man who, she said, had been acquitted by a Grand Jury at the Central Criminal Court. The man was accused of robbing her with violence in Whitehall, and she alleged that as a result of his conduct she was still attending hospital.

"I do not consider," she went on, "that women should be allowed to sit on Grand Juries. What do they know about the law? They asked me the most ridiculous questions which had nothing to do with the case."

Mr. FRY.—Nobody is always right. It may be that the Grand Jury made a mistake in not returning a True Bill in your case, but I cannot interfere with their decision.

WHEAT RUMOURS

U.S. FARM BOARD'S POLICY

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Reports received in the Chicago wheat market yesterday were that the Stabilization Corporation, which was created by the Federal Farm Board, had purchased 10,000,000 bushels of wheat in the last three days.

The reports, however, were denied in Washington by Mr. Alexander Legge, chairman of the Farm Board, who said the Corporation had called for delivery during December of approximately 10,000,000 bushels.

Telegrams from Winnipeg indicated that the cause of the drop in December wheat prices there to 58 cents, the lowest wheat has ever sold at in Canada, was the launching of a price-cutting sales policy on the part of the United States Farm Board's grain organization.

Mr. G. S. Milnor, president of the Grain Stabilization Corporation, denies at the same time that the Farmers' National Grain Corporation had made large sales to Italy, declaring it a malicious rumour to upset the Canadian and Argentine markets.

Although as much as 1,000,000 bushels at once were bought and sold in the Chicago market yesterday, the price held close to the 73c. figure.—*Reuter.*

EARTHQUAKE IN JERSEY

An earthquake shock, the second within a week, was felt at Jersey yesterday, and in spite of heavy rain people flocked into the streets. Up to last night, however, no damage had been reported. Yesterday's shock, which occurred at 3.45 p.m., was preceded and followed by loud rumblings. It was more pronounced than either of the two shocks felt last Tuesday.

LORD KITCHENER'S MEMORY

The Royal Engineers Old Comrades' Association took part yesterday in a ceremony in honour of Lord Kitchener. After a service in the Guards' Chapel they marched, headed by the band of the Royal Engineers, to the Kitchener statue on the Horse Guards Parade. There were present over 400 present and past Royal Engineers of the Regular and Territorial Army, including general officers and pensioners from Chelsea Hospital. In depositing a wreath at the foot of the statue Lieutenant-General Sir Aylmer Hunter-Weston, President of the Association, said: "In memory of a great sapper and great soldier I deposit this wreath at the foot of his statue on behalf of our Royal Engineers Old Comrades throughout the British realm. To Lord Kitchener the British realm owes a never-to-be-forgotten debt of gratitude, for it was due to the prevision and strength of character of him whom a Prime Minister of Great Britain designated as 'our greatest military asset' that the nation prepared early for a long-drawn-out war of exhaustion. To his memory, honour."

The Dean of Canterbury was to have broadcast last night an appeal for funds in aid of the Asthma Research Council, but was prevented at the last minute by an attack of asthma. His place was taken by Mr. Maxwell-Lyte, a member of the council.

THE WEATHER

MAINLY FAIR: COLD

Meteorological Office, Nov. 16

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 6 P.M.—An anticyclone off our north-west coasts is spreading slowly over the country. There is a depression west-south-west of the British Isles. Cold northerly or north-easterly winds will occur generally. Weather will be mainly fair except for snow or sleet showers in north-eastern districts.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., MIDLANDS, E.—Wind northerly, moderate; mainly fair, except for showers near East Coast; cold; sharp frost early and late.

ENGLAND, N.W., MIDLANDS, W., WALES, N.—Wind northerly or north-easterly, light or moderate; mainly fair; cold; sharp frost inland early and late; local mist.

ENGLAND, S.W., WALES, S.—Wind north-east or east, moderate, fresh locally; mainly fair; cold; sharp frost inland early and late; local mist.

ENGLAND, N.E., MIDLANDS, N., SCOTLAND, S.E., MID., N.E., ORKNEYS AND SHETLANDS.—Wind northerly, light or moderate, fresh at times on coast; variable cloud amount; local showers of sleet or snow; very cold; sharp or severe frost early and late.

IRELAND.—Wind north-east, moderate, veering towards south-east and freshening; mainly fair; cold; sharp frost early and probably at night; local mist early and late.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Cold generally and mainly fair in most districts, except for wintry showers in the North; less settled in the West and South-west.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL.—Wind north or north-east, moderate; mainly fair; local mist or fog early and late; sea moderate.

SOUTHERN NORTH SEA (crossings from Harwich and Thames Estuary).—Wind north-west or north, moderate; fair, apart from local showers; sea moderate.

IRISH SEA (crossings from Holyhead, Liverpool, Heysham, and Stranraer).—Wind north-east, light or moderate; mainly fair; perhaps local mist early and late; sea slight.

ST. GEORGE'S CHANNEL (crossings from Fishguard).—Wind north-east or east, moderate, perhaps south-easterly later; mainly fair; sea moderate.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London-Paris-Brussels-Cologne-Amsterdam).—Wind north-west to north, 10-15 m.p.h. at surface, 20-30 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Weather mainly fair, possibly sleet showers in Holland and Belgium. Visibility 3-6 miles after local morning fog.

Sun rises, 7.22 a.m.; sets, 4.7 p.m.
Moon rises, 3.24 a.m.; sets, 2.48 p.m. New Moon, Thursday.
Lighting-up time, 4.37 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 11.15 a.m. and 11.53 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

KENSINGTON PALACE, NOV. 15, 6 P.M.—Bar., 1,013.0mb. (29.92in.), rising slowly; temp., 50.0deg.; humidity, 100 per cent.; wind, N., moderate; weather, dull, rain.

Friday, 6 p.m., to Saturday

Fenwick
OF BOND STREET
(CORNER OF BROOK STREET)

YOUTHFUL
FLATTERING
LOVELY
LACE

6½ GNS.

A touch of genius placed little velvet bows at the back of the bolero-coatee of this Lace Ensemble. Fashioned from filmy lace edged with net it is mounted over Crepe de Chine. In Black, White, Olive, Bluebell, Shell and Nègre. Two graduated hip fittings. - - - 6½ Gns.

Fenwick, Ladies' Tailors, 63, New Bond St., W.1

ANTIQUE AND MODERN
HIGH CLASS SECONDHAND
FURNITURE
FOR IMMEDIATE DISPOSAL

THE ENTIRE VALUABLE CONTENTS OF SEVEN NOTABLE MANSIONS, Town and Country Residences, Flats, &c., removed for convenience of Sale, including many important items from the following collections:—

LANSDOWNE HOUSE.
THE PRINCESS PALEY (Paley Palace).
SIR FREDERICK CHARLES HOLIDAY (deed.).
MARY ANNA, DUCHESS of ABERCORN (deed.).
THE THIRD EARL of DURHAM (deed.).

THE MAGNIFICENT BED-ROOM APPOINTMENTS comprise:—500 Complete Suites in English Walnut, Finely Figured Mahogany, Green, Grass and Black Lacquer, Painted and Figured Sattinwood, Fine Inlaid Satinwood, &c., from £4 7m. 4d. 10s. to 250 Guineas per suite, many of which originally cost over double, including a special offer of 70 only Club Bed-room Suites in solid Oak with Bedsteads complete, £4 10s. ea.

GENUINE ANTIQUE FOUR-POST BEDSTEADS, Tallboy and Wheel-front chests, Sofas, Tables, Commodes (other Washstands, Toilet Mirrors, and numerous Dressing Tables, Bow-front Wardrobes, &c. Several fitted Gent.'s Wardrobes offered at £4 each.

5,000 CARPETS AND RUGS, including Fine Persian, Turkish, Wilton, Axminster, Chinese and Aubusson, including a large salvage stock now being offered at unprecedented prices. A quantity of Fine Pile Carpet at 2s. 9d. per yard, together with a large number of seamless Squares in various designs and colourings from 21s. each.

750 SETTEES AND LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS, some covered Morocco Leather, Tapestry, Rich Silk, Hide, &c., removed from a large West End Club and Hotel, a large quantity surveyed Plain Art Repp, all being of excellent quality and in all cases equal to new. Small Lounge Easy Chairs offered at 21s. each, several in Real Hide, £3 3s. each. Large Club Lounge Chairs, £4 17s. 6d. to 12 Gns. Well-made softly sprung Chesterfield Settees 3 Gns., and a large quantity of Chesterfield Settees with Loose Pillow Backs and Seats, ranging from £7 15s. to 25 Gns.

THE MAGNIFICENT DINING ROOMS, LOUNGES, LIBRARIES AND HALLS comprise a wonderful assortment of all periods, Early Tudor, Queen Anne, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, Adams, and Sheraton in Oak, Mahogany, and Walnut. Complete Suites, Sideboards, Serving Sideboard, Set of Chairs, Dining Table, being offered at 10 Guineas set; whilst the more elaborate suites range from 25 Guineas to 300 Guineas, many of these exquisite sets having cost over treble the price now asked to clear. Special attention is called to a quantity of Cottage Wheelback Chairs offered at 6s. 9d. each.

A LARGE NUMBER OF PIANOFORTES by eminent makers, ranging from 10 Gns. to 150 Gns.

Old English Chiming Grandfather and Bracket Clocks, important collection of Statuary, Pictures, Silver and Sheffield Plate, quantity of fine old Cut Glass, Bed and Table Linen, large quantity of Office Furniture, including Iron Safes, Roll-top Desks, Pedestal Desks, Bookcases, &c., &c.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE (1/- POST FREE).

ON SALE DAILY, 9 till 7. Any item may be purchased separately, can remain warehoused free for 12 months, or delivered to any part. Settlement of accounts can be arranged to suit customers' convenience.

FURNITURE & FINE ART DEPOSITORIES, LTD.
(By Royal Appointment to H.M. the King of Spain).
PARK-STREET, UPPER-STREET, ISLINGTON, LONDON, N.1. Within 10 minutes of West End. 'Phone: North 8280. 1.dst.

RNLI

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S APPEAL

"I Appeal

to the men and women of our Empire to give generously in support of this great service—the Life-boats. I appeal not only as President of the Institution, but as Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets."

Edward P

EACH YEAR WE NEED
1,000,000
FIVE SHILLINGS
to maintain the Service.

Please send your 5/- to-day, and be "ONE IN A MILLION."

Will you also remember the Life-boats in your Will?

THE EARL OF HARROWBY, GEORGE F. SHEE, M.A.,
Honorary Treasurer. Secretary.

Royal National Life-Boat Institution,
Life-Boat House,
22, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2.

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, Nov. 15

The Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P. (Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs), had an audience of The King this morning.

The King and Queen, attended by the Lady Ampthill, the Lady Victoria Forester, the Hon. Sir Derek Keppel, Lieut.-Colonel Reginald Seymour and Major the Hon. Alexander Hardinge, left the Palace for Sandringham.

The Lady Ampthill and the Lady Victoria Forester have succeeded the Dowager Countess of Minto and the Lady Cynthia Colville as Ladies in Waiting to The Queen.

SANDRINGHAM, Nov. 16

The King and Queen, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in Sandringham Church this morning.

The Revd. Arthur Fuller (Domestic Chaplain to the King) officiated and the Revd. M. H. Knowles (Vicar of St. Margaret's, King's Lynn) preached the Sermon.

The Queen of Spain, accompanied by Princess Marie Louise, attended the performance of *Private Lives* at the Phoenix Theatre on Saturday afternoon.

The Marchioness of Headfort will leave London on Friday to entertain a shooting party at Headfort, Kells, County Meath.

The Earl of Lytton will arrive at Marseilles on Friday in the Naldera on his return from Jerusalem. He hopes to return to Knebworth on Saturday.

The Dowager Countess of Airlie has returned to 5, Stafford-mansions, Buckingham Gate, from Airlie Castle.

Lord and Lady Henry Cavendish-Bentinck will arrive at 16, Queen Anne's-gate on Wednesday from Underley Hall, Kirkby Lonsdale, Westmorland.

Lady Millicent Tiarks will return to England on Thursday from New York. She will leave again on Friday for Headfort, Kells, County Meath.

Viscount Lymington had a fall while hunting with the Bicester Hounds on Saturday and is suffering from concussion. He will be laid up for several days.

Viscount and Viscountess Esher have returned to 21, Hill-street, Mayfair, from New York.

Lady Bertha Egerton left 13, Portman-square on Friday for Ireland on a visit to Lord and Lady Oranmore and Browne at Castle Macgarrett, Claremorris, County Mayo. She will not return to London until the end of the month.

Lady Foley has left Claridge's for Eastbourne.

Sir Courtenay and Lady Leucha Warner will leave 34, Grosvenor-gardens on November 26 for Brettenham Park, Ipswich.

Sir John Noble left 43, Portland-place on Friday for Ardkinglas, Inveraray.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Elliott Alves return to Devonshire House to-day from Bryn Bras Castle and will be in London until Christmas.

Mrs. Charles Teacher and Mrs. H. Carmichael Irwin are leaving Southampton in the Windsor Castle on November 21 for South Africa and expect to be away about six months.

An exhibition and sale will be held at the Cheyne Hospital for Children on Wednesday, November 26. There will be an exhibition of the handicraft work by the children in the wards. The stallholders include:—Lady Frank, the Hon. Dorothy Pickford, Mrs. Jebb, Lady Pinhey, Mrs. Lionel Banon, and Lady Hutchison.

Owing to the great success of the Miniature Period Model Exhibition at Dudley House, the Hon. Lady Ward has consented to allow it to remain open until Wednesday evening.

A concert in aid of the National Children's Home and Orphanage will be given by the Civil Service Orchestra at the Queen's Hall on November 20. Miss Isolde Menges and Mr. Frederick Stephens will take part, and Mr. Charles Woodhouse will conduct.

SWEDISH SAILORS' CHURCH

The Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden were present at the dedication service of the Swedish Sailors' Church, 120A, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, which took place yesterday morning. Bishop Reuterskiöld, of Växiö, Sweden, officiated. After the service the Crown Prince of Sweden unveiled the bust of Agnes Welin, who devoted many years of her life to work among the Swedish sailors. Among those present were:—

The Swedish Minister, the Counsellor of the Swedish Legation, the Consul-General, Mr. Axel Welin (husband of Mrs. Agnes Welin), M. Thyberg (Secretary of the Swedish Legation), and the Military and Naval Attachés.

FUNERAL SERVICE

MRS. LE MESSURIER

A funeral service for Mrs. Le Messurier was held on Saturday morning at Chelsea Old Church. The Rev. Reginald Moseley and the Rev. A. R. L. Gardner officiated. The chief mourners were:—Mr. E. P. Henderson (brother), Mr. C. P. Henderson (brother), Captain C. R. P. Henderson, Admiral Cameron, Brigadier Orford Cameron, Mrs. Cameron, and Miss Drury. Others present included:—

Mrs. Edward Harvey, Miss Barry, Miss Broadhurst, Mrs. Reginald Moseley, Mrs. Gardner, Miss Jones, Mrs. Clark Hall, Major and Mrs. Fellowes, Miss Vans Agnew, Captain Curtis, Mr. Sumner Austin, Miss Nowell Salmon, Mrs. Webber, Miss Blanch, Mrs. Turner, and Miss Burney.

The interment took place at Paddington Cemetery.

PORTRAIT OF THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT

Sir Charles and Lady Owens and Mr. and Mrs. James Steel are holding a reception to-day at the Bible House, 146, Queen Victoria-street, to view the portrait of the Duke of Connaught, president of the society, which has been subscribed for by the committee. The portrait is by Mr. James Quinn, and is a copy of the portrait by Sargent. During a period of 126 years the society has had only six presidents—Lord Bexley, Lord Teignmouth, Lord Shaftesbury, Lord Harrowby, Lord Northampton, and the Duke of Connaught. The portraits of the first five presidents are now in the Committee Room. Mr. Edmund Lamplough has provided a new system of lighting for the pictures.

THE EARL OF HAREWOOD AND OLD FURNITURE

The Earl of Harewood, who was accompanied by Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, opened an exhibition of Old English furniture at Leeds on Saturday.

He said that town exhibitions were of value to three sections of the public—the lover of the beautiful, the collector, and the "copyist." Nothing new had ever lived long unless it had been modelled on the old. Chippendale was a Yorkshireman, and that was why the best of his work was to be found in Yorkshire. They had in Harewood House pieces of his work for which they had his receipted bills.

[The weekly list of forthcoming Hunt, County and Service Balls will be found on page 17.]

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. A. MCKECHNIE AND MISS M. CONNOLLY

The engagement is announced between Alexander, only son of Mr. and Mrs. George McKechnie, of 7, Beaufort-gardens, S.W.3, and Marjorie, third daughter of the Hon. Sir James and Lady Connolly, of 30, Cadogan-square, S.W.1.

SQUADRON-LEADER W. ELLIOT AND MISS CHANCELLOR

The engagement is announced between William, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Elliot, 10, Regent's Park-terrace, and Rosemary, only daughter of Sir John and Lady Chancellor, 31, Hyde Park-square, and Government House, Jerusalem.

MR. F. S. PORTAL AND MISS R. SELBY

The marriage between Mr. Francis Spencer Portal and Miss Rowena Selby will take place at All Hallows Church, Whitchurch, Hants, at 2.30 on Tuesday, December 9, instead of on December 6 as previously announced.

CAPTAIN L. H. G. ANDREWS AND MISS P. E. TUDOR

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Captain L. H. G. Andrews, The Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment, and Miss Phyllis E. Tudor, daughter of the late Admiral H. M. Tudor and Mrs. Tudor, of 56D, Nevern-square, S.W.5.

MR. R. R. N. PEDDER AND MISS CAMPBELL

The engagement is announced between Richard R. N. Pedder, The Highland Light Infantry, only son of Brigadier-General E. W. N. Pedder (late 13th Hussars) and Mrs. Pedder, and Isobel Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James C. Campbell, 13, Park Circus-place, Glasgow.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER R. C. WIELD, R.N., AND MISS M. MACDONALD

The engagement is announced between Ronald Cunningham, son of the late David Wield, M.D., and of Mrs. Wield, Southsea, and Mollie, youngest daughter of Captain W. B. Macdonald, R.N., and Mrs. Macdonald, Belvoir House, Fareham.

LIEUTENANT D. H. SECKER, R.N., AND MISS V. CHICHESTER

The engagement is announced between Lieutenant Derek Howard Secker, Royal Navy, younger son of Captain and Mrs. W. Onslow Secker, of Maldah, Marlow, Bucks, and Verena, younger daughter of Major and Mrs. Spencer Chichester, of Enton Hall, Witley, Surrey.

CAPTAIN J. FOX AND MISS MOLE

The engagement is announced between Captain John Fox, M.C., The King's Regiment, and Winsome Braithwaite, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert C. Mole, of Hinckley, Leicestershire.

THE REV. R. AYLWARD JONES AND MRS. M. WENTWORTH

The engagement is announced between the Rev. Robert Aylward Jones, vicar of Loddington, Leicestershire, and Marjorie Wentworth, widow of William Wentworth, of Harborne, and daughter of Mr. H. W. Statham and Mrs. Statham, of Great Easton, Leicestershire.

MR. O. MANNING AND MISS FIGGIS

The engagement is announced of Oswald Manning, of Langton, Tunbridge Wells, and Ruby Norah Patricia Figgis, M.B.E., daughter of the late Henry Wingfield Figgis, of Dublin.

MR. W. LONGMAN AND MISS K. E. STUART

The engagement is announced between William Longman, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Longman, of 27, Norfolk-square, and Katherine Elizabeth Stuart (of 204, King's-road, Chelsea), adopted daughter of Mrs. Beatrice Stuart, of Park House, Park-lane, Southwick, Sussex.

MR. D. W. LACKIE AND MISS M. D. NEILD

The engagement is announced of Donald W. Lackie, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Lackie, of Woodleigh, Weybridge, Surrey, and Muriel Deane Neild, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. B. Neild, of Flores, Buenos Aires.

MR. H. HEATH AND MISS D. MONK

The marriage arranged between Mr. Harold Heath, of Birmingham, and Miss Doris Monk will take place quietly at St. Mary Abbot's Church on Tuesday, December 2, at 2.15. No invitations will be sent but friends will be welcome at the church.

MARRIAGE

MR. G. E. PARKER AND MISS JOHNSON

The marriage took place at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, on Saturday, of Mr. Geoffrey Edward Parker, elder son of the late Mr. G. L. Parker and Mrs. Leslie Parker, of 45, Sloane-gardens, and Miss Kathleen Hewlett Johnson, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Johnson, of 4, Great Stanhope-street and Earlscliffe, Bowdon, Cheshire. The Rev. W. G. Pennyman officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of ivory satin. The train, which was carried by Miss Simonette Cooper Willis and Miss Priscilla Hammersley, was in two parts, and was joined to the lower part of the skirt. Her tulle veil was held in place by a rhinestone cap, and she carried a bouquet of red roses. The trainbearers wore rose velvet dresses, with lace collars and mittens, and velvet hats to match. Mrs. Cresop Sprigg was matron of honour, and the bridesmaids were Miss May Waley, Miss Barbara Haydon, Miss Marcelina de Kalan, Miss Audrey Johnson, Miss Vera Green, Miss Mary Smalley, and Miss Sheila Spiers Alexander. They wore dresses of red velvet, with lace collars and mittens. Each pair of bridesmaids wore a different shade of red velvet. They wore red velvet hats with feathers to tone, and carried Prayer-books bound in red velvet. Mr. J. Leslie Parker (brother of the bridegroom) was best man. A reception was held at Claridge's. Among those present at the church were:—

Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Leslie Parker, the Hon. Lady Henniker-Heaton, Miss Countess of Clancarty, the Hon. Brinsley Le-Poer-Trench, Prince and Princess Nicholas Galitzine, Lady (Walter) Harris, Sir Harold and Lady Elverston, Lady Macnaghten, Miss Macnaghten, Commander and Mrs. P. D. Dean, Miss Hardicker, Mrs. Stoker, Mrs. James Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Clay, Mr. Eric Clay, Miss Clay, Mrs. Shelly, Miss Shelly, Mr. C. A. Hodges, Mr. P. Concanon, Mrs. and Miss Marland, Mrs. H. C. Wills, Mrs. G. Joy, Mrs. Damant, Mr. Donald Armour, Mrs. Sidebotham, Mrs. Belhouse, Dr. and Mrs. Perkin, Miss Jalloch, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Clark, Mrs. Wilfred Ullathorne, Miss Ullathorne, Captain and Mrs. Morgan-Griffiths, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. and Miss Reading, Mr. C. McGuffie, Mrs. Wylie, Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. Gosling Plant, Mr. and Mrs. G. Thompson, Mrs. Cecil Rowntree, Major and Mrs. Alec Waley, Miss G. Seligman, Miss G. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Johnson, Dr. Wigg, Mr. and Mrs. Keville Davis, Dr. Stockton, Mrs. Peakes, Miss Leage, Mrs. Cooper Willis, Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Crossley, Mrs. Burgess, Mr. Thomas Burgess, Dr. Wood Walker, Dr. and Mrs. Edmund Boyle, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Young, Mr. F. M. B. Read, Miss Porritt, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ashman Reed, Dr. Alastair MacGregor, Dr. Ripley Oddie, Mrs. Lang, Mrs. Cook, the Misses Lattin, Miss Fraser, Colonel and Mrs. A. Lang, Mrs. Cyril Dodgson, Mr. and Mrs. Brown Grayson, Mrs. Smalley, Mrs. Millin, Mrs. de Figueiredo de Tinga, Mrs. Pigeon, Miss Roy, Miss de Costa, Mr. C. R. Harris, Dr. and Mrs. Chiesman, the Rev. W. F. Stead, Mr. and Mrs. Trebeara Thomas, Miss Banks, Mme. Olivier, Mr. G. Townsend, Mrs. Tooth, Miss Forrester, Mr. and Mrs. Gourley, Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Fry, Dr. and Mrs. McCormick, Mrs. Irons, Mr. and Mrs. Whitlock, Colonel and Mrs. Elliott, Mr. Donald Armour, Mrs. Thompson Hancock, Mr. and Mrs. Norris, Dr. Taylor Rea, Mrs. Hyde Johnson, Captain and Mrs. J. Bell White, Mrs. McGuffie, Mr. T. McGuffie, Dr. Rogers, Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. Jack Paterson, Mrs. Wynn, Mrs. Paul Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Marriner, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bryson, Mrs. C. H. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lloyd, Mrs. Duncan Paterson, Mrs. Lebans, Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Frgwick, Mrs. Priestman-Atkinson, Mrs. Herbert Clark, Mr. Kenneth Clark, Miss Kirkpatrick, Mrs. H. J. Wilson, Miss MacMillan, Mrs. Alan Dowe, Mrs. and Miss Perkin, Mrs. J. F. Leese, Dr. and Mrs. Windsor, Mrs. Higgins, Mr. R. E. S. Turner, Mr. Cecil Wyld, Miss Dubars, Mr. and Mrs. Osborne, Miss Nancy Osborne, Mrs. Frank, Miss Halifax, Dr. Albury, Mrs. Hammersley, Mrs. Rayner, Miss Peters, Mrs. George Cohen, Colonel and Mrs. Concanon, Dr. Behrman, Captain and Mrs. Raymond Hartman, Miss Dixon, Miss Gaskell, Miss Edwards, Dr. and Mrs. Tallerman, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Alston, Mr. and Mrs. William Turner, Dr. Howard Humphris, Mrs. Lockhart, Mrs. Palmer, Dr. and Mrs. Norwood, Mrs. Woolland, Dr. and Mrs. Lomax, Dr. and Mrs. Cambry, Mrs. Louis Drexell, Miss Angela Grayson, Miss Meriel Grayson, Mr. and Mrs. Abel, Major and Mrs. Davidson Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Vine, Mr. A. Marconi, and Mrs. Buckley.

The honeymoon is being spent abroad, and the bride travelled in a brown two-piece suit, trimmed with ermine, and a brown hat and shoes to match.

CHRISTENINGS

The christening took place on Saturday at St. Marylebone Church of the infant son of Captain Anthony Eden, M.P., and Mrs. Eden. The Rev. W. D. Morrison officiated, and the child was named Nicholas. The godparents were Sir William Jaffray, Mr. Roger Lumley, Lady Violet Astor, and Miss Isabel Wilford.

The christening of the infant son of Lieutenant M. J. R. de Courcy, R.N., of H.M. submarine Proteus, and Mrs. de Courcy, of Southsea, took place at St. John's Church, Southsea, on Saturday evening. The child was named Michael Charles Cameron Claremont Constantine.

RECEPTION

EAST INDIA ASSOCIATION

A reception given by the East India Association to meet the Indian States delegation to the Round-Table Conference was held at Grosvenor House, Park-lane, on Saturday afternoon. The guests, numbering 350, were received by Lord Lamington (the president) and Lady Lamington.

They included:—

The Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda, the Maharajah of Bikaner, the Maharajah of Jammu and Kashmir, the Maharajah of Bhavnagar, the Maharaj Rana of Dhalawar, the Yuvarajah of Mysore, the Chief of Sangli, Sir Ahmed and Lady Amin Jung, Sir Charles Armstrong, Dr. Shafaat Ahmad Khan, Kazi Ali Haidar Abbasi, Mrs. Ameer Ali, the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan and his younger daughter, General Sir George and Lady Barrow, Sir Hugh and Lady Barnes, Sir George and Lady Barnes, Sir Shah Nawaz Khan Bhutto, Sir Richard Burn, Sir Albion Banerji, Mr. Chandradhar Borooah, Mr. J. N. Basu, Mr. F. H. Brown (hon. secretary), Mr. Ba Pe, Captain Nawab Sir Muhammad Said Khan of Chhatari, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Richard and Lady Chemeyis-Trench, Sir John Cumming, Sir Alfred Chatterton, Sir Louis and Lady Dane, Sir Stephen Demetriadi, the Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga, Captain Raja Sher Mohamed Khan of Domeli, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Antoine and Lady Dew, Sir Robert and Lady Dunlop, Sirdar Jarmini Dass, Sir Patrick Fagan, Mr. A. K. Fazl-Huq, Sir Reginald and Lady Glancy, Sir Albert and Lady Gait, Colonel Gidney, Lord Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Henderson, Sir Akbar and Lady Hydari, Sir Robert and Lady Holland, Sir Philip and Lady Hartog, Sir Clement and Lady Hindley, Colonel K. N. Haksar, Khan Bahadur Hafiz Hidayet Khan, Sir Mirza M. Ismail, Sir Cowasjee and Lady Jehangir.

Field-Marshal Sir Claud and Lady Jacob, Sir Lionel and Lady Jacob, Captain Nawab Jamshed Ali Khan, Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Mr. Jayakar, Mr. S. M. Joshi, Major-General Sir Wyndham and Lady Knight, Sir Arthur and Lady Knapp, Rao Bahadur V. T. Krishnamachari, Mr. and Mrs. Keshalengar, the Hon. Gertrude Kinnaird, Lord Lytton, Sir Walter Lawrence, Sir Austin and Lady Low, Sir Henry Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Alma Latifi, Mr. and Mrs. John de La Valette, Lord and Lady Meston, Sir Arthur McWatters, Sir Basanta and Lady Mullick, Sir John and Lady Miller, Sir Duncan and Lady Macpherson, Lady Scott-Moncrieff, Sir Manubhai and Lady Mehta, Sir Provash Chandra Mitter, Sir John and Lady Maynard, Lady Osborne Mance, Sir Bhupendra Nath Mitter, Sir James and Lady MacKenna, the Sawbwa of Mongmit, Mr. H. P. Mody, Mr. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Sir Michael and Lady O'Dwyer, Mr. M. M. Ohn Ghine, the Raja of Parlakimedi, Sir Prabhashankar Pattani, Sir Edwin and Lady Pascoe, Major Graham Pole, M.P., Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, Mr. K. M. Panikkar, Mr. K. T. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. L. Polak, Colonel and Mrs. Stewart Patterson.

Mr. P. Pillai, Sir Sahibrada Abdul Qaiyum, Sir Stanley Reed, Sir Benjamin and Lady Robertson, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Professor Rushbrook Williams, Diwan Bahadur M. Ramachandra Rao, Sir Phiroze Sethna, Sir Malcolm and Lady Seton, Sir Thomas and Lady Strangman, Sir Saiyid Sultan Ahmed, Sirdar Sahibrada, Sultan Ahmed Khan, Mrs. Subbravam, Rao Bahadur R. Srinivasan, Sardar Samparan Singh, Dr. Thein Maung, Bishop and Mrs. Talbot, Sardar Ujtal Singh, Dewan Bahadur Sir T. Vijayaraghavachariya, Sir Guy Fleetwood-Wilson, Sir John Wallis, Sir Henry and Lady Wheeler, Sir Walter and Lady Willson, Sir James and Lady Walker, Mr. Alexander Hayman Wilson, Mr. P. R. Wattel, the Sawbwa of Yawnghwe, Mr. Zafrullah Khan.

DINNERS

THE CENTRAL FLYING SCHOOL

The Central Flying School reunion dinner was held on Friday night at Jules Hotel, Jermyn-street. Air-Commodore MacEwen presided, and Air Vice-Marshal Sir Godfrey Paine was the guest of the evening. Among others present were:—

Marshal of the Royal Air Force Lord Trenchard, Group Captain J. E. A. Baldwin, Air Vice-Marshal Longmore, Air Commodore Pitcher, Group Captain H. R. Nicholl, Wing Commanders J. Sowrey and G. Pretyman; Squadron Leaders J. Robb, R. Harrison, G. Martingell, A. Cunningham, F. E. Johnson, Briscoe, Whistler, Slessor, Noble, and Noakes; Mr. Charles Grey; Flight-Lieutenants the Earl of Bandon, E. Buscarlet, C. Clarkson, Hargroves, F. Lester, Kennedy, and J. Oliver; Major R. H. Mayo; Flight-Lieutenants R. Stocken, J. Chick, R. Fyne, D. Boyle, S. Embry, F. P. Pope, Barwell, H. Jenkins, F. Stacey, M. Wilkin, G. Stainforth, Silvester, J. Butler, Rapley, and A. V. Scrosby; Flying Officers Bartholomew, Jackson, Barling, Veal, Nash, Selby Lowndes, P. Johnson, W. Watt, Eals White, Finch, and Pike; Captain H. Balfour, M.P.

7TH MIDDLESEX OFFICERS (B.E.F.) CLUB

Colonel E. J. King presided at the eleventh annual dinner of the 7th Middlesex Officers (B.E.F.) Club held at the Trocadero Restaurant on Saturday. Among the guests were:—

Major-General Peck, Mr. C. F. de Salis, Colonel H. C. Wortham, Colonel G. Beach, Major L. Pargiter, Captains H. E. R. Ford, R. Levey, and V. H. Sykes.

Other officers present were:—

Colonel J. K. Maitland; Lieutenant-Colonels S. C. M. Smith, P. C. Kay, G. F. Collinson; Majors H. A. Murray, J. M. Cosar, H. L. Gregory, C. Ashby, G. A. H. Bower; Captains K. A. L. Bennett, A. E. Bowker, F. W. Bowie, S. A. W. Brown, F. Moxon, H. K. King, W. E. Pringle, L. A. White, F. S. Hodge, C. A. Evors, P. W. Limbrey, L. C. D. Doidge, S. C. Birkbeck, A. S. Lindsay, S. H. Gillett, A. T. Shipton, A. R. Williamson, S. M. Pratt, F. W. Mackenzie, H. G. Arnold, the Rev. F. Lockett, the Rev. C. M. Smith; Lieutenants G. C. Lowe, C. C. Sherlock, E. G. Kent, H. Webster, A. E. Johnson, W. G. Kay, A. F. Hendry, G. H. Brebner, G. P. Gilkisten, F. Hamp-Adams, J. B. Paul, L. J. Womersley, A. G. Womersley, E. J. W. Hay, A. Bartram, N. E. T. Christodonlo, R. M. Fry, and K. A. E. Moore.

3RD BATTALION, THE MONMOUTHSHIRE REGIMENT

Lieutenant-Colonel M. B. Pugh (commanding officer) presided at the reunion dinner of past and present officers of the 3rd (Brecknock and Mon.) Battalion, The Monmouthshire Regiment, held at the Westgate Hotel, Newport, on Saturday. The officers present included:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Cecil Romer; Major-General Lord Treowen (hon. colonel); Colonels the Hon. Algernon Stanley, R. N. Dick, C. S. Owen; Brevet-Colonel W. G. Lewis; Lieutenant-Colonels E. H. Fawckner, J. G. Bishop, H. C. R. Thompson; Majors D. Tovy-Evans, J. Trevelyan-Phillips, G. N. Chapman, W. P. Scott, D. L. Jones; Captains C. A. Baker, W. S. Treswana, L. D. Whitehead, C. M. Paton, Canon A. A. Matthews, R. Bassett-Spence, A. D. Davies, J. C. Gorman, A. L. Gough, A. N. Harrison, J. Merton-Jones, R. A. Lewis, F. A. Parker, J. K. Ruther; Lieutenants J. F. Smith, D. Bowen-Evans, A. G. Cattell, I. C. Edwards, E. Davies, S. L. Filer, G. H. Golding, T. M. Morgan, R. C. Bishop, J. M. Reynolds, and the Hon. Thomas Frankland; Second-Lieutenants J. G. Farr, H. L. D. Hamer, and E. J. Smith.

Colonel Lord Glanusk, the Bishop of Brecon and Swansea (chaplain), and Colonel W. Dyne-Steel were unable to be present.

THE OLD MERCERS' CLUB

The Old Mercers' Club dinner was held at the Trocadero Restaurant on Friday evening. Among those present were:—

Mr. W. B. Lane, Mr. G. Pearce, Dr. W. H. Hotson, Mr. G. Heath, Mr. D. H. Cox, Mr. R. Barlow Tyler, Mr. E. H. L. Sander, Mr. T. P. Watkins, Mr. G. E. Watson, Mr. D. E. Oliver, Mr. W. G. Bailey, Mr. C. H. Bicknell, Mr. W. Bouts, Mr. H. R. Ford, Mr. F. R. Kelsey, Mr. H. G. Andrews, Mr. W. Heilbuth, Mr. R. W. Jepson, Mr. A. E. Stamp, Mr. W. P. Tibbetts, Mr. G. Stedman, Mr. S. W. Moys; Mr. G. A. Wathen, Mr. R. S. Palmer, and Dr. V. Hodson (Wardens of the Mercers' Company); Mr. W. T. Piggott, the Rev. E. S. Sutton, Mr. C. A. Williams, Mr. J. A. Harrison, Mr. Dudley Wall, Mr. G. A. Finch, Mr. C. S. Amsden, Mr. H. J. Atkins, Mr. A. H. Appleyard, Mr. D. Hamilton, Mr. C. Parpeter, Mr. C. J. Aldridge, Mr. J. E. Doughty Macvie, Mr. D. M. Smith, Mr. V. L. Leroux, Mr. C. G. Bryant, Mr. J. A. Burley, Mr. H. R. Jones, Mr. K. D. Vandy, Mr. H. W. Currie, Mr. E. Bloor, Mr. E. William, Mr. W. S. Strachan, Mr. W. D. Wells, Mr. I. L. Roberts, Mr. G. P. Darke, Mr. C. W. Mason, Mr. K. M. Scott, Mr. H. G. Merrett, Mr. L. E. Bowyer, Mr. E. Brewer, Mr. W. G. Bailey, Mr. L. C. Crick, Mr. J. M. Gauntlett, Mr. J. B. Gregory, Mr. E. Golding, Mr. E. Davie, Mr. A. Davie, Mr. J. Grant, Mr. D. C. Jenkin, Squarey, Mr. Leader (Lane Master of the Mercers' Company), Mr. L. B. Blacker, the Rev. H. H. Ashley Nash, Mr. W. Latey, Mr. B. A. Rollinson, Mr. C. G. Barnard, Mr. R. Hawkins, Mr. H. S. Franklin, Mr. W. B. Aikman, Mr. G. H. Parker, Mr. F. W. Parker, Mr. H. M. Potter, Mr. E. R. Axten, Mr. A. S. Parker, Mr. R. G. Williams, Mr. L. W. Hall, Mr. R. A. Green, Mr. W. R. Aikman, Mr. G. Clark, Mr. R. Gray, Mr. C. E. S'amp, Mr. A. P. Boden, Mr. B. C. Hunt, Mr. J. J. H. Willis, Mr. E. Hill, Mr. L. L. Deeks, Mr. J. E. Willis, Mr. J. H. Kemp, Mr. J. D. Doig, Mr. L. F. Hall, and Mr. G. Thomas.

LUNCHEON

MISS HALDANE

Miss Haldane entertained the following guests at luncheon on Saturday:—

The Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda, the Maharani of Baroda, Viscountess Sandhurst, Sir Edgar Bonham-Carter, Dr. G. P. Gooch, Miss Frances Blackett, Lieutenant-Commander Graeme Haldane.

A LINE OF ROYAL PATRONESSES

THE QUEEN'S GIFT TO QUEEN'S COLLEGE

The Queen, who is Patroness of the Queen's College, Oxford, has honoured it by the presentation of a copy, executed by the artist himself, of her portrait by Sir William Llewellyn, P.R.A. The picture has been hung in the place of honour in the hall, adjacent to the portraits of previous Queens-Consort who have given tokens of their special interest in Queen's College.

In the Founder's Statutes, sealed in 1340, it is stated that he had commended to Queen Philippa and to her successors the Queens Consort of England for ever the patronage (*advocationem*) of the Queen's College; and that the Queen had not only accepted this office but had so supplemented the poor endowment, which was all that he himself could give, that she had shown herself not merely Patroness but rather foundress (*non solum patronem sed potius fundatricem*) of the College. It is the custom, on the accession of a Queen Consort, for the College to petition her to accept, in her succession, the office of Patroness of the College. To its Royal Patronesses in the past the College has owed much. It appears to have been championed in a difficult crisis by Anne, Consort of Richard II.; and the names of Queen Mary, wife of Charles I., of Queen Caroline—whose statue under the cupola over the gate is a conspicuous feature of the architecture of "the High"—and of Queen Charlotte, are in the list of major benefactors which is recited twice every term in the College Chapel. In March, 1921, the Queen, following the example of Queen Adelaide in 1835, paid the College a formal visit.

Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 17

SOME WEST-COUNTRY RECORDS

A TYPICAL COLLECTION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

A conference on the preservation of records is being held under the auspices of the British Record Society on November 19.

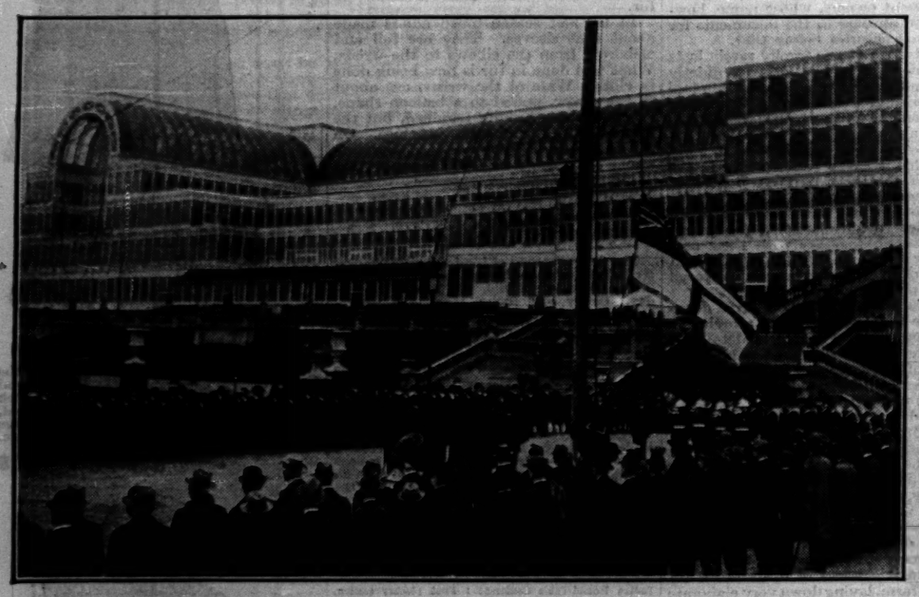
In many English country houses there are boxes full of deeds and papers, musty-smelling and dusty, preserved from a sense of duty, but scarcely ever looked at. They will not yield their secrets at a glance, and often their owners hardly know what to do with them; yet they hide in their folds the vivid story of men and women, fields and houses, through many generations, and they contain just that information which makes all the difference between sentimentality and sympathy in our understanding of the past. A description of a typical collection may suggest to other owners what they are likely to have in their possession.

This collection consists of some 1,600 documents, ranging in date from the end of the thirteenth century to the middle of the nineteenth; it belongs to the owner of two neighbouring Wiltshire manors, and its nucleus is formed by the official records of the two manors—court rolls, rentals, surveys, and so on—with a quantity of leases, copies of court rolls, and conveyances of various kinds connected with the manorial lands. Besides this nucleus, there is a much larger number of deeds which apparently come from the office of a solicitor practising in Salisbury about a hundred years ago, who had inherited the business and the documents belonging to a Dorchester solicitor whose clerk he had been in his youth. These consist of wills, leases, mortgages, deeds of sale of many kinds, and correspondence relevant and otherwise. They cover a great part of Wiltshire, Somerset, Dorset and Hampshire, and, though they are fullest for the century from 1750 to 1850, many of them run back to the sevent

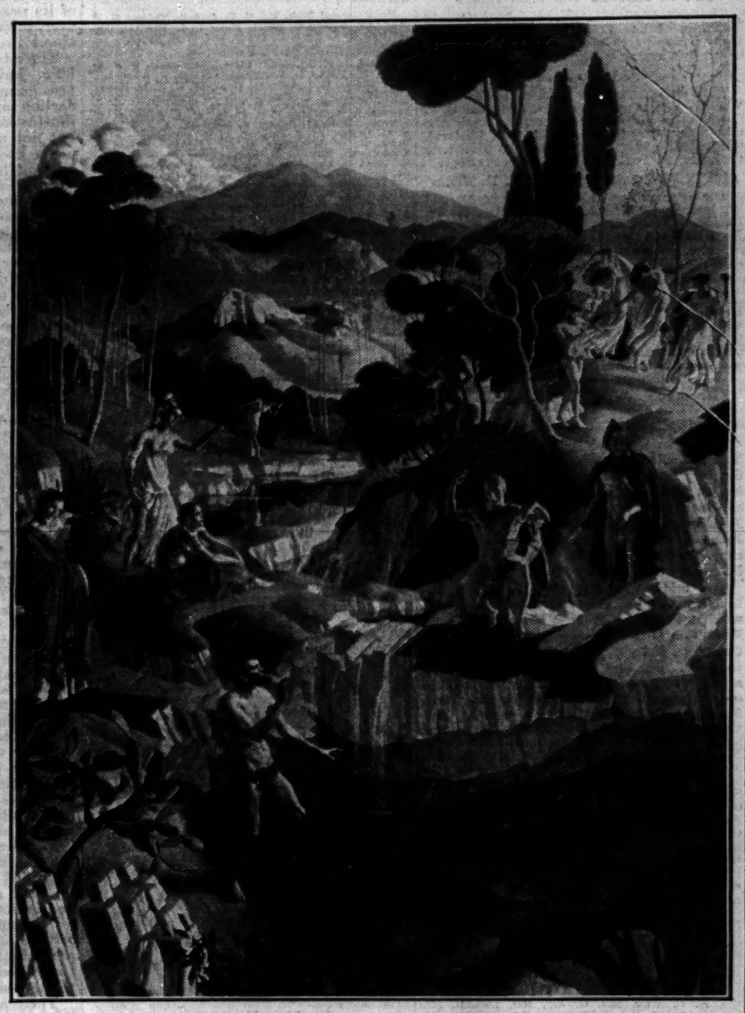
PLOUGHING AT WEST WYCOMBE

PLOUGHING IN BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.—Ploughing in progress on the slopes below West Wycombe Church, Bucks, on Saturday. The church, which may be seen on the summit of the hill, stands within an ancient entrenchment on the site of a Norman church. It was rebuilt in 1793 by Sir Francis Dashwood, and has many eccentric details, including a huge ball at the top of the tower, which has recently been regilded. The village of West Wycombe is now the property of the Royal Society of Arts.

THE R.N.V.R. REUNION

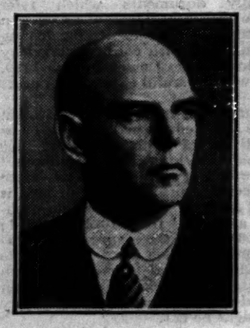


R.N.V.R. REUNION.—Hoisting the White Ensign at the Crystal Palace on Saturday at the annual reunion organized by the Royal Naval Division Association. During the War the Crystal Palace was used as a Naval training centre, and Commodore Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley, R.N.R., who commanded the depôt during the War, opened an exhibition containing war trophies of the R.N.V.R.

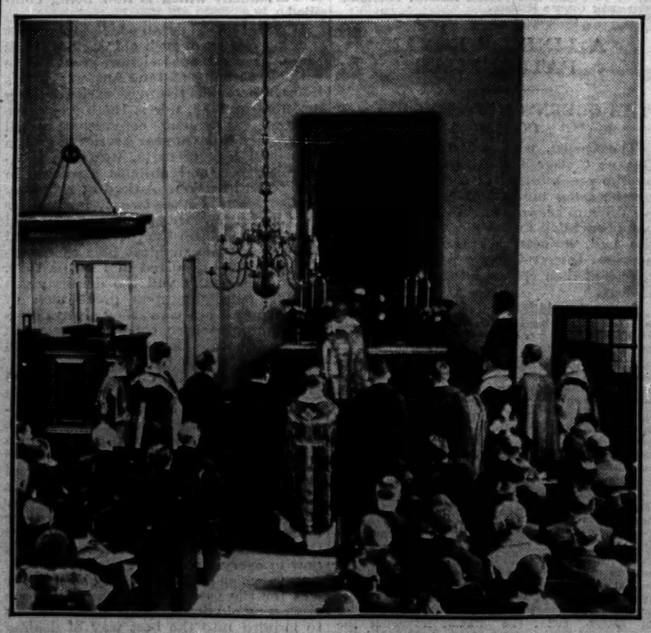


"THE STORY OF MARSYAS."—One of the mural decorations in the library of the Athenaeum Club at Liverpool executed by Mr. Edward I. Halliday. The subject of this decoration is "The Story of Marsyas."

THE INFANTA MARIA CRISTINA (on horseback) at the meet of the Cottesmore Hounds at Beaumont Chase, Uppingham, on Saturday.



MR. NEVILLE DIXEY, who has been elected Chairman of Lloyd's for 1931. He has held the office of Deputy Chairman during the present year.



FOR SWEDISH SAILORS.—The Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden yesterday attended the dedication of the Swedish Sailors' Church in Lower-road, Rotherhithe. Our photographs show the service of dedication in progress and, on the right, the Crown Prince (left) arriving at the church for the service.

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GRINDELWALD (3445 ft.)
GSTAAD (3450 ft.)
GURNIGEL (3802 ft.)
JUNGFRAUJOCH (11400 ft.)
KANDERSTEG (4000 ft.)
LENK (3510 ft.)
LES AVANTS (3195 ft.)
LEUKERBAD (4628 ft.)
MURREN (5413 ft.)
RIGI-Kaltbad & First (4745 ft.)
SCHEIDEGG (6772 ft.)
WENGEN (4196 ft.)
ZERMATT (5315-7302 ft.)

SUN-RAY CRUISE to the Colourful ISLES OF THE BLEST
Long leisured days of brilliant sunshine, cruising in luxurious comfort to lands of adventure, mystery and romance, where every golden hour unfolds some fresh and novel interest that will live among your happiest memories! Come out for a glorious six weeks' Cruise in the magnificent "Duchess of Atholl" (20,000 tons oil-burner) sailing from Liverpool on 27th January (Bristol 28th). There is ample time for sightseeing at every port of call, and the shore programmes are arranged and executed by Canadian Pacific, whose one management, ship and shore, ensures the highest standard of service. First Class throughout. Fare from £95. Reserve now. For Special Booklet apply to:—
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BURBERRYS
request the pleasure of the company of readers of "The Times" at the
MANNEQUIN DISPLAYS OF WINTER SPORTS DRESS
for Men, Women and Children, which they are holding
TO-DAY & Daily until Friday next
These displays afford the opportunity to see the season's new models for Ski-ing, Skating and Luge-ing, designed in Burberrys' special Snow- and Wind-proof materials, in surroundings that closely resemble the Swiss snowfields.
PARADES
11.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2.30 to 5 p.m. each day
BURBERRYS *Ltd* HAYMARKET LONDON S.W.I

THIS WILL BE ANOTHER BOVRIL WINTER

HUNT AND COUNTY BALLS

THE SEASON'S LIST

We publish below a list of forthcoming Hunt, County, and Service balls. The list will be revised and repeated every Monday until further notice.

NOVEMBER 28.—38th (East Anglian) Field Brigade, R.A. (T.A.), Wallsgrove House, High Beech, near Epping (by permission of Lieutenant-Colonel and the Hon. Mrs. E. N. Buxton).

Officers' ball, 5th Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment, Drill Hall, Huddersfield (Royal Corps of Signals band).

DECEMBER 5.—4th Royal Sussex Regiment annual ball, the Drill Hall, Horsham.

Middlesbrough Territorial Officers' annual ball, the Town Hall, Middlesbrough (Clifford Essex band).

Bicester and Warden Hill Hunt ball, Kirtlington Park.

The 5th (Hunts) Battalion, The Northamptonshire Regiment (T.A.), Officers' annual ball, Angel Hotel, Peterborough.

DECEMBER 8.—The Black Prince ball, May Fair Hotel (Ambrose's band).

DECEMBER 10.—East Essex Hunt Club ball, the Shire Hall, Chelmsford.

DECEMBER 12.—Stow ball (Heythrop Hunt), Stow-on-the-Wold.

The Atherstone Hunt ball, Newnham Paddox, Rugby (by permission of Viscount and Viscountess Feilding) (Newman's band).

Petworth ball.

South Notts Hunt ball, Orston Hall, Nottinghamshire (by permission of Captain and Mrs. Sherbrooke) (Conri Tait's band).

Naval and Military ball, Royal Pavilion, Brighton (Newman's band).

Regimental ball, 5th Battalion, The North Staffordshire Regiment, the King's Hall, Stoke-on-Trent.

The North Herts County ball, Hitchin.

Vine Hunt ball, Oakley Hall, near Basingstoke (by permission of Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle) (Clifford Essex band).

East Kent Hunt ball, St. Alban's Court, Nonington (by permission of Commander and Mrs. O'Brien) (Vassie's band).

Officers' ball, 6th Battalion, South Staffordshire Regiment, Drill Hall, Wolverhampton.

The Royal Artillery (winter) ball, R.A. Mess, Woolwich.

Military ball of the 138th Battery, R.F.A. (T.A.), and the 5th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment (T.A.), Town Hall, Grimsby.

DECEMBER 16.—Officers' ball, Westmorland and Cumberland Territorial Army Units, Crown and Mitre Hotel, Carlisle.

DECEMBER 17.—The Duke of Buccleuch's Hunt ball, Corn Exchange, Kelso.

DECEMBER 18.—The Staffordshire County Infirmary ball, the County Buildings, Stafford.

DECEMBER 19.—The Hampshire Hunt (H.H.) ball, the Guildhall, Winchester (Embassy band).

Pipewell Foot Beagles Hunt ball, the Assembly Rooms, Market Harborough.

Regimental ball, 4th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment (T.A.), the Assembly Rooms, Lincoln.

The United Hunt's ball, Town Hall, Banbury.

Nottingham General Hospital annual ball, Greyfriars Hall, Nottingham.

Princes Risborough Agricultural Association Farmers' Hunt ball, Town Hall, High Wycombe (The Night Watchman band).

North Staffs Hunt ball, Maer Hall (by permission of Miss Harrison) (Clifford Essex band).

Leicestershire and Rutland Territorial Army ball, King's Hall, Grand Hotel, Leicester.

DECEMBER 22.—Linlithgow and Stirlingshire Hunt ball, the Assembly Rooms, Edinburgh (Newman's band).

DECEMBER 29.—Llangibby Hunt ball, Westgate Hotel, Newport (Newman's band).

Gloucestershire County ball, Town Hall, Cheltenham.

Stratford-upon-Avon Hospital ball, Town Hall, Stratford-upon-Avon (Southwick's band).

West Norfolk Hunt ball, Majestic ballroom, King's Lynn.

DECEMBER 30.—Montgomery County ball, Town Hall, Welshpool (Newman's band).

Radnorshire and West Herefordshire Hunt Club ball, Garnstone Castle (Pilbeam's band).

The Denbighshire Infirmary ball, Howell's School, Denbigh (by permission of the Governors and the Headmistress) (Clifford Essex band).

DECEMBER 31.—The Tiverton Hunt ball.

The Taunton Vale and West Somerset Hunt ball, Taunton (Newman's band).

Avon Vale Hunt ball, Town Hall, Trowbridge.

Cheltenham Hospitals' ball, Town Hall, Cheltenham (Marius Winter's band).

South Wold Hunt ball, Golf Hotel, Woodhall Spa (Mark Sheridan's band).

The Teme Valley Hunt ball, Stanage Park, Radnorshire (lent by Mr. and Mrs. Coltman-Rogers) (Clabon-West band).

JANUARY 1.—The Kidderminster and District General Hospital ball, Town Hall, Kidderminster (Newman's band).

West Herts Hospital ball, Ashridge House, Berkhamsted (by permission of the Trustees of the Bonar Law Memorial College and of Major-General Sir Reginald and Lady Hoskins) (1st Embassy band).

Wick and District Basset-hounds, the Pump Room, Bath (Pilbeam's band).

The Bedale Hunt ball, the Officers' Club, Catterick Camp (by permission of Major-General Kirke and the officers of the Garrison).

JANUARY 2.—The Beaufort Hunt ball, Westonbirt School, near Tetbury (by permission of the Governors).

The Devon and Somerset Staghounds' Hunt ball, the Metropole Hotel, Minehead.

The Royal Berkshire Hospital ball (Clifford Essex band).

The Hambledon Hunt Club ball, the Guildhall, Winchester (Pilbeam's band).

The Mid-Kent Hunt ball, Corn Exchange, Maidstone.

The North Cotswold Hunt ball.

The Northamptonshire General Hospitals ball, Northampton (Clabon-West band).

The Southdown Hunt ball, Town Hall, Lewes (Marius Winter's band).

Blackmore Vale Hunt ball, Sherborne School (by permission of the Headmaster).

Royal West Sussex Hospital ball, Assembly Rooms, Chichester (Southwick's band).

The Carnarvonshire and Anglesey Infirmary ball, the University College of North Wales, Bangor.

The Isle of Wight Hunt ball, the Queen's Hall, Newport.

6th Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (T.A.) annual ball, Buxton.

Regimental ball, 5th Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment, Town Hall, Cheltenham.

Morpeth Hunt ball, Gallowhill.

Cheshire Hunt ball, Grosvenor Hotel, Chester (Embassy band).

North Norfolk Hunt ball, St. Andrew's Hall, Norwich (Vale Lane's band).

The Essex Union Hunt ball, the Shire Hall, Chelmsford.

JANUARY 5.—The Wheatland Hunt ball, Aldenham Park, Bridgnorth (by permission of Mr. Gomer Williams) (Newman's band).

Wylye Valley Hunt ball, Spa Hotel, Bath (Newman's band).

The East Sussex Hunt ball, Drill Hall, Battle, Sussex.

Newport (Salop) County ball (Clifford Essex band).

JANUARY 6.—The Bridge Hunt ball, the Pump Room, Tunbridge Wells.

The Middleton Hunt ball, Birdsall House, Malton (by permission of Lord and Lady Middleton).

Brecon Hunt ball, Buckland, Bwlch (by permission of Lady Buckland).

The Portman Hunt ball, Canford School, Wimborne (by permission of the Governing Body) (Clifford Essex band).

The South Durham Hunt ball, Constitutional Hall, Stockton-on-Tees.

JANUARY 7.—The Berwickshire Hunt ball, Manderston (by permission of the Hon. Lady Miller).

The Devon County ball, Poltimore (by permission of the Headmistress) (Newman's band).

The Wynnstay Hunt ball, the Town Hall, Whitchurch (Vale Lane's band).

York and Ainsty Hunt ball, Askham Grange (by permission of Major and Mrs. Wailes-Fairbairn) (Keech-Rosebery dance band).

Cornwall County ball, Truro.

Herefordshire Hunt Club ball, Shire Hall, Hereford (Peter Fielding's band).

Grafton Hunt ball, Manor House, Brackley (by permission of Mr. and Mrs. Hayman) (Newman's band).

Old Berkeley Hunt ball, Moor Park (Embassy band).

(Continued in next column)

JANUARY 8.—Glamorgan Hunt Club ball, the Pavilion, Cowbridge (Newman's band).

The Dorset Hunt ball, the Corn Exchange, Dorchester.

The Westmorland County ball, Town Hall, Kendal (Newman's band).

The Suffolk County ball, the Athenæum, Bury St. Edmunds (Embassy band).

5th Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters, annual ball, Assembly Rooms, Derby (Conri Tait's band).

The Herefordshire General Hospital ball, the Shire Hall, Hereford (Peter Fielding's band).

JANUARY 9.—5th Battalion, The Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment (T.A.) Officers' annual ball, the Drill Hall, The Lane, Ashburnham-road, Bedford (Embassy band).

The Hurworth Hunt ball, Rounton Grange.

County of Gloucester Territorial ball, Victoria Rooms, Clifton, Bristol (Clifford Essex band).

The Mendip Hunt ball, the Pump Room, Bath (Vassie's band).

Chester Infirmary ball, the Grosvenor Hotel, Chester (Kit-Kat Club band).

The Grove Hunt ball, Town Hall, Retford.

West Kent Hunt ball, the Wildernesse Club, Sevenoaks.

The Crawley and Horsham Hunt ball, the headquarters of the 4th Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment, Denne-road, Horsham.

The V.W.H. (Earl Bathurst's) Hunt ball, the Bingham Hall, Cirencester (Pilbeam's band).

JANUARY 12.—The Berkeley and Ledbury Hunt ball, the Guildhall, Gloucester.

The League of Mercy "All Age" Fancy Dress ball, Shire Hall, Hereford.

JANUARY 13.—The Monmouthshire Hunt Club ball, the Rolls Hall, Monmouth (Pilbeam's band).

Craven Hunt Club, Corn Exchange, Newbury.

The Worcestershire Hunt Club annual ball, the Shirehall, Worcester.

JANUARY 14.—The Fernie Hunt ball, the Assembly Rooms, Market Harborough.

JANUARY 15.—The Holderness Hunt ball, Burton Constable (by permission of Colonel and Mrs. Chichester-Constable) (Embassy band).

The Bramham Moor Hunt ball.

JANUARY 16.—The Pytchley Hunt ball, the Town Hall, Northampton.

The Cotswold Hunt ball, the Town Hall, Cheltenham.

Grantham Hospital ball, the Guildhall, Grantham (Embassy band).

The Radcliffe Infirmary and Oxfordshire County ball, the Town Hall, Oxford (Pilbeam's band).

Brighton Foot Beagles Hunt ball, Hotel Metropole, Brighton.

Hertford County ball, Brocket Hall, Hatfield (by permission of Sir Charles Nall-Cain).

The Dorking County ball, New Dorking Halls.

JANUARY 22.—Melton Mowbray Hunt ball, Corn Exchange, Melton Mowbray.

JANUARY 23.—County of Buckingham Territorial ball.

Mowsell Hunt ball, Town Hall, Burton-on-Trent.

JANUARY 30.—Cambridge University Conservative Association ball, the University Arms.

FEBRUARY 13.—The Robin Hoods' ball, Palais de Danse, Nottingham (Newman's band, the Robin Hoods' band, and the Metronomes).

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

GIFTS TO CHARITY

MR. HENRY WILLIAM MARSHALL, of Sheen-road, Richmond, Surrey, a member of the Stock Exchange from 1872 to 1915, died on October 6, aged 84, leaving £103,394, with net personalty £103,309. He gives:—

£1,550 Local Loan Stock to the Royal Hospital, Richmond, to endow a bed; £1,000 Japanese Bonds to Arthur James Leach, formerly in his employ; the remainder of his Japanese Bonds to James Frederick Bennett, formerly in his employ; and one year's wages to each of his servants of two years' service, and an annuity of £100. In addition, to Minnie Marshall, if still in his service. After other bequests, the residue of the property to his wife for life, and then one-half to King Edward's Hospital Fund for London; one-fourth to the Corporation of the City towards a fund founded by him for providing an income which the Corporation has consented to distribute among the poor boxes of City police courts, and those in the Metropolitan area; and one-fourth to Dr. Barnardo's Homes.

COMTE PIERRE MARIE PATRICE D'ARCY, of Hampstead Hill-gardens, N.W., who died on June 15, left unsettled property in England of the gross value of £17,813, with net personalty £17,609.

DAME ARABELLA ELIZABETH WOLFE SUTHERLAND, of Upper Brook-street, S.W., who died on March 27, aged 48, wife of Sir George Henry Sutherland, left unsettled estate of the gross value of £3,456, with net personalty £2,512.

MR. ROBERT HENZELL, of West Hills, Rothbury, Northumberland, and of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, oil merchant, founder and director of the Henzell Oil Company, Newcastle, a former president of the Rugby Union, who died on September 10, left estate of the gross value of £150,912, with net personalty £145,754. He left:—

One year's wages to each in or outdoor servant in his service at his decease and not under notice either given or received who shall have been in such service continuously for the five years preceding.

MR. FITZ HENRY AUGUSTUS SMITH, J.P., of Besborough, Devizes, died on September 6, aged 70, leaving £83,602, with net personalty £80,569. He gives:—

£100 for augmenting the stipend of the rector of the parish of Duleek, Ireland; an annuity of £52 to his old groom, Henry Smith; and an annuity of £25 to Joseph Ferguson for life and then for his sister, Matilda.

MRS. CONSTANCE ELIZABETH LITTLEWOOD, of Lansdowne-road, Tunbridge Wells, who died on August 18, left estate of the gross value of £21,665, with net personalty nil. She left:—

£500 between her late gardener, William Whistley, and his wife; £100 to her former maid, Maud Eickman; and £500 and the furniture in her bedroom to her maid, Gladys Hill.

MRS. EMILY ANN FITCH, of Princess-terrace, North-road, Ripon, who died on October 14, aged 92, left estate of the gross value of £12,838, with net personalty £12,743. She gives:—

£1,000, her jewels and wearing apparel to Alice Helen Mathews, if still acting as her companion.

MISS EDITH PENELOPE JUSTICE, of Ankerdine, Leigh Woods, Bristol, who died on October 4, aged 85, left estate of the gross value of £9,883, with net personalty £8,019. She left:—

£50 to her "old friend and nurse" Marian Greatorex; £200 to her coachman, Percy Pitman, if in her service at her death; £150 and certain furniture to Elizabeth Watts, similarly; £50 to Esther Newman, similarly; and one year's wages to any other maid in her service at her death.

MRS. ELIZABETH ALLEYNE, of Queens-road, Tunbridge Wells, who died on September 18, aged 81, widow of G. H. Alleyne, left £5,185, with net personalty £4,854. She left:—

£1,000 (free of duty) to her maid, Frances Shaw, "in recognition of her loving service for many years," and the furniture, bed, and bedding in the room she occupies, together with four blankets, two pairs of sheets, six bedroom towels, and six pillow cases.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
BARNES, Mr. Henry (68), of Goulds Farm, North Curry, Somerset, farmer (net personalty £429)	£4,246
BARNES, Mr. Philip, of Park House, Brimscombe, Glouc (net personalty £37,971)	38,223
BRONET, Mrs. Constance, of Kingswood Grange, Lapworth, Warwick, wife of W. E. Bronet (net personalty £11,610)	17,665
BUXTON, Mrs. Maria (82), of Bolwick Hall, Marsham, Norfolk, widow of C. L. Buxton (net personalty £5,853)	5,686
CHURCH, Mr. Frank Stanley (47), of Onaway, Culcheth-road, Bowdon, Cheshire (net personalty £11,562)	11,544
CHURLEY, Mr. Alfred (90), of Talbot-road, Winton, Bournemouth (net personalty £6,134)	6,904
CLARKE, Mrs. Jemima (86), of Spring Cot, Crowborough, widow of Surgeon-General J. J. Clarke, Bengal Army (net personalty £4,943)	5,068
COOPERIDE, the Rev. Egerton, M.A. (68), of Rectory House, Flockastpstead, Berks (net personalty £2,681)	4,221
CRABBE, Mr. David, of Rytherwood, Canonbie, Dumfriesshire, farmer of the Beaufoods Estates, Limited (personal estate)	6,735
DUNN, Mr. James (61), of Allanbank-road, Larbert, Stirlingshire, formerly of Southfield Farm, Falkirk, retired farmer (personal estate)	11,561
HAGAN, the Right Rev. Mgr. John, D.D., of the Irish College, Rome, Rector of the said college (personal estate in England and the Irish Free State)	2,780
HOOPER, Mr. Henry Sibley, of The Cottage, Pinewood-road, Ferndown, Dorset (net personalty £2,940)	4,151
HUTCHINSON, the Rev. Thomas William, M.A., of The Vicarage, Stoke Row, Henley-on-Thames, Oxon (net personalty £465)	822
LEWIS, Miss Mary (68), of Belsize-square, Hampstead, N.W. (net personalty £4,653)	5,033
MAYNARD, the Rev. William Henry, M.A. (60), of St. Peter's Vicarage, Bethnal Green, E. (net personalty nil)	843
MELLRUE, Mr. Harry Elias (71), of York Lodge, Dumpton Park-drive, Ramsgate (net personalty £5,095)	8,115
NICHOLSON, Mr. Francis Frederic (73), of Willoughton Manor, Willoughton, Lincs, farmer (net personalty £25,426)	32,226
NICKERSON, Mrs. Helen (79), of The Broadway, Cricklewood, N.W.2, widow of F. Nickinson (net personalty £2,370)	7,709
PLUMMER, Major Maurice Vernon, D.S.O., late R.F.A. (48), of Bedgetts-grove, Maidsted, Kent, and of Bobcaygeon, Victoria, Ontario, Canada (net personalty nil)	4,186
WITHERS, Mr. Harold Archie, of Lyddord, Hanging Hill-lane, Hutton, Essex, formerly of Kern, Heroneway, Hutton, a partner in Messrs. Withers and Withers, bedding manufacturers (net personalty £8,351)	9,906

OBITUARY

CANON W. W. C. BAKER

The Rev. Canon William Wing Carew Baker, who died at Southill, Beds, on Friday, at the age of 70, had for many years as chairman of the Bedfordshire Elementary Education Committee been an energetic worker for education in the county. Since 1914 he had been an honorary canon of St. Albans. As vicar of Southill he had lived for the last six years in semi-retirement.

Born at Long Melford, Suffolk, on September 5, 1860, the eldest son of the Rev. W. S. Baker, the late Canon Baker was educated first at a village school, passing thence to King's College School, London, and Clare College, Cambridge. He was always proud of the fact that he had begun his education at a village school, and his love for this English institution, whether provided by State, Church, or Chapel, guided him in his career of public service. In 1884 he was ordained curate of St. Mary's, Nottingham, returning to Bedfordshire two years later as vicar of Milton Bryan. The next seven years he spent as the incumbent of Ridgmont. During this period he was one of those who took part in the restoration of the art of change-ringing and became a foundation member of the present flourishing County Association of Changeringers. When the Balfour Education Act came into force he entered into the local administrative work thereby entailed with characteristic energy, and was co-opted on the county education committee. Later, he was active in the work of rural school reorganization following the Hadow Report, and more recently he had given his attention to the denominational problem. For the 21 years previous to his acceptance of the living of Southill he had been rector of Dunstable.

MR. TUDOR DAVIES

Mr. Tudor Davies died on Saturday at his residence, Trewern, Dowlais, at the age of 59. He was born at Mountain Ash, was educated as a mining engineer, and held colliery appointments at Mountain Ash and Abercynon before coming to Dowlais in 1914 as mineral agent to Guest, Keen, and Nettlefolds, Limited. He threw himself heartily into the municipal and Poor Law administration of Merthyr Tydfil Borough as the leader of the Anti-Socialist Party. He had been chairman of the Merthyr Board of Guardians, of the Merthyr General Hospital executive, of the South Wales Colliery Managers' Association, and of the Dowlais Miners' Welfare Joint Committee. He was also a member of the Court of the University of Wales and of the Priory for Wales, a prominent supporter of the Dowlais Drama Week, chairman of the Merthyr Ambulance Centre, and chairman of the Dowlais Male Voice Party. He is survived by a widow and two daughters, Mary, the wife of the Rev. R. W. R. Davies, rector of Dowlais, formerly Canon of Bangor, and Miss Chara Davies.

MR. MARSHALL MONTGOMERY

Mr. Marshall Montgomery, Reader in German in the University of Oxford, died on Friday at the age of 50. His death will be regretted by a wide circle of friends both in Oxford and elsewhere.

Marshall Montgomery was born in 1880, and was educated at Merchant Taylors' School, Crosby, where he was a Harrison Foundation Scholar. He came up to Lincoln College as an Open Classical Scholar in 1899, and after taking Classical Moderations and Lit. Hum. went on to read for the Modern History School, which he took in 1904. He was successively assistant master at the Dean Close School, Cheltenham (1905-6), and *Lektor* in English at the University of Giessen (1908-14). During this period he also studied at Berlin, Paris, and other Continental universities, devoting himself particularly to phonetics, of which he was always a keen exponent and advocate. He acted as substitute for the Professor of German in the Queen's University of Belfast in 1914-15, and, after a period of service in the War Trade Intelligence Department, he was engaged from 1920 onwards as Taylorian Lecturer and later as University Reader in German at Oxford.

In addition to many contributions to *The Times Literary Supplement*, the *Modern Language Review*, and other journals, he published in 1910 "Types of Standard Spoken English and its Chief Local Variants," and in 1923 "Friedrich Hölderlin and the Neo-Hellenic Movement." Just before his death he saw through the press his latest book, "Studies in the Age of Goethe," which is about to be published. He married, in 1909, Miss Gertrude Colwell, who survives him.

The funeral service will be held at 2.30 p.m. to-morrow in Lincoln College Chapel.

A correspondent writes:—

Montgomery's work as a scholar and teacher was characterised by a distinction of mind and a breadth of culture which make his loss all the more keenly felt. His administrative ability was always placed ungrudgingly at the disposal of the many boards and committees upon which he sat. Those who penetrated beyond his natural reserve found in him the most loyal and sincere of friends. There are many pupils, colleagues, and friends, here and abroad, who will recall the charming hospitality which it was his great pleasure to extend to them, ably supported in this, as in his other activities, by his wife.

MR. AMEDEE FORESTIER

Mr. Amedée Forestier, for many years known as a versatile black-and-white artist, died suddenly at his residence at Dulwich on Friday, at the age of 78. He had worked principally for the *Illustrated London News* and travelled in many countries. In 1896 he was commissioned to paint commemorative pictures of the coronation of the Tsar Nicholas II. in Moscow; in 1908 he was special artist of the *Illustrated London News* at the Quebec Tercentenary Celebrations; and during the War he was a publicity illustrator for the French (London Branch) and British Red Cross. He had also illustrated works of several novelists, and was lately engaged on archæological and historical drawings and paintings.

DR. G. H. K. MACALISTER

A correspondent writes:—

Dr. George Hugh Kidd Macalister, late principal of King Edward VII. College of Medicine, Singapore, died in London, after a long illness, on November 2, at the age of 51. He was the younger son of the late Dr. Alexander Macalister, Professor of Anatomy in the University of Cambridge from 1883 to 1919, and was educated at Charterhouse and St. John's College, Cambridge (B.A. Natural Sciences Tripos, 1901). He studied medicine in Cambridge and at Guy's Hospital, London, and graduated M.B., B.C., in 1906, took his D.P.H. in 1909, and his M.D. in 1909.

From 1910 to 1913 Dr. Macalister was assistant bacteriologist at the Lister Institute, and in 1914 received the appointment of pathologist in the Imperial Bacteriological Laboratory, Muktesar, India. During the War he served in Mesopotamia as captain in the Indian Medical Service. In 1918 he was appointed by the Colonial Office Principal and Professor of Clinical Medicine at the Medical College, Singapore. This school he brought to a high level of efficiency, and raised funds for, and carried out the erection of, its new buildings, pronounced to be one of the finest and most impressive structures of its kind in the East. He was president of the Malaya Branch of the British Medical Association, secretary of the Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States Medical Council, Government representative at the League of Nations Conference on rabies at Paris in 1927, and in the same year went as a Government Commissioner to Sierra Leone to advise on subordinate medical education in West Africa. He was editor of the *Malaya Medical Journal*, and published a number of papers on medical and pathological subjects, in recognition of which he was elected a Member of the Royal College of Physicians in 1927.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

The Lord Chancellor has made the following presentation:—The REV. H. F. BURR, rector of Broxholme, in the diocese of Lincoln, to the vicarage of North Shoebury, in the diocese of Chelmsford.

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster has presented the REV. C. HILLIS, vicar of Stapleford, Notts, to the rectory of Northrepps, Norfolk.

A short service of intercession connected with the Bishop of London's Week of Prayer and Gifts for the Diocese will be held in St. Dunstan's Chapel in St. Paul's Cathedral each day this week at 1.5 p.m.

The Archbishop of York preached in Gray's Inn Chapel yesterday morning. The church was crowded with benchers, and among those present was Mr. Clynes, the Home Secretary. The service was private, and the church doors were locked as soon as it began. After the service the Archbishop had luncheon in the hall with the benchers.

The Bishops of Chelmsford, Colchester, and Barking took part in the stone-laying ceremony of St. Martin's, Dagenham, yesterday. The church, which will cost £10,000, is the first on the L.C.C. Becontree estate to be built under the Bishop of Chelmsford's appeal scheme.

ABOVE. From a characteristic old print of the Kensington High Street of 1870—on the left of the picture the first shop opened by John Barker can be seen

An artist's recent impression of the Kensington High Street of to-day, showing the Barker group of buildings stretching both sides of the main thoroughfare

From a Single Shop to . . . a National Store!

BARKERS

Diamond Jubilee CELEBRATIONS ... *begin* TO-DAY

And continue for 10 days

WHEN John Barker opened his first shop in the old High Street some sixty years ago, he determined upon a policy of 'value and service.' And upon this foundation, the present great store has been established.

THE story of Barkers is a romance of progress worth the reading. From a single shop to a national store in sixty years is an achievement of which the House is justly proud. To-day Barker customers (numbering over a million) extend to every hamlet, town and village in the land—a fitting tribute to the governing policy of the House.

£250,000 WORTH of GOODS SPECIALLY BOUGHT PRICES often LESS THAN PRE-WAR

TO celebrate the occasion intensive preparations have been conducted for months past. Buyers have visited every manufacturing centre in the Midlands, North of England and Scotland, buying the best merchandise the country produces. Prices are down, in many instances to a pre-War level by reason of Barkers huge purchasing power.

The Great Annual
TOY MART
Opens To-day!

Bring all the small folk you know. The whole of the Third Floor of the New Building is devoted to this Great Christmas Exhibition. See the Great Mechanical Show portraying travel scenes of days gone by. Nothing quite like it has yet been seen in London. . . . At the exit awaits Father Christmas, giving away toys to all the small folk.

It's easy to get to Barkers.

You can come all the way under cover in the Underground to Kensington High Street Station, or you can travel by a dozen or more bus routes. Nos. 73, 9, 46, 52, 27, 31, 33, 173, 49 and 127 all pass the doors.

Fabrics Displayed on Living Models in the Fabric Hall

The presentation of present-day Fabrics has been undertaken on a most ambitious scale. Mannequins dressed in frocks made from the materials shown will parade continuously throughout the day, commencing as early as 11 a.m.

(Ground Floor, Main Building.)

A Remarkable
REVIEW of FASHION
from 1870—1930

During this great week, Barkers will stage one of the most comprehensive Pageants of Fashion ever shown in London. Authentic modes of each decade, from the inauguration of the Barker business in 1870 up to the present day, will be worn by well-known models. This "Review of Fashion" will take place daily at 3 o'clock on the Display Hall on the Fourth Floor. You are invited to write for tickets; no admission except by card.

Four Restaurants, perfectly equipped. Orchestra playing continually.

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MEN'S SHOP; TOYS, GIFTS, &c.

Men's Ready-to-Wear Suits First Floor

Boys' Mercery . Second Floor
50 DOZ. BOYS' CEYLON SHIRT BLOUSES for Autumn and Winter wear. Guaranteed unshrinkable, in shades of Blue, Buff, Grey and Helio. For ages 4 to 9 years. Diamond Jubilee Price 6/11 *Post 4d.*

Boys' Boots . Second Floor
800 PAIRS BOYS' AND YOUTHS' RUBBER WELLINGTONS specially made to stand hard wear. Black shiny surface, close fitting leg, reinforced back and front, warm fleeced lined. Double thickness rubber soles, solid rubber heels. Easy fitting, full round toes. Sizes 10, 11, 12, 13, and 1. Diamond Jubilee Price 7/6
Sizes 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, & 7, Diamond Jubilee Price, 8/6 *Post 9d.*

Boys' Suits . Second Floor
1,250 BOYS' 4-PIECE KNICKER SUITS consisting of coat, vest, and two pairs of knickers, made from all wool hard wearing tweeds in Scotch Bannockburn effects. In single or in double-breasted styles. The shades are effective in mid greys, mid browns, and various heather effects. Repair pieces given free. Stocked for boys from 8 to 15 years. The complete four-piece suit. All sizes one price. Diamond Jubilee Price 19/6 *Post 6d.*

Perfumery . . Ground Floor
TRAVELLING PERFUME BOTTLES Solid brass, heavily nickel plated, fitted with bayonet clasp, 3½in. Diamond Jubilee Prices, each 4½in. Price 2/6. 5in. Price 2/9. 6in. Price 3/6. Also in assorted coloured enamels, turquoise, red, green and blue. 3½in. Price 2/6. 4½in. Price 2/9. 5in. Price 3/6. 6in. Price 4/6. 2/3 *Post 4d.*

Prices for Ten Days Only.

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Personal application is essential.

Coats . First Floor
THE SEASON'S STOCK OF THEATRE WRAPS AND EVENING COATS in lovely rich novelty fabrics. To be offered considerably below usual prices. Diamond Jubilee Price £5

Fur Ties . Second Floor
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12ft. 6in. × 9ft. 10in.	£39 4
12ft. 8in. × 10ft. 0in.	£40 9
12ft. 9in. × 10ft. 0in.	£40 12
12ft. 10in. × 10ft. 0in.	£40 19
13ft. 3in. × 9ft. 9in.	£44 2
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Agriculture

ANIMAL DISEASE

NEED OF RESEARCH WORK

FUTURE OF ROYAL VETERINARY COLLEGE

(BY OUR LATE AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

It is not easy to reconcile the fate that seems certain to befall the Royal Veterinary College in London with what is supposed to be the traditional attitude of the country towards the health and care of animals. Nothing short of the definite closing down of this establishment as the result of financial neglect will convince any thinking person that such a thing could be possible in an enlightened nation. But it appears from Sir Merrik Burrell's statement at the last council meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society on November 5 that the college is on the point of collapse, physically and financially. A note of despair dominated all references to the subject, as well it might have done in such an assembly, for the society has a long and honourable association with the premier school of veterinary science in the country. When the college in Camden Town is closed there will remain for England the very useful but limited college in Liverpool. This means that for the bulk of their veterinary teaching England and Wales will be dependent on the Scottish and Irish colleges. Fortunately, both countries are well endowed with teaching and research institutions, but, while grateful for greater foresight and enterprise in Edinburgh, Glasgow, and Dublin in regard to a science of basic importance to animal husbandry, it is impossible to accept with complacency the serious blank that is about to occur in the existing facilities for veterinary teaching in England.

At this juncture it would be well for the country and the Government to reflect carefully on the situation that will follow the discontinuance of a great and historic veterinary college. The fact that a few smaller and well-equipped institutions may survive—some of them are not too securely established—mitigates the loss, but the closing of the larger English college can only be interpreted as implying an indifference to fundamental and practical considerations wholly incompatible with the yearning for higher education that is supposed to exist in all spheres of activity. Herds and flocks form the predominant, if not the basic, feature in British farming. The cultivation of the land, which present-day thought seems disposed to discourage, must remain the primary aim in any well-ordered scheme of agricultural development. As represented by market returns, live stock and stock products yield no less a sum in England and Wales than £154,650,000 out of a total of £225,330,000 from all agricultural commodities.

RISK OF LOSSES

Yet, in the face of this striking figure, and in spite of the very considerable losses resulting from what are believed to be largely preventible or curable diseases, the country and the Government are content to risk the dangers and losses that will certainly result from neglect to investigate the numerous unknown problems, and even to maintain the standard of education on the defective level of recent years. The position is serious now, and can hardly fail to increase in gravity as the opportunities of studying either the older or the newer diseases that afflict the live stock of the country are reduced. International traffic in produce that may carry infection is a growing danger to the health of our herds and flocks, but we are to adopt a passive attitude towards them and, in effect, to let things take their unhampered course.

In veterinary science this country lags behind most of the other nations, although there is no country to which the breeding of pedigree and good commercial stock means so much, nor in which it has been developed to an equally high level. Most of the Continental countries have their State veterinary colleges, and are careful to see that they are suitably endowed, equipped, and staffed for the important work required of them. The most that a British Government can be induced to do for veterinary education or research in this predominantly live-stock country is to make grants-in-aid on conditional terms. Had the agricultural industry continued even moderately prosperous, the stability of the college might not have been endangered; but in its present condition it is futile to look to the impoverished industry for the necessary support. The State is the only hope for the development of veterinary education and research in this country.

LACK OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Government appear to be willing to help the stockowner in certain directions, but only where no expenditure will be entailed. The scrub bull has attracted attention, and it is hoped that concentration on this admitted but exaggerated defect will achieve some useful result. As compared with the scrub—or unhealthy—animals of both sexes and all ages which, in the present state of veterinary knowledge, we are helpless to prevent or to cure, the problem which the Minister of Agriculture has suddenly seized upon with such vigour is negligible. No one will seek to defend the scrub or bad bull, or to under-estimate the harm he does in the propagation of his kind, but it is shirking the larger and more momentous questions to raise the problem of the defective bull and ignore the incomparably wider and deeper matter of hereditary or infectious disease. Breeders of live stock know to their cost their helplessness in combating scourges that hamper and even defeat their efforts to maintain the regular output of healthy and responsive animals, while much of their success in breeding may be discounted by inability to carry the young stock through the susceptible stages from birth to maturity. A careful and competent farmer has estimated that, on an average, the stockowner loses in one form or another—by death or illness—his entire total of animals every 19 years.

The field for the application of veterinary science and practice with a view to the prevention of losses of this kind is as vast as the need of it is urgent. Yet, as Sir Merrik Burrell says, if the nation will neither from public funds nor by private subscription carry on its largest veterinary college, it must be closed. For the time being, it appears, the country must accept the situation and carry on without it; but with a clear realization that the reason for its disappearance is the financial stringency of the moment. In the interests of its live-stock industry England badly needs an institution of the kind, and as soon as funds permit it must be provided. Until that is done on broader and more scientific lines this country will remain at a serious disadvantage in comparison with its Continental rivals.

MR. C. J. B. MACDONALD

The article printed above, the last of the regular series contributed to this page by Mr. Macdonald week by week for many years past, was written only a few days before his death. The following tribute to the value of his work, one of the many received here since his life was suddenly cut short last week, appeared in the *National Farmers' Union News Sheet* of November 13:—

The death of Mr. C. J. B. Macdonald, the Agricultural Correspondent of *The Times* newspaper, will be deeply regretted by the farming community throughout England and Wales. He was a zealous champion of the cause of agriculture, and his deep and practical knowledge of the industry, added to his lucid and convincing manner of dealing with the subjects on which he wrote, placed him in the forefront of agricultural publicists. His contributions to *The Times* had a wide circle of readers, for their authoritative character and the fearless manner in which he expressed his views earned the respect of all. Mr. Macdonald was a man who welcomed the growth of organisation among farmers and he was a frequent visitor at the meetings of the Council of the N.F.U. He regularly accompanied the annual tour arranged by the Union for the purpose of enabling members to widen their acquaintance with farming systems and conditions, and in these and other ways he gained an intimate knowledge of the leaders of the farmers' organisation and its varied activities. It was because he possessed this first-hand knowledge that Mr. Macdonald was able to do so much to serve the interests of the farming community. He enjoyed the complete confidence of all with whom he came in contact at the Union's headquarters, and by his passing the leaders of the organisation have lost one whom they were proud to regard as a friend and whom they valued as a fellow-worker in the industry's cause.

Another testimony to his work, headed "A Friend's Appreciation," is taken from the *Live Stock Journal*, the weekly periodical on which Mr. Macdonald started his newspaper career in the South. The writer says:—

The writer, closely associated with Mr. Macdonald in those early years in London, knowing him all through the intervening period, and watching the progress of his career with keen interest and admiration, wishes to add his personal tribute to the high character and solid qualities which formed the foundation of his old friend's life work. Painstaking, conscientious, and industrious, the advancing years added a wealth of cumulative knowledge and experience which enhanced greatly the value of his writings, for he was not a superficial gleaner in the field of knowledge, but one who realized the responsibility of his office, and of the issues at stake.

Solid rather than what is sometimes described as brilliant, he was "a workman who needed not to be ashamed." Respected and loved by his colleagues, he was of a kindly, courteous, helpful disposition; constant, reliable, and upright in character; with a quiet, shrewd caution and quaint humour characteristic of many of his countrymen.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

DEBATES IN PARLIAMENT

There was a curious irony in the contrast between the debates on agriculture in the two Houses of Parliament last Thursday. While Dr. Addison was explaining to the Commons the merits of his agricultural land utilization scheme, Lord Cranworth and other members of the House of Lords were asking the Government what steps they intended to take for the immediate relief of farming and farmers. On the same day, the council of the Central Landowners' Association unanimously condemned the Government's proposals on the ground that they ignored the real problem of the excess of the cost of production over prices, and also the urgent need of immediate assistance. To all the speakers in the Upper House, except Lord De La Warr—who merely rose to postpone his answer to their questions till next Wednesday—the one thing that mattered was the present desperate condition of affairs. Lord Ernle said that the position was the worst for the last 35 years, and it was pointed out that there was a net loss of £5 an acre in the Eastern Counties wheat fields, and almost daily bankruptcies among Norfolk farmers.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF

Dr. Addison, for the moment at least, cared for none of these things. Later in the Session he will introduce his Bills for the improvement of marketing and the elimination of the scrub bull. On Thursday he was occupied solely with his measure for the relief not of agriculture, which is the business of his Department, but of unemployment—and Miss Bondfield. His land utilization scheme is a desperate attempt to lighten the burden of the millstone which the Government tied round its neck at the last General Election, when it gained office by undertaking to solve the problem of unemployment. Because the burden gets heavier instead of lighter each week, the farmers must wait. He has told the leaders of their union that he has never known them satisfied with anything. They might fairly retort that so far as his present Bill is concerned, he apparently expects them to be satisfied with nothing.

THE LORD MAYOR'S SHOW

It was a happy idea, in addition to the extensive advertising of agricultural products by means of placards on omnibuses and hoardings, to include an ocular demonstration of National Mark goods in the Lord Mayor's Show. This exhibit, which showed John Bull in a shop selling National Mark products, was a useful and popular advertisement for the National Mark, considering that hundreds of thousands of people were closely watching every item in the procession. The National Mark exhibit was designed by the staff of the Marketing Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, of which some of those who took a personal part in the item are members. If marketing is to help farmers, such demonstrations are all to the good. It is fully recognized by now that the most optimistic enthusiasts never imagined that marketing reform alone would put agriculture on its feet; but there is a rapidly growing feeling that thorough and honest grading, combined with well-organized, cooperative, and orderly marketing, will form quite an appreciable drop in the bucket of prosperity, which one would like to see overflowing rather than almost empty.

SCOTTISH SHORTHORN VALUES

Scottish Shorthorn values at the principal sales of 1930 have reached their lowest average since 1926. This year 899 head of pedigree breeding stock have been sold for £49,115, or a general average of £54 12s. 7d., compared with £69 11s. in 1929, when 1,001 head realized £69,622. The highest values were reached in 1920, when 2,235 head of breeding stock were sold at the record average price of £254 2s. apiece. British agriculture was passing through a period of remarkable prosperity at that time. The oversea buyer was taking expensive bulls to Argentina and other South American countries, where he could sell them by means of photographs or newspaper illustrations, which were sent out in advance of the animals themselves. The average price of the cattle sold in Scotland this year has been almost £200 less than in 1920. The reasons for this violent change are to be found in the ever-diminishing number of herds of Scottish Shorthorns in England and Wales and the bad trade for bulls in Argentina. Only last week in Buenos Aires Scottish prize-winning bulls were sold by auction at prices little above the cost incurred in taking them out. Many animals were passed out of the ring and were afterwards sold privately at low values. At auction a Durno-bred bull made $9,100 and a MacGillivray bull $3,000.

SUGAR-BEET MANURES

As the result of experiments held on varying soils in many counties, the Irish Government announces that a standard dressing of artificial manures, consisting of 4cwt. superphosphate (35 per cent.), 4cwt. kainit, and 1cwt. sulphate of ammonia per statute acre, applied immediately before sowing sugar-beet seed, has given very satisfactory returns, compared with those secured by modifications of that dressing. Another discovery of considerable importance was that the application of additional quantities, amounting to 25 per cent. and even 50 per cent., of the standard dressing gave profitable increases in the average value of the crop per acre. A dressing of lime at the rate of 30cwt. per statute acre and applied in the winter before beet was grown slightly increased the average yield and sugar content. Where soil was badly in need of lime a dressing of even one ton of lime, applied at the time of preparing the land for sowing, produced a profitable increase in returns. Where the crop was grown on 18in. drills and the plants were singled at the stage when they had developed four rough leaves the best results were obtained.

FARM-LABOURERS

In his useful pamphlet on "The Agricultural Crisis and the Way Out" Dr. Cloudesley Brereton finds the main causes of the present plight of the industry in underconsumption and the excessive toll levied on farm produce by the various distributors. The chief remedies, he suggests, are organized marketing, a guaranteed price for wheat, a duty on foreign malting barley, the prevention of dumping, the quota system for the milling of home-grown wheat, and the making of the National Mark for beef compulsory. A specially interesting, because less familiar, feature of his brochure is his well-deserved appreciation of the farm labourer, whom he describes as "after the sailor probably the most handy man in the country." That is a verdict which most farmers will heartily endorse. Let any town-bred man, writes Dr. Brereton, try his hand at managing or breaking-in horses, at ploughing, at singling out turnips, at pitching hay or corn, at feeding stock and looking after sheep or pigs, at hedging, ditching, thatching, or threshing, and then see how he feels after even a day's work and what he thinks of the long training that is necessary before any one of these jobs can be mastered. He will have a long and dreary row to hoe before he can produce work the same quality as the highly skilled worker whom in many cases he is apt to look upon as a village clod-hopper.

MARKETING OF EGGS

LORD DE LA WARR'S SUGGESTIONS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

A great amount of interest has been centred in the Government's Agricultural Marketing Bill during the last few weeks because, although eggs are not at present contained in the schedule of the measure, this class of product has special qualifications and lends itself so readily to treatment under such schemes as the Bill is intended to provide for that its inclusion may be considered certain. In view of the rapid increase of poultry stocks, as shown by the 1930 census, and the corresponding increase in egg-production, it is remarkable to find so much hesitation, and even opposition, on the part of the poultry industry. The attitude of the National Poultry Council has already been expressed in a resolution of uncompromising hostility; and, so far as the technical Press is concerned, only *Poultry and Poultry Husbandry* has gone so far as to analyse the proposals, to recognize their possibilities in organizing distribution and marketing, and to indicate the increasing need of such organization.

A deputation from the National Poultry Council, which attended at the Ministry of Agriculture last week, was received by Lord De La Warr, the Parliamentary Secretary. The deputation stated its views and asked that eggs and poultry should not be included in the Marketing Bill. In a statement afterwards Lord De La Warr outlined some of the points which he had raised in the discussion, including questions which were put to the deputation, and which might advantageously be considered by the poultry industry as a whole. He asked, for instance, if producers agreed that certain exporting countries had established their position in the British egg markets through the organized and regulated marketing of their supplies; and, if so, considering that British eggs were now identifiable, whether producers were content to drift and allow the reputation of all British eggs to suffer through the indifferent marketing of a certain proportion. Must there not, therefore, be regulation of the home industry to assure that some universal standard of grading was enforced in the interests of all.

Lord De La Warr also suggested that with the rapidly increasing output in this country special measures should be taken to develop our home markets so as to absorb the supplies without disadvantage to the producers. He expressed the opinion that the soundest and, indeed, the only practicable step to develop the home market would be to standardize the grading and packing of our produce, and then to stimulate demand for it. Assuming such reform to be desirable or necessary, he asked if it would not be of overwhelming advantage to the poultry industry—and more acceptable than amending the criminal law—if it were left to producers themselves to decide the form and manner which the regulation of home marketing should take, and if powers were vested in them to carry such regulation into effect in their own way and time.

The pertinent question whether egg producers realized that this was an enabling Bill, and that it allowed producers to put forward their own schemes of marketing reform, was raised by Lord De La Warr. He pointed out that the Bill was designed to cover a wide range of products and possibilities, and that it was for producers of various commodities to decide which of the powers conferred by it would be of service to them. So far as eggs were concerned, he showed that a scheme applied to one of our "exporting" areas, such as Cornwall, Norfolk, or Anglesey, need not interfere with existing channels of trade, but would raise the reputation of eggs "exported" from those areas to a position of supremacy in the markets. In that way reform need not be imposed on self-sufficing areas, nor held back until the whole country was ready for it. The more progressive areas could go ahead and assure their own salvation.

COUNTY EGG-LAYING TRIALS

FIRST POSITION WON BY SOMERSET

Official returns issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, covering the county egg-laying trials operating under the Ministry's scheme during 1929-30, show that Somerset has gained the first position with an average of 1,482.05 points a bird, followed by Northamptonshire, with 1,432.50 points a bird. If eggs alone were counted, Northamptonshire would lead with an average of 206.08 eggs a bird, against 201.09 by Somerset. But awards in county laying trials are decided by points, which are determined by size of eggs and the seasons of production, so that Northamptonshire, with a superior egg average, loses by a few points the distinction which it gained last year, when it headed the trials with the first event of its kind ever held in the county. Lindsey (Lincolnshire) comes third, with 1,380.00 points (191.02 eggs); Leicestershire fourth, with 1,378.32 (186.75 eggs); Devon fifth, with 1,375.60 points (192.14 eggs); and Essex sixth, with 1,366.50 (189.41 eggs). Dorset, Hampshire, Derbyshire, Berkshire, Bedfordshire, and East Sussex follow next in order; and Staffordshire and Middlesex bring up the rear with averages of 1,170.27 points (173.50 eggs) and 1,146.20 points (172.48 eggs) respectively.

Mortality varied considerably in the different counties. Somerset began with 200 pullets and lost 16 (including several birds that were stolen from the trial ground). Northamptonshire, with an entry of 201, lost only seven; Dorset, with an entry of 250, lost 20; and Bedfordshire, with an entry of 150, lost only four. Casualties appear to have been more numerous among the heavy breeds; but these were in the majority, and the average yield was higher than from the light breeds, although a pen of White Leghorns in Dorset put up the highest total in the whole of the county trials—namely, 1,265 eggs and 10,012 points. Taking the various breeds, Somerset led in White Wyandottes with an average of 215.47 eggs and 1,626.40 points a bird, and in Rhode Island Reds with 196.42 eggs and 1,433.41 points; Northamptonshire led in Light Sussex with 203.16 eggs and 1,505.50 points; and Somerset in White Leghorns with 209.78 eggs and 1,535.20 points.

The highest individual score in the county trials was that of a Rhode Island Red pullet, owned by Messrs. F. and T. Neame, of Faversham, in the Kent county trials, which laid 292 eggs in 48 weeks, and added 17 more after being returned to her owners, making a total of 309 eggs in the year. This is only beaten, even in the national trials, by a Buff Plymouth Rock pullet, owned by Busby Pond Poultry Farm, Stokesley, in the Northern laying test at Burnley, which produced 293 eggs in 48 weeks, and completed a total of 321 (of which only three were second grade) in the year.

LAND SETTLEMENT SCHEME

COST OF HOLDINGS FROM 1919 TO 1926

In a written reply to Mr. Riley, M.P., Mr. Parkinson, on behalf of the Minister of Agriculture, states that the number of holdings provided by councils under the Land Settlement Scheme from 1919 to 1926 was about 16,000. The net capital expenditure on the purchase and equipment of land was approximately £15,250,000. Of this, £14,000,000 was advanced by the Public Works Loan Commissioners out of the Land Settlement Fund and the remainder provided locally. These figures include a certain amount spent on the equipment of land acquired before 1918.

The sum advanced was repayable in full over varying periods, with interest at rates varying from 4¼ per cent. to 6½ per cent., the average rate being 6¼ per cent. The losses due to the fact that the rents of the holdings fell short of the loan payments and the charges for repairs, management, &c., were repaid annually to councils for each year up to March 31, 1926. The amount so repaid was £5,100,000, but it should be observed that the number of holdings only reached its maximum in 1923 and that some part of the loss related to pre-War holdings on which further money was spent after 1918.

As from April 1, 1926, the Ministry paid to each council a pre-determined annual contribution for the whole of the council's pre-War and post-War holdings. The total amounts so payable in respect of the first five years were approximately as follows, and it might be assumed that the bulk was in respect of the holdings created after 1918:—1926, £737,000*; 1927, £902,000; 1928, £892,000; 1929, £865,000; and 1930, £845,000. The contributions would continue at a progressively diminishing rate until, by reason of the repayment of loans, the annual charges would fall to the level of the annual income. The high costs prevailing during the period when most of the equipment was provided were reflected in these figures.

* The full contribution of about £900,000 was reduced to this figure in consequence of overlapping with payments made under the arrangements in force up to March 31, 1926.

LIVE STOCK SALES

HEREFORD HERD BOOK SOCIETY

The Hereford Herd Book Society on Wednesday held for the first time a November show and sale of pedigree Hereford bulls at the Hereford Cattle Market. The auctioneers, Messrs. Edwards, Russell, and Baldwin, disposed of every bull of merit at satisfactory prices. The class for bulls calved on or between January 1 and August 31, 1929, was led by Major H. R. Sykes's Lydham Merrylute; this animal, a son of the champion, Resolute, which died last year, was sold after keen competition for 210 guineas to Major Ritchie, of Wellington, Shropshire. This was the outstanding price and one of the best for a Hereford this season. Two fine bulls among those calved on or between September 1 and December 31, 1929, gained the first and second prizes. They belonged to Mrs. H. C. Clegg, Broadway, Worcestershire, and the first prize-winner, Wormington Carl, was sold to Messrs. J. and N. Mortimer, Shobdon, for 60 guineas (the second best price). Wormington Couleur-de-Rose, which was second, was bought by a live-stock officer for 50 guineas, which price was also paid for a young sire entered by Mr. E. Stevens.

The annual show and sale of recorded and other dairy cattle at Hereford on Wednesday was conducted by Messrs. F. H. Sunderland and Co. There was a keen trade, and every lot changed hands at satisfactory prices. In the non-recorded class, Mr. P. Powell's cup and first prize-winner was sold for £46 to Mr. Phillips, Kington; the second prize animal, belonging to Mr. C. Powell, realized £38 10s., and among other prices were £33 and £32 10s. The leader in the recorded class was a cow shown by Messrs. Matthews Brothers, which was sold for £38 10s. The second and third prize-winners were respectively exhibited by Messrs. Jones and Tupsley and Mr. P. Powell, and both made £36. Other cows fetched from £35 10s. to £30.

Mr. Frank P. Matthews, of Messrs. John Thornton and Co., sold at St. Osyth, Essex, on Thursday the entire Dolts herd and a number of heifers from the Coppins herd of pure-bred British Friesian cattle, the property of Mr. A. H. Brown. The result was that 77 head averaged £27 11s. 5d., and brought in £2,123. Many heavy milking cows were offered, one of the best of the younger stock being Coppins Mona 8th, which yielded over 1,300 gallons in 332 days with her first calf. She was bought for 50 guineas for Mr. B. A. Thorpe's herd. This was the second best price of the sale, the top price of 58 guineas being paid by Mr. A. Smith for a two-year-old heifer, Coppins Mona 8th. Mr. H. D. Pulford bought the four-year-old Coppins Hermione 2nd for 42 guineas, and one of the choicest heifers, Coppins Countess 3rd, was secured for 40 guineas by Mr. A. J. Cadby. Mr. G. Hanson paid the same price for Coppins Abigail, a four-year-old cow.

JERSEYS AT GUILDFORD

There was a satisfactory level demand for pure-bred Jerseys at a collective sale, conducted by Messrs. Hammond and Craufurd, at Guildford on Thursday, when cows and heifers averaged £21 15s. One of the most promising heifers, the two-year-old Poulton Jaffina, from the small entire herd of Mr. E. Birkett, The Beeches, Cowden, Kent, was sold at 40 guineas to Mrs. Staines, a Surrey breeder. Mr. Birkett's Poulton Conclara, a four-year-old cow, went for 32 guineas to Major A. L. Bonham Carter; while the two-year-old Poulton Clairette's Replica went at 30 guineas to Mrs. Bridges. Moonstone, a cow entered by Major Oscar Guest, was sold for 30 guineas to Mr. B. C. Petrides. As usual, bulls did not make good prices.

Messrs. John Thornton and Co. sold 345 pigs, pedigree and non-pedigree, at Reading, on Wednesday. The total sum realized was £3,470. The top price of 33 guineas was given by Mr. P. Eastwood, jun., a Cheshire buyer, for a large white boar, entered by Mr. E. R. Debenham, Briantspuddle, Dorset. Foxley Barrister 2nd, a Berkshire boar, the property of Mr. P. H. Gold, Binfield, Berkshire, brought in 16 guineas from Messrs. Colebrook and Son, Reading; and Mr. G. E. P. Duckett, Cheddar, paid 21 guineas for Chilworth Miller 4th, a middle white boar, the property of Mr. H. Dibben, Chilworth, Hampshire. Other males, chiefly pure-blood, met a keen trade, while a sow and litter sold for £31, and another for £21.

At the annual November sale of horses, at Preston, by Messrs. E. G. Hothersall and Sons, on Monday, over 200 heavy draught and other animals were offered. Prices for the best horses were up to those of recent sales. Messrs. M. and E. Ward's five-year-old bay gelding, an excellent type of heavy horse, fetched the top price at 68 guineas. A young black gelding from Mr. T. Gardner was sold for 67 guineas. Other prices ranged from 63 guineas to 40 guineas.

APPLE AND PEAR SCAB

CAUSES AND PREVENTION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The Royal Horticultural Society are to be commended for issuing a leaflet on apple and pear scab—its causes and prevention. Apples and pears cracked or disfigured by scabby spots and blotches are familiar to all who grow fruit. Much of the English fruit which is grown shows these blemishes, and is either worthless or unpleasant to the eye, difficult to keep in storage, and of little use for the markets. No one wants scabby fruit, yet we continue to produce it, and our national reputation as apple growers suffers in consequence.

The leaflet says:—"The cracking often is attributed to the roots of the tree having found their way down to an unkind soil. Those who think this say that there is no way of fighting against such conditions short of lifting the tree, cutting the tap root (which, by the way, is never there), substituting for the poisonous subsoil something sweet and clean, and replanting the tree. The cracking is due to no such thing." If the leaflet succeeds in bringing this home to the fruit growers of the country its issue will have been more than justified.

The cracking and scabs are due to the attack of a fungus, and the only shadow of truth in the argument is that, if the subsoil is ill-drained this, like other diseases, may do more harm to a tree already in ill-health than to a healthy tree. This puts the case in a different aspect, because if no fighting can be done against the conditions due to soil, control measures against the fungus are possible, and these are well set out in the admirable leaflets of the society.

Two things, at least, are necessary for the development and spread of the fungus, or rather for the germination of the spores that develop it. These are moisture and heat. The leaflet suggests that trees should be pruned in such a way that air may circulate freely, and all parts be open to the drying action of the sun's rays. In every way efforts should be directed to maintaining dry conditions in the tree, about its shoots, fruit, and foliage. In the winter pruning all dead, dying, and diseased wood should be removed, for these carry the fungus over the winter and start in the spring to produce spores for a fresh infection. It is almost needless to add that such prunings should be burnt and not left lying on the ground.

VALUE OF SPRAYING

As an accessory measure of value, the society recommend that trees should be sprayed, not to kill the fungus at its source in the wood, but to coat the shoots, twigs, and leaves with a film of impenetrable armour against the spores. The further growth of the tree soon breaks this film, so that further spraying must be done. The society recommend that the first spraying should be done when the pink flush on the apple bud is seen, and the second spraying as soon as the petals fall. Pears are said to need a third spraying about June 10.

Two chemicals for spraying are mentioned—Bordeaux mixture and lime sulphur, each of which seems to possess advantages for particular varieties. The leaflet will be sent free to anyone who sends a post-card to the Secretary, Royal Horticultural Society, Vincent-square, Westminster, S.W.1.

The statements in the leaflet which, in the main, are supported by the report issued from the Fruit Research Station, clearly show that by taking a little trouble clean fruit may be gathered instead of scabby fruit; and that, in effect, if scabby fruit is produced, the blame cannot be laid to the soil, climate, or tree, but to slackness in not helping the tree to maintain a healthy condition. The difference in value between clean and scabby fruit is so great, and the volume of scabby fruit now produced is so large, that the adoption of the measures suggested by the society would greatly add to the value of the crop. We could, in fact, by taking care of our fruit and pear trees, and by pruning and spraying as recommended, increase the value of our apple and pear crop by nearly £1,000,000.

Leicestershire farmers have given notice to terminate the present agreement with their farm labourers under which they pay 34s. a week, and propose in future to pay 30s. The matter will soon come before the Country Wages Committee.

USING THE LAND

FARMERS AND THE NEW BILL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is well that the politicians should promote the better utilization of agricultural land in Great Britain, as it is to a great extent due to their efforts that so much of such land is rapidly going out of cultivation.

So at long last we have before us the Bill—Agricultural Land (Utilization) Bill—with which the Labour Party proposes to promote that better utilization and to implement their electioneering promise to "make farming pay." It is not surprising that the late Minister of Agriculture has retired to a safe and comfortable seat in the House of Lords rather than have to father such proposals as are contained in the Bill in question.

The other day I was discussing this Bill with a man in my employment who is a staunch supporter of the Labour Party, when he remarked that Dr. Addison was only a cast-off Liberal and knew nothing at all about agriculture, the truth of which latter remark is plainly to be found in the provisions of the Bill. Large demonstration farms, indeed! Why, there are plenty of such in this county of Norfolk if anyone cares to look around to find them, and it certainly would be an eye-opener to many and many a townsman, and perhaps even to Dr. Addison himself, to observe the energy, the skill, and the business acumen which are displayed in the management of those farms. As well might large demonstration boot and shoe factories be set up under public management in Norwich, Leicester, and Wellingborough in order to teach the boot and shoe manufacturers of those cities how to manage their business. If those who have been bred, born, and brought up as farmers, with that rich fund of accumulated knowledge of the practice of farming, knowledge which is constantly being augmented and practice which is equally being modified to accommodate it to changing circumstances, are unable, as they are unable at the present time and have been so for a good many years past now, to utilize the land so as to avoid loss thereby, it is perfectly certain that no publicly managed large demonstration farms can show them the way to utilize it so as to earn a profit for their labour.

The idea of financing the unemployed so as to settle them on the land under present conditions is too ridiculous for words. If those who are already on the land cannot earn a living at the job it is perfectly certain that the unemployed will not be able to do so, and any attempt to settle such on the land at the present time can only bring disaster to all concerned, and particularly to those who will have to do the financing—namely, the taxpayers.

The cost of the Bill is reckoned to be £13,000,000 for capital expenditure alone, and the other expenses in connexion with it are estimated at many thousands of pounds, in addition to the increase in the Ministry's administrative and technical staff which will be necessitated by the Bill, for the estimates of which the memorandum of the Bill truly mentions "it is impossible to state any precise figure, but it will clearly be large." It really seems almost impossible to conceive a more wicked waste of public funds than will be perpetrated by the passing into law of such a Bill as this.

Yours truly,
DAVIS BROWN.

Marham Hall, King's Lynn, Nov. 13.

P.S.—The Government have quite recently appointed an Industrial Adviser. In view of the provisions of this Bill it appears that it would be wise for them to appoint an Agricultural Adviser, one who at least has some elementary knowledge of farming practice and agricultural conditions, to advise them on matters agricultural.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your report of the debate in the House of Commons on the Land Utilization Bill the Minister of Agriculture stated that "a farm of 300 acres in Essex which was made into small holdings last year and formerly had one house and three cottages was now supporting 51 families who were all doing quite well." It is somewhat astonishing that further information on the colony was not asked for during the debate which followed, for the Minister's statement describes a most remarkable deviation from what might normally be expected.

Fifty-one families supporting themselves on 300 acres is equivalent to six acres per family. Assuming that the families concerned were obtaining a net income at least equivalent to that of an agricultural labourer (and surely the words "were doing quite well" imply this minimum) it would appear that the net profit was equivalent to over £13 per acre. It seems unlikely that the profit margin would exceed 20 per cent. on gross output—i.e., that the gross output on these holdings approximated £65 per acre. Such an achievement is, of course, possible, particularly in the event of the occupiers concentrating on the intensive production of poultry, pigs, and market garden produce. But as representing an "average" of the first year's results of a comparatively large group of producers the announcement somewhat naturally stimulates a demand for more detailed statistics.

Presumably the Minister's statement that the occupiers "were all doing quite well" is based on a study of the opening and closing valuations, purchases, and sales on the holdings concerned; or is it to be understood that, as the colony was only established "last year," financial details are not yet available, and that his remarks are therefore based solely on assumption? In this connexion it is perhaps relevant to quote Ashby's statement (see "Allotments and Small-Holdings in Oxfordshire," p. 177) that "arable or mixed holdings in which arable predominates should never be less than some 40 or 50 acres in extent, when each is expected to employ and support a family."

Yours faithfully,
R. McG. CARSLAW.

St. John's College, Cambridge, Nov. 15.

A WHEAT QUOTA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of November 10 Colonel Ruggles-Brise replies to the arguments I had previously advanced against proposals for an Empire wheat quota. With much of what he says I am in perfect agreement. We both agree that in normal circumstances a quota scheme would not raise the price of Dominion wheat in the British market. But he has not answered the further question that naturally arises: What in these circumstances has the Dominion farmer to gain from it?

England is to offer Canada a "guaranteed market." But what use is this to her if she is only to sell in it at world prices? If Canada is prepared to sell at world prices, there can be no doubt that she can always sell her wheat. The trouble in recent years is that the price offered has been unremunerative, and the wheat pools have consequently been experimenting in "holding back." If prices are not improved, and the quota scheme (so long as Colonel Ruggles-Brise's conditions are enforced) offers no prospect that they will be, Canada will still complain that she cannot sell her wheat—at the prices she thinks proper.

It is because the quota (and in the case of wheat the same applies to a tariff) does not promise any real advantage to the Canadian farmer that it is a fragile foundation for Imperial preference.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
J. R. HICKS.

London School of Economics.

THE ELM DISEASE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—When I was at Clingendaal, near The Hague, recently, the Baroness de Brienen showed me three diseased elms which were treated last spring with a preparation called Mabu. The method of treatment is akin to injection. I saw these same trees last year and noticed that they were in a bad way. The other day they seemed to be well on the road to recovery.

The disease is so variable in its incidence on infected trees, and the trees differ so much in their symptoms from year to year, that it would be unwise to build too much on such cases. I have been informed, however, that the inventor of the remedy referred to, one Bouma, an engineer of Dordrecht, has had trees under treatment for three years on the estate of the family of Hoboken at Rotterdam and that the results are encouraging; also that experiments with the remedy on trees elsewhere in Holland give grounds for hope that a palliative for the disease may at last have been found. It may possibly be more than a palliative, but in such matters hope and caution should go hand in hand.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
HORTUS.

November 15.

An emergency meeting of the Buckinghamshire Executive of the National Farmers' Union at Aylesbury on Saturday passed a resolution emphatically resenting certain statements by the Prime Minister, and supported by the Minister of Agriculture, regarding the "inefficiency of agriculturists as a whole and of the National Farmers' Union in particular."

BEARDED DOGS

THE PROGRESS OF SCHNAUZERS

(FROM OUR KENNEL CORRESPONDENT)

Until a few years ago the Schnauzer was but a name to British exhibitors. Unlike most extraneous breeds, his coming had not been heralded by chance appearances in the classes for foreign dogs. In 1925 a few people decided to import some, and a club was formed almost at once, of which the Duchess of Montrose became president, and Mr. Harold Chadwick, hon. secretary. Since then enough have been registered for the breed to receive separate classification at the Kennel Club, by which it will in future have the privilege of competing for challenge certificates. The committee will have to decide this week whether it goes in the sporting or non-sporting division, but that will present no difficulty. Schnauzers, in spite of their appearance and the celerity with which they will kill rats, are not terriers, but herdsmen's and guard dogs, and therefore non-sporting according to our definitions.

When we are trying to establish an alien breed we are naturally anxious to know how authorities from the homeland view our efforts. The opportunity came to exhibitors at the Kennel Club Show, where the judge was Herr Josef Best, a German. Several generations having been bred by the Duchess of Montrose, Mrs. D. McM. Kavanagh, Mrs. Hornyold, and others, the moment was opportune for a native opinion to be given. Herr Best opens his criticism of the exhibits in the *Kennel Gazette* with the remark that "the 37 Schnauzers which were exhibited were a splendid success, and a very promising beginning. Nearly all the animals showed good build, stiff hair, and gave proof of the most careful attention, some of them by being too well built."

EXCELLENT PROPORTIONS

In a way they must have seemed strange to him, the natural ears not being as smart as the cropped that are general elsewhere. He would have us aim at producing an erect or semi-erect ear, which will probably take a good deal of time, if we adopt the suggestion. The complaint that some of the dogs were too fat can be remedied. I cannot go to the length of calling Schnauzers "handsome," as he did. That they earn approval by their sturdy, well-knit frames and strong limbs, may be agreed; but their pepper-and-salt, iron-grey or black coats have a somewhat homely look. Their proportions are excellent, the length of body from the point of shoulder to the set-on of tail being as 10.9 of the height. That is to say, a dog 20in. in length should measure 18in. at shoulder.

The head is distinctive, being strong and fairly long and furnished with bushy eyebrows. On the jaws are moustaches and beard. The body coat is thick and wiry, lying fairly closely. Three varieties are recognized—the giant, medium, and miniature, the middle size being the most popular. This has measurements between 18in. and 20in. The Schnauzer is obviously a hardy dog, adapted to various purposes, friendly of disposition, quiet in the house, and not over given to loquacity; and that he is not a poacher is a great recommendation.

Although the breed is an innovation in this country, there is no doubt that it has been in existence for more than three centuries, and it has spread from South Germany to most Continental countries, as well as to the United States. For some reason or other, which is not quite apparent, the Americans call them wire-haired pinschers. My conclusion is that they are not flashy dogs, but that they may easily appeal to a wide public on account of their sterling qualities. They will probably make steady progress without creating any sensation.

THE BIRMINGHAM SHOW

The National Dog Show at Birmingham has a character entirely its own, and deservedly ranks as one of the leading fixtures. Schedules may now be had from Mr. H. Keeling, 109, Colmore-row, Birmingham, for the sixty-seventh exhibition on December 10 and 11. There is always a strong sporting atmosphere about these shows, which are usually well supported by all the gundogs and terriers. The classification, however, is comprehensive enough to please every one. The National Puppy Stake on the second day is an attraction, for there are six prizes, the first of which is 15 guineas, presented by the president, Sir Walter Evans.

The annual open show of the Pekin Palace Dog Association in the St. Marylebone Hall, Marylebone-road, on Friday next, will have an excellent entry of these popular toy dogs. The association is specially interested in encouraging the breeding of dogs between 5lb. and 10lb. in weight, thus avoiding the evils of extreme dwarfing on the one hand, and coarseness on the other.

Political Speeches

SIR J. SIMON AND LIBERALISM

PARTY "DYING OF TACTICS"

Sir John Simon, speaking at Cleckheaton (Spen Valley) on Saturday, commented on the position of the Liberal Party.

He said that the sole reason why this year, for the first time in his experience, Liberals had failed to put down an amendment to the Address, was because, if they did so, and there was any danger of the Conservative Opposition voting for it, Liberals would have to run away from their own amendment, if they did not wish to see the Government defeated. That was a position which seemed to him intolerable, and he did not believe that Liberal influence in Parliament or in the country could revive as long as it continued.

UNEMPLOYMENT DOUBLED

What had been the attitude which the Liberal Party took up at the beginning of this Parliament? Mr. Lloyd George had spoken in the name of every Liberal when he said that "If the Government would tackle the unemployment problem promptly, boldly, energetically, and wisely, they would have no more hearty and steady supporters than the members of the Liberal Party." When the Labour Government came into office in the second week of June, 1929, the number of registered unemployed was 1,112,000. To-day the number was 2,283,000—more than doubled. But it would not be entirely fair to compare June in one year with November in the next. So let them take for comparison the first week in November last year, when the number was 1,251,000. So, 12 months later this huge total had grown by another million. And here we were, only at the beginning of the winter.

But world conditions did not begin to affect unemployment when the General Election took place, even though things had got worse since. And if these things were, according to Mr. MacDonald, things which no Government could alter, there could be no objection on that score to changing the Government. After making every allowance for the fearful difficulties which had faced Ministers, could anyone dispute the statement in his letter the other day that the Labour Government had proved a complete failure? The full meaning of Mr. Lloyd George's complaint that the Government had shown no drive and grip in the presence of this urgent and critical problem could only be appreciated by those who knew intimately how much Mr. Lloyd George, and others who had worked with him, had tried to help.

The decision of the Liberal Party to support those measures of which they approved and to oppose those measures which they believed to be bad seemed to him in recent months to have undergone a subtle change. They still supported the Government in matters of which they approved, but when they came across a thing of which they as Liberals did not really approve at all, instead of voting against it, some of them constantly abstained. He well understood that many of his Liberal friends in such cases were tempted to avoid definite action, although Liberal opposition was clear, because they were afraid of the grave results which might follow if they expressed their adverse opinion by an adverse vote. They were not necessarily to be reproached on that account, for it was often legitimate to bear in mind these ulterior consequences. But he could never get out of his head the observation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman about the fate which overtook a Tory Government which was always manœuvring for position. "Gentlemen," he said, at the Albert Hall, in December, 1905, "for years they have lived on tactics, and now they have died of tactics." He (Sir John Simon) did not want that to be the epitaph of the Liberal Party.

A HABIT

This shrinkage from giving an adverse vote easily became a habit. It might proceed from the highest motives, but it was not understood by the country or respected by the Government. They should, he believed, best serve their country if they did not spend too much of their time in tactical calculations, but took a bold stand, come what might, for the things in which they believed.

First among these he would put the need for drastic and vigorous economy. It looked very much as though this year we should be faced with another heavy deficit. In these circumstances, he, for one, found it quite impossible to acquiesce in a vote for a further large sum to be paid, on very lax conditions, to parents, out of public funds, to compensate them for having their children educated at the public expense.

Continuing, he said:—"I am a warm believer in unemployment insurance, and, indeed, took some part as a Liberal Minister in framing and carrying the original Bill. I am very glad that the original scheme has been extended, but is there not a real danger that the system and conditions of relief have reached such proportions that some people are tempted to rely upon it as a constant incident of life almost to the point when the will and the determination to find work may be undermined? We all want to see the unfortunate helped to get back to honest toil, and it is quite right that the State should provide assistance in the meantime. But it would be a heavy price to pay if it has to be paid in ways that affect the character of any section of our people. . . . .

INDIA

"I must say one word, but only one word, about India. The Round-Table Conference meets on Monday, and there is no subject of the King who hopes more earnestly for a happy issue from these deliberations than I do. You cannot devote the best part of three years of your life to the study of the Indian problem, as we on the Statutory Commission did, without feeling the most intense interest in all aspects of it, and without acquiring, as I have acquired, a sympathy which is deep and lasting with Indian hopes and with all the Indian peoples. No words could have been better chosen than those which the King used last Wednesday when he wished for all who were members of the Conference the gifts of wisdom, patience, and good will. You may be sure that I will follow with the deepest attention the deliberations of those who have been chosen to play their part in discussions so momentous. . . .

"Two days ago there was published the Government of India's dispatch dealing with the Commission's report. Inasmuch as it took the members of the Commission nine or 10 months after their inquiry was closed to produce their report, and inasmuch as another three months elapsed before the Government of India's dispatch was completed, I should fear that it would be difficult for members of the Round-Table Conference to read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest this important document of 250 pages of print between last Thursday night and next Monday morning. At any rate, I have not had time to study it as it must be studied, and, if only for that reason, I shall say nothing about it to-day. In dealing with matters so varied and complex the forming of mere general impressions is as useless as the reiteration of mere slogans. The work of framing a Constitution under which one-fifth of the human race may live and move and have their being is a tremendous task, and we who have served on the Commission went through a long course of close and careful scrutiny and consultation before we found it possible to put forward proposals which, whether they be right or wrong, at any rate form a connected whole. One sentence from the Commission's report might usefully be repeated now: it must not be assumed that you can substitute a different design and different materials for one part of our structure without raising the question whether what remains can stand unaffected."

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE AND TARIFFS

MR. GRAHAM'S DEFENCE OF GOVERNMENT

Mr. WILLIAM GRAHAM, the President of the Board of Trade, speaking in Glasgow on Saturday, alluded to the result of the Imperial Conference and said that this country was asked to tax imported wheat and other foodstuffs for no immediate advantage whatever in manufactured articles and probably for no ultimate advantage at all. The imposition of a tariff on imported food would have a dangerous repercussion on at least two-thirds of our trade and particularly on a large volume of it with South America. He believed the Dominions fully recognised the peculiar position of the United Kingdom, and that during the coming year, prior to the resumed conference at Ottawa, valuable progress would be made in fields other than tariffism, which would promote inter-Imperial trade.

As regards our domestic industrial position, the reorganisation of the leading export industries was urgently required. In cotton, iron and steel, and other leading industries they were still proceeding on a voluntary basis; that is, they earnestly hoped that the industries themselves would put their house in order so that they might meet greatly changed conditions in home and foreign competition. The broad object was to achieve such improvement in the structure of these industries as would enable them to lower their costs of production on efficient lines without attacking wages—a method which would only lead to widespread industrial strife and great commercial loss. He believed that such an attack was quite unnecessary if the industries would vigorously tackle definite reorganization. The Government had no desire to become involved in compulsory legislation applicable to the cotton, iron and steel, or other industries.

COAL MINES ACT

Speaking in Bellshill, Glasgow, yesterday, Mr. GRAHAM predicted that if the Coal Mines Act were faithfully carried out it would place the industry in a position to meet the coming recovery in world trade. In view of Polish competition in Scandinavia, the Government had sent a delegation to the Scandinavian countries, and he trusted that soon that would lead to a revival of that part of their export trade.

Scotland was one for wages ascertainment purposes, but the Lanarkshire area depended mainly on inland demand, while Fife was largely dependent on the export trade. Accordingly, unless there was a levy to support the export coal, Fife would be at a disadvantage in that it had to pay the same wages rates as the rest of Scotland. It was largely owing to that difficulty that the Scottish owners had not been able to secure a majority for the scheme regulating the output of coal. He was glad to recognize that the owners would work as efficiently as possible the scheme which it was now necessary for the Board of Trade to introduce in Scotland. That scheme would cover the whole of the Scottish collieries. There would be allocation for Scotland, and in due course a quota standard tonnage for every pit. The amalgamation Commissioners would be appointed at an early date. It was their duty to frame schemes for the amalgamation of collieries in order to get rid of weaker units, and in that way to reduce the costs of production. Collieries could be amalgamated on voluntary lines, and if that were not undertaken then the Coal Mines Act guaranteed initiative to the amalgamation Commissioners, who would promote schemes which would become compulsorily binding.

One great difficulty was that many villages and towns depended almost entirely on the collieries, and if they were closed there was always the danger of derelict towns and villages. One of the Commissioners would be appointed for the express purpose of having regard to this phase of the problem.

Regarding the reduction in working time, he said that the two parties in the House had been committed to a reduction, and if the industry energetically undertook this reorganization the concession could be given without wages reduction. He hoped that in the succeeding weeks friendly negotiations between the parties would lead to a solution.

The Government were interested in the production of oil from coal, which, if successful, might give a new lease of life to British coal production.

THE COAL INDUSTRY

MR. SHINWELL ON "THREATS OF WAR"

Speaking at Ashington, Northumberland, on Saturday, Mr. E. Shinwell, Secretary to the Mines Department, referred to the forthcoming conference at Newcastle on safety in mines, to which, he said, he looked forward with great enthusiasm. He went on to refer to the present state of relations in the industry and the danger of disputes leading to stoppages of work, and added that a *modus vivendi* must be found.

"There are," he said, "threats of war in the coal mining industry. It is not long since I left the War Office for the Mines Department. Believe me, the War Office is a much quieter institution than the Mines Department. I left one war office for another. But in spite of the threats I am not without hope that that dispute will be avoided. We cannot afford another mining dispute, and certainly Northumberland cannot afford it, because if a dispute begins here—if I may use a colloquial expression—unaffected districts may 'collar the swag.'

"I am representing the Government and exercising a watchful eye on the mining industry, and I want to do my duty to promote the well-being of all districts. Moreover, we cannot afford any dispute, especially in exporting districts where there is foreign competition, because foreign competition is so intense that it cannot be guifed by talk of wages and hours. That is why I am spending all my efforts at the moment to promote an international agreement of a character satisfactory to the British coal trade. I make no secret of what I am doing. I am at present engaged in paving the way for an international agreement, and in this way I hope the coal mining industry will receive the encouragement of the Government.

"I observed in the newspapers of this morning, to my great surprise, an announcement regarding Part III. of the Coal Mines Act relating to hours of labour. I am a believer in newspapers and, if you agree with them, in their unimpeachable veracity. They say I am attempting to oppose that part of the Coal Mines Act. I am very glad of the opinion of the Press, but they are wrongly informed. I have no such intention.

A "MODUS VIVENDI"

"There must be a *modus vivendi* by which we can escape this impending doom. That, I know, is strong language, but I believe it sums up the position accurately, and I cannot say more at this stage.

"There is an impression in some quarters that the British coalmining industry is played out. That is not true; it is far from being true. The coal industry is still a valuable asset to the nation; certainly it requires a little reorganization, and I am glad to observe certain progressive ideas in some quarters. There is evidence in the coalmining industry that augurs well for its future success, and which shows that the industry is far from played out. At present it is only in the transition stage. I am full of optimism about our industry, and, speaking on behalf of the Government, we shall do all we can in the way of collaboration with the industry to promote its well-being."

Our Labour Correspondent writes:—

The statement that appeared in *The Times* of Saturday was that Mr. Shinwell suggested to the representatives of the Mining Association and of the Miners' Federation, whom he met on Thursday night, that in the absence of district agreements a postponement of the reduction of working time would be preferable to strikes. Mr. Shinwell's emphasis in his Ashington speech on the necessity for a *modus vivendi* was followed by a hint that he is working to that end.

Mr. A. J. Cook said on Saturday that the Miners' Federation had not had a proposal either from the Secretary for Mines or the coalowners to suspend the operation of the 7½-hour day. He also said that "no such proposal will be placed before the miners' national delegate conference for consideration next Thursday because it has not been received, and no question of a change of policy on the reduction of hours arises. All that the delegates will have before them will be reports of the proposals for new agreements made by the owners in the various districts, including the reductions of wages and the spread-over of hours, and also reports of discussions the officials have had with the Secretary for Mines in regard to the difficulties created by the coalowners' proposals."

In other words, the delegate conference will have to face the facts, and if it should appear that the miners have to choose between accepting the proposals made by the owners and continuing to work the present hours at the present rates of pay there is little doubt that they will choose the second alternative. No "proposal" for a postponement of the reduction of working hours has been made, and the existence of such a "proposal" has not been suggested in *The Times*. The governing facts of the situation are that the reduction of hours is due to take place a month before the marketing schemes can be put into effective operation, and long before their results can be calculated, and that in every district where an alteration of hours has to be made the negotiations have reached a deadlock. The immediate choice, therefore, appears to be between the continuation, for a further period, of the present hours of work, acceptance of the coalowners' proposals, or strikes in the areas that now work an eight-hour day. As Mr. Shinwell says, strikes would only benefit other areas, and not those in which they occurred. The *modus vivendi* is fairly clearly indicated, provided the delegate conference agrees.

RENFREW ELECTION

REVIVAL OF HECKLING

Candidates { Lord Douglas and Clydesdale (U.). Bailie T. Irwin (Lab.). Mr. W. O. Brown (Scottish Nat.).

Nominations: To-morrow. Polling: Nov. 26.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

GLASGOW, Nov. 16

Unless an unexpected candidate comes forward at the last minute the contest in East Renfrew will be confined to the three candidates already in the field. There have been rumours of an unofficial Liberal candidate and of an Empire Free Trade nominee, but it is expected that when nominations are received on Tuesday they will be confined to Lord Clydesdale (Unionist), Bailie T. Irwin (Labour), and Mr. W. Oliver Brown, who is standing in the interests of Scottish Nationalism.

Already there are indications that the poll is likely to be heavy. The attendance at all the meetings of the three candidates is exceptionally good and in many cases overflow meetings have had to be held. Moreover, there is a revival of heckling, in which Scottish audiences at one time were particularly active, but which has been less frequent in recent years. It is true that much of this heckling is undertaken by would-be wits, whose questions and retorts are sometimes not in the best taste, but the candidates do not object, as the prospect of these lively bouts between candidates and hecklers is an added attraction to the electors, and speakers are thus assured of large audiences.

CANDIDATES' POLICIES

Lord Clydesdale is in his element when dealing with such hecklers. One is reminded of his appearances in the ring as he parries and counter-thrusts in a duel with a hostile questioner. He pins his faith to the Unionist policy of tariffs and Empire trade, and makes a good impression everywhere he goes. Particularly does he address his appeal to the women electors, for whom he is addressing a series of afternoon meetings, which are a source of great encouragement to his supporters. In addition also to his regular evening meetings, he has had a series of talks with workmen at informal gatherings during the mealtimes at works gates. Bailie Irwin boldly declares himself a Socialist and a supporter of the Clyde group in the House of Commons. The unemployment problem figures largely in his speeches, and on this topic he can talk with experience, as he is himself at present an unemployed shipyard riveter registered on the books of the Dumbarton Labour Exchange.

Perhaps keenest interest is being taken in the meetings of Mr. Brown, who, as befits a Scots Nationalist, invariably appears on the platform in the garb of old Gaul. This keen interest, however, does not mean that there is any prospect of the Nationalist heading the poll. Mr. Brown is a fluent and witty speaker, well able to deal with noisy interrupters, and there is more prospect of entertainment at his meetings than at those of the other two candidates. Nevertheless, Mr. Brown is making a good impression, and his supporters believe that he will make a better show when the votes are counted than was at first thought possible. He makes a strong point of the closing down of Scottish factories and workshops under schemes of rationalisation, particularly where such workshops are linked up with English firms. The general impression, however, is that the Unionists will hold the seat with an increased majority; that Labour will be a bad second; and that the Nationalist will be well down the poll.

MR. CHURCHILL AND THE PRESS

THE STATUS OF JOURNALISM

Mr. Churchill, M.P., and Mrs. Churchill attended the annual dinner of the London District of the Institute of Journalists at the Waldorf Hotel on Saturday. Mr. H. A. Gwynne, editor of the *Morning Post*, was entertained in recognition of his services to the Institute during his two years of office as president, and the other guests included Mrs. Gwynne, Mr. W. C. Chillingworth, of Dublin, the president-elect of the Institute, and Mrs. Chillingworth. Mr. H. W. BUXTON, chairman of the London district, presided over a large gathering of London and provincial journalists.

Mr. CHURCHILL, proposing the health of the President of the Institute, described Mr. Gwynne as, upon the whole, the most consistent of journalists and editors he knew—a tribute which he felt would be appreciated, coming as it did from one of the most consistent of politicians. (Laughter.)

Mr. Churchill, in a tribute to his professional record, said that Mr. Gwynne was one of those men who had added dignity and strength to journalism and had kept its standard high and clean. Times were difficult, and the burden of life weighed heavily upon the people of the British Empire. To whatever party they belonged, they all felt harassed, anxious, and uncertain whether Britain was making the most she could of herself, but he was certain that the journalists belonging to the Institute would do their utmost to aid in the reinvigoration of our harassed and anxious State.

Mr. GWYNNE, responding, said that during his tenure of the office of president he had striven to place journalism on the high plane that was in the mind of those who founded the Institute. In these days of rationalization the journalists were going to have a very bad time unless they banded themselves together to uphold the status and dignity of the profession and place it on the same plane as the other learned professions in this country.

Mr. W. C. CHILLINGWORTH proposed "The London District."

The CHAIRMAN, in reply, said that they had had a year of useful work, and had helped to alleviate troubles of journalists who had suffered distress and embarrassment because of some of the happenings in Fleet-street. He announced, amid cheers, that Mr. Churchill had agreed to his name being added to the roll of members of the Institute.

Among those present were:—

Mrs. Buxton, Mr. R. D. Blumenfeld, Sir Charles and Lady Ivens-Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Bain, Mr. and Mrs. F. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. G. Springfield, Mr. A. T. Peterson (vice-chairman), Mr. and Mrs. Alan Pitt Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. S. Calling, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gilliland, Mr. H. W. Nevinson, the Rev. Arthur Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Taylor, Mr. E. N. Davis, Miss Joan Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Sewell, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Verginon, Mr. B. Waller, Mr. Sidney Dark, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Wading, and Mr. B. Alton (secretary).

PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATES

The executive committee of the Chelmsford Division Conservative Association at Chelmsford on Thursday night decided to recommend the adoption of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Vivian Leonard Henderson, Parliamentary Under-Secretary to the Home Office in the last Conservative Government, to be Conservative candidate for the division at the next election. Lieutenant-Colonel Howard-Bury, the present member, has intimated his intention to retire at the next election owing to pressure of private affairs. Sir Vivian Henderson was defeated by Labour at Bootle at the last election after holding the seat since 1924.

Mr. George S. Elliston, managing director of Messrs. Hodgetts, Limited, the Local Government publishers, and a member of the Corporation of the City of London, has been adopted as prospective Conservative candidate for Blackburn.

Captain A. F. G. Renton, of London, has been adopted as prospective Conservative candidate for the Eddisbury division in succession to Lieutenant-Colonel R. G. Fenwick-Palmer. Captain Renton twice contested West Leeds in the Conservative interest and also figured in the Northampton by-election four years ago. He has pledged himself to support Mr. Baldwin's fiscal policy to the full.

Mr. Thomas McLean, Manchester, the Northern organizer for the passenger section of the Transport and General Workers' Union, has been adopted as Labour candidate for the Exchange division of Liverpool at the next General Election. Mr. Harry Pollitt, formerly general secretary of the National Minority Movement, has been adopted as Communist candidate in the Whitechapel by-election caused by the death of Mr. Harry Gosling. Mr. Pollitt contested Seaham at the General Election against the Prime Minister.

KING EDWARD VII.'S HOSPITAL FOR OFFICERS

A Royal Charter of Incorporation has lately been granted to King Edward VII.'s Hospital for Officers, 17, Grosvenor-crescent, which was founded by Sister Agnes in 1899, at the beginning of the South African War. The first meeting of the council was held yesterday, when a message from the King was read expressing his wishes for the continued welfare of the hospital under the new conditions.

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CITY NOTES

THE ROYAL MAIL STATEMENT

FINANCIAL FACILITIES PROLONGED

We are informed that the Voting Trustees and the committee set up in June last to confer with the Court of Directors of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company and the boards of directors of the various subsidiary and associated companies have been requested to continue in office until December 31, 1931. It has also been arranged that the moratorium and financial facilities granted on June 10 last shall be extended until the end of next year unless terminated at an earlier date by the Voting Trustees and the committee. The committee consists of Mr. F. Hyde, managing director of the Midland Bank, Brigadier-General Maxwell, managing partner of Glyn, Mills and Co., and Sir William McLintock, while the chairman of the Trade Facilities Act Advisory Committee—Sir William Plender—acts in consultation with it. Originally it was arranged that the committee should retain office until the end of next month unless arrangements were made to extend the period. On the appointment of this committee bankers and discount houses agreed to continue their accommodation, while the Trade Facilities Act Advisory Committee and the Government of Northern Ireland likewise arranged to continue their facilities.

The Voting Trustees

Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., was invited to join the boards of the various companies, and he was appointed deputy-chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company. The recommendations which he might make after due examination and inquiry as regards changes of management and administration were to be considered by the boards of the companies affected and were, with the approval of the committee, to be made effective by virtue of wide powers conferred upon newly appointed Voting Trustees. The Voting Trustees are Mr. Runciman, Brigadier-General Maxwell, and Sir William McLintock. Fortune has not smiled upon the shipping industry since the reorganization was taken in hand by the committee. On the contrary, the state of the industry has become worse rather than better, and an extension of the moratorium is necessary. Thus the announcement made today will be welcomed by the stockholders and other parties interested, since it will enable the work of reorganization to continue without interruption.

War Loan Conversion Problems

Two Stock Exchange firms have lately compiled pamphlets dealing with War Loan conversion, a subject of deep interest to the Stock Exchange and of course to holders of the stock. Both of these pamphlets deal with previous conversion operations. One points out that from the experience of previous conversions the number of British holders who would not convert but would demand to be paid off in cash should not be excessive. The writer gives the following table of previous conversion operations showing the amount which was not converted:—

		Dissentients	Per
		£	
1822 ..	Navy 5's ..	2,794,276	1·88
1824 ..	Old 4's ..	6,149,245	8·0
1830 ..	New 4's ..	2,980,915	1·91
1844 ..	3½'s ..	1,100,552	—
1888 ..	Consol 3's ..	557,092,508 about 19,000,000	3·35

In 1888 three issues of Three per Cents., two of 1752 and one of 1855, were converted into an equal amount of Two-and-Three-quarters per Cent. stock, which later fell to 2½ per cent. This operation was carried out by Mr. Goschen and was a great success. The Act that governed the old Three per Cents. (1752) laid down that redemption was subject to one year's notice, and holders of old Consols had to be given a 12 months' run before deciding about conversion. They were, however, induced to make up their minds earlier by the offer of a 5s. per cent. bonus on conversion. It was a bold operation, for it dealt with a very large proportion of the National Debt at that time.

Two Schools of Thought

The National Debt in 1888 was £705,575,072 and the revenue £89,589,000. The National Debt is now 10 times that of 1888, and the Budget is nearly nine times that of 1888. The amount of the War Loan is £2,095,952,276, representing considerably less than a third of the National Debt. Relatively, therefore, a conversion operation, covering the whole of the War Loan, would be smaller than Mr. Goschen's in 1888. The really important difference between the two is that a large proportion of the War Loan is held overseas, its freedom from income-tax making it very popular with those residing abroad. The loan cannot be repaid in part, but only as a whole. That, however, would not prevent the Government from making a voluntary offer to holders of War Loan to convert part of their holdings into another loan bearing a lower rate of interest. The bolder spirits, however, urge that the Government should, when the moment is propitious, give notice to repay the whole of the loan and at the same time offer terms of conversion into a lower interest bearing stock, the interest to fall, as under the Goschen plan, gradually over a period of years. They contend that the risk of inflation would be extremely small, and that any inflation would be temporary, since notice of repayment would cause the majority of holders to rush to convert into the new stock, since the latter would quickly realize that any attempt to invest a substantial sum in existing securities would force prices up to a prohibitive level, and thus make the new conversion stock more attractive. They point to the effect of the notice of repayment given to the Tax-Compounded Loan on the gilt-edged market in support of their views. Another school of thought favours the funding of War Loan by instalments of, say, 10 or 20 per cent. Supporters of this view fear that the size of the foreign holding of War Loan, which might have to be paid in cash, renders it undesirable to attempt to convert the whole loan at once. The possibility of foreign holders demanding cash in large amounts would not be great if the moment for conversion were well chosen. That is to say, the time for inviting foreign holders to convert, say, into a Four per Cent. stock would come only if the rate of interest for similarly high-class stocks abroad was no higher, and holders were compelled, for the most part, to take the new conversion stock. At present the rate of interest both in America and France for high-class stocks is lower than in this country.

The Fall in Oil Shares

The fortnightly Account which ended in the Stock Exchange on Friday has been by no means humdrum. At one time there appeared indications that the buying movement which has for some time been pronounced in the gilt-edged department would extend to markets generally, for sentiment was undoubtedly affected by the Labour losses at the municipal elections and by the Conservative win at Shipley. But a recurrence of liquidation from abroad, and the passing of interim dividends by such solid undertakings as Guest, Keen, and Nettlefolds and the Fine Cotton Spinners' and Doublers' Association, together with the announcement of reduced earnings and dividends by a number of other companies, gave a fresh reminder of the difficult times through which industry is passing. Another event that shook confidence was the weakness that developed in oil shares in consequence of the fears of another "oil war." How severe has been the depreciation in oil shares during the present year may be seen from the following table, which also enables comparison to be made of movements on the past Account:—

Share	Latest price	Make up Nov. 3	Highest this year	Fall from highest
Anglo-Persian ..	2⅛	3⅛	4⅞	1⅜
Burmah ..	3½	4	4⅞	1⅜
Canadian Eagle ..	8/-	8/6	14/-	6/-
Lobitos ..	8/-	8/6	14/-	6/-
Mexican Eagle ..	1⅛	1¼	3/-	27/6
Royal Dutch ..	7/9	8/7½	15/3	7/6
Shell Transport ..	2½	2⅝	3⅝	9/6
Trinidad Leaseholds ..	1⅝	1⅝	4⅛	1⅝
V.O.C. ..	1⅝	1⅝	3⅛	2/-

Within the last few days the market has been steadier, largely in consequence of the maintenance of the interim dividends of the Shell and Royal Dutch companies.

Burma Corporation Accounts

The effect of the fall in metal prices upon the results of the Burma Corporation for the 12 months ended June 30 has been less than might have been expected. The directors point out in their annual report, however, that the accounts do not reflect the full measure of the decline. Net profits were Rs.92,48,040—a decrease of Rs.48,16,525; and the two dividends declared, making in all 13 annas per share (or 8½ per cent.), absorbed Rs.1,10,02,621. It was thus necessary to draw on the "carry forward," which is reduced from Rs.27,09,952 to Rs.9,55,371. The following table summarizes the results for the past three years:—

	Year ended June 30		
	1930	1929	1928
Ore mined (tons) ..	560,585	463,057	429,545
Lead production (tons) ..	79,267	78,716	72,388
Silver production (oz.) ..	7,225,581	7,347,333	6,926,901
Zinc production (tons) ..	58,335	60,180	62,195
Copper matte (tons) ..	12,904	10,719	12,338
Working profit (Rs.) ..	1,52,20,352	2,08,80,780	1,96,46,900
Average London metal prices:—			
Lead ..	£20 19s. 6d.	£22 12s. 6d.	£21 8s. 6d.
Silver ..	21-24d.	29-15/16d.	28-5/16d.
Spelter ..	£20 15s. 5d.	£25 14s. 9d.	£26 7s. 1d.
Copper electrolytic ..	£79 0s. 4d.	£79 5s. 7d.	£95 1s. 4d.

The decline in profits is entirely attributable to the fall in metal prices. Had prices of metals shown no change larger earnings would have been obtained, for the metallurgical efficiency of the corporation's plant was again higher, and operating costs showed a satisfactory reduction. Moreover, a further decline in costs has taken place since June 30.

An Important Ore Discovery

As a result of the reduced demand for lead the Burma Corporation experienced some accumulation of unsold stocks of that metal, and in consequence the board decided not to proceed with the programme of milling an increased tonnage of lower-grade ore. The new section of the mill, however, was adapted to treat copper ore, with a consequent increase in the production of copper matte. Development work yielded an important discovery, namely a southern extension of the "Chinaman" ore body. This extension has been named the "Meingtha" ore body; at the 171ft. level it is 1,100ft. long with an average width of about 30ft. The discovery should provide a large addition to the ore reserves. Without including any estimate for this new ore body, the ore reserves on June 30 showed a further increase at 4,255,665 tons, the ore developed during the year having exceeded by 124,696 tons the tonnage mined, notwithstanding the extraction of 500,585 tons during the period. Assay values show a slight decline. Conservative financial direction is indicated by the balance-sheet, which reveals a large excess of floating assets over current liabilities. The assets include £632,978 in investments at cost—the market value at the end of the year having exceeded this figure—and £621,490 in cash.

India Rubber, Gutta Percha, and Telegraph Works

The India Rubber, Gutta Percha, and Telegraph Works Company has fallen upon lean times, but when the present scheme of drastic reorganization and reconstruction has been completed, the shareholders should be able to rely upon a return of prosperity. The accounts for the year ended August 31 show a loss, after making provision for depreciation, of £95,978. From this is deducted the credit balance brought in of £52,983. The Ordinary dividend paid on December 1, 1929, absorbed £18,750, and the Preference dividends paid in January and July last absorbed £10,417, leaving a debit balance of £72,162 to be carried forward. A very large proportion of the loss last year was due to the writing down of raw materials and stocks to the low values now ruling. Early in the year the directors, realizing the downward trend of trade conditions, decided upon a policy of "drastic reorganization." Costs of production have already been lowered by substantial economies in overhead charges, and the selling organization has been strengthened with results that are already apparent. The directors admit that the reorganization is entailing considerable hardship to employees, but they are treating them as generously as the slender funds of the company permit. Naturally the directors cannot sanction the payment of the Preference dividend on January 1, but they are satisfied that the steps now being taken will materially improve the company's position. The balance-sheet shows that the floating assets amount to £874,525, while the current liabilities are only £136,724. A year ago these items were £827,558 and £149,008 respectively. The gross profit for the year was £96,702, against £208,396 in 1928-29. The allowance for depreciation is £39,017, against £34,210.

Argentine Finances

There is evidence that the new Argentine Government fully realizes the importance of balancing the nation's Budget. The task will apparently be no light one, for it is understood that the Government found a larger deficiency in the national finances than had been expected. Some indication of the unsatisfactory condition into which the country's finances had drifted is provided by an article in the latest review of the Banco de la Nacion Argentina. This article points out that the growth of expenditure out of all proportion to the fiscal resources, which have appreciably diminished, and the carrying out of public works without making the corresponding bond issues, forced the Treasury to make

(Continued at foot of next column)

use of banking loans, and that this, in conjunction with the obligations towards banks which contractors to the State were compelled to incur owing to non-payment for goods supplied, contributed in a marked degree to the expansion of credit. This creation of credit, the bank considers, has contributed to the depreciation of the peso inasmuch as it served to stimulate imports. The bank rightly points out that the steps taken to abolish the deficit, as well as those relative to the floating debt, will be of fundamental importance in the financial consolidation of the country, and that a balanced Budget is essential to the establishment of sound money. The exchange moved sharply in favour of the peso immediately following the change of Government, rising to over 41d. Since then, however, it has receded, and has for some time remained at about 38⅛d.

MONEY MARKET

FRENCH EXCHANGE HIGHER

SATURDAY'S GOLD EXPORT

The Money Market on Saturday experienced the easy conditions usually encountered at the end of the week. Fresh advances over the week-end were obtainable at 1½ per cent., and at the close at 1 per cent., while for the renewal of old loans carried at variable rates the general charge was 1½ per cent. The large banks, however, maintained the rate for their regular loans at 2 per cent. Discount rates were practically unaltered, but in some directions bills were reported to have come forward rather more freely, the market obtaining three months' fine bank bills at rates ranging from 2 3/16 per cent. to 2¼ per cent. The day's withdrawal of bar gold from the Bank of England for France was rather large, amounting to £365,000. A slight rise occurred in the French exchange, which closed at 123.66f.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.)	Discount (Bank Bills (per Cent.)				
Day to day	7 days or short periods	60 days	3 months	4 months	6 months
1—2	2	2 5/16—2¼	2 3/16—2¼	2¼	2 7/16—2⅝

Discount (Treasury Bills)		Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths	3 Mths	3 months	4 months	6 months
% 2 5/16—2¼	% 2 3/16	2 3/16—2¼	2¼—2⅜	2⅜—2½

CALLS OF THE WEEK

To-day	Ceylon Govt., 4½% 1965 ..	50%	£675,000
Tuesday	Union of Sth. Africa, 4½% Stk., 1955-75 ..	20½%	£1,025,000
Friday	Allsopp (Samuel) and Sons, Ordy. £1 shares ..	10s.	£233,204

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Sterling in terms of New York dollars opened weaker at $4.85 19/32c. in sympathy with the lower overnight quotation in New York. There was a recovery, however, and the rate closed without change on the day at $4.85 41-64. A rise of 2c. took place in the French exchange, the rate closing at 123.66f., and the Swiss rate was again higher at 25.06f. The Italian rate, however, was lower at 92.76½l. Spanish exchange was unsteady, and on balance showed a movement of 20c. against the peseta to 42.07½p. At 20.38¾m. the Berlin rate was slightly lower, and the Vienna exchange fell back to 34.48¾sch. Silver currencies appreciated sharply, the Hong-kong rate closing 5/32d. higher at 1s. 3 23/32d., and the Shanghai rate 7/32d. higher at 1s. 7 7/32d. Japanese currency was also firmer at 2s. 0 17/32d. The rupee remained at 1s. 5 23/32d. Among the South American exchanges, the Rio rate was slightly higher at 4 5/32d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'nge	Nov. 15	Nov. 14
New York	⅛ to £	4.8666	4.85 3/4—4.86 1/16	4.85 15/16—4.86 1/16
Montreal ..	⅛ to £	4.8666	4.85 15/16—4.85 5/16	4.85 15/16—4.85 5/16
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.62-65	123.62-65
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.82½-83	34.82½-83
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.74-92.79	92.74-92.79
Switzerland	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.05½-06½	25.05-25.06
Helsingfors	M. to £	192.39	37 3/4—37 5/4	37 3/4—37 5/4
Madrid ..	Pes. to £	25.2215	1925/8-193	1923/4-193
Lisbon ..	Escudo to £	110	41.80-42.20	41.85-42.15
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	1083/4-1083/4	1083/4-1083/4
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	12.07½-07½	12.07½-07⅝
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.58½	20.38¾-38¾	20.37¾-38½
Budapest ..	Pen. to £	27.82	34.46-34.50	34.47-34.50
Prague ..	Ke. to £	164.2527	27.75-27.78	27.76-27.78
Warsaw ..	Zloty tot.	43.38	1633/4-1637/8	1633/4-1637/8
Riga ..	Lats to £	25.2215	439/16-439/16	435/16-43716
Bucharest ..	Lei. to £	813.6	817-819	23.21-23.28
Constant'ple	Pst. to £	110	1.0252	8173/4-81814
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	275.2215	2741/4-2745/4	1.0252
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	25.2215	487/8-487/8	2741/4-2743/4
Sofia ..	Lev. to £	487/8-488	668-679	487/8-487/8
Athens ..	E.Kr.to£	668-679	18.21-18.27	668-673
Oslo ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15½-18.16	18.15-18.27
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16-18.16½	18.15½-18⅛
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15-18.15½	18.09⅜-10⅝
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	18.14-18.16½	18.16-18.16½
Bombay ..	Per rup.	1s. d.	97 15/16-97 7/8	97 7/16-97 1/2
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	1s. d.	1 5/32-1 5/16	1 5/32-1 5/16
Madras ..	Per rup.	1s. d.	1 5/32-1 5/16	1 5/32-1 5/16
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1 5/32-1 5/16	1 3/32-1 5/16
Kobe ..	Per yen	24.59d.	1 5/32-1 5/16	1 3/32-1 3/32
Shanghai ..	Per tael	—	2/0 7/16-2/0 17/32	2/0 7/16-2/0 17/32
Singapore ..	Per dol.	2/4	1.71-1.71¼	1.71-1.71 1/16
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	2.32 23/32-2.32 27/32	2.32 23/32-2.32 27/32
Manila ..	Per peso	24.666d.	12.07¼-08¼	12.07¾-08¼
E. de Jan.	Per mil.	5.899d.	2/06⅛	2/06⅛
C. Colons	Per dol.	47.577d.	47 4/16-47 5/16	47 4/16-47 5/16
Uruguay ..	$ to £	40	38-38¾	38-38¾
Montevideo	Per dol.	51d.	39-39½	39-39¼
Lima ..	Soles to £	12.166	15.00	39¼-39¾
Mexico ..	Dollar to £	9.76	10.70-10.90	Nominal

† 90 days. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

	Buying Rates per £100					
	Demand		30 days' sight		60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia* ..	109 16 3	110 7 6	110 18 9	111 10 0		
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 3 9		
Africa and Rhodesia ..	98 15 0	98 3 9	97 12 6	97 0 0		

	Selling Rates	
	Cable Transfers	Demand
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia* ..	108 10 0	108 17 6
New Zealand ..	90 7 6	90 9 0
South Africa ..	99 15 0	99 15 6
Rhodesia ..	99 16 3	99 12 9

* Rates for 100 London pounds.

The Bank of England announced on Saturday, the sale of £365,477 in BAR GOLD, and the export of £5,000 SOVEREIGNS. Since Wednesday last there has been a net efflux of £78,639, as shown below:—

Arrivals	£	Withdrawals	£
Nov. 13— ..	Nil	Nov. 13— ..	
		Bar gold ..	314,724
		Sovereigns ..	39,000
Nov. 14—		Nov. 14—	
Sovereigns ..	940,000	Bar gold ..	281,465
Bar gold ..	37	Sovereigns ..	13,000
Nov. 15 ..	Nil	Nov. 15—	
		Bar gold ..	365,477
		Sovereigns ..	5,000
Net efflux ..	78,639		
Total ..	£1,018,676	Total ..	£1,018,676

Net influx for 1930 to date, £10,970,059, net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

The price of GOLD in the open market remained at 85s. 1d. per oz.

On a little support from China the price of SILVER rose 1/16d. to 16¼d. per oz. for cash, and 16⅛d. per oz. for forward delivery.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

	Nov. 15	Nov. 14		Nov. 15	Nov. 14
Abitibi ..	9¼	9⅛	Dom. Glass ..	102	102
Asbestos ..	1¼	1¼	Dom. Textile ..	80	77
Do., Pref. ..	1	1	Fam. Players ..	No bid	No bid
B.C. Packers ..	21⅜	21⅜	Fraser Cos. ..	37⅜	3
Braz. Tract. ..	26⅜	26½	Hollinger ..	5¾	5¾
B.C. Fer., A ..	36	35	Int. Nickel ..	19⅞	19¾
Do., B ..	13¼	13	Massey H. ..	15½	16
Brit. Emp. Steel ..	No bid	No bid	Montreal L'd ..	55¼	55⅛
Do., 1st Pf. ..	No bid	No bid	Nat. Brew. ..	25⅞	25¼
Do., 2nd Pf. ..	2¼	2¼	Nat. Steel Car ..	34	32
Calgary ..	150	150	Ogilvie Flour ..	260	256
Can. Car. ..	19	18⅜ x.d	Port. Alfred Pulp. Pref. ..	No bid	No bid
Do., Pref. ..	No bid	23¼	Power Corp. ..	51¼	51
C. Cement ..	14⅜	14¾	Price Bros. ..	42	42
Do., Pref. ..	No bid	90½	Quebec Pwr. ..	44⅛	44
C. Cottons ..	No bid	No bid	S. Law'ce C. ..	4¼	4¼
Indus. Alcohol, A ..	2	2	Shawinigan ..	51⅛	50¼
Do., B ..	2	2⅛	S. Canada Power ..	28	28
C. Power ..	6¼	6¼	Steel Co. of Canada ..	41¼	40⅞
C. Steamship ..	6	7	W'ger Elec. ..	20	20
Do., Pref'd. ..	No bid	10	Bk. Montreal ..	No bid	285
Cockshutt ..	12⅛	12	Can. Bk. Com. ..	225	No bid
Cons. Mining ..	153	144	Royal Bank ..	280	280
Dom. Bridge ..	58⅞	55			

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter:—

	Nov. 15	Nov. 14
Atchison, Pref. ..	106½	105
Lehigh Valley ..	46	46
Missouri, Kansas and Texas ..	22	21¼
New York, Ontario and Western ..	54	53¾
Reading, 1st Predfd. ..	47	47
Texas and Pacific ..	105	105
National Lead ..	126	118

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights. ‡ Ex stock dividend. § Asked. ‖ New stock.

Call money was nominal. Commercial paper remained at 2½ to 3 per cent. for prime names.

Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2 per cent. to 1⅞ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2¼ to 2⅛ per cent. for six months bills.

Sterling exchange improved slightly to 4.85⅛ for cable transfers.

Silver rose ⅛c. to 36⅛c. for foreign bullion.

Bonds were quiet but firm. Sales reached $4,470,000.

FRENCH BANK TO REOPEN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 16

It is announced that the Crédit du Rhône, which suspended payment some 10 days ago, is now prepared to reopen, the Crédit Lyonnais having come to its assistance. The Banque Commerciale du Havre, a private bank mainly used by local shopkeepers, has suspended payment.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FIRM TENDENCY

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Stock Exchange trading was fairly brisk for a Saturday, and although irregularity was shown during the session, the market as a whole maintained its recent firmness.

There was scattered week-end realizing at the opening, but this was offset by speculative buying and investment accumulation, the latter reflecting moderate bullishness inspired by four successive upward sessions. Considerable profit-taking, however, limited advances. The weekly mercantile reviews reported a continued decline in industrial activity, with marked irregularity in general trade. This revived caution in some quarters, but further drives against the short interest in various specialties prompted further covering and caused quick rebounds, notably in the amusement group. The list generally rallied quietly during the later trading with further recommendations to buy sent out by brokerage houses, encouraged by rumours of copper developments, coupled with further reports that sectional increases in automotive operations will prove initial manifestations of business revival. Realizing again appeared towards the end of the session, chiefly affecting copper stocks, several of which fell back appreciably, but the general market closed firm.

Sales were returned at 1,708,000 shares, making a total of 18,949,000 shares for the week, against 11,256,000 shares last week, and 27,431,000 shares last year.

The stock averages show gains on the week, that of 20 representative railroad stocks being higher by 2.97, at 108.67, that of 30 leading industrials by 13.54, at 186.68, and that of 20 public utilities by 5.30 at 66.46. The railroad and industrial averages a year ago were 141.25 and 228.73 respectively.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	Nov. 15	Nov. 14
MONTREAL on—		$	$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85¼	4.85¼
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight ..	£1	—	4.85 7/16	4.85 7/16
Cables ..	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅝	4.85 15/32
60 days' sight ..	£1	—	4.83¼	4.83⅛
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85⅜	4.85⅛
Seven days ..	£1	—	4.84 11/16	4.84¼
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.92¼	3.92¾	3.92⅞
Rome, cables ..	100l.	5.26	5.23⅝	5.23⅝
Amsterdam, short sight ..	100fl.	40.20	40.19½	40.19½
Oslo, cables ..	100kr.	26.80	26.75	26.75
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.83	26.83
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.74¼	26.74
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96⅜	2.96⅜
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.82½	23.82¾
Brussels, cables ..	100bel.	13.90	13.95	13.95
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.33	19.33¼
Madrid, cables ..	100ps.	19.30	11.55	11.60
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.07	14.09¼	14.09¼
Budapest, cables	100pen	17.49	17.50¾	17.50¾
Belgrade, cables ..	100din.	19.30	1.77¼	1.77¼
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.29⅓	1.29¾	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires ..	1 peso	42.54	34.44	34.50
Rio, cables ..	1 mil	32.45	10.00	10.00

RAILWAYS

Closing Prices	Nov. 15	Nov. 14
Atchison ..	193½	192
Atl. Coast L. & O. ..	120	118
Do., Pref. ..

COMPANY MEETING

VENESTA, LIMITED

SATISFACTORY RESULTS

VOLUME OF BUSINESS MAINTAINED

The THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Venesta, Limited, was held on Friday last at Vintry House, Queen-street-place, London, E.C.

CHAIRMAN—Sir Edward Rosling.

The SECRETARY (Mr. J. W. Osborn) having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report,

The CHAIRMAN said:—The report and accounts for the year ended June 30 last have been in your hands, and I presume you will, as usual, take them as read. (Agreed.)

In dealing with the accounts before you, there are some items to which I think you would like me to refer. Taking the profit and loss account, the amount for office rent will be reduced in 1934-35 by £2,500 per annum, when a lease of some offices we hold in Leadenhall-street will expire in 1934.

The remuneration to our agents, staff, and managers shows an increase of £6,943 as compared with 1929, but this is due to the fact that our staff are paid partly by commission on the company's profits above 10 per cent. on the Ordinary share capital. In good years this item obviously increases.

The directors' commission is calculated on a similar basis, and consequently their remuneration varies from year to year with the profits of the company.

The expense of advertising, &c., is also a variable item, and to some extent any increase in this item in one year is likely to benefit the sales for the succeeding years. I do not think that the other items of this account call for any comment.

THE BALANCE-SHEET

Turning to the balance-sheet, you will notice there are some alterations in the form of the account to comply with the Companies Act of 1929, and that this year we have deducted the reserve for depreciation from the value of the assets to which they refer. We think it would not be possible to replace these assets at the depreciated value at which they stand in the accounts, and they are insured at replacement value for a considerably larger sum, apart from the value of land, roads, quay walls, barge beds, and other items which are not covered by fire insurance and which would cost us much more to acquire and erect now than it did when their cost was incurred.

The increase in bills payable is due to the fact that from January to June, 1929, we had in hand most of the proceeds of the notes issued in December, 1928, and we used this money, or most of it, from January to June in 1929 to pay for goods in cash instead of accepting bills. Since that time it has been gradually applied to the purpose for which it was subscribed, and the bills payable have risen to about the normal amount outstanding in former years.

The investment in subsidiary companies is represented by shares in companies having a normal capital of about £327,000 at current rates of exchange.

The stock carried forward shows an increase on the year of £21,393, and is valued as usual at cost price or market price, whichever is lower, the average values being lower than on June 30, 1929. Advances against goods to be delivered are about the same as a year ago, although the quantities being produced to which these advances refer are appreciably larger.

The sundry debtors show a considerable increase, which is mainly due to the larger turnover. In this connexion I would like to draw your attention to the fact that the bad debts for the year only amounted to £588 19s. 2d., which I should think is rather a record for a concern of similar magnitude.

The Debenture debt has been reduced by £4,500, and £9,972 has been paid to the Sinking Fund for further redemption of Debentures, making a total of £8,507 provided for redemption of Debentures during the year.

FALL IN COMMODITY PRICES

We believe that you will think that the results are not unsatisfactory. I propose, as last year, to deal with the events of the 12 months under review in so far as they have affected our several departments.

From towards the end of last year there has been a steady fall in the prices of all commodities in most trades, and our trade has been no exception; and to maintain sales in the face of falling markets is no easy matter.

The improvement in the working of our Silvertown factory, to which I alluded last year, has continued, and we see no reason to believe that there will be any retrogression here.

Our policy is to concentrate on the most economical production, on the largest possible scale, of those products with which this company's name has always been associated, and to refrain from making excursions into other fields of industrial activity. To maintain the standards of quality and to lower the costs of manufacturing—now called rationalization—are not perhaps very original ideas. Manufacturers have always striven to reduce their costs of production, but we are sure that it is only by an intelligent application to this objective that competition can be met and losses converted into profits.

METAL DEPARTMENTS

Our metal departments have continued to make satisfactory progress, although the profit obtained in the metal rolling and in the collapsible tube department, owing to severe competition, does not recompense us for the capital employed and the amount of detail work of a highly technical nature which we have to put into these departments. The steady progress which has been made over recent years leads us to hope that as time goes on the remuneration from these departments will prove adequate. Certainly the results last year showed an encouraging improvement.

The factories abroad which supply us with most of our plywood have increased their production and have maintained their high quality, and, what is even more difficult, their uniformity of grading. This continues to be recognized by our customers as the outstanding feature of our production.

You will remember that at the end of 1928 we made an issue of £100,000 in Six-and-a-Half per Cent. Notes, and that the money this issue brought in was to be used for financing supplies of plywood. These supplies commenced to come forward in January last, and since then in steadily increasing quantities.

I indicated in my last year's report that we anticipated a slowing down of business in some of our foreign markets. This unfortunately proved to be the case, particularly in Germany, but against this, other countries have shown some progress which we did not expect.

THE OUTLOOK

In view of the unstable world conditions I am sure you will wish me to inform you, as far as I am able, how these are affecting the company to-day and what I think of the future. Prices of nearly all commodities have fallen. The volume of our business is being maintained, but much of it is obtained at lower prices than a year ago. At no time have we ourselves been overloaded with stocks, but competitive goods have at times flooded the market, and it is in competition with the sacrificing of such goods—often to realize cash to meet liabilities—that we have to sell at lower prices. To what extent we shall be able to purchase from our suppliers at reduced prices during the coming months we are not yet able to say, but every effort is being made to lower production costs.

During recent years we have steadily increased our reserves and the balance of undivided profit carried forward. During the year under review the profit amounted to about 17½ per cent. on our Ordinary share capital, and we have proposed a distribution of 8 per cent. If profits fall some of our expenses fall also—especially the provision we have to make for taxation and our management and agency expenses. Last year we carried a considerable amount of unproductive capital or assets, which we are sure will sooner or later add to the income and profits of the company. The principal items under this

(Continued at foot of next column)

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Following are closing quotations on the Bourse:—

3% Perpetual Rentes, 87 (previous, 86.60); 5% Rentes, 1915-16, 101.15 (101); 4% 1917, 101.85 (101.50); 4% 1918, 99.75 (99.45); 5% 1920, 131.95 (132.30); 6% 1920, 104.35 (105.85); 6% 1927, 104 (103.85); 5% Credit National, 1919, 520 (521); 5% 1920, 550 (557); 6% 1921, 545 (543); 6% 1922 (1st), 528 (528); 6% 1925 (1st), 555 (553); 6% 1924, 553 (551); 4% Egyptian United, 354 (356.50); 3½% Italian Rentes, 92 (92.20); 4% Brazilian, 1914, 356 (350); 5% Russian, 1906, 3.90 (3.80); 4½% Russian, 1909, 2 (1.80); 4% Turkish United, 41.50 (42); Banque de France, 20.800 (20.295); Banque de Paris, 2,370 (2,305); Banque Parisienne, 1,420 (1,385); Comptoir National d'Escompte, 1,696 (1,665); Credit Foncier Egyptien, 3,580 (3,360); Credit Lyonnais, 2,725 (2,660); Banque d'Orient, 297 (300); Banque Ottomane, 799 (785); Suez Canal, 16,650 (16,420); Chargeurs Reunis, 515 (515); Messageries Maritimes, 196 (186); Transatlantique, 575 (563); Raffinerie Say, 1,775 (1,741); Sucreries d'Egypte, 645 (635); Wagons Lits, 598 (366); Thomson Houston, 661 (634); Lautaro Nitrate, 365 (345); Ford of France, 257 (227); Rio Tinto, 4,150 (4,000); Tharsis, 468 (452); De Beers, Deferred, 747 (734); De Beers, Preferred, 1,255 (1,245); Jagersfontein, 150 (136); Central Mining, 1,604 (1,595); Chartered, 191 (185); Brakpan, 352 (348); Crown Mines, 452 (449); East Rand, 52 (52); Geduld, 435 (454); General Mining, 75 (75); Consolidated Goldfields, 144 (140); Johannesburg Consolidated, 197 (197); Randfontein, 81 (80); Rand Mines, 351 (351); Tanganyika, 219 (209); Transvaal Consolidated, 125 (123); Union Corporation, 305 (302); Mozambique, 40 (40); West Rand Mines, 43 (45); Caoutchoucs, 98 (95); Eastern International, 70 (64); Gula Kalumpong, 102 (96); Kuala Lumpur, 144 (137); Malacca, 152 (141); Mexican Eagle, 49 (47); Royal Dutch, 32,500 (31,400); Shell Transport, 444 (470); Platine, 1,680 (1,700); Oceana Consolidated, 6.50 (6.50). Exchange on New York, 25.46¼ (25.45⅝); on London, official average, 123.67 (123.64½); Cheques, closing market rate, 123.65 (123.65½). Private discount rate, 2% (2⅝); short money, 1¼% (1⅜%).—*Reuter.*

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—Closing quotations:—6% Dutch, 1922, 103⅛ (previous, 103⅛); 5% Dutch, 102 (102); 2½% Dutch, 67⅛ (67⅛); 3% Dutch, 82 (81⅞); 4% Brazilian, 1889, 44⅛ (44¼); Peruvian, 25¼ (25¼); Peruvian 4% Cum. Pref., 34 (33½); Erie, 30½ (29); United States Steel, 148 (145); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 311¼ (308); Anaconda, 86⅛ (81⅛); Deli Batavia Rubber, 61⅝ (61⅝); Deli Batavia Tobacco, 284½ (279¼); Deli Maatschappij, 278 (270); Senembah Mij., 316 (312); Amsterdam Rubber, 114⅝ (112); Margarine Unie, 224 (220¼); Philips Lamps, 230 (227). Exchange on Berlin, 59.23 (59.23½); London, 12.07½ (12.07½); New York, 2.48¹¹⁄₁₆ (2.48¾); Paris, 9.76¼ (9.76¼).

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Erdoel, 65.50 (previous, 66); Kali Industrie Kassel, 135 (135.50); Salzdetfurth, 260.25 (260.50); Rheinische Stahlwerke, 161 (159). Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 149.50 (147).

Reuter's quotations:—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 6.40 (6.40); Mexican Consols, 15.12 (14.50); Reichsbank, 226.25 (225.12); Berliner Handels Ges., 109.75 (125.75); Commerz und Privat Bank, 112.50 (111.75); Darmstadter and National Bank, 150.25 (149.25); Deutsche Bank and Disconto Ges., 109 (108.60); Dresdner Bank, 110 (109.50); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 86.25 (87); Harpener, 83 (83); Allgemeine Elek. Ges., 113.25 (112.25); Farbenindustrie, 138 (137); Farbenindustrie, 8% Debs., 92 (91.62); Hamburg Amerika, 72.75 (72.25); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 73.75 (72.50); A.K.U., 69.25 (68.25); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 68.25 (68.25); Svenska Tandsticks, 274 (271.50); Polyphon, 151 (149.37); Siemens and Halske, 176.50 (176.50); Schuckert, 130.50 (130.50); Ford Motors, 178 (177). Exchange on London, 20.38¼ (20.38¼); Paris, 16.48¾ (16.48¾); Amsterdam, 168.76 (168.89); New York, 4.19⅞ (4.19¾). Short term (30-55 days), 4⅝% (4⅜); long term (55-90 days), 4¾% (4¾); call money, 5%-7% (4¼-6¼).

FRANKFURT, Nov. 15.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Bank, 108½ (previous, 108¼); Darmstädter Bank, 150 (149½); Frankfurter Hypotheken Bank, 152 (152); Mannheimer Lebens- und Rentenversich., 86 (86); Farbenindustrie, 138¼ (138¼); Harpener Bergbau, 82½ (—); Mannesmann, 70¼ (—); Rheinische Stahlwerke, 76 (76½); Phönix Bergbau, 65 (65); Gelsenkirchner Bergwerk, 85 (87); Allgemeine Elektricitäts, 112¾ (112½); Lahmeyer Elektrizitätswerke, 137½ (139); Siemens and Halske, 177 (—); Schuckert, 131½ (—); Deutsche Gold and Silber, 133¼ (—); Philipp Holzmann, 76 (76); Zellstoff Waldhof, 107 (—); Nordd'deutscher Lloyd, 73 (72⅝); Hamburg Amerika, 75 (—); Süddeutsche Zucker, 132 (132½); German Liquidation Loan, 53⅝ (52½); German Railroad 7% Preferred, 88 (88); German Protectorate Loan, 2⅜ (2⅝); Anatolian Railway Loan, 10½ (10½); Mexican Silver 5% Loan, 9 (8⅞).

BUDAPEST, Nov. 15.—Closing quotations:—National Bank of Hungary, 215.10 (previous, 215.30); British Hungarian Bank, 72.50 (72); Hungarian General Credit Bank, 64.50 (64.50); Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank, 85.50 (85.50); Hungaro-Italian Bank, 66 (66); Hungarian Commercial Bank, 101 (101); City Savings, 64 (64.50); Hungarian General Savings, 75.50 (75); National Central Savings, 78 (78); First National Savings, 170.50 (170.50); Totis Coal, 468 (463); United Industry of Nagybanyo-Ujlaz, 31 (31); Danube Valley Trading Co., 53.30 (53.10); Hungarian Colliery of Urikany-Zsilvolgy, 81.50 (80.80); Arms and Machine Works, 180 (179); Ganz and Co. Danubius, 65 (64.70); Rima Iron, 55 (54.70); Ofa Timber, 55 (x.c. (53.20); Union des Usines de Basic, 100 (99.250); Ofa Works Vellil Beckbrod, 91 (91.250); Hungarian Sugar, 89.80 (85.50); United Glowlamps, 114.20 (114.10); Hungarian Artificial Fertiliser, 21 (20.50); Electric Power Traction, 107.75 (107.20); Calidonia Works of Debentures, 16.20 (17.90). Exchange on London, 27.77½ (27.77½).—*Reuter.*

MILAN, Nov. 15.—Closing quotations:—Exchange on London, 92.76½ (previous, 92.76¹¹⁄₁₆); Consolidato 5%, 82.90 (82.97); Banca d'Italia, 1,740 (1,745); Banca Nazionale di Credito, 97 (100); Credito di Roma, 109 (109); Credito Italiano, 752 (750); Cosulich Navigazione, 88 (88); Meridionali, 1,003 (1,000); Navigazione Generale, 499 (500); Canton Coats, 620 (623); Sole Chatillon, 252 (252½); Snia Viscosa, 317 (317). Fiat, 214½ (217); Montecatini, 158 (153); Montecatini, 205 (205½); Fiat, 260 (262); Adriatica, 211½ (211½); Edison, 689 (695½); Union Esercizi Elettrici, 83½ (83½); Terni, 389½ (390); Consorzio Mobiliare Finanziario, 746 (746); Atamello, 274 (273½).

MINING NEWS

MOUNT ISA.—Weekly progress report:—Mount Isa.—Diamond drilling.—Hole C.4 from 993ft. to 1,038ft.: core smayed, 7.8 per cent. copper. (Office note.—This copper ore is in the hanging wall country 400ft. north from the copper ore cut by hole D.1.)

NEW GUINEA GOLDFIELDS.—Location No. 3.—W. drift advanced 22ft.; total, 674ft.; assay 10dwt.; width, 42in. Location No. 8.—S.E. drift advanced 29ft.; total, 825ft.; assay, 12dwt.; width, 45in. Location No. 22.—No. 1 adit 8.3ft. advanced; total, 201ft.; assay, 27dwt. 6d.; width, 33in.; full width not exposed. Location No. 14.—Crosscut driven 28ft. N. in high grade gold ore. Samples being checked.

MINING CORPORATION OF CANADA.—Cobalt Properties.—During the quarter ended September 30 last operations at the Townsite, City, Buffalo, Cobalt Lake and McKinley-Darragh properties were gradually curtailed. The treatment of mill ore was continued to September 9. There remains a small tonnage of cobalt and silver ore which is now under mining and will be treated at a very narrow margin of profit. The production for the period was 122,783oz. of silver and 13,643 pounds of cobalt. At the Frontier mine, results have not come up to expectations. It is now probable that production will continue well into 1931. This mine produced 174,897oz. of silver and 95,881 pounds of cobalt during the quarter. At Gowganda, a further 4,000ft. of diamond drilling was completed. Some mineralization was intersected west of the diabase dike but no commercial ore was found. At the end of August work was suspended until such time as development on neighbouring properties or the price of copper justifies further expenditure.

N'CHANGA COPPER MINES.—Diamond Drill Hole B.28.—Following are additional preliminary results:—

—	Core Recovery	Core Total copper	Core Sulphide copper
	%	%	%
1,324.5ft. to 1,390ft.	85	4.1	1.9
1,550ft. to 1,555ft.	67	8.5	7.9

BRAZILIAN MARKETS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 14.—BRAZILIAN markets will be closed to-morrow (Saturday) for the celebration of the Proclamation of Republic. EXCHANGE on London continues to be quoted at 5⅛d. by the Banco do Brasil. The coffee market closed firm, with Nos. 7 and 8 dark standard 200 reis higher at 128450. Receipts, 17,000 bags, making 1,258,000 bags for the season to date, against 1,178,000 a year ago. Clearances were all to the United States, 2,000 bags to Europe, and 4,000 bags elsewhere. The stock shown an increase at 980,000 bags, against 317,000 a year ago. Clearances during the past week amounted to 12,000 bags to the United States and 63,000 to Europe. At SANTOS receipts were 37,000 bags, which makes 4,423,000 bags so far this season, against 5,286,000 for the same period last season. Clearances were 26,000 bags to the United States, 2,000 to Europe, and 1,000 elsewhere. The stock is estimated at 1,134,000 bags, against 1,005,000 last year. Purchases for the United States during the past week totalled 64,000 bags, and for Europe 84,000, while clearances were 68,000 bags to the United States and 35,000 to Europe.

heading are the advances against goods to be delivered and the riverside factory premises we have for sale at Millwall.

RELATIONS WITH WORKPEOPLE AND STAFF

Our relationship with our workpeople and staff continues to be very cordial and friendly. We are satisfied that they give us of their best and take a real interest in their work, and we are convinced that our organization, both here and abroad, possesses an asset in the loyalty and enthusiasm of its staff which it is impossible to enter in any balance-sheet in terms of money, but which is definitely a source of immense strength to the company.

As employers of labour it has always been our endeavour to make our workpeople prosperous and contented, and in our relationship with them we are very conscious of the fact that continuity of employment makes a great difference to their happiness and feeling of security. Fortunately we have comparatively few changes in the *personnel* of our staff and workmen in most of our departments.

We have called our meeting this year at the new offices of the company, which have been panelled and decorated with our own production as a permanent advertisement for the inspection of architects and others interested in the building and other trades. At the conclusion of the meeting we shall be glad if any of you will take the opportunity to go round the various rooms, which you will find panelled in different styles and with different woods, and describe to any of your friends who may be interested the applications of Venesta and Plymax panels you have seen here.

The report and accounts were unanimously adopted, and a vote of thanks to the Chairman, directors, and staff concluded the proceedings.

COMPANY RESULTS

BURMA CORPORATION

Shwinigan Water and Power.—Dividend on the Common shares of $1 per share for the quarter ending December 31, payable January 10, being the same as that paid a year ago.

Chargola Tea Association.—The directors are again unable to recommend the payment of dividend on the Preference shares. Prices for the company's teas are still at an unremunerative level, and, up to the present, less than a fifth of the current season's crop has been sold.

ITALO-BELGIAN BANK

Net profits of the Italo-Belgian Bank (Banque Italo-Belge S.A.) for the year ended June 30 last have been maintained at about the same level, and amount to 20,213,457f. It is proposed to pay a dividend for the year of 12 per cent., the same as for the previous year.

BOULTON AND PAUL

The accounts of Boulton and Paul (constructional engineers, &c.), for the 12 months ended September 30 show a net profit of £29,807 (against £31,331), which with £23,640 brought in makes a total available of £53,447. Preference dividend absorbs £2,500, the dividend of 5 per cent. (unchanged), less tax, requires £9,537, the sum of £5,000 (against £10,000) is placed to general reserve, and £4,000 (against £7,000) to reserve for taxation, leaving £32,390 to be carried forward.

TOBACCO SECURITIES TRUST

The full report of the Tobacco Securities Trust Company for the year ended October 31 last is now available. As announced in our issue of November 14, the net revenue amounted to £800,954, compared with £731,949 for the previous year. The total dividend on the Ordinary shares for the year is 18 per cent., less tax at 3s. 6d. in the pound (against 16 per cent., less tax at 3s. in the pound), and on the 5s. Deferred shares 5.5294d. per share, less tax at 3s. 6d. in the pound (against 2.742d., less tax at 3s. in the pound). A sum of £50,000 is again transferred to general reserve. The issued share capital amounts to £4,875,000. Total assets of the company amount to £5,656,842 (compared with £5,735,098), comprised as in the subsidiary company, £2,000,000 (the same); other investments, £2,446,944 (against £3,087,639); sundry debtors, £36,949 (against £89,986); and cash at bank, £299,778 (against £383,660). On the liabilities side sundry creditors stand at £25,972 (against £158,868). Meeting, November 25.

INDIA RUBBER, GUTTA PERCHA, AND TELEGRAPH WORKS

A net loss of £95,978 was sustained by the India Rubber, Gutta Percha, and Telegraph Works Company for the year ended August 31, which compares with a net profit of £22,828 for 1928-29. After providing for the Preference dividend, £10,417, and bringing in credit balance of £34,232 forward from last account, there remains a debit balance of £72,161 to be carried forward. No dividend can be paid on the Ordinary shares (against 2½ per cent.). Referring in their report to the disappointing outcome of the year's trading, the directors state that these results are in great measure due to conditions which are still abnormal. A very large portion of the loss is due to the writing down of raw materials and stocks to the low values at present ruling. The directors, realizing early in the year the downward trend of conditions, decided on a policy of drastic reorganization, in consequence of which Mr. W. F. Lloyd was appointed a joint managing director in June last. Costs of production have been lowered by substantial reductions in overhead charges. Meeting, November 27.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER AND POWER

For the third quarter of this year the International Paper and Power Company reports net income available for dividends on its Preferred stock of $974,874; the amount actually required for the Preferred dividend was $1,625,878. In a report to the shareholders the president of the company states that the expected growth in income from the company's Canadian power properties and from the increasing efficiency of its paper mills is being realized, but that to date its effect has been offset by the smaller volume of sales and the lower prices prevailing in the pulp and paper business. In view of these facts the directors decided that under present business conditions the omission of the Common dividend was in the best interests of all the stockholders. Earnings in September were larger than those of July or August, due in part to reduction of administrative expenses. On October 1 large additional contract deliveries of power were begun, and the president adds that preliminary figures indicate that October earnings will exceed the dividend accrued on the Preferred stock during the month. For the first nine months of 1930 net revenue was $30,472,698 (against $23,814,268), but the balance available for dividends on the company's stock was only $2,245,985 (compared with $2,430,568), against which $4,874,747 (compared with $4,829,873) was absorbed in Preferred dividends, and $1,257,347 (compared with $1,788,255) by dividends on the Class A Common stock.

NEW DARVEL BAY (BORNEO) TOBACCO

The profit and loss account of the New Darvel Bay (Borneo) Tobacco Plantations for the 12 months ended June 30 shows a net loss of £22,625, which added to the debit balance of £16,878 brought forward makes a total debit at profit and loss of £39,502. In their report the directors state that the circular issued in May to informed shareholders that owing to prohibitive working costs and the withdrawal of financial facilities they would have to discontinue the cultivation of tobacco after the 1930 crop. However, since that date, it is added, they have been able to make an arrangement with a syndicate composed of members of the directors under which the company will lease its tobacco lands as a nominal rental for a period of two years to the syndicate for experimental purposes. If at the end of that period or earlier the syndicate decides to continue planting they shall do so by subscribing further capital for the company, in which event shareholders will be asked to agree to the existing capital being written down to a 5s. share, pending interest in future operations to that extent. Alternatively the company has undertaken to issue Participating Debentures should the shareholders prefer it. At the same time the syndicate have undertaken all the company's obligations in the Far East, and the whole of the company have, the report proceeds, made this arrangement possible by agreeing to take over the 1930 tobacco crop and the assets of the company other than the tobacco estates and railway in full satisfaction of the company's indebtedness, subject to a maximum figure of £10,000 on the tobacco lands which will be released in the event of the company resuming operations as above. For the previous 12 months a net loss of £38,115 was incurred. Meeting, November 24.

ROAN ANTELOPE COPPER MINES

The report of Roan Antelope Copper Mines, Limited, for the year to June 30 last states that since the date at the previous balance-sheet the issued share capital has been increased from £1,139,580 to £1,198,935 in shares of 5s. each by the issue of 237,500 fully-paid shares as a further consideration for the Roan Antelope extension and Mulialshi areas. In June last £1,500,000 of Seven per Cent. 15-year Debenture stock, being part of an authorized issue of £2,500,000, was offered at 95 per cent. and fully subscribed. Allottees of the stock received an option, exercisable on 30 June in any year to 1935, to subscribe at £2 per share, for 50 shares for every £100 of debenture stock allotted. The balance of instalments payable on the stock subsequent to the date of the balance-sheet were respectively £25 per cent. on July 31 and £50 per cent. on October 31, representing a total sum of £886,615. The whole of the instalment due on July 31 last has been received. The share premium account, which on June 30, 1929, stood at £2,588,738, has been reduced to £2,485,501, the following amounts having been written off against this account:—New issue expenses, £2,500; underwriting commission, debenture stock, £82,500; expenses in connexion with debenture stock issue, £2,541; and discount on debenture stock, £15,695. Total, £103,236. Expenditure for the year on the further development and equipment of the property amounted to £1,616,190, which includes administrative charges of £16,068. The balance-sheet shows sundry creditors amounting to £117,196, against which sundry debtors appear at £14,526. Cash at bankers and in hand stands at £1,051,272. The ore reserves at October 1 last were estimated at 108,000,000 short tons, averaging 3.44 per cent. copper, of which 95 per cent. is in the form of sulphides. This tonnage does not include 7,500,000 short tons of ore underlying the Luanshya River. The directors state that the development of the property during the period under review has been satisfactory, and that excellent progress has been made in construction of the permanent plant and downsize and in the preparation of the mine for production. Meeting, December 8.

BURMA CORPORATION

The operating profit of the Burma Corporation for the year ended June 30 amounted to Rs.1,52,29,353—a decrease of Rs.56,69,497 compared with 1928-29. After deducting loss on exchange, depreciation, silver Excise duty, and income-tax, the net profit is shown at Rs.92,48,041, or Rs.48,16,526 less than for 1928-29, a result entirely due to the fall in metal prices. Two dividends have been paid for the year, aggregating 8¾ per cent., free of Indian and British Income-tax, as compared with 10 per cent. for 1928-29. These dividends took Rs.1,10,02,622, with the result that the carry-forward is reduced from Rs.27,09,953 to Rs.9,55,371. The total quantity of ore mined during the year was 500,585 tons (against 483,057 tons), production being as follows:—Refined lead, 79,267 tons (against 78,616 tons); fine silver, 7,225,881oz. (against 7,347,333oz.); zinc concentrates, 58,335 tons (against 60,180 tons); copper matte, 12,904 tons (against 10,719 tons). In their report the directors state that the year was a difficult period, according for the greater part with the conditions which succeeded the financial collapse in America in October, 1929. Metal prices consistently declined in sympathy with those of other commodities; the full measure of this decline is not reflected in the present accounts. There has been a decline in consumption and demand resulting in some accumulation of unsold stocks of lead, which were, however, of moderate dimensions. In these circumstances it was not considered prudent to proceed with the programme of milling an increased tonnage of lower grade ore referred to in the last report, and as a consequence the production of refined lead shows only a modest increase. The new section of the mill, however, was adapted to treat copper ore, enabling a considerable expansion to be made in the production of copper matte. The feature of development work was the discovery of the southern extension of the Chinaman orebody at Nos. 2 and 6 levels, which has been proved at the former level for a length of over 1,100ft. The orebody has been named the Meingtha. Drives are being expedited to expose the orebody at the intervening levels in order to enable the great potential value of the discovery to be expressed more definitely in terms of tons and value of ore added to reserve. Ore reserves at June 30 were estimated at 4,265,685 tons (against 4,140,969 tons); assaying 12.4oz. against 21.9oz.) silver, 35.5 per cent. (against 25.9 per cent.) lead, 15.3 per cent. (against 15.8 per cent.) zinc, and 0.88 per cent. (against 1.05 per cent.) copper. Meeting, December 19, at Rangoon.

Numbers are announced of bonds of the City of Santos (Brazil) Seven per Cent. Consolidation Sterling Loan of 1927 drawn for redemption at par on December 1 next, and payable by Erlangers, Limited, 4, Moorgate, E.C.2.

Bonds of the Kingdom of Roumania Four per Cent. External Loan of 1922 drawn for redemption, and coupons falling due December 1 next, should be presented for payment to Messrs. Helbert, Wagg and Co., 41, Threadneedle-street, E.C.2.

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

WHEAT LOWER

COAL AND IRON REPORTS

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), Nov. 15.—WHEAT.—The cargo market continued dull. Liberal world's shipments, a substantial increase in the quantities on passage, and the weak closing in North and South America have combined to force down prices, which are 3d. per qr. under yesterday. Pacific white, Dec. and Jan., offered at 28s. 9d.; Australian, on the way, shipping-shipped, and Dec.-Jan. (new) at 28s.; Victorian, Nov.-Dec. 15, at 28s. Parcels were poorly inquired after, and with freer offers of new crop La Plata for shipment quotations were 6d. to 1s. per qr. lower. New South Wales, per Ceramic, afloat, sold at 27s. 6d.; bags: and Rosafe, 63½lb., Jan.-Feb., at 24s. 9d. to Liverpool; the latter quality, 64lb., Dec., was obtainable at 25s. 6d.

Wheat futures closed 6½d. to 7½d. under yesterday's levels. There was business in Manitoba, Jan., at 24s. 7½d.

Per 480lb.	Opening values	Noon values	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	MANITOBA GRADE			
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Nov.	24 3	24 3	24 1½	24 9
Jan.	24 8	24 8	24 6	25 3
March	25 3	25 3	25 2½	25 9
	LONDON GRADE			
Dec.	23 7	23 7	23 6	24 1
Feb.	23 10	23 10	23 9	24 4

MAIZE.—Cargoes were neglected at about 3d. per quarter decline, La Plata, afloat and Nov., offered at 16s. 3d.; Dec., at 16s. 6d.; and Jan.-March, at 17s. Parcels closed inactive at 3d. per quarter less money. La Plata, Nov.-Dec., 15s. 10½d.; Dec.-Jan., 15s. 10½d.; and Jan.-Feb., 16s. 4½d.

BARLEY was quietly steady. Azoff-Black Sea, per Aster, afloat, sold yesterday to Bristol Channel at 11s. 9d.

OATS were rather dearer for La Plata, at 10s. 3d. Nov. and Dec., and at 10s. 9d. Jan. (new crop).

Farmers' deliveries for the week ended Nov. 15 and for the season to date (13 weeks) are as follows:—

—	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Qrs.	Qrs.	Qrs.
This week	124,662	456,923	46,189
Average price	6s. 9d.	9s. 8d.	5s. 11d.
Same week last year	231,816	477,980	59,068
Average price	9s. 6d.	9s. 5d.	7s. 3d.
This season	1,754,940	5,076,170	617,476
Average price	7s. 3d.	8s. 11d.	6s. 0½d.
Last season	3,370,669	5,175,388	817,718
Average price	9s. 10½d.	10s. 2½d.	7s. 11d.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 15.—WHEAT:—C.I.f. parcels were 3d. to 9d. per qr. cheaper, but buyers were indifferent, No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Nov., 25s. 6d.; No. 2, 25s. 3d.; No. 3, 25s. 3d.; Rosafe, 62½lb., afloat, 24s.; 63½lb., Jan.-Feb. (new crop), 24s. 9d.; Baril, 62lb., afloat, 23s. 6d.; Australian, afloat, 27s. 9d.; Dec.-Jan., 27s. 6d.; Western Pacific, Nov.-Dec., 28s. 6d.; American winters and Karachi were quoted, but were quite out of line. Spot parcels were quiet and nominally 1d. to 1½d. lower.

Graded wheat futures opened 1½d. to 1¾d. per cental down, being influenced by weakness of Canadian markets, also heavy shipments to the U.K. and "for orders" and Australian crop advices. The market closed quiet 1¾d. and 1½d. down. Sales 200 loads.

Per 100lb.	Opening values	Business covered Highest	Business covered Lowest	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Dec.	5 1¼	5 1¼	5 0⅜	5 0¾	5 2⅜
March	5 2	5 2¼	5 1⅜	5 1⅞	5 3¼
May	5 3	5 3¼	5 2¼	5 2⅞	5 4¼

MAIZE.—C.i.f. parcels, La Plata, 3d. lower. Afloat, loading and Nov.-Dec., offered at 16s.; Dec.-Jan., 16s. 1½d.; Jan.-Feb., 16s. 6d.; Dan/Gal/Fox, Nov.-Dec., 16s. 3d.; African, afloat, 17s. 9d. Spot parcels quiet, unchanged.

OATS quiet. Chilian tawny, Dec, 11s. 3d., sellers; La Plata, Nov.-Dec., 10s. 3d.; Jan., 10s. 6d.

FLOUR easier. Straight-run, 23s. 6d. to 24s. 6d., but demand slow.

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 15.—Very little wheat offering at 30s. to 31s., delivered. Barley, best quality, up to 55s.; medium and grinding sorts, 24s. to 40s. Oats, 16s. 6d. to 18s.

COLCHESTER, Nov. 15.—Small supply of wheat, making up to 31s., delivered at mills. No fine barley offering; medium quality, 35s. to 42s.; lower grades, 27s. to 32s. Oats, 17s. to 19s.

GLOUCESTER, Nov. 15.—Wheat weak, 24s. to 30s. Barley in good inquiry for best lots at 36s. to 46s. Oats in poor demand except for good lots; values 18s. to 21s. Beans had a poor trade at 30s. to 34s. 6d. per qr.

NORTHAMPTON, Nov. 15.—Trade slow. Wheat, 29s. to 30s. Barley, from 20s., with very little inquiry. Oats, 16s. to 18s.

NORWICH, Nov. 15.—English barley in fair supply. A few good lots made from 44s. to 50s.; mediums, 36s. to 42s. Nothing offering in English wheat and oats.

PETERBOROUGH, Nov. 15.—Wheat, 27s. to 29s. 6d. Barley unchanged. Oats, 16s. to 18s. Beans, 26s. 6d. to 27s. 6d.

LONDON, Nov 15.—POTATOES (The Borough).—Home-grown deliveries totalled 5,300 tons, and imported 6,000 packages. The market remained quiet and the tone uncertain. Quotations:—Best sample King Edward, £6 to £7; second grade, £4 10s. to £5 10s.; British Queens, Majestic, Eclipse, and darksoil King Edward, £4 10s. to £5 10s. per ton: German samples, 3s. 6d. to 4s.; and Belgian, 4s. to 4s. 3d. per bag (50 kilos), ex market.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES (Covent Garden).—The supplies on offer were ample for a fairly brisk demand. Quotations:—English dessert apples, 3s. to 12s. per half-sieve; cooking apples, 2s. to 10s. per bushel; Nova Scotian apples, 15s. per barrel; Dutch and French Columbian apples, 7s. to 11s.; Oregon Newtown pippins, 10s. to 12s. per box; English Conice pears, 7s. to 10s. per half-sieve; Californian Winter Nelis pears, 14s. to 15s.; Anjou pears, 18s. to 14s. per case; American Kieffer pears, 28s. to 32s. per barrel; English Alicante grapes, 1s. to 2s.; Colmar grapes, 1s. 3d. to 3s.; Muscat grapes, 2s. 6d. to 5s. per lb.; Almeria grapes, 18s. to 28s. per barrel; French walnuts, 7s. to 9s. per bushel; Kent cobnuts, 13s. to 18s. per 12lb.; Naples chestnuts, 24s. to 28s. per bag; St. Michael's pineapples, 2s. 3d. to 4s. each; South African oranges, 18s. to 24s.; Brazilian oranges, 15s. to 20s. per case; Messina lemons, 10s. 6d. to 17s. 6d. per case; Jamaica grape fruit, 14s. to 20s.; Porto Rico grapefruit, 20s. to 24s. per case; American cranberries, 15s. to 16s. per case; Tunis dates, 4s. to 6s. 6d. per dozen cartons; Canary bananas, 12s. to 14s. per crate; cauliflowers, 2s. 6d. to 4s.; savoys, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 9d.; cabbage, 1s. to 1s. 6d. per dozen; Brussels sprouts, 2s. to 3s. per half-bag; spinach, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; turnip-tops, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d. per bushel; turnips, 4s. to 6s.; carrots, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 6d.; parsnips, 4s. 6d. to 5s. 6d. per cwt.

HAY AND STRAW (Whitechapel).—Conditions remained very quiet, but with no pressure of supplies prices remained steady

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

Professor Arnold Toynbee will broadcast a short address from the National Station at 7.25 this evening on "Economics versus Politics." At 7.45 there will be given from the same station a variety entertainment to which a number of well-known artists will contribute.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, November 17, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — (193kc.) (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45-11** :—Keeping Healthy, 3—Walking for Health, 2, by Mrs. Bagot Stack. **12** :—Organ Recital, relayed from Southwark Cathedral; Tom Purvis (tenor). **1.15** :—National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales, from Cardiff. **2** :—East Anglian Herring Fishing Bulletin. **2.10-2.45** :—For the Schools.—French Dialogue, 5—Un Grand Match de Rugby, by Mlle. Camille Vière and M. E. M. Stéphan. **2.30-3** :—Children of Other Days—The Middle Ages, 5—Dick learns a Craft, by Miss Rhoda Power. **3.5** :—Stories for Younger Pupils—9, Prince Ivan and the Grey Wolf (Russian), by Miss Rhoda Power. **3.20** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.15** :—The Ison Trio; Florence Glenn (mezzo-soprano).

5.15 :—Children.—Canzonetta (Cui) and other Piano Solos, played by Cecil Dixon. The Council of War, being the seventh incident from Treasure Island (R. L. Stevenson). The Story of The Odd Puppy, from Jock of the Bushveld (Sir Percy Fitzgerald). Cloze Props (Wolseley Charles) and other Songs sung by Arthur Lynn. **6** :—Poetry of To-day—12. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.35** :—London Stock Exchange Report; Fat Stock Prices for Farmers. **6.40** :—Schubert's Miscellaneous Pianoforte Music, played by Johanne Stockmarr. **7-7.20** :—New Books, by Mr. Desmond MacCarthy. **7.25** :—World Order or Downfall—2, Economics versus Politics, by Professor Arnold Toynbee.

7.45 :—(1) Joan and Nancy Allen-Brown, in songs and duets, with ukulele accompaniment. (2) Gustave Ferrari (tenor). (3) Flower of a Thousand Nights, a Chinese Scena; book and lyrics by Gladys Hay-Dillon; music by Walford Hyden; adapted by Dennis Hoey, with Gladys Hay-Dillon, Isabelle Marden, Dennis Hoey, B. Currington and Orchestra, conducted by Walford Hyden. (4) Ronald Frankau (entertainer). (5) Melville Gideon. (6) The Weekly Theatrical Cartoon, Marion Lorne; Impressionist, Elizabeth Pollock; Material by Herbert Farjeon. (7) Gershom Parkington and his Orchestra, which will play throughout the programme. **9** :—Weather; News. **9.15** :—Shipping Forecast; New York Stock Market Report. **9.20** :—The Future of Medicine—5, Surgery, by Lord Moynihan. **9.40** :—B.B.C. Orchestra, conducted by Stanford Robinson; Frank Titterton (tenor). **11** :—The Ambassador Club Orchestra, conducted by Eddie Gross-Hart, from the Ambassador Club.

11.15-12 :—Band, from Grosvenor House.

LONDON NATIONAL PROGRAMME.— (1,148kc.) (261.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m. :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound).

12 :—National programme. **2.10-3.20** :—National programme. **5.15-11** :—National programme.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.— (842kc.) (356.3m.).

10.15 a.m. :—National programme. **11-11.30** :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). **12** :—Eva Hart (soprano); Aubrey Millward (baritone). **12.30** :—Myra Cohen and Thelma Nurick (pianoforte duets). **1** :—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. **2-3** :—Midland Regional programme. **3.20** :—National programme. **5.15** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Coolidge Institute Prize Band, conducted by Mr. G. Ritchie; Charlton and Batey (entertainers), from Newcastle. **8** :—French Talk, by M. E. M. Stéphan. **8.30** :—Regional News. **8.35** :—Stratton String Quartet—George Stratton (violin), William Manuel (violin), Lawrence Leonard (viola), John Moore (violoncello); Helen Perkin (pianoforte). **9.45** :—Marius B. Winter and his Dance Orchestra. **10.15** :—Weather; News. **10.30** :—Band, from the Ambassador Club. **11.15-12** :—National programme.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.— (626kc.) (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. **2-3** :—London Picture House Orchestra. **5.15** :—Children—Searching Sunbeams, a Fairy Story, by Cicely Fleming; Songs at the Piano by Sara Sarony and Jacko; Frank Rawlings and his Xylophone; Percy Freeman (syncopated pianisms); How we Travel About, a Talk, by Major Vernon Brook. **6** :—London Regional programme. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell; Constance Astington (soprano); Edgar Wheatley (violin). **8** :—London Regional programme. **8.30** :—Midland News. **8.35** :—Stars of the Past—Some Melodies of Bygone Days and their Singers, presented by Sara Sarony, Sydney Coltman and the Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell. **9.45** :—Band, relayed from Tony's Ballroom, Birmingham. **10.15** :—Weather, News. **10.30-11** :—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2-2.10** :—National programme. **2.40** :—(Glasgow programme.) **3** :—Edinburgh programme. **3.30** :—Programme relayed from Edinburgh (see Glasgow). **4.45** :—Glasgow programme. **5.54** :—Edinburgh programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—Daily Service. **12** :—Organ of the Classic Cinema. **12.50-1** :—Gramophone Records. **2** :—National programme. **3.30** :—Orchestra. **4.30** :—Dorothy Craig (contralto); Frederick E. Amor. **4.45** :—Band, relayed from the Grand Central Hotel. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **6.15** :—Cardiff Regional Market Prices for Farmers. **6.45** :—Music. **6.55** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Regional News. **9.40-11** :—National programme.

BIRMINGHAM (479.8kc.) (625.3m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.10** :—National programme. **2.40** :—Glasgow programme. **3** :—Organ of the Astoria Cinema, Corstorphine. **3.30** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Glasgow programme. **5.54** :—Birthdays, from Edinburgh. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News, from Edinburgh. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2-2.10** :—National programme. **2.40** :—For the Schools—Astronomy and Geology—Mr. D. B. Dunsheath, Behold the Heavens. **3**—The Ball on which we Live. **3** :—Edinburgh programme. **3.30** :—The Studio Orchestra; Charles Brown (tenor), relayed from Edinburgh. **4.45** :—Orchestra, relayed from the Playhouse Ballroom. **5.15** :—Children. **5.54** :—Edinburgh programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

LEEDS (1,500kc.) (200m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **3.30** :—Northern Wireless Orchestra, from Manchester; Gordon Hinton (soprano), from Newcastle; Douglas Hall (violin), from Leeds. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North England News. **9.20** :—National programme. **9.40-11** :—The Northern Wireless Orchestra (Leader, John Bridge), conducted by T. H. Morrison; the Manchester Hazomir (Jewish Folk Song) Society; Tudor Williams (violin); Miriam Elias.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Local News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Cardiff Nomads Football Club. Having Week-end Rest for Football Topics. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), BRADFORD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Daily Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **3.20** :—Manchester and Newcastle programme (see Manchester). **4** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Manchester programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North of England News. **9.20-11** :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are Greenwich Mean Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated.

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 2kw.—6 :—Trio Music and News. **7** :—Gramophone Records. **9** :—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. **9.5** :—Humorous Review of the Week's Events in verse. **9.30** :—Orchestral Concert. **10** :—News. **10.5** :—Vocal Quartet. **11.10** :—Gramophone Records.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2.5kw.—4.30 :—French Lesson. **7** :—Orchestral Concert. **7.30** :—Programme from Prague. **9** :—Time Signal. **9.20** :—Gramophone Concert.

BERLIN (Kaisershorbaven) (1,635m.), 28kw.—2.30 :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **4.30** :—Quartet Songs with Introductory Talk. **5** :—Dialogue on Health: Laugh and be Healthy. **5.30** :—Talk: Are There Too Many or Too Few People in the World. **6** :—Elementary English Lesson. **6.30** :—Agricultural Talk. **6.55** :—Weather for Farmers. **7** :—Programme from Leipzig. **7.15** :—Programme from Munich. **9.15-11.30** :—Programme from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—3.30 :—Concert of Old Music—Toccata (Pachelbel); Gavotte and Variations (Rameau); Gigue in G Minor (Händel); Sonata in D major (Mozart), followed by Violin Recital: Variations (Tartini-Kreisler); Slavonic Dances (Dvorak-Kreisler); Waltz from Der Rosenkavalier (R. Strauss); Scherzo-Tarantella (Wieniawsky); The Fountain of Arethusa (Szymanovsky). **4.30** :—Tales for Yvonne Froude. **4.50** :—Talk: Experiences in the Realm of Prohibition. **5.15** :—Talk on Philosophy. **5.40** :—Oskar Marin (Graf reads from his own Works. **6.10** :—Concert from the Traube Weinrestaurant. **7.30** :—Der Strich durch die Rechnung—Comedy in Three Acts (Anzengruber). **9.15** :—News, Weather, and Sports Notes, followed by Dance Music from the Roof Garden of the Café Berlin.

BERNE (403m.), 1kw.—6.28 :—Time and Weather. **6.30** :—Talk: The Founding of Swiss Towns. **7** :—Clarinet Quintet, Op. 115 (Brahms). **7.40** :—Orchestral Concert, relayed from the Kursaal Schanzli. **8** :—Minna Magdalena—Grotesque in One Act (Kurt Goetz). **8.25** :—Orchestral Concert. **9** :—News and Weather. **9.15** :—Concert (continued).

BRATISLAVA (279m.), 14kw.—7.15 :—Gramophone Records. **7.25** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—Programme Announcements. **9.20** :—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (259m.).—6.5 :—Orchestral Concert. **7** :—Weather for Farmers. **7.5** :—Talk: The Rudiments of Political Economy. **7.30** :—In the Case of ——, A Day in the Courts, arranged for the Wireless (A. Runge). **8.15** :—Jazz on Two Pianofortes. **8.40** :—Edith Herrnstadt-Oettingen in a programme of Short Stories. **9.10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Programme Announcements. **9.30** :—Talk on the Theatre. **9.45** :—Answers to Wireless Technical Questions.

BRNO (342m.), 2kw.—6.15 :—Programme from Prague. **7.15** :—Talk on Fencing. **7.25** :—Programme from Prague. **9.15** :—News and Theatre Notes. **9.20** :—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

BRUSSELS (509.8m.), 1kw.—6.15 :—Flemish Lesson in Esperanto. **6.30** :—Gramophone Concert. **7.30** :—Le Journal Parlé. **8.15** :—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Handelmeiden (Chassevant); Ballet Music (Massagni); Selection from La Tosca (Puccini); Selection from Francois les bas-bleus (Messager); Chanson perpétuelle (Chausson); Il Bacio (Arditi). **9** :—Liège Programme. **10.15** :—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 23kw.—6.10 :—Reading by Johann Lang—Oberammergau. **6.30** :—Gramophone Records. **7.15** :—Humorous Talk. **7.45** :—Music. **8.30** :—Concert from the Works of Hubay, under the direction of the composer, followed by Concert by a Tzigane Orchestra from the Hotel Royal.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 0.75kw. and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 10kw. 2.35 :—Orchestral Concert. **3.20** (in the Interval) :—Reading. **4.40** :—Exchange and Fish Market Prices. **4.50** :—Talk in German—The Czech Authoress Bozena Némcova. **5.20** :—English Language Lesson. **5.50** :—Weather and News. **6.15** :—Time Signal, from the Ordrup Studio:—Talk, The Crisis in Imperialism. **7** :—Town Hall Chimes. **7.2** :—Concert of Opera Music. **8** :—Danish Regional Programme—The Island of Lolland: Talk, Songs, and Folk Dances. **8.50** :—Recital of Old Time Danish Songs. **9.5** :—News and Report of the Workers' Radio Society. **9.25** :—Concert of Chamber Music for Wind Instruments.

CRACOW (244m.), 1.5kw.—7 :—Review of New Books. **7.15** :—Talk from Warsaw. **7.30** :—International Concert from Prague. **9** :—News, and Concert from Warsaw. In the interval at **9.15** :—Gramophone Records. **11** :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church.

FRANKFURT-CASSEL (470m.), 1.5kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (266m.).—6 :—Time, Weather, and Economic Notes. **6.5** :—English Language Lesson. **6.30** :—Chamber Music. **7.15** :—Recital by Dr. Wilhelm Leyhausen—Selections from The Song of the Bell (Schiller): (a) Brunhilde's Lament; (b) Siegfried's Farewell; (c) The Death of Siegfried. **7.45** :—International Concert, relayed from Prague. **9** :—News, Sports Notes, and Weather. **9.20** :—Dancing Lesson. **9.50** :—Dance Music from the Café Sacher.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 1.5kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), 4kw., and FLENSBURG (238m.), HANOVER (566m.), KIEL (232.2m.).—6 :—See Königswusterhausen. **6.30** :—Talk—The Reconstition and Surmounting of Social Evils. **6.50** :—Frankfurt Exchange and Hamburg Corn Prices. **6.55** :—Weather Report. "The Gap in the Fence," dialect comedy in three acts (Hans Balzer). **9** :—Weather, Political News, Sports Notes, and Local News. **9.30** :—Extract from the Café Continental, Hanover. **10** :—Concert from the Restaurant Ostermann.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 8.5kw.—7.40 a.m. till Close Down :—Programme of the Workers' Radio Society (V.A.R.A.). **7.40 a.m.-9.40** :—Gramophone Records. **9.55** :—Recitations. **10.10** :—Programme for Hospitals. **11.10** :—Gramophone Records. **11.40-1.25** :—Septet Concert. **2.25** :—Recitations. **3.10** :—Afternoon Concert. **4.10** :—Children. **4.40** :—Surprise Programme. **5.10** :—Orchestral Concert (Leader, Dolf van Kol). **6.10** :—Talk (to be announced). **6.40** :—Orchestral Concert. **7.25** :—Talk by Mr. Douma. **7.55** :—Orchestral Concert; News in the interval. **10.10** :—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 8.5kw.—7.55 a.m. till Close Down :—Programme of the Christian Radio Society (N.C.R.V.). **7.55 a.m.-9.10** :—Morning Concert. **10.10** :—Service for Hospitals. **10.40** :—Reading (von Maltzahn). **11.10** :—Gramophone Concert. **11.40** :—Police Notes. **12.10** :—Concert Relayed from a Church in Amsterdam. **1.25** :—Gramophone Records. **1.40** :—Programme for Schools. **2.15** :—Talk—Indoor Plants. **2.55** :—Lesson in Dressmaking. **3.25**—Gramophone Records. **3.40** :—Programme for Hospitals. **4.40** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **6.10** :—Gramophone Records. **6.40** :—Lesson in Christian Philosophy. **7.25** :—Police Notes. **7.40** :—Talk by Mr. A. v. d. Deure, President of the N.C.R.V. **8.10** :—Sacred Music and Address: Sickness and Sin. **9.55** :—Press News. **10.5** :—Gramophone Records.

LAHTI (1,796m., 5.4kw.) and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—6.10 :—Song Recital. **6.35** :—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **7** :—Selections by a Vocal Quartet. **7.45** :—Lecture in Finnish and Swedish.

LANGENBERG (473m., 17kw. and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (227m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (227m.).—6 :—Weather, Time, Economic and Sports Notes. **6.15** :—Spanish Conversations. **6.40** :—Talk: The Movement towards cooperation in the German Electrical Industry. **7** :—Talk on the following Transmission. **7.15** :—The Bartered Bride—Comic Opera in Three Acts (Smetana), relayed from the Opera House, Cologne; in the first Interval, News; after the Programme, News, Sports and Miscellaneous Notices, and Concert from the Café Hemenath, Düsseldorf.

LEIPZIG (283m., 2.3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—6 :—Concert by a Male Voice Choir. **6.30** :—Dialogue: Modern Handicraft. **7** :—Orchestral Concert. **8.10** :—Nürnberg, a very Modern Town—A Sequence in Dialogue Form (Alfons Paquet). **9.10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Dance Music.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EAJ7 (424m.), 2kw.—7 :—Chimes, Exchange Quotations, Market Prices, and Sports Review. **7.30** :—Dance Music Programme. **8.15** :—Bull-fighting Notes. **8.35** :—News.

MILAN—Call IAM (560m.), 8.5kw.—Relayed by TURIN (273.2m.), and GENOA (381m.).—6.20 :—Announcements and Report of the Royal Geographical Society. **6.30** :—Concert of Light Music. **7.15** :—Giornale radio. **7.30** :—Weather, Time Signal. **7.32** :—Dance Music. **8** :—Variety Concert. **8.50** :—Scientific Talk. **9** :—Symphony Concert. In the interval, Topical Review, after the Concert, from the Casa Ricordi, Dance Music (to 10 (in the interval) :—Giornale radio. **10.55** :—News.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (263m.), 11kw.—6.15 :—Programme from Prague. **7.15** :—Programme from Brno. **9.15** :—Programme Announcements and Theatre Review. **9.20** :—Dance Music.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (560m.), KAISERLAUTERN (270m.), NURNBERG (239m.).—6 :—Talk for Workers. **6.30** :—Talk: The International Economic Conference. **6.45** :—Wirtschaftliche Umschau. Level Report—Outstanding Events in the World of Law. **7.15** (from Nürnberg) :—Concert by the Teachers' Choral Society, relayed from the Hall of the Industrial and Cultural Association. **9.5** :—Talk: German Exhibitions. **9.20** :—Time, Weather, News and Sports Notes.

OSLO (1,040m., 75kw. and FREDRIKSTAD (266m.), HAMAR (587m., 1.5kw., and TRONDHEIM (445m.), PORSGRUND (453m.), RJUKAN (445m.). 6.15 :—Weather and News. **6.30** :—German Language Lesson. **7** :—Time Signal. **7.5** :—Talk: Culture in Norway, about the Year 1850. **7.30** :—Concert of Bass-Baritone and Pianoforte Solos. **8.30** :—News and Weather. **9.5** :—Recitations by Oscar Braten. **9.35** :—Humorous Programme: Songs and Accordion Music.

PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m., 15kw.—7.30 a.m. :—Time Signal (12.3m.). **9.30** :—Time Signal (2,650m.). **5.45** :—Le Journal Parlé. **7.10** :—Weather Forecast. **7.20** :—Concert; Music and Animals. 'Cello Solos: (a) Royal March of the Lion (Saint-Saëns); (b) The Trout (Schubert); (c) The Bee (Schubert); (d) The Cuckoo (Daquin); (e) The Swan (Saint-Saëns). Pianoforte Solo: Legend, The Sermon to the Birds (Liszt). Pianoforte Solos—(a) The Butterflies (Couperin-Saladeri); (b) Song of the Lark (Lalo); (c) The Bees (Filipucci); (d) The Elephants' Lullaby (Debussy); The Butterflies (Chaminade); Four Recitations (Lenard); Homesick Swans (Flament); White Butterflies (Godard-Salabert); The Wise Elephants (Schmitt); The Wooden Horses (Schmitt). **8** :—Song of No. 1 Lark (Tchaikovsky); The Cat Fugue (Scarlatti); Selection from The Two Pigeons (Messager). **7.56** :—Time Signal (32.5m.). **10.26** :—Time Signal (2,650m.).

PARIS (Poste Parisien) (329m.), 1.2kw.—9 a.m. :—Transmission of Pictures. **8.45** :—Gramophone Records. Talk and News. **9** :—Concert; Overture, Le Paradis et Peri (Schumann); Pianoforte Solo, Prélude Arlésienne (Bastide); Selection from L'Ombre (Flotow); Selection from L'Attaque du Moulin (Bruneau); Selection from Le petit Faust (Herve); Le Cathédrale engloutie (Debussy); Selection from Coppélia (Delibes); Valse des Cigales (Messager); Selection from Barbe-bleue (Offenbach); Aprés l'été (Planquette); Chevauchée (Chaminade).

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.). 17kw.—12.30 :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at **1** :—Exchange Quotations and News, and at **1.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **2** :—Exchange; Market Prices. **3.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **3.45** :—Gramophone Concert of Military Music. **4.55** :—Exchange Quotations. **6** :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **6.25** :—New York Exchange Rates. **6.30** :—Gramophone Records. **7** :—Talk: The International Institute of Agriculture. **7.30** :—Talk: Training: The Childhood of Anatole France. **7.45** :—Commercial Prices; Economic and Social Notes and News. **8** :—Concert. Extracts from Orfeo Negro (Bruno), presented by M. Baudrière and his Company; Gramophone Record: Symphony in C minor (Schumann). In the interval at **8.30** :—Sports Review. **9.15** :—Press Review; News and Time Signal. **9.30** :—Pianoforte Recital from the Salle Gaveau; Sonata in B minor (Liszt); Cordoba (Albéniz); Three Preludes (Debussy); Scarbo (Ravel); Polonaise (Chopin).

PRAGUE (487m., 8kw.—6.15 :—News. **6.20** :—Talk: Reminiscences of an Actor. **6.45** :—Song Recital. **7.25** :—Introduction to the following Transmission. **7.30** :—International Concert. Two Symphonic Airs (Ostrcil); Concerto for Violin and 'Cello (Vranicki); Symphonic Poem, Tomasn and the Wood Nymph (Novak). **9** :—Time and News. **9.15** :—Announcements and Sports Notes. **9.15** :—Theatre Review and Programme Announcements. **9.20** :—Dance Music from Moravska-Ostrava. **10** :—Piano and Chimes.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m., 75kw.—Relayed by NAPLES (332m., and PRATO SMERALDO (25.4m.). 6.45 :—Giornale radio; News, and Sports Notes. **7** :—Announcements; Time Signal. **7.5** :—Dance Music. **8.5** :—Concert of Light Music and Old and Modern Songs. **8.55** :—News.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 75kw., and MOTALA (1,348m., 40kw., BODEN (1,200m.), GOTEBORG (322m.), HORBY (257m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), VINDSVALL (542m.).—4 :—English Language Lesson from Jönköping (262m.). **6.30** :—Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Solos. **7.45** :—Talk on Biology, relayed from Malmo (231m.). **8.40** :—Talk on Sport. **9** :—Concert of Light Music.

STUTTGART (360m.), 1.5kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—6 :—Time Signal. **6.5-11** :—Programme from Frankfurt. **9** :—(In an Interval) Programme Announcements and News.

TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (385m.), 8kw.—6.15 :—Exchange Quotations. **6.30** :—Dance Music. **6.45** :—Exchange Quotations. **6.55** :—Selections by an Argentine Orchestra. **7.30** :—News. **7.45** :—Mandoline Recital. **8** :—Concert. **8.30** :—Orchestral Music. **8.55** :—Publicist Review. **9** :—Time Signal. **9.2** :—Revue or Comedy. **10** :—Military Music. **10.15** :—North African News. **10.30** :—Gramophone Records. **11** :—Hawaiian Guitar Selections. **11.15** :—Accordion Selections. **11.40** :—Light Music. **12 (midnight)** :—News.

VIENNA (516.3m., 26kw., and GRAZ (352.9m.), INNSBRUCK (355.9m.), KLAGENFURT (453.2m.), LINZ (245.9m.).—6 :—Talk:—French Painters of the Nineteenth Century—Rousseau, Corot, and Millet. **6.30** :—Time, Weather, Programme Announcements, and Report of the International Swimming Meeting from the Diana Baths. **6.40** :—Concert of Popular Songs for Mixed Choir. **7.30** :—Programme from Prague. **9** :—News. **9.10** :—Concert of Light Vocal and Instrumental Music.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 16kw.—10.40 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m.), 3kw.—5.30 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (460m.), 1.5kw.—6.45 a.m.
LYONS (Radio Lyon) (286m.), 1.5kw.—10.30 a.m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (309m.), 25kw.—12.30 p.m. Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 50kw.—11.45 a.m. Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 10.30-4 a.m. and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 6 p.m.-8 p.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 16kw.—10.40 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m.), 0.7kw.—11.20 a.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.63kw.—11.30 a.m.

ARSENIC IN SWEETS

Summonses arising out of the recent cases of illness through eating sweets alleged to have contained arsenic will be heard at Stoke-on-Trent Police Court on November 28. Proceedings are being taken by Stoke City Council against a sweet manufacturer and a sugar-boiler.

John Taliesin Mordecai, 39, commercial traveller, of Llanishen, near Cardiff, found *Guilty* at the Glamorgan Assizes on Friday of manslaughter while driving a motor-van, was sentenced to three years' penal servitude, and his licence was suspended for 20 years.

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To Argentine, Bolivia, Chile (exc. North), Paraguay and Uruguay, Brazil (Bahia and Pernambuco)†, Brazil (Rio and Santos), Canary Islands (Tenerife), Guiana (British, French and Dutch), Venezuela, West Indies (Trinidad, Grenada, St. Vincent and St. Lucia).
8 P.M.—To United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador,) Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Buenaventura), Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)

2 A.M.—To Brazil (Para and Manaos), Peru (Iquitos).
NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To China (all parts)*, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Guianas (British, French and Dutch), Iceland and Faroe Islands, Straits Settlements*, Venezuela, West Coast of Africa (French Equatorial Africa (Gabon), French Senegal and Sudan), West Indies (Trinidad, Grenada, St. Vincent and St. Lucia).
8 P.M.—To New Zealand, Pitcairn Islands.

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main oversea mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination	Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY: Air Mails†‡	Nov. 22	11 a.m.
Ital. pkt. (Conte Rosso)	Nov. 17	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt.† (Lutetia)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
R.M.S.P. (Asturias)	Nov. 19	8 p.m.
R.M.S.P.† (Asturias)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA: U.-Castle (Garth Castle)	Dec. 11	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mails†	Nov. 20	8 p.m.
AUSTRALIA: P. & O. (Maloja)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Kaisar-i-Hind and Baradine)	Nov. 27	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	Nov. 17	8 p.m.
BRAZIL (all parts): Air Mails† (Pernam, Bahia): Ger. pkt.† (Cap Norte)	Nov. 22	11 a.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth (Hildebrand)	Nov. 17	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Ital. pkt. (Conte Rosso)	Nov. 18	2 a.m.
(Ceara, Maranhao): Booth† (Basil)	Nov. 17	6 p.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth† (Hildebrand)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
(Rio, Santos): Fr. pkt.† (Lutetia)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
(exc. Rio, Santos): Du. pkt. (Orania)	Nov. 19	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): R.M.S.P. (Asturias)	Nov. 19	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): R.M.S.P.† (Asturias)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
CANADA (all parts): Via N.Y. (Homeric)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
(New Brunswick, &c.): Direct (Duchess of York)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
(New Brunswick, &c.): Direct (Adriatic)	Nov. 21	6 p.m.
(New Brunswick, &c.): Via N.Y. (Lancastria)	Nov. 22	2 a.m.
(exc. New Brunswick, &c.): Via N.Y. (Aquitania)	Nov. 22	2 a.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Adriatic)	Nov. 21	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (Tenerife): E. & F. (Telde)	Nov. 17	6 p.m.
CAPE VERD IS.: B. Star (Almeda Star)	Nov. 28	7.30 a.m.
B. Star (Almeda Star)	Nov. 28	6 p.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	Nov. 17	8 p.m.
CEYLON: P. & O. (Maloja & Kashmir)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Kaisar-i-Hind and Baradine)	Nov. 27	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia* (all parts): Holt* (Glaucus)	Daily	Noon
(all parts): Via Suez (Maloja and Kashmir)	Nov. 18	6 p.m.
(all parts): Via Vancouver (Aquitania and Emp. of Russia)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. Buenaventura): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)	Nov. 22	2 a.m.
(Buenaventura): Via N.Y. (Homeric)	Nov. 17	8 p.m.
(Buenaventura): Gulf (Pear Branch)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
COSTA RICA: Via N.Y. (Homeric)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
Gulf (Pear Branch)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (Tjerimai)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Maloja)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Mantua)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Exp. Grandidier)	Nov. 26	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Via N.Y. (Homeric)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
Gulf (Pear Branch)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA: Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)	Nov. 18	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)	Nov. 19	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Helouan)	Nov. 19	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said): Ital. pkt. (Helouan)	Nov. 20	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: P. & O. (Maloja)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: Air Mails†	Nov. 22	6 a.m.
FALKLAND IS.: Via M'video (Asturias)	Nov. 19	8 p.m.
FIJI AND SAMOA: Via 'Frisco (Homeric and Sierra)	Nov. 19	2 a.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr. and Du.): Fr. pkt. (Para, Manaos)	Nov. 17	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Perou)	Nov. 18	6 p.m.
Harrison (Colonial)	Nov. 19	8 p.m.
ICELAND AND FAROE IS.: Direct (Botnia)	Nov. 18	6 p.m.
INDIA, BURMA, PERSIA (exc. North) (Abadan, Bushire, Mohammerah) AND SETCHELLES: P. & O. (Maloja)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF: Air Mails†	Nov. 22	6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Maloja)	Nov. 20	6 p.m.
JAMAICA: J.D.F. (Jamaica Merchant)	Nov. 19	7.30 a.m.
JAPAN: Via Siberia* Via Vancouver (Homeric and Emp. of Russia)	Daily Nov 19	Noon 2 a.m.
MADEIRA: U.-Castle (Windsor Castle)	Nov. 21	11.30a.m.
MADAGASCAR: Fr. pkt. (Exp. Grandidier)	Nov. 26	6 p.m.
MAURITI

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

DESTROYERS NEARING COMPLETION

Dates have now been fixed provisionally for the completion of the eight destroyers authorized in the 1928 Navy Estimates. Three should be ready for service in February, the BLANCHE, BOREAS, and BRILLIANT, all at yards on the Tyne. During March, four more should be finished, the BOADICEA and BRAKEN on the Tyne, and the BASILISK and BEAGLE, on the Clyde. This will leave only the BULLDOG to complete the group. They are to be sent when ready to the Mediterranean to form the Fourth Flotilla, and the destroyers of war design now in that Flotilla will return home to join the reserve.

The appointment becomes operative to-day of Lieutenant-Commander M. S. Spalding, D.S.C., to command the BRILLIANT, the vessel which was launched recently with her guns, engines, masts, funnels, and auxiliaries on board, and which could in an emergency have proceeded to sea forthwith. Lieutenant-Commander Spalding, who entered Osborne College in September, 1908, served during the first year of the War as a midshipman of the battleship CONQUEROR. Following his promotion to sub-lieutenant, he joined the sloop DAHLIA, and from November, 1916, he was in destroyers, serving as sub-lieutenant of the CRUSADER and lieutenant and second-in-command of the MILBROOK. During 1919 he was on minesweeping duties in the SHERBORNE, and served in Russia; but later returned to destroyers, and took up his first independent command in February, 1927, when he joined the VERITY for service in China. He was awarded the D.S.C. in November, 1919, for service in command of the Naval Brigade throughout the operations of August 10, 1919, and subsequent days during the campaign in Russia.

R.M. COMMAND MONEY

The payment of command money, at the rates approved from time to time for lieutenant-colonels and majors, R.M., commanding Royal Marine battalions, is authorized by a new Order in Council to officers of those ranks when placed in command of other independent units, which, though not organized in the form of a battalion, approach the strength of such and entail responsibilities analogous to those involved in the command of a battalion. The new order has retrospective effect from June 8, 1930.

CADETS' TRAINING CRUISE

Cadets of the special entry under training in the monitor EREBUS at Devonport are to make an instructional cruise in the minesweeper CARSTAIRS, Lieutenant-Commander R. D. Marston, in the Channel this week. The programme is:—Mevagissey, November 17-18; Helford River, November 18-20; Torbay, November 20-21; Cawsand Bay, November 21-22; Devonport, November 22.

MERCANTILE MARINE DUTIES

In future, states a new fleet order, the appointments of commanders for R.N.R. duties and for liaison duties with the Mercantile Marine will normally be of three years' duration. Hitherto, in common with most other naval appointments, the term has been two years. Only three officers are affected by the change, and they are stationed respectively at London, Southampton, and Liverpool. The officer for London has his headquarters in the Port of London Authority Buildings in Trinity-square.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

BITTERN, Nov. 14.—Forres left for Dartmouth.
DARTMOUTH, Nov. 14.—Forres arrived.
DEVONPORT, Nov. 14.—Birmingham left for Portsmouth; and Beaufort arrived.
DIAMOND, Nov. 13.—Triad left for Abu Dhabi.
DORIS, Nov. 13.—Medway, Osiris, and Seraph sailed for Gibraltar; Nestida.
LEMNOS, Nov. 14.—Scarborough left for Gibraltar.
MELBOURNE, Nov. 14.—Canberra arrived.
PAGODA ANCHORAGE, Nov. 13.—Oswald left for Hongkong.
PORTSMOUTH, Nov. 14.—Flinders arrived.
SHANGHAI, Nov. 14.—Kent and Petershield left for Hongkong.
SHARPA, Nov. 13.—Cyclamen arrived.
SINGAPORE, Nov. 13.—Calcutta left for Loanda.
SPEEDWELL, Nov. 14.—Anne left for Melbourne.
WEMYSS, Nov. 14.—Sepoy left for Hankow.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty on Saturday:—

COMMDR.—T. H. TROUSSEDINE, to Voyager (Dec. 21); and L. H. BAYLEY, to Sandwich (Jan. 16).
COMDR. (E.).—C. W. PHILLIPS, to President, re Exp. Overseas at Messrs. Cammell Laird, Birkenhead (Nov. 19).
ENGINE COMMRS.—R. RAMPLING, D.S.O., to President, as Engineer Officer, Southampton Town, and Portsmouth District (Nov. 26); W. J. MICHELL, to Victory, for Portsmouth Dockyard, and for duty with Captain of the Dockyard Police (Nov. 26).
LIEUTS. (E.).—J. G. TAITE, to Revenge (Dec. 2); and R. E. O'BRIEN, to Kent.
CHAPLAIN.—Rev. B. N. CARVER, M.A., to Vernon (Nov. 18).
CD. GUNNERS.—J. PENGELLY, to Carysfort (Nov. 19); D. R. WILLIAMS, to Cormorant (Jan. 5); and O. H. WARD, to Cyclamen.
GUNNER.—G. CALLAGHAN, to Wallflower.
WT. SUPPLY OFFICER.—A. J. T. HURLEY, to Revenge (Nov. 18).

PROMOTIONS

LIEUTS (Rtd.).—R. H. MALLINSON and H. E. PASMORE-EDWARDS, to rank of Lieut.-Commr. (R.) (seny. respectively Nov. 10 and 14).
LIEUTS. (E.).—P. D. OLIVER, G. F. MADEVILLE, and P. B. A. CARUANA, to rank of Lieut.-Commr. (E.) (seny. Nov. 15).

ENTRY

Mr. C. N. H. JOYNT, M.B., as Surgn. Lieut., for short service, and appid. to Haslar Hospital, for course of instruction (Dec. 2).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUB-LIEUT.—P. S. THOMPSON, to Dornetshire (Nov. 15).
PROMT. PAYMR. SUB-LIEUT.—C. W. HILLMAN, to Malaya (Nov. 15).
CD. ENGNR. R. S. RICHARDS, to Malaya (Nov. 17).

THE CADET MOVEMENT IN SURREY

MEETING OF THE COUNTY COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Surrey County Committee of the British National Cadet Association was held on Wednesday, November 12, at Burwood House, Weston-street, when the following were present:—

Vice-presidents, Lord Onslow and Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwine; chairman, Lieutenant-Colonel F. G. Pocic; vice-chairman, Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Dundas; secretary, Lieutenant-Colonel C. Hesketh-Prichard; Church Lads' Brigade, Major A. E. Wilkinson; representative of school cadet units, Lieutenant J. Whitbread; representative of charity institutions, Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Herbert; representative of independent companies, Brigadier-General R. Jeff; secretary, British National Cadet Association, Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Smith.

Great satisfaction was expressed that the Prince of Wales had extended his patronage to the British National Cadet Association.

The report of the hon. secretary showed that great progress was being made in the county and that more than 2,000 cadets had joined the association. It was, however, fully realised that funds were urgently needed, and a finance committee was elected and it was decided to launch an appeal at an early date. The offer of the Lord Lieutenant for the use of his crest as a badge was accepted.

All units who have joined are members of a miniature rifle association, and shooting competitions will be continued, and the loan of the Surrey Cadet Challenge Shield, from the Surrey Territorial Army Association, has been accepted. Advantage was also taken of the offer of Lord Onslow and Sir Tyrrell Giles to undertake the organization of first aid instruction in the county and metropolitan area.

All communications with reference to the cadet movement in Surrey should be addressed to the hon. secretary, The Mount, Witley, Surrey.

40 YEARS' SERVICE WITH THE CORPORATION OF LONDON

Mr. T. Lewis Sayer has retired from the service of the Corporation of London after 40 years' service. Entering the office of the Town Clerk as a boy of 16 in 1881, he has been clerk to many important committees and leaves Guildhall as the Senior Principal Assistant. During his career he has been Clerk to the County Purposes Committee, the Port Sanitary Authority, the General Purposes Committee, the Library Committee, and the Music Committee. He has taken a leading part in organizing the great functions at Guildhall, beginning with the reception of the King of the Hellenes in 1913 and including both Jubilees of Queen Victoria, the Coronations of King Edward and the present Sovereign, and the entertainments given in honour of the Prince of Wales. Last week a presentation was made to him by his colleagues.

THE SECOND NEW CUNARDER

Alderman T. McLellan, who while Mayor of Birkenhead recently wrote to the Cunard Shipping Company asking that favourable consideration might be given to Birkenhead as the place where the second new Cunarder might be built, has received the following reply:—"It will be necessary for considerable progress to be made with the first new steamer now contemplated before the company can consider taking up the question of the second vessel. When, however, it is decided to order the second new ship the claims of Messrs. Cammell, Laird and Co., of Birkenhead, will be very carefully considered."

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

CITY of SANTOS (BRAZIL) SEVEN per CENT. CONSOLIDATED STERLING LOAN of 1927.

Notice is hereby given that BONDS of the above Loan, particulars and numbers of which are given below, were this day drawn in the presence of John Venn, Notary Public, at the Offices of Erlangers Ltd., 4, Moorgate, E.C.2, in this City, for Redemption at par on the 1st day of December next, when interest thereon will cease.

BONDS OF £20.

76	154	236	311	324	347	409
423	424	455	557	626	685	892
985	1020	1365	1391	1392	1467	1511
1546	1606	2008	2070	2095	2149	2311
2454	2625	2701	2986	3061	3124	3190
3284	3296	3412	3519	3520	3521	3531
3545	3568	3615	3617	3645	3795	3874
3985	3988	4037	4171	4259	4403	4410
4411	4441	4574	4575	4807	4961	4999

BONDS OF £100.

5032	5056	5214	5273	5321	5374	5405
5539	5776	5820	5941	5949	6137	6173
6244	6319	6323	6407	6450	6561	6685
6691	6751	6773	7118	7126	7156	7227
7231	7242	7281	7311	7434	7528	7594
7841	8015	8024	8242	8265	8278	8366
8369	8431	8438	8439	8593	8662	8736
8760	8951	8981	9067	9102	9155	9207
9263	9264	9328	9354	9355	9371	9394
9426	9556	9741	9786	9[illegible]	10000	10088
10102	10215	10255	10305	10404	[illegible]	10478
10580	10602	10627	10650	10799	10834	10843
10880	10963	10973	10988	10995	11082	11190
11237	11247	11471	11630	11731	11734	11750
11792	11973	12031	12085	12263	12321	12699
12747	12751	12809	12847	12977	12996	13096
13152	13260	13440	13444	13646	13804	13840
13856	14045	14050	14056	14323	14401	14734
14777	14898	14923	15167	15460	15476	15510
15744	15786	15807	16015	16054	16162	16352
16447	16517	16542	16692	16953	16973	17084
17223	17311	17317	17388	17415	17462	17483
17601	17607	17774	17817	17884	17985	18045
18225	18357	18403	18434	18479	18501	18674
18676	18726	18908	18976	19021	19144	19408
19430	19478	19610	19662	19698	19794	20276
20378	20381	20621	20688	20713	20734	20780
20819	20841	20855	20876	20913	20989	21195
21358	21393	21410	21506	21586	21599	

BONDS OF £500.

21646	21696	21699	21794	21872	22012	22335
22401	22422	22460	22472	22534		

63 Bonds of £20 each = £1,260
202 „ „ £100 „ = £20,200
12 „ „ £500 „ = £6,000
277 Bonds £27,460

The above Bonds with Coupon No. 7 and subsequent Coupons attached are payable in London by Erlangers Ltd., 4, Moorgate, E.C.2, where they must be left three clear days for examination.

London, 14th November, 1930.

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

THE LANCASHIRE COTTON CORPORATION. Limited. MANCHESTER.

Registered Office, Blackfriars House, Parsonage, Manchester.

Notice is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of this Company will be held at the Registered Office on Tuesday, the 25th day of November, 1930, at 10.15 a.m., for the purpose of increasing the capital of the Corporation by ordinary resolution, as provided by section 50, subsection 1 (a) Companies Act, 1929, by the creation of new shares of such amounts and of such classes as may be deemed expedient with a view to the acquisition of various Mill Companies with whom Agreements have been signed and sealed.

By Order of the Board.
J. E. BIRCHALL, Secretary.

THE LAND BANK of EGYPT.
BANQUE FONCIÈRE D'EGYPTE.
NOTICE of MEETING.

The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Bank will be held at 4 P.M. on Tuesday, 9th December, 1930, at the Head Office of the Bank in Alexandria, for the purpose of passing the accounts for the year ended 30th September, 1930, and debating upon all subjects reserved by the statutes for general meetings.

To have the right to vote shareholders must be owners of at least five shares. (Article 34 of the statutes.)

Shares must be deposited not later than 4th December, 1930:—

In ALEXANDRIA: at the Head Office of the Bank, or at any other bank.
In PARIS: At the Société Marseillaise e Crédit Industriel et Commercial et de Dépôts and at the Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
In GENEVA: at Messrs. Hentsch, Forget & Co.
In LONDON: At Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris. 8-13, King William-street, E.C.4.

THE LAND BANK of EGYPT.
BANQUE FONCIÈRE D'EGYPTE.
AVIS DE CONVOCATION.

Messieurs les Actionnaires sont convoqués en ASSEMBLÉE GÉNÉRALE ORDINAIRE le Mardi 9 Décembre, 1930, à 4 h.p.m., au Siège Social de la Banque à Alexandrie, pour prendre connaissance des comptes de l'exercice clôs le 30 Septembre, 1930, et délibérer sur tous objets réservés par les Statuts aux Assemblées Générales.

Pour avoir droit de vote, il faut être possesseur au moins de cinq actions. (Article 34 des Statuts.)

Les actions doivent être déposées au plus tard le 4 Décembre, 1930:—

A ALEXANDRIE: au Siège Social ou auprès de tout autre etablissement de crédit.
A PARIS: à la Société Marseillaise de Crédit Industriel et Commercial et de Dépôts et au Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
A LONDRES: à l'Agence du Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
A GENÈVE: chez Messieurs Hentsch, Forget & Cie.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

AERATED BREAD COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the PREFERENCE SHARE REGISTER of this Company will be CLOSED from 18th-30th November, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
H. A. YATES, Secretary.
17, Camden-road, N.W.1. 14th November, 1930.

BIRKENHEAD CORPORATION FOUR-AND-THREE-QUARTERS per CENT. REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1940-60.

BIRKENHEAD CORPORATION FIVE per CENT. REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1950-60.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above-mentioned Stocks will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 15th day of December for the purpose of preparing Warrants for the dividend payable on the 1st January, 1931.

On and after Tuesday, the 16th January, 1931, the Stocks will be transferable ex dividend.

By Order of the Corporation,
T. W. JEVONS, Borough Treasurer and Registrar.
Town Hall, Birkenhead, 15th November, 1930.

CIVIL SERVICE SUPPLY ASSOCIATION, Limited. DEBENTURE TRANSFER REGISTER.

Notice is hereby given that the DEBENTURE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th to 29th November, 1930, both days inclusive.

By ORDER of the BOARD.
17th November, 1930.

CITY of BLOEMFONTEIN 4 per CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK, 1939.

CITY of PRETORIA 4 per CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK, 1939.

CITY of PRETORIA 4½ per CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK, 1940-60.

RAND WATER BOARD 4 per CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK, 1934.

Notice is hereby given that in order to prepare the dividends due on the 1st January next, the BALANCES of the above accounts in the above-mentioned Stocks will be STRUCK on the night of the 1st December and that on and after the 2nd December the Stocks will be transferable ex dividend.

Forms of request for the purpose of forwarding Dividend Warrants by post to Banks or other Agents may be obtained on application to the Banks.

For Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), National Bank of South Africa Branch.
F. E. HETTIS, } Joint Managers.
P. L. BROOME, }

Circus-place, London Wall, E.C.2. 15th November, 1930.

GENVAL, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that in accordance with Article 22 of the Company's Articles of Association the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 28th November, 1930, both days inclusive.
A. SPENCER CLARK, Secretary.
Bush Lane House, Bush-lane, London, E.C.4.

GOVERNMENT of HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM of the HYDERABAD STATE FIVE-and-a-HALF per CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK.

The Imperial Bank of India, Trustees and Registrars of the above stock, hereby give notice that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 1st December to 15th December, 1930 (both days inclusive), for the purpose of Drawing on December 10th, 1930, £1,080,000 Debenture Stock for repayment at par on April 1st, 1931, in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed dated 25th March, 1930.

22, Old Broad-street, E.C.2. 17th November, 1930.

GRESHAM TRUST, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 6 per Cent. Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of this Company will be CLOSED from November 18th to November 29th, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
EDWARD HILL, Secretary.
Registered Office:—Basildon House, Moorgate, London, E.C.2. 14th November, 1930.

L IMITED COMPANY FORMERLY the SKODA WORKS, PIZEN.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTERS of the 6 per Cent. First Mortgage Sterling Debentures will be CLOSED from the 24th to the 29th November, 1930, both days inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the Interest Warrants for the payment due on the 1st December, 1930, of the Interest for the period ending 30th November, 1930.

By Order,
BRITISH and ALLIED INVESTMENTS CORPORATION, Limited, Registrars.
Friars House, 39-41, New Broad-street, London, E.C.2.

THE ASTON CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th day of November to the 9th day of December, 1930, both days inclusive, to allow of the preparation of the Warrants for the Dividend payable on the latter date.
By Order of the Board,
C. W. F. DYKES, Secretary.
46, Eagle Wharf-road, London N.1.

TAMPLIN AND SON'S BREWERY, BRIGHTON, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. A Preference shares of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th to the 30th November, 1930 (both days inclusive), for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
ALLAN L. KENT, Secretary.
1, Richmond-terrace, Brighton, 17th November, 1930.

THE NINETEEN TWENTY-NINE INVESTMENT TRUST Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER REGISTERS relating to the Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock will be CLOSED from Friday, 21st November, 1930, to Saturday, 29th November, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
M. HAMILTON and Co., Limited, Secretaries.
Shell House, 35, Basinghall-street, London, E.C.2. 15th November, 1930.

THE SOUTH BEHAR RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Debenture Stock will be CLOSED from Monday, the 8th, to Monday, the 15th December, 1930 (both days inclusive), and the Capital Stock from Monday, the 15th, to Monday, the 22nd December, 1930 (both days inclusive), for the preparation of Interest and Dividend Warrants due to the Stockholders who are registered on the Company's Books on the 6th and 13th December, 1930, respectively.

The Warrants for the Debenture Stock Interest will be posted on the 31st December, 1930, and for the Dividend on the Capital Stock on the 14th January, 1931.

By Order of the Board,
F. E. BETTIS,
Secretary.
25, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1.
13th November, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS (continued)

CONSOLIDATED TIN SMELTERS Limited.
The TRANSFER BOOKS in respect of the Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 20th November to the 3rd December, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order,
F. C. BELL, Secretary.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

BRAZILIAN FOUR and a HALF per CENT. LOAN of 1913.

The COUPONS due 1st December next on the Bonds of the above-mentioned Loan will be PAID by Messrs. N. M. Rothschild and Sons on that day and on each succeeding business day (Saturdays excepted) between the hours of 11 and 2.

An interval of three clear days will be required for examination of the Coupons, which must be handed in personally or by a London Banker or other Agent. Coupons cannot be paid through the post.

Printed forms for listing the Coupons can be obtained on application.

New Court, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C.4. 17th November, 1930.

CHILIAN FIVE per CENT. LOAN of 1910.

The COUPONS due 1st December next on the Bonds of the above-mentioned Loan will be PAID by Messrs. N. M. Rothschild and Sons on that day and on each succeeding business day (Saturday excepted) between the hours of 11 and 2.

An interval of three clear days will be required for examination of the Coupons, which must be handed in personally or by a London Banker or other Agent. Coupons cannot be paid through the post.

Printed forms for listing the Coupons can be obtained on application.

New Court, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C.4. 17th November, 1930.

INDUSTRIAL BANK of JAPAN, Limited, 5 Per Cent. STERLING BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the COUPONS due 1st December, 1930, will be PAID on and after that date (Saturdays excepted), between the hours of 11 and 3, at the Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited, where lists may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination prior to their payment.

For the YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Limited.
D. NOHARA, Manager.
7, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. 17th November, 1930.

IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT 4 Per CENT. STERLING LOAN of 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the COUPONS due 1st December, 1930, will be PAID on and after that date (Saturdays excepted), between the hours of 11 and 3, at the Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited, where lists may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination prior to their payment.

For the YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Limited.
D. NOHARA, Manager.
7, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. 17th November, 1930.

KINGDOM of ROUMANIA 4 per CENT. EXTERNAL LOAN, 1922.

Notice is hereby given that BONDS of the above Loan drawn for redemption, and Coupons falling due on December 1st, 1930, should be PRESENTED for PAYMENT at the Counting House of Helbert, Wagg and Co., Limited, 4, Throgmorton-street, E.C.2, between the hours of 11 and 2 (Saturdays excepted).

Drawn Bonds and Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

OSLO GAS and ELECTRICITY 6 per CENT. LOAN, 1924.

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. A. Keyser and Co., of 31, Throgmorton-street, London, E.C.2, have been instructed to PAY COUPONS of the above falling due on the 1st December, 1930, at the exchange of the day. Coupons must be deposited at their office between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. (Saturdays excepted) and left three clear days for examination. Advice has been received from the Company that the reimbursement of the portion of the Loan due 1st December, 1930, has taken place by purchase of the Bonds; no drawing, therefore, has taken place.

THE ANGLO-ARGENTINE TRAMWAYS COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE to HOLDERS of FIVE per CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK CERTIFICATES to BEARER.

Notice is hereby given that COUPON No. 40 for the half-year's Interest due on 1st December, 1930, will be PAYABLE, less income-tax, at Lloyds Bank, Ltd., 72, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
By Order of the Board,
J. S. ANDERSON, Secretary.
Gresham House, 27, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2.
14th November, 1930.

CHARITIES AND APPEALS

KING EDWARD'S HOSPITAL FUND FOR LONDON.
President:
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.
Established by King Edward VII.
HELPS 148 HOSPITALS.

The increased cost of the hospitals, due to the larger number of beds and the developments of medical science, makes additional support necessary to enable the Fund to increase its Annual Grants. Every hospital is visited and all its circumstances carefully considered before the grants are made.—Secretary, T. Wallrock, W.C.1.

DIOCESE OF LONDON FORTY-FIVE CHURCHES APPEAL FUND.

First List of Donations paid or promised.

H.M. The King	£100
H.M. The Queen	50
Anonymous (in instalments)	£18,000
By Parochial Charities (City Church Fund) (in instalments)	10,000
The Merchant Taylors' Company	823
The Mercers' Company	500
The Goldsmiths' Company	500
The Clothworkers' Company	500
The Bishop of London (in instalments)	500
The Hon. Mrs. Alfred Baring Gough	500
The Hon. E. Hubbard (in instalments)	500
Mrs. Vernon R. Smith (in instalments)	500
C. D. Rose	500
The Bishop of Willesden (in instalments)	250
The National Provincial Bank	250
Lazard Brothers and Co., Ltd.	250
	£37,423

Other amounts (including an anonymous gift of land for a site for Church and Vicarage), £2,123 11s. 3d.

TOTAL: £30,547 11s. 3d.

Further Lists of Donations will be issued from time to time. Donations may be sent to the account of the Fund at the National Provincial Bank, 98, Charing Cross, S.W., or to the offices of the Fund, 7, Bayley-street, Bedford-square, W.C.1.

EDUCATIONAL

3 lines 6s. (minimum)

A RETIRED PUBLIC SCHOOL MASTER advises (gratis) on the choice of BOYS' and GIRLS' SCHOOLS and TUTORS.

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Messrs. TRUMAN and KNIGHTLEY, Scholastic Agents,
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Telephone: Gerrard 3272 (five lines).

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240 acres in ideal country surroundings, 600ft. above sea. Special attention to diet, fresh fruit daily. Boys rest after midday meal. Physical training in open air, on excellent playing fields, tennis courts, open-air swimming bath, small golf course. Classes limited; much individual attention; six Public School Scholarships recently.
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17TH CENTURY COTTAGE RESIDENCE, modernized, in excellent order, full of old oak, and containing three reception, six bed, bath; company's water and supply by rain; Silverlite gas, radiators, telephones; garage; summerhouse (sleeps two).
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THREE BATH ROOMS.
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Capital RESIDENCE, well fitted and appointed, in good order, about eight minutes station, &c.
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HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

A CONNOISSEUR'S VILLA
IN MONTE CARLO.
Beautifully situated and built in the Old Provençal style, with three reception, eight master and seven servants' bed rooms, four marble bath rooms, servants' hall, company's current; all modern conveniences; garage for three cars; beautiful garden.
All the reception rooms are in Italian and Spanish decorations, and give the impression of an old Château.
For SALE at the reduced price of 3,000,000 francs
£24,200.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Ideal Situation for Cultivation of Flowers.
SOUTH OF FRANCE.
Near Grasse and Cannes. Modernised Stone-built Provençal FARM, with hall, dining, drawing, and billiard rooms, cloak room, usual offices, five bed and dressing rooms besides servants' bed rooms, bath room, good modern accommodation; electric light, hot and cold running water, central heating; garage, stable, toolhouse.
Charming Grounds,
fully stocked with roses, jasmine and tuberoses, olive grove, pine woods, vineyard, &c., together with some pasture land, in all
ABOUT 25 ACRES.
PRICE £5,500 with FURNITURE.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

UNDOUBTED BARGAIN AT £2,750.
Would be Let Furnished for the Winter months.
Glorious position on the Southern Coast of the
ISLE OF WIGHT,
commanding uninterrupted sea views and situate amid rural surroundings. Uniquely designed FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, occupying a sheltered position, with entrance hall, lounge, three reception rooms, opening to terrace and Italian paved court, six bed, two bath, usual offices; co.'s water, gas, modern drainage; Ideal hot water system; large garage; tennis lawn, flower beds, wood and paddock running down to the sea, in all
ABOUT SIX ACRES.
SHOULD BE SEEN WITHOUT DELAY.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEST PART OF SEVENOAKS.
CHARMING PROPERTY just come in the market, pleasantly situated about 400ft. up. Three reception, billiard room, 10 bed rooms, three bath, offices; electric light, central heating, every convenience; two cottages; garage, stabling.
Delightfully laid-out pleasure grounds, two tennis lawns, croquet lawn, orchard, kitchen garden, shady trees, paddock, in all about
4½ ACRES.
Golf at Knole Park and Wilderness.
Very Moderate Price.
Inspected and recommended.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OPPOSITE
ROEHAMPTON CLUB.
PREMIER POSITION. GRAVEL SOIL.
CHARMING GEORGIAN STYLE RESIDENCE, well planned, fitted, and appointed; erected under the supervision of an eminent architect.
Lounge hall, two reception, seven bed rooms (basins, hot and cold), two bath rooms, well-arranged offices; all modern labour-saving devices, including central heating; garage.
Very attractively designed garden, numerous fruit trees, &c., in all nearly HALF an ACRE.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
Highly recommended from personal inspection by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CELEBRATED
YORKS HEALTH RESORT.
Easy reach of the famous Moors.
DELIGHTFUL PRE-WAR RESIDENCE in convenient position, adjoining open country, yet near buses, shops, &c.
Three reception, six bed and dressing rooms, bath room.
Electric light. All modern conveniences.
Garage for three cars.
EXCELLENT GARDEN.
Bargain price. Recommended.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SOUTH OF FRANCE.
Overlooking superb Valley; South aspect.
OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE,
brought up to date, standing on a roadside, about 10 minutes from the centre of Grasse.
Three reception, 10 bed rooms (fixed basins with hot and cold water), two bath rooms, kitchen, &c.
Independent hot water system. Central heating, gas, electric light, telephone.
About 1½ ACRE of land laid out in gardens and terraces; garage.
Rent, Furnished, for the season, 30,000 francs. (If desired could be rented by the year.)
SALE PRICE, 500,000 FRANCS, OR OFFER.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1; or Mr. J. Fuller Phibbs, Estate Agent, Roquebrune, Cap Martin, A.M., France.

BEAULIEU-SUR-MER.
Midway between Monte Carlo and Nice.
CHARMING VILLA, built and designed on English lines, standing on rising ground with due South aspect. Contains many and shaped verandah, three reception, small still room, servants' hall, five master and four servants' bed rooms, three bath rooms, good offices.
Electric light; central heating; good drainage. Lodge at entrance with rooms over, two garages and outhouses.
Beautiful grounds entirely surrounded by high walls, rustic steps in various parts, grotto, rockery, well-stocked with fruit trees, in all about 1,000 roses, laid out by terrace. Originally cost £15,000. Now for SALE at £5,500.
—Full details and photographs of
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AMIDST PINE AND HEATHER COUNTRY FACING PICTURESQUE COMMON.
COMMANDING BEAUTIFUL VIEWS.
ONLY 30 MINUTES FROM TOWN.
FIVE MINUTES' WALK FROM A GOLF COURSE.

FOR SALE,
this charming COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE, containing three reception, two of which measure 30ft. by 16ft., eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, compact offices; company's water, electric light, main drainage; central heating; telephone; garage.
The grounds are attractively laid out and extend in all to about one acre.
Full particulars apply, Messrs.
DUNCAN B. GRAY and PARTNERS,
129, MOUNT-STREET, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1.

WILLETT HOUSES
READY FOR EARLY OCCUPATION
AND IN COURSE OF ERECTION
ROEHAMPTON, DOVER PARK ESTATE.
WIMBLEDON COMMON, VICTORIA ROAD.
HAMPSTEAD HEATH, FROGNAL.
TUNBRIDGE WELLS, CULVERDEN CHASE.
HOVE.
PRINCES-CRESCENT, HOVE PARK, OLD SHOREHAM ROAD, &c.
NON-BASEMENT. LABOUR-SAVING.
BEST MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP.
CHOICE BUILDING SITES.
Houses and Garages built to order. For illustrated particulars apply:—
WILLIAM WILLETT, LTD.,
SLOANE-SQUARE, S.W.1. TELE.: SLOANE 8141. AND BRANCHES.
Joinery Workshops: Parson's Green, S.W.6.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(Continued from Page 23)

149, SLOANE-STREET.—Bed room, reception, bath room, kitchen. Rent £175 on lease.

BALCONY FLAT WITH EXTENSIVE VIEWS.
£375 PER ANNUM.—KENSINGTON (close to Park).—Five excellent bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, and two reception rooms, &c.; independent hot water, electric power. Good lease at nominal premium to include fixtures.—BOND and Co., 27, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

WILL BE REDECORATED.
£275 PER ANNUM.—KENSINGTON HIGH-STREET (just off).—Fine FIRST-FLOOR BALCONY FLAT to be LET on new lease, without premium; four good bed rooms, two handsome reception rooms, bath room, kitchen, scullery, &c.; independent hot water boiler.—Sole Agents, HUGHESDON and HINDS, 4 Abingdon-road, Kensington High-street.

£122 PER ANNUM.—HALL FLAT, self-contained; two rooms (one 21ft. by 18ft.), bath, and kitchen.—29, Hogarth-road, Earl's Court. Park 2681.

SLOANE-STREET (Just off).
Five bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms.
84 GUINEAS would be accepted for a well-FURNISHED FLAT with above accommodation available at once for four or five months; modern conveniences.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

7 QUEEN'S-GATE.—Most attractive, well FURNISHED FLAT; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath, &c.; two maids to remain.—Agents, DRAKE and RUCK, 89, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY
RENT £100 PER ANNUM.
HINDHEAD DISTRICT.—Excellent Labour-saving SELF CONTAINED FLAT. Three bed rooms, large sitting room, bath room, kitchen, larder, company's electric light, gas, and water; modern drainage; independent hot water small garden; garage available.—Full details of C. BRIDGER and SONS, F.A.I., Hindhead and Haslemere.

WANTED

FLAT WANTED, preferably North of Hyde Park, with three-four bed, two sitting; rent £350-£400; constant hot water essential, central heating desired.—Please send particulars Box J.1385, The Times, E.C.4.

To a couple making a Spring holiday in the South of England.—An EXCHANGE can be made of a good DOUBLE BED ROOM and BATH (valued 14gns. per week) in house fronting the SOUTH COAST at BOURNEMOUTH for a corresponding FURNISHED FLAT in LONDON (not Chelsea) with not less than three good bed rooms. Exchange for part of August.—Write Box J.1391, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY and GENTLEMAN PURCHASER will pay £1,000 for a LEASE of a small FREEHOLD PUBLIC HOUSE, with a view to taking over the business. Must be in good position, and not more than 30 minutes from Piccadilly.—Write Box J.1392, The Times, E.C.4.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BLACKHEATH (facing).—Gravel soil.—Choice RESIDENCE in most favoured position; eight bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms; partial central heating; large garden, garage, space for tennis court. For SALE privately or by Auction December.—DYER, SON and CREASEY, Auctioneers, Blackheath, S.E.3; 24, Budge-row, E.C.4; and Sidcup, Kent.

CHANCE for good FAMILY HOUSE at ridiculous price; was £2,500; lady just wanting take £1,250 to sell at once; has six or eight bed, bath, three reception or billiards; electric light, constant hot water; nice garden; first-class position, 3mins. Station; would convert to flats; worth seeing.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

HEALTHY HARROW. Rates 8s. 6d. LOCAL AGENTS
CLARKE and Co., adjoining Met. Station. Tele. 0619.

WATFORD, BUSHEY, ST. ALBANS, PINNER, NORTHWOOD. — Sole Agents, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE. Offices at all Centres.

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

ABOUT ½ ACRE OF GARDEN
TEDDINGTON.—Very desirable situation, close to Station, shops, &c.—Attractive detached double-fronted RESIDENCE with fine large rooms, three reception, six bed and dressing rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c. GARAGE. Two months' letting (country will accept £5 5s. per week.—FRANK SNELLER, Chartered Surveyor, 74, Broad-street, Teddington. 'Phone Molesey 134.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

A MIDST the most beautiful scenery in Surrey, with gorgeous views South to Hindhead and Blackdown.—FOR SALE, a most attractive MODERN RESIDENCE, fitted with every modern comfort and improvement; electric lighting and heating throughout, Vita glass, &c., eight principal bed rooms (all hot and cold running water), four bath rooms, eight servants' rooms and two bath rooms, four reception rooms, excellent offices, tiled loggia; large garage; badminton court, two hard tennis courts, kitchen garden with glass, park and woodland, long carriage drives. 20 ACRES; sandy soil
ONE OF THE CHOICEST HOUSES OF ITS SIZE IN THE MARKET.
Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

BEACONSFIELD. A. C. FROST.
OPPOSITE STATION. Principal Agents.
Householder Free. 'Phone, Beaconsfield 600.

EXECUTORS' UNSOLD AUCTION LOT.
BERKS, on outskirts of a small market town, daily 50 minutes City of London. For SALE at a remarkably low price, delightful GEORGIAN RESIDENCE; three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath, main services; garage, stabling, cottage; 2 ACRES, beautifully timbered grounds. Inspected and highly recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.
PRICE £1,850.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

A REALLY GENUINE BARGAIN.
Between Tunbridge Wells and the Coast.
CHARMING OLD-FASHIONED RESIDENCE restored and modernised in keeping with period; three reception rooms, study, six bed rooms, two bath rooms; oak beams, open fireplaces, and other interesting features; electric light; garage, stabling, home farm, two good cottages; beautiful old-world gardens bounded by stream, valuable orchards and rich pasture land, in all
100 ACRES.
REDUCED PRICE, FREEHOLD, £5,900.
Illustrated brochure from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, Piccadilly, W.1. Tele., Regent 6775.

BEACONSFIELD.
CLOSE to Station and shops.—HALF-TIMBERED and GABLED RESIDENCE, overlooking beechwoods; five bed (two fitted basins), bath, two reception; central heating and all services under flat roof; garden; garage. Low price FREEHOLD.—BAILEY-DENTON, Beaconsfield, Bucks. 'Phone 328.

CORNWALL.—FREEHOLD, charming, detached SEMI-BUNGALOW; six rooms (garden); garage; near church, beach, golf, station.—Whytock, Carbis Bay.

TO SCHOOLS, HOTELS, AND INSTITUTIONS.
EASTBOURNE.—A particularly fine PROPERTY, occupying a splendid position, in grounds of THREE ACRES; about 50 rooms; to be LET or for SALE.—Messrs. CHESTERTONS, 116, Kensington High-street, W.8, or the Local Agents, Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 95, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

HUNTERCOMBE GOLF.
GEORGIAN HOUSE of CHARACTER; lovely old grounds, wood, meadowlands, in all nearly 20 ACRES; cottage; large lounge hall, three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, bath room; main water; 45 minutes London. For SALE, FREEHOLD; recommended by Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.
OLD YEW HEDGES. ABSOLUTE QUIET.

NORTH BERKS.—Very attractive OLD COTTAGE RESIDENCE; three reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room; co.'s water; South aspect; charming grounds; hard tennis court; ELECTRIC LIGHT; telephone; CENTRAL HEATING; one-and-a-half Acres; £2,500.
THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury.

TO REAL ESTATE INVESTORS and PRIVATE HOTEL PROPRIETORS.
ONLY £600 REQUIRED DOWN. MUST BE SOLD. These exceptional favourable terms will purchase. Only 35 minutes from Town, half a mile from station with electric services; 450ft. above sea level.—An exceptionally desirable FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing three reception rooms, fine music or dance room, seven bath rooms, eight bed rooms, usual offices; main water and gas, central heating; two cottages; garage for two cars; charming well-timbered grounds of THREE ACRES. Tennis lawn, kitchen garden.—Further particulars of ROBT. W. FULLER, MOON and FULLER, 85, High-street, Croydon. 'Phone, Croydon 1421.

SONNING-ON-THAMES.
PERFECTLY APPOINTED HOUSE, with lovely garden, for SALE; many interesting features; large lounge (30ft. by 27ft.), two more reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms; main drainage, water, lighting; garage for two cars, greenhouse.—Recommended by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.
HIGH GROUND. GOLF.

REIGATE.—PRICE £1,400 FREEHOLD.—Interesting old COTTAGE, quantity old oak restored; eight rooms including studio 23ft. × 15ft., bath room, lavatories; small garden; electric light, gas, telephone.—Apply Compton Hall, 20, West-street. Call between midday Nov. 18 and midday Nov. 21.

SEAFORD.—A bargain at greatly reduced price. OLD-WORLD RECTORY with walled garden and all modern conveniences; seven bed, bath, three reception (one 25ft. by 16ft.); garage; shops and station 10 minutes. PRICE FREEHOLD, £2,500.—Apply J. PATTINSON MARTIN, Estate Offices, Seaford.

TAUNTON VALE HUNT.
PRIVATE TROUT FISHING.
HOUSE OF CHARACTER.
SOMERSET, near Taunton and easy drive of the coast.—Most delightful RESIDENCE of the manor house type, in perfect repair, with every convenience; quaint hall, old staircase, three large reception rooms, seven-eight bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; latest drainage; central heating; constant hot water; stabling, garages.
Beautiful shady old gardens.
TROUT RIVER RUNNING THROUGH.
4 ACRES. FREEHOLD £4,950.
Personally inspected and strongly recommended.—Photos and details of BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Sloane 6333.)

SOUTHBOROUGH, TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—For SALE, well-arranged Detached HOUSE, 420ft. up; four bed rooms, two reception, good kitchen; garage; electric light and power points, gas, double main drainage; nice garden. FREEHOLD, £1,600.—Mapledrakes, Chestnut-avenue, Southborough.

MUST BE SOLD
BEFORE DECEMBER 1ST.
SUSSEX (2½ miles Eastbourne).—Charming COUNTRY RESIDENCE, exceptionally well built and equipped, in perfect condition. Must be sacrificed, as owner is leaving on Dec. 1st. Hall, cloak room, three reception (average size 22ft. by 16ft., one with Adam chimney-piece), eight bed rooms (average size 17ft. by 14ft., fitted lavatory basins), three baths, three w.c.'s, box room, good domestic offices; garage; main water, electric light, gas, drainage; grounds laid out by master craftsman, old-world rose garden, plantation, forest and specimen trees, lawn, flower and kitchen gardens, orchard, pears and vine hothouses, hard tennis court, about TWO ACRES. Bargain, £4,000, FREEHOLD.—Strongly recommended by ROSS and DENNIS, Estate Agents, Eastbourne.

NORTHWOOD.
UNFURNISHED ON LEASE.
TO be LET Unfurnished, MODERN RESIDENCE, on high ground, containing, on only two floors, hall with cloak room, fine drawing room with parquet floor, dining room, library, five bed rooms, small dressing room, bath room, and offices.
Electric light and all modern conveniences.
Garage. NICE GROUNDS ABOUT ½ ACRE, tennis and croquet lawns, orchard, &c. Ten minutes station and golf course. Inspected and recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James's-square, S.W.1. (M 34085a.)

TO be LET, charming Detached RESIDENCE on two floors; five bed, bath room, two reception, large lounge hall; electric light; excellent six-roomed cottage; garage, stabling; 13 ACRES; grounds, woodland, and park-like meadowland. Rent £200 per annum, or sell Freehold for £2,250 bargain.—Apply T. Coulthard, "Ballsdorfe," Winfold, near Horsham. Agents.

SEVENOAKS, REDHILL, ISLE OF WIGHT.
WOULD you like to move to the Isle of Wight? Advertiser wishes to BUY HOUSE, KENT or SURREY, half hour from London, and must SELL HOUSE in RYDE; four bed rooms; all conveniences; tennis court, orchard.—Cuttriss, Wardrobe, Ryde.

WHEN YOU ARE TIRED
of visiting unsuitable houses and unsatisfactory agents, call at the offices of Messrs. Jones & Jones, Estate Agents, 1, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.1, and ask to see their selected lists of Houses and Flats to suit your requirements. Telephone: Victoria 3333.

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,
SHOP AND BUSINESS PROPERTY AUCTIONEERS. LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

Private Treaty.
INVESTMENTS.
SECURED ON WELL-LET
SHOP PROPERTY,
form the ideal holdings, showing a comparatively high return, coupled with a security beyond that of practically any other investment.

EDGWARE ROAD.
Burnt Oak. Shop Premises in the leading parade adjacent to well-known Multiple Firms. Let to a tenant with other suburban branches on long lease, at £350 per annum, rising to £400 per annum. Price,
FREEHOLD, £5,000 OR OFFER

KENT.
Central position, a busy town, within 20 miles of London. Extensive Freehold Premises for sale subject to a lease to the Dolcis Shoe Co. for a term of 99 years. Capital required, £11,000 on which there will be a return of
OVER 6½ PER CENT.

S.E. SUBURB.
Excellent Freehold, in a rapidly developing position comprising shop and two floors over. Let to Messrs. Wynans, the well-known Booksellers, at £200 per annum, on 7, 14, 21 years' lease.
PRICE £2,800.

ON THURSDAY NEXT.
Messrs. Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden will offer at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, the following important Shops and Business Properties for Sale
BY AUCTION
(as previously advertised).

SOUTHAMPTON - ROW, Nos. 17-23. The 50 years' lease of a modern 7-floor building, for Sale with vacant possession.

PECKHAM, 61-65, Rye-lane. Extensive trading premises of 112ft. frontage, for Sale freehold with vacant possession.

FACTORY or warehouse, 78-78A, Salusbury-road, Kilburn. Modern premises of 11,000 sq. ft. The 65 years' lease at £30 p.a. for Sale.

KINGSTON, 11, Church-street. Freehold Shop Premises, 26ft. by 37ft., in a fine position, for Sale with vacant possession.

WATFORD, 166, High-street. Freehold Shop Premises, 18ft. by 87ft., in a good position, for Sale with vacant possession.

CHEVAL-PLACE, Nos. 28-32. Freehold Investment producing £147 6s. 8d. per annum. Joint Auctioneers, Messrs. P. J. May, East Grinstead.

SOUTHALL, 14-18, The Broadway. Freehold Shop Property. Joint Auctioneers, Messrs. A. J. Whyte and Sons, 3, Bathurst-street, W.2.

PECKHAM, 60, High-street. Freehold Investment producing £450 per annum.—Joint Auctioneers, Messrs. A. J. Whyte & Sons, 3, Bathurst-st., W.2.

THE SALE COMMENCES AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

Private Treaty.
INVESTMENTS.
SECURED ON WELL-SITUATED
SHOP PROPERTY
offer a good present return with the advantage of a steady increase in capital, resultant from the continued concentration of Traders on the recognized Shopping positions.

SUTTON.
Two splendid Shops in the centre of the High Street, commanding a very large retail trade. Both are let on old leases expiring in 1932 and 1938, at nominal rentals. Estimated rental value, £500 per annum each unit.
Price,
FREEHOLD, £9,500.

RYE-LANE, PECKHAM.
Well constructed Shop and upper part in the best position. Let to a leading multiple company on long full repairing lease without break at less than half rental value. For Sale
TO SHOW 6 per Cent. at £2,800.

CRICKLEWOOD.
In the finest position of the Broadway. Long Leasehold modern Shop Premises in the occupation of a well-known multiple firm who will take a 42 years' full repairing lease at £400 per annum.
Price £5,500.

Private Treaty.
PICCADILLY & ST. JAMES'S.
THE
NORWICH UNION BUILDING.
Offices to be let on the 2nd to the 7th Floors of this imposing building, occupying a prominent position on the corner of Piccadilly and St. James's-street. Two passenger lifts. Rents from £30 per annum exclusive of rates and service charges. Total floor space about
SQUARE 11,000 FEET.

Private Treaty.
ORCHARD HOUSE,
ON THE CORNER OF OXFORD-STREET AND ORCHARD-STREET.
A commanding new building close to the Selfridge and Gamage Stores.
TWO FINE FLOORS
to be let together or separately.
1ST FLOOR—12,000 SQ. FT.
2ND FLOOR—13,300 SQ. FT.
Both are in clear space and can be easily divided. Exceptionally well lighted. Lifts. Central Heating.
Plans and particulars from the Sole Agents, below.

Private Treaty.
PICCADILLY-CIRCUS.
MODERN
OFFICE ACCOMMODATION
available in a magnificent building in an important position in the West End. Well-lighted floors each about 4,300 sq. ft., with two passenger lifts. Also a section of the ground floor, having about 20ft. frontage. To be let at
MODERATE RENTALS.

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN, 27, MADDOX STREET, LONDON, W.1.
AND AT ST. JAMES' HOUSE, 44, BRAZENNOSE STREET, MANCHESTER.
TELEPHONES: Mayfair 6710 (12 lines); Manchester Central 0794. TELEGRAMS: "Hillparkier, Wesdo, London"; "Hillparkier, Manchester."

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS.
GORDON GREEN & WEBBER, 3, Sea-road. Tele. 410.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WITHIN 25 MILES LONDON.
TO BUY IMMEDIATELY.
A RESIDENCE of some CHARACTER, preferably Queen Anne type or Modern Georgian, containing eight bed rooms, &c.; pretty garden of an acre or so. Price limit £4,000.—Owners are requested to submit particulars and photos immediately to BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Usual commission required.

A pleasantly situate COUNTRY HOUSE WANTED at once. Must have matured garden up to 20 Acres; about one hour of London; not L.N.E.R. Liverpool-street line. A house of comfort and easy working with eight or 10 bed rooms. Garage and Cottage if possible. Only bona fide sellers please write to Edwards, Riverhead, Kent.

ESSEX.—WANTED to PURCHASE immediately, OLD-FASHIONED COUNTRY HOUSE (Georgian or Queen Anne preferred); eight-ten bed, modern conveniences; suitable buildings; 10-20 acres pasture. About £4,000; usual commission required.—"Urgent," care of COBBE and VINCE, Chelmsford.

GENUINELY URGENT. A well FURNISHED HOUSE in MAYFAIR or near-by REQUIRED for an American lady for four months from the 1st of December; must have central heating (not electric radiators), seven bed rooms, three or four bath rooms, and three sitting rooms; a house where complete staff could be taken on receives first consideration.—Particulars to Mrs. R., care of GIFFARD, ROBERTSON, and LUCEY, 108, Mount-street, W.1. Tele., Grosvenor 1671. Immediate inspection made.

WILL INSPECT IMMEDIATELY.
GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY RESIDENCE WANTED to purchase, in Stanmore, Harrow Weald, or Bushey districts. Accommodation required: 10-12 bed rooms, two-three bath rooms, three-four reception rooms; garage and rooms, and matured grounds.—Send full details, photos, &c., in first instance to A.C. c/o MAPLE and Co., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

SMALL unfurnished HOUSE WANTED, Knightsbridge, Kensington, or Westminster district; two sitting, five-six bed rooms. Rent £200-£300 a year. No premium. Flat might suit.—Captain Moore, Alan Court Hotel, South Kensington.

URGENTLY WANTED TO PURCHASE.
SURREY-SUSSEX (within 50 miles of London).—Messrs. OSBORN and MERCER are acting for a client who requires a genuine old HOUSE of picturesque appearance, not low lying, having up-to-date appointments and containing eight or nine bed rooms; good garage, and with a few acres of land ensuring privacy.—Particulars and photos, if possible, to J., care of OSBORN and MERCER, 28a, Albemarle-street, London, W.1.

WANTED, well FURNISHED HOUSE with garage; Belgravia district; eight bed rooms, &c.; from December 1st to end of July.—Particulars to Colonel K., care of MARLER and MARLER, 25, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 5234.

WANTED, for two months or longer, small HOUSE or FLAT; five bed rooms; plate, linen, and maids if possible; Regent's Park or Hampstead districts preferred.—Write Box 4406, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

FREEHOLD BUILDING SITE, ST. JOHN'S WOOD. Frontage 434 ft., area 22,000 sq. ft. A fine position for Flats or for an Institution. Home, &c.—Particulars of HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James's-square, S.W.1.

WANTED

URGENTLY REQUIRED, within 30 minutes by rail, BUILDING ESTATE AREA up to 20 ACRES, with room to extend and suitable for houses to sell at £800. All services must be available either on or adjacent to the estate, which should be close to a station. Preference will be given to land in South or South-West districts. Please forward full particulars to "B.," care of GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

WANTED, HOME COUNTIES SITES 30-50 ACRES suitable for small houses.—Write particulars Box B.1571, The Times, E.C.4.

FACTORIES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WHY
PURCHASE?
NEWLY ERECTED FACTORIES TO BE
LET ON LEASE
(within 25 minutes of London).
2,000 to 32,000 square feet.
SLOUGH ESTATES, LTD.,
TRADING ESTATE,
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For SALE by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER, 1930, by:—
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at THE LONDON AUCTION MART.
CHELSEA.—Block of MANSION FLATS, known as MILTON CHAMBERS, CHEYNE-WALK, producing £2,094 12s. per annum. FREEHOLD.
CHELSEA.—FIVE HOUSES let as FLATS, Nos. 123-127, CHEYNE-WALK, producing £1,335 per annum. FREEHOLD.
CLAPHAM.—FREEHOLD INVESTMENT of BUILDING SITE, Nos. 596-598, WANDSWORTH-ROAD, being shop, house, and land with area of 19,000 sq. ft. Present rents £157.—Full details from the Auctioneers, HEALEY and BAKER, 29 George-street, Hanover square, W.1.

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£1,875.—FREEHOLD SHOP with FLAT OVER returning 8 per cent. now, with rising rental in second and third years.—(Below.)
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PROPERTY INVESTMENTS (continued)

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